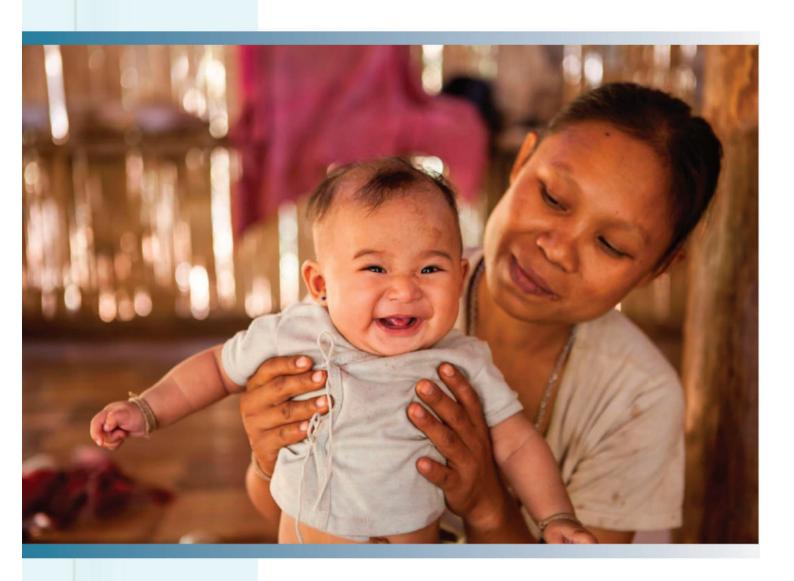


# MULTIPLE INDICATOR CLUSTOR SURVEY 2019 REPORT OF 17 SELECTED PROVINCES IN THAILAND









## **Thailand**

# Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) 2019

# Report of 17 Selected Provinces March, 2021







The Thailand Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in 2019 by the National Statistical Office (NSO) in collaboration with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) as part of the global MICS programme. Technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), with government funding and financial support of UNICEF.

The Global MICS Programme was developed by UNICEF in the 1990s as an international multi-purpose household survey programme to support countries in collecting internationally comparable data on a wide range of indicators on the situation of children and women. MICS surveys measure key indicators that allow countries to generate data for use in policies, programmes, and national development plans, and to monitor progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and other internationally agreed upon commitments.

The report contains detailed information on the survey methodology and customized standard MICS tables for the 17 provinces. The full national level Survey Findings Report was published in 2020.

For more information on the Global MICS Programme, please go to mics.unicef.org.

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#### **Preface**

The Thailand Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) 2019 was conducted by the National Statistical Office of Thailand (NSO) with technical support from the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) as part of the global MICS programme. This report presents the findings for the selected 17 provinces.

This survey provides a unique source of data and information, covering more than 100 indicators in reproductive and maternal health, child health, learning, protection from violence and exploitation, safe and clean environment and equitable chance in life. It will help identify issues adversely affecting the well-being and development of children in the most disadvantaged and vulnerable provinces in Thailand and respond to the national policy to leave no one behind. Understanding their situation will enable better provincial planning for equity-based policies and programme intervention. This data will also be used as the baselines for several Sustainable Development Goals indicators in the 17 provinces.

Our gratitude goes to the Steering and Technical Committees, the MICS team at the National Statistical Office of Thailand and the MICS team at UNICEF's Country and Regional Offices and Headquarters for their expertise and contributions.

This survey would not have been possible without the hard work of survey field personnel, listers, supervisors and interviewers, who spent long hours in the field and often under difficult circumstances.

Most of all, we would like to thank the thousands of women and men surveyed for their generosity with their time and agreeing to be interviewed.

Director General National Statistical Office Representative UNICEF, Thailand Country Office



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#### **Summary Table of Survey Implementation and the Survey Population**

The Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) 2019 was conducted from May to November 2019 by the National Statistical Office (NSO). The data from 17 selected provinces provides valuable information and the latest evidence on the situation of children and women.

The 17 provinces were identified as the selected provinces from an equity perspective. The first five provinces (Songkhla, Satun, Pattani, Yala and Narathiwat) were identified as survey domains due to the prolonged unrest situation in the predominantly Muslim population and the lack of access to and quality of social and healthcare services. The following eight provinces (Chainat, Sakaeo, Mae Hong Son, Tak, Buri Ram, Kalasin, Nakhon Phanom and Phattalung) were identified as survey domains since they were the poorest provinces with an equity focus in each region according to the national poverty rate in 2017. The other four provinces (Ratchaburi, Kanchanaburi, Si Sa Ket and Yasothon) were equity provinces from the previous round. Map 1 displays the covered areas. The survey presents data from an equity perspective by indicating disparities by region and province.

Mae Hong Son Nakhon Phanon Kalasin Tak Yasothon Chainat Buri Ram Kanchanaburi Si Sa Ket Sakaeo Ratchaburi Phattalung Songkhla Pattani Satun Narathiwat

Map 1 Seventeen Selected Provinces, Thailand MICS, 2019

THAILAND MICS 2019			
Survey sample and i	mplementation		
Sample frame  O Updated	2019 Household Basic Information Survey (HBIS) October-December 2018	Questionnaires	Household Women (age 15-49) Men (age 15-49) <sup>A</sup> Children under five Children age 5-14 <sup>B</sup>
Interviewer training	7-16 May 2019	Fieldwork	May-November 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The Individual Questionnaire for Men was administered to all men age 15-49 years in every second sampled household

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> The Questionnaire for Children Age 5-14 was administered to one randomly selected child in each interviewed household

Survey sample										
	Hous	eholds		omen		⁄len		under five		n age <b>5-14</b>
Selected Provinces	Sampled	Response rate (%)	Eligible	Response rate (%)						
Thailand <sup>1</sup>	40,660	95.3	26,002	96.5	11,700	94.2	13,881	98.6	13,195	98.4
Central										
Chainat	1,900	99.2	1,285	98.1	536	97.9	794	99.7	632	99.8
Sakaeo	1,620	98.3	1,093	98.4	451	94.2	736	99.9	670	99.7
Ratchaburi	1,900	95.2	1,465	95.1	682	93.1	736	98.2	622	98.2
Kanchanaburi	1,640	95.4	1,112	97.8	544	98.3	503	99.4	539	98.9
North										
Mae Hong Son	840	99.9	529	99.1	266	98.9	269	99.6	240	100.0
Tak	820	100.0	574	99.1	256	98.8	281	100.0	291	100.0
Northeast										
Buriram	1,900	99.7	983	99.6	425	98.1	591	100.0	687	99.9
Sisaket	1,820	99.1	968	99.6	404	98.8	649	100.0	631	100.0
Yasothon	1,900	99.8	1,108	99.5	495	99.8	757	100.0	662	100.0
Kalasin	1,900	100.0	1,103	99.2	526	97.5	758	100.0	694	99.4
Nakhon Phanom	1,460	99.6	1,055	99.2	457	98.5	650	100.0	614	99.5
South										
Songkhla	1,840	84.4	1,134	82.6	550	73.1	628	94.1	523	94.8
Satun	920	99.0	719	98.1	354	95.2	420	99.5	404	99.3
Phattalung	1,660	99.7	1,049	99.0	469	99.1	557	99.6	534	99.8
Pattani	820	99.4	804	99.3	303	95.0	351	99.7	395	100.0
Yala	820	100.0	646	100.0	283	99.6	300	100.0	316	100.0
Narathiwat	820	96.9	698	98.3	327	96.0	360	98.3	371	97.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The national survey results appear in this report are used for reference purposes and have been included in all the tables.

Selected Provinces	Average		ntage of on under:	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with at least
Selected Frovinces	household size	Age 5	Age 18	one live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	2.8	4.8	20.9	7.3
Central				
Chainat	2.8	4.6	20.3	8.1
Sakaeo	3.1	7.6	29.0	10.0
Ratchaburi	3.1	4.8	21.3	6.9
Kanchanaburi	3.1	5.0	23.6	6.9
North				
Mae Hong Son	2.7	4.9	20.3	9.0
Tak	3.0	5.6	25.9	9.4
Northeast				
Buriram	2.8	5.5	24.5	8.1
Sisaket	3.0	6.0	25.1	7.2
Yasothon	2.9	5.3	22.4	6.1
Kalasin	3.0	5.2	23.6	7.7
Nakhon Phanom	3.1	6.5	27.3	9.7
South				
Songkhla	2.9	4.9	23.0	9.2
Satun	3.5	7.6	30.8	13.5
Phattalung	2.8	5.2	22.8	8.6
Pattani	3.8	8.1	33.9	10.7
Yala	2.9	5.2	25.7	6.1
Narathiwat	3.7	8.8	33.0	15.2

### **Summary Table of Findings**

I. SAM	PLE COVERAGE AND CHARACTERIS	TICS OF	THE R	ESPONI	DENTS															
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	t				Sou	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
SR.1	Access to electricity (SDG 7.1.1)	НС	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.9	99.6	95.4	97.0	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SR.2	Literacy rate (age 15-24 years)																			
	(a) Women	WB	97.8	95.9	91.3	92.2	86.3	65.8	78.9	91.3	94.3	97.5	93.6	91.9	89.1	95.5	97.9	82.6	87.9	85.4
	(b) Men	MWB	97.3	97.1	94.5	91.0	90.4	75.3	79.9	91.5	95.4	96.9	90.9	93.4	89.4	95.1	96.9	79.2	87.0	83.5
SR.4	Households with a radio	НС	27.7	46.7	26.6	25.2	28.0	42.8	33.8	50.0	30.0	49.4	41.8	41.0	7.6	8.0	18.5	27.0	14.4	10.2
SR.5	Households with a television	НС	94.0	95.5	93.6	93.9	95.1	84.1	84.1	98.1	94.5	94.2	97.5	92.3	94.8	92.3	95.2	82.6	96.6	82.8
SR.6	Households with a telephone	НС	95.5	94.6	94.9	95.4	96.2	90.3	94.0	92.7	90.5	92.9	95.1	92.9	95.9	94.2	92.7	92.5	94.5	89.5
SR.7	Households with a computer	НС	25.7	21.5	23.1	27.2	21.4	8.0	24.0	7.3	7.6	11.5	10.5	18.7	19.6	19.2	14.8	16.2	14.8	7.1
SR.8	Households with internet	НС	59.0	52.6	68.5	68.9	49.3	41.5	64.6	13.9	20.4	59.3	37.8	63.2	57.4	57.1	44.9	56.0	36.8	24.7
SR.18	Children's living arrangements	HL	23.5	27.8	33.2	20.2	17.7	12.4	24.4	46.5	38.7	36.1	42.7	28.7	10.3	10.8	20.4	14.8	5.0	6.2
SR.19	Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	HL	3.2	4.6	2.9	4.2	2.0	3.4	6.2	2.1	1.7	3.9	1.3	2.2	4.0	3.9	2.8	5.1	2.8	2.0
SR.20	Children with at least one parent living abroad	HL	2.3	0.3	2.1	0.8	0.3	0.1	3.0	1.3	0.3	0.7	1.6	5.2	0.1	2.1	0.6	7.5	2.0	4.2
SR.S1	Grandparent as a primary caregiver	HL	72.8	72.8	76.8	56.5	63.2	68.8	67.3	86.0	86.2	81.9	88.2	74.7	55.5	66.2	70.6	73.3	69.7	72.1

II. THE	RIVE - REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERN	IAL HEA	ALTH																	
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	st				Sou	ıth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TM.1	Adolescent birth rate (SDG 3.7.2)	CM	23	40	36	40	5	39	78	28	29	30	24	60	12	23	15	40	4	25
TM.2	Early childbearing	СМ	9.1	15.4	16.3	14.5	16.6	27.1	6.3	6.2	12.0	10.4	5.1	13.9	4.6	10.7	9.1	5.8	1.9	8.0
TM.3	Contraceptive prevalence rate	СР	73.0	79.7	75.9	74.8	82.2	73.1	73.8	77.4	78.1	87.9	83.2	77.3	73.8	73.4	74.0	36.3	26.0	26.5
TM.S2	Source of modern contraceptive	СР	53.7	51.1	57.3	57.8	61.8	90.9	74.3	75.7	77.3	83.8	82.9	69.5	55.1	48.5	69.3	62.6	70.1	60.3
TM.4	Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception (SDG 3.7.1 & 3.8.1)	UN	88.0	91.3	87.1	85.8	90.3	87.4	87.5	93.3	94.9	93.6	93.2	89.7	83.5	80.1	80.4	45.9	65.9	61.8
	Antenatal care coverage (SDG 3.8.1)																			
TM.5a	(a) at least once by skilled health personnel	MN	98.6	98.2	95.8	98.8	98.4	100.0	94.8	99.4	99.3	99.8	99.8	96.5	95.8	97.7	98.4	96.8	100.0	97.7
TM.5b	(b) at least four times by any provider	MN	90.0	95.0	89.2	95.4	72.5	67.2	94.8	88.8	93.9	93.9	91.3	87.5	94.1	97.7	89.3	91.8	86.6	67.0
TM.5c	(c) at least eight times by any provider	MN	66.1	74.3	53.3	76.7	49.6	65.5	65.7	53.8	76.2	91.6	68.6	57.0	82.5	82.6	86.1	81.1	67.6	53.2
TM.6	Content of antenatal care	MN	97.4	97.9	95.2	97.9	98.4	100.0	94.8	91.2	98.6	99.8	98.9	97.8	94.7	96.6	97.9	95.7	100.0	99.1
TM.S4	Screening test for thalassemia	MN	93.0	96.2	91.7	94.0	93.1	94.3	86.0	90.7	98.0	97.7	94.3	92.0	87.7	83.4	97.3	76.8	100.0	91.1
TM.7	Neonatal tetanus protection	MN	77.0	79.4	70.7	78.6	65.9	72.3	85.7	69.0	81.8	83.9	70.9	53.9	79.7	63.5	71.2	77.6	94.1	94.3
TM.8	Institutional deliveries	MN	99.0	98.8	99.1	98.8	99.3	99.2	92.4	99.8	98.3	99.4	100.0	98.1	99.7	100.0	98.9	97.2	100.0	98.5
TM.9	Skilled attendant at delivery (SDG 3.1.2)	MN	99.1	98.8	99.1	98.8	99.3	99.2	95.6	99.8	99.3	99.4	100.0	98.1	99.7	100.0	98.9	97.2	100.0	98.5
TM.10	Caesarean section	MN	34.5	52.4	32.3	37.2	22.9	7.4	29.1	11.6	21.5	32.5	41.8	25.8	44.5	30.3	34.8	16.2	32.8	18.9

II. THR	IVE - REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERN	IAL HEA	ALTH																	
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	t				Sou	th		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TM.S5	Repeated caesarean section	MN	64.5	76.5	58.8	44.2	49.3	100.0	(91.2)	41.2	66.7	89.7	40.4	51.3	73.2	92.1	72.2	74.0	98.3	65.5
TM.11	Children weighed at birth	MN	98.5	99.4	98.6	98.3	99.3	98.6	97.6	96.0	98.7	99.8	99.2	98.7	93.3	99.3	97.4	98.3	100.0	99.1
TM.S6	Low birth weight	AN	9.5	9.6	8.5	9.8	9.4	9.0	12.6	7.8	14.3	9.6	10.6	10.0	8.4	11.4	5.8	7.1	8.2	7.8
TM.14	Newborns dried	MN	81.9	81.0	84.2	93.6	92.2	94.8	81.4	99.4	95.2	93.8	55.7	77.9	72.4	67.6	67.3	74.1	96.7	77.2
TM.15	Skin-to-skin care	MN	7.7	1.4	14.6	10.0	9.3	0.0	4.8	6.6	0.5	1.7	4.5	6.3	23.8	11.7	5.2	8.6	5.6	2.9
TM.16	Delayed bathing	MN	28.3	52.5	47.6	8.6	32.8	1.7	18.9	3.0	10.2	0.5	47.2	54.1	58.2	33.1	23.5	34.7	43.9	7.1
TM.29	Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people  (a) Women  (b) Men	на Мна	51.0 48.9	40.5 47.7	27.2 25.4	36.2 41.7	57.7 50.9	40.7 44.0	49.0 (62.4)	62.6 55.4	55.3 57.3	56.0 66.1	76.7 76.0	51.2 45.6	39.2 49.7	42.2 41.8	40.7 38.0	27.1 21.4	40.0 26.1	30.8 35.9
TM.30	Knowledge of mother-to-child transmission of HIV																			
	(a) Women	НА	63.8	60.0	56.3	65.4	61.6	73.7	44.9	47.3	76.0	94.0	83.5	60.7	64.2	62.2	61.9	51.4	73.7	61.4
	(b) Men	МНА	55.3	57.3	46.9	58.3	56.5	76.1	41.5	47.4	63.6	86.7	72.9	48.0	59.3	54.0	52.1	41.0	60.8	62.8
TM.S7	Sexuality education in school																			
	(a) Women	HA	88.2	96.4	96.3	84.0	89.2	67.7	90.3	69.0	82.1	97.3	93.6	94.3	91.6	91.4	86.7	88.7	94.4	55.8
	(b) Men	МНА	84.3	87.9	80.0	83.6	84.9	77.5	(82.5)	73.6	70.4	96.3	95.3	86.4	85.1	80.5	72.4	74.2	87.7	57.0

II. THE	RIVE - REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERN	IAL HEA	ALTH																	
			ļ		Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	st				Sou	th		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TM.S8	Sexuality education in primary level																			
	(a) Women	НА	15.7	21.1	18.8	19.1	33.3	0.5	27.0	3.8	2.3	12.4	6.3	6.9	24.7	24.3	18.0	5.5	28.5	43.1
	(b) Men	МНА	20.3	21.0	22.9	18.0	36.1	(7.9)	(17.8)	11.5	4.2	10.9	8.5	11.1	23.9	15.8	5.6	11.8	32.9	48.4
TM.S9	Sources of sexuality information other than school																			
	(a) Women	НА	96.9	98.7	95.4	99.8	83.8	96.5	98.9	100.0	97.4	100.0	99.8	92.9	92.2	94.2	100.0	85.3	100.0	99.2
	(b) Men	МНА	97.0	99.1	93.0	99.3	92.7	(97.5)	(100.0)	100.0	96.7	99.1	100.0	94.4	85.3	98.7	100.0	84.4	100.0	98.2
TM.31	Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV		ļ																	
	(a) Women	НА	27.7	33.5	28.9	36.6	25.5	35.7	32.2	32.1	20.8	28.3	27.8	27.5	47.2	27.1	32.1	62.7	59.1	84.3
	(b) Men	МНА	24.4	25.1	25.9	39.3	18.1	33.7	30.1	29.4	15.8	25.2	24.2	23.3	29.6	23.5	28.5	57.8	59.9	81.4
TM.32	People who know where to be tested for HIV		ļ																	
	(a) Women	НА	81.3	87.5	74.8	87.6	75.0	74.1	76.2	65.0	86.4	94.7	84.8	73.4	78.0	88.3	90.7	61.4	50.3	59.2
	(b) Men	МНА	75.1	82.0	68.2	81.6	71.4	72.3	73.0	56.3	81.3	89.9	78.1	68.8	71.2	83.3	81.2	55.1	43.0	35.6

II. THR	IVE - REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERN	AL HEA	ALTH																	
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	t				Sou	th		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TM.33	People who have been tested for HIV and know the results																			
	(a) Women	НА	6.4	6.2	7.3	12.2	6.3	2.9	9.9	3.1	3.1	3.0	4.9	4.0	3.2	7.1	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.5
	(b) Men	МНА	4.3	5.0	6.5	11.4	8.3	1.2	10.5	2.6	1.2	2.2	2.3	4.7	3.7	3.6	2.1	1.4	2.6	0.4
TM.34	Young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results																			
	(a) Women	НА	5.3	8.4	9.1	15.7	3.6	3.3	9.3	2.0	3.9	4.7	7.0	4.9	1.3	5.0	2.5	2.7	0.6	3.7
	(b) Men	МНА	3.2	3.3	6.6	11.5	6.3	0.0	(8.8)	1.2	0.3	2.5	2.3	8.0	2.6	1.0	2.9	3.7	0.0	0.0
	HIV counselling during antenatal care																			
TM.35a	(a) counselling on HIV	НА	67.2	59.5	55.9	79.1	59.1	75.4	21.1	49.6	72.1	90.1	76.3	42.8	43.4	33.1	59.8	35.5	73.3	62.9
TM.35b	(b) information or counselling on HIV after receiving the HIV test results	МНА	57.6	41.7	35.3	63.6	46.8	56.3	11.6	46.8	63.3	82.7	64.2	27.8	30.0	14.3	62.8	10.4	24.5	41.4
TM.36	HIV testing during antenatal care	НА	74.0	80.2	60.7	78.5	71.2	72.8	31.5	47.1	82.2	86.9	79.9	53.2	45.6	39.7	77.4	35.0	29.9	49.7
TM.S10	HIV testing during antenatal care (Husband)	НА	65.8	72.7	72.3	75.8	68.9	85.5	64.8	62.9	82.8	87.5	66.8	54.2	63.0	22.8	82.4	13.4	14.5	35.3
( ) Figure	s that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases																			

III. THI	RIVE - CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION A	ND DE	/ELOPN	IENT																
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	it				Sou	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TC.1	Tuberculosis immunization coverage	IM	98.8	95.4	95.7	99.8	99.3	98.1	93.9	99.6	100.0	97.2	96.0	97.3	96.6	100.0	96.8	97.4	100.0	90.9
TC.S1	Polio immunization coverage	IM	87.8	92.8	94.3	96.4	88.7	79.4	85.5	96.0	93.7	95.9	89.5	86.4	88.7	92.0	79.8	66.3	86.0	62.8
TC.3	Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage (SDG 3.b.1 & 3.8.1)	IM	89.9	93.2	94.3	97.5	88.7	84.6	85.5	96.0	97.4	95.9	93.7	87.3	94.5	93.9	81.4	69.6	86.0	62.8
TC.4	Hepatitis B immunization coverage	IM	89.0	91.3	94.3	97.5	88.7	84.4	85.5	96.0	93.5	95.9	89.5	86.4	93.2	92.0	80.6	68.5	86.0	64.0
TC.8	Rubella immunization coverage	IM	93.7	91.6	94.4	95.2	92.2	90.5	88.4	95.7	96.7	97.5	95.5	91.0	94.7	89.9	92.8	78.2	99.2	78.0
TC.10	Measles immunization coverage (SDG 3.b.1)	IM	93.7	91.6	94.4	95.2	92.2	90.5	88.4	95.7	96.7	97.5	95.5	91.0	94.7	89.9	92.8	78.2	99.2	78.0
TC.S2	Encephalitis immunization coverage	IM	95.7	93.5	92.9	97.7	91.7	100.0	94.0	94.4	98.6	93.7	96.9	93.8	90.5	96.5	96.2	74.9	96.6	81.5
TC.11a	Full immunization coverage  (a) 12-23 months had received all basic vaccinations at any time before the survey	IM	82.4	85.7	91.1	92.2	86.5	72.8	83.9	92.7	87.1	94.4	87.5	80.2	81.8	84.9	69.9	62.9	85.3	51.5
TC.11b	(b) 24-35 months had received all vaccinations recommended in the national immunization schedule	IM	64.1	84.0	75.9	84.3	69.4	82.2	88.4	37.9	68.9	81.4	80.6	41.5	74.1	74.3	42.4	49.1	66.5	30.6
TC.15	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking	EU	83.9	77.4	73.9	96.7	88.5	59.7	63.6	71.0	55.5	32.4	57.9	39.3	98.6	98.2	97.7	97.0	99.4	98.7
TC.17	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting	EU	99.4	99.7	99.6	100.0	99.7	93.7	96.2	96.4	97.5	98.2	98.0	97.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	100.0
TC.18	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, and lighting (SDG 7.1.2)	EU	84.3	77.9	74.0	96.8	88.5	60.2	63.6	70.7	55.3	32.7	57.8	40.1	98.7	98.2	97.7	97.0	99.3	98.6

ш. тн	RIVE - CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION A	ND DEV	/ELOPN	MENT																
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	st				Sou	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TC.30	Children ever breastfed	MN	96.8	95.7	99.1	95.3	98.6	99.5	99.0	96.0	98.7	99.2	98.1	98.5	97.0	95.6	97.6	97.6	99.0	98.4
TC.31	Early initiation of breastfeeding	MN	34.0	23.1	38.5	33.9	41.6	23.2	34.6	47.3	25.4	44.7	26.5	57.8	16.9	43.2	34.4	44.1	30.3	80.9
TC.32	Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	BD	14.0	(8.0)	(26.3)	(17.7)	(20.4)	(*)	(*)	(11.9)	(20.2)	(17.1)	(20.4)	(19.3)	(36.7)	(50.3)	(*)	(34.7)	(*)	(1.7)
TC.33	Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	BD	40.7	(27.3)	(50.0)	(42.3)	(51.2)	(*)	(*)	(19.5)	(28.0)	(39.5)	(29.1)	(42.9)	(46.5)	(59.2)	(*)	(63.1)	(*)	(53.6)
TC.34	Continued breastfeeding at 1 year	BD	24.6	(23.6)	(29.2)	(30.8)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(17.2)	(19.9)	(19.7)	21.8	33.2	(52.6)	(36.6)	(34.2)	(*)	(*)	(*)
TC.35	Continued breastfeeding at 2 years	BD	15.0	14.6	6.9	(14.4)	(21.1)	(*)	(*)	22.3	6.6	7.6	12.5	(6.0)	(40.8)	(33.0)	(29.3)	(*)	(*)	(19.7)
TC.S3	Breastfeeding frequency	BD	60.2	(83.7)	(55.6)	(48.3)	(28.2)	(*)	(*)	(20.7)	(56.2)	(75.0)	(63.7)	(81.9)	(80.2)	(75.6)	(*)	(73.3)	(*)	(46.2)
TC.36	Duration of breastfeeding (month)	BD	8.3	2.4	4.0	7.5	6.4	19.8	11.8	9.1	3.5	8.4	3.6	3.4	6.5	10.9	6.5	11.1	10.5	9.6
TC.37	Age-appropriate breastfeeding	BD	24.1	21.4	21.5	25.8	25.3	60.1	43.0	23.2	10.4	22.4	22.8	21.3	41.9	42.9	32.3	40.1	57.5	24.7
	Minimum acceptable diet																			
TC.39a	(a) breastfed children	BD	52.9	36.2	61.1	51.4	61.7	(60.6)	(74.3)	48.6	(40.1)	73.8	75.3	(43.3)	53.7	79.2	52.8	(73.3)	55.5	(41.4)
TC.39b	(b) non-breastfed children	BD	71.7	57.3	61.1	86.9	61.6	(73.9)	(53.0)	83.0	65.5	80.6	75.2	66.0	61.6	71.0	83.2	86.6	(76.3)	80.2
TC.40	Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children	BD	94.7	97.4	95.1	98.0	93.3	(86.7)	(92.0)	91.6	87.4	96.2	97.2	97.5	92.1	92.7	98.4	92.8	(88.9)	93.9
TC.41	Minimum dietary diversity	BD	74.5	56.5	63.9	81.3	65.4	71.8	62.7	80.6	65.8	82.5	76.3	67.5	76.3	80.5	82.1	87.5	89.9	82.1
TC.42	Minimum meal frequency	BD	87.1	90.0	92.7	88.2	91.6	93.0	95.8	82.4	87.5	94.3	96.4	87.7	77.1	91.8	87.7	90.4	69.7	74.6
TC.43	Bottle feeding	BD	80.7	80.3	80.8	79.9	74.7	64.3	56.0	81.7	78.3	84.0	83.6	69.9	69.9	69.2	84.8	74.7	72.4	79.4

III. THI	RIVE - CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION A																			
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	st				Sou	ıth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Так	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
	Underweight prevalence																			
TC.44a	(a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe)	AN	7.7	7.7	8.2	4.6	12.6	11.8	13.7	8.0	10.6	8.8	8.8	11.5	5.8	7.9	4.8	22.6	13.4	20.7
TC.44b	(b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for age of the WHO standard	AN	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.5	3.7	3.1	4.9	2.5	2.6	2.1	0.9	3.3	0.5	0.9	1.8	4.3	2.5	4.7
	Stunting prevalence (SDG 2.2.1)																			
TC.45a	(a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe)	AN	13.3	8.1	7.3	8.3	20.5	26.5	16.6	15.7	17.7	8.6	17.5	16.7	12.2	15.8	13.6	23.2	23.3	23.9
TC.45b	(b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median height for age of the WHO standard	AN	4.3	1.3	1.3	2.9	7.0	15.3	5.9	5.0	9.3	2.7	7.4	5.3	3.1	5.2	4.4	5.5	8.4	9.8
	Wasting prevalence (SDG 2.2.2)																			
TC.46a	(a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe)	AN	7.7	5.4	5.7	3.2	14.0	7.8	6.4	8.1	11.6	7.8	9.3	8.6	2.9	8.0	6.5	10.4	7.1	15.6
TC.46b	(b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard	AN	2.7	1.6	0.8	0.1	8.1	2.7	1.9	2.5	6.0	2.5	1.9	1.9	0.5	2.1	2.5	2.8	1.0	7.2
	Overweight prevalence (SDG 2.2.2)																			
TC.47a	(a) two standard deviations (moderate and severe)	AN	9.2	10.9	5.7	8.4	12.9	12.0	4.2	11.6	10.9	9.4	10.2	5.2	4.4	12.4	10.2	2.5	11.6	6.0

					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	st				Sou	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Так	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
TC.47b	(b) three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard	AN	3.5	3.7	1.6	2.0	5.8	6.9	0.9	6.3	3.5	4.9	4.1	2.1	2.4	4.9	4.7	0.7	5.0	3.0
TC.48	lodized salt consumption	SA	84.6	82.9	87.3	84.0	87.3	72.4	92.9	98.2	95.7	98.2	80.6	68.4	83.6	97.7	95.8	80.6	95.4	90.9
TC.S4	Minimum iodized salt consumption	SA	70.3	68.8	75.5	80.9	81.5	71.4	86.4	31.9	82.9	68.1	33.5	26.0	79.5	96.9	91.8	42.0	90.2	85.7
TC.S5	Minimum iodized salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)	SA	78.5	73.6	82.5	94.1	89.5	73.5	89.5	32.2	85.2	68.9	34.0	27.5	86.2	99.2	94.1	43.2	92.2	88.4
TC.S6	lodized salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)	SA	94.4	88.7	95.5	97.7	95.9	74.6	96.3	99.0	98.4	99.3	81.6	72.4	90.6	100.0	98.2	82.8	97.6	93.8
	Early stimulation and responsive care																			
TC.49a	(a) Anv adult household member	EC	92.3	84.6	75.6	92.2	90.8	82.2	86.6	89.1	92.8	98.5	93.4	82.9	93.2	79.3	92.3	91.4	99.6	92.8
TC.49b	(b) Father	EC	33.9	21.3	10.8	45.2	27.7	43.9	33.0	17.1	14.3	32.4	23.6	21.8	34.6	31.0	32.2	41.9	62.9	36.6
TC.49c	(c) Mother	EC	62.2	48.7	33.7	64.6	67.9	62.4	59.1	37.9	42.6	49.8	44.6	43.7	73.4	63.6	67.7	74.7	91.7	80.4
TC.50	Availability of children's books	EC	33.9	32.1	16.6	41.2	25.0	24.3	24.6	19.7	8.9	28.1	17.2	19.1	26.5	21.8	28.4	13.9	23.3	3.3
TC.51	Availability of playthings	EC	79.8	81.3	80.2	82.9	84.1	86.8	86.5	71.0	90.1	86.3	76.6	80.8	82.4	75.9	85.9	84.1	95.0	72.8
TC.S7	Availability of electronic device as playthings	EC	52.8	56.9	51.9	49.6	46.5	31.8	55.5	20.6	37.3	36.0	52.4	41.2	46.2	54.9	51.8	46.4	43.4	15.6
TC.S8	Playtime with electronic devices	EC	8.3	8.6	5.0	11.2	17.6	0.0	2.8	8.4	1.0	2.2	2.1	3.5	2.4	2.5	5.8	7.7	0.0	2.9
TC.52	Inadequate supervision	EC	4.5	1.8	4.7	7.9	6.0	3.1	1.6	13.6	1.1	1.2	4.7	5.6	7.1	5.8	4.0	4.5	14.5	4.7
TC.53	Early child development index (SDG 4.2.1)	EC	92.9	88.9	89.1	95.5	95.8	83.6	90.3	94.8	88.6	95.8	94.6	90.5	94.2	86.4	97.7	93.7	97.0	86.1

IV. LEAR	N																			
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	st				Sou	ıth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
LN.1	Attendance to early childhood education	UB	86.3	96.4	92.3	90.0	83.5	81.9	83.8	59.8	87.3	96.2	97.2	95.5	85.6	94.4	93.7	89.8	73.7	80.8
LN.2	Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted) (SDG 4.2.2)	ED	98.5	96.9	100.0	99.6	98.8	(98.2)	98.5	97.3	100.0	95.3	100.0	98.5	99.6	99.6	100.0	97.9	100.0	97.0
LN.3	School readiness	ED	98.5	100.0	100.0	98.9	98.5	(100.0)	(100.0)	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	93.1	100.0	100.0	99.1
LN.4	Net intake rate in primary education	ED	78.4	89.9	89.7	94.0	85.5	(52.0)	(64.3)	64.7	74.8	69.7	60.8	80.3	73.9	78.1	46.9	76.6	74.5	81.4
LN.5a	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)  (a) primary school age currently attending primary or secondary school	ED	95.5	97.6	97.4	97.7	95.6	90.3	93.8	94.7	95.0	94.2	91.8	95.8	92.3	97.4	88.8	95.6	94.8	96.4
LN.5b	(b) lower secondary school age currently attending lower secondary school or higher	ED	86.5	86.5	90.1	91.0	83.2	81.6	74.0	79.2	86.5	91.0	83.6	80.5	76.9	76.0	78.1	82.3	70.9	74.4
LN.5c	(c) upper secondary school age currently attending upper secondary school or higher	ED	69.5	69.8	77.3	71.0	68.8	59.0	58.8	57.9	74.9	72.4	71.4	75.9	61.6	67.6	66.8	61.0	68.5	51.0
LN.6a	Out-of-school rate  (a) primary school age who are not attending early childhood education, primary or lower secondary school	ED	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.7	0.0	1.9	1.0	0.5	1.2	1.1	0.8	4.1	0.5	1.0	0.1	0.6	0.4

IV. LEAR	N																			
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	st				Soi	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
LN.6b	(b) lower secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher	ED	3.4	7.4	4.7	2.9	6.4	1.9	6.9	1.5	1.2	0.7	2.7	5.7	5.7	5.1	5.8	5.5	3.3	8.0
LN.6c	(c) upper secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher	ED	17.7	21.5	14.6	19.2	23.8	18.3	25.5	30.9	12.4	8.3	10.6	13.4	22.1	17.0	12.5	19.2	5.7	35.7
	Gross intake rate to the last grade																			
LN.7a	(a) Primary school	ED	92.1	111.9	101.9	85.9	93.4	(92.7)	(94.5)	112.7	99.3	94.1	102.5	108.7	148.0	101.4	88.8	81.6	(83.2)	113.8
LN.7b	(b) Lower secondary school	ED	100.5	94.3	84.0	105.3	76.8	(*)	(93.5)	89.0	105.9	115.3	115.8	94.3	78.4	(109.1)	110.2	(117.3)	(153.8)	(102.8)
ľ	Completion rate (SDG 4.1.2)																			
LN.8a	(a) Primary school	ED	98.6	99.9	98.7	97.1	96.4	97.1	92.4	98.7	99.9	100.0	99.9	99.1	95.1	98.8	96.6	98.0	100.0	97.2
LN.8b	(b) Lower secondary school	ED	86.2	83.8	83.2	76.1	81.9	80.7	81.1	87.7	84.3	92.0	89.5	86.0	83.0	80.3	87.7	81.9	96.4	62.6
LN.8c	(c) Upper secondary school	ED	65.2	59.0	53.3	48.8	47.4	40.7	35.3	64.1	65.5	54.9	53.5	54.8	54.1	46.3	55.3	54.6	91.6	48.5
LN.9	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school	ED	96.6	83.2	97.9	100.0	99.4	(100.0)	(96.4)	100.0	92.0	100.0	99.3	97.3	99.6	(94.6)	97.2	(98.2)	(99.5)	(95.3)
	Over-age for grade																			
LN.10a	(a) Primary school	ED	0.3	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.7	4.9	3.6	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.7	1.5	0.0	0.4
LN.10b	(b) Lower secondary school	ED	3.7	3.1	4.6	5.3	3.7	8.4	4.9	1.1	0.0	1.1	1.9	3.3	5.4	6.4	3.4	6.8	1.3	6.2

IV. LEAR	N																			
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	t				Sou	th		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
LN.11a	Gender Parity Indices (SDG 4.5.1)																			
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for girls divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for boys																			
	(a) primary school	ED	1.00	1.02	1.01	0.97	1.05	0.97	1.02	1.01	1.00	0.96	1.05	1.00	1.02	1.01	1.03	1.02	1.03	1.01
	(b) lower secondary school	ED	1.08	1.05	0.96	1.06	1.25	0.88	1.42	1.11	1.05	1.02	1.10	1.14	0.91	1.16	1.01	1.09	1.01	1.04
	(c) upper secondary school	ED	1.24	1.32	1.26	1.49	1.16	1.29	1.20	1.40	1.23	1.05	1.16	1.29	1.58	1.28	1.04	1.49	0.99	1.33
	Gender Parity Index for foundational reading skills	ED	1.09	1.23	1.00	1.10	1.22	1.04	1.35	0.99	1.04	1.11	1.01	1.17	1.15	1.10	1.55	1.71	1.29	1.28
	Gender Parity Index for foundational numeracy skills	ED	1.06	1.04	1.02	1.10	1.06	1.08	1.25	0.86	0.94	1.16	1.07	1.17	1.06	0.96	1.10	1.58	1.12	1.02
LN.12	Availability of information on children's school performance	PR	95.3	95.6	90.8	98.5	88.7	99.3	90.2	87.3	88.3	98.3	94.8	93.0	96.3	99.3	93.6	93.0	97.2	94.6
LN.13	Opportunity to participate in school management	PR	80.3	71.6	82.2	83.7	80.5	78.5	87.4	73.9	77.6	96.1	35.0	78.7	87.6	64.1	80.4	82.6	67.2	72.9
LN.14	Participation in school management	PR	76.1	69.5	77.8	75.8	79.0	77.7	86.2	68.1	56.5	94.7	28.7	73.0	85.3	62.0	76.4	78.1	64.1	66.7
LN.15	Effective participation in school management	PR	67.0	62.7	67.7	70.0	63.2	71.3	79.0	64.5	49.1	92.2	23.5	64.7	83.2	53.8	71.0	47.5	61.6	48.8
LN.16	Discussion with teachers regarding children's progress	PR	67.7	76.2	71.2	70.5	60.1	70.4	39.6	50.1	46.4	86.7	60.2	60.9	86.5	55.7	67.5	48.9	74.0	49.3
LN.S1	Discussion with teachers regarding children's behaviour	PR	63.5	76.1	68.3	67.2	52.2	69.6	33.0	49.0	43.5	82.5	59.6	57.9	86.8	52.3	61.4	46.3	77.2	37.6

IV. LEAF	RN																			
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	t				Sou	th		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
LN.17	Contact with school concerning teacher strike or absence	PR	22.6	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(37.8)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(4.7)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
LN.18	Availability of books at home	PR	44.5	27.7	24.6	46.0	35.8	32.4	35.2	17.1	14.8	43.0	20.4	36.3	36.1	34.5	53.1	26.4	33.5	27.5
LN.19	Reading habit at home	FL	94.3	90.9	77.6	86.4	91.6	99.1	95.3	94.6	98.6	98.2	96.1	96.0	91.5	79.5	97.5	68.6	91.4	85.3
LN.20	School and home languages	FL	96.0	100.0	96.3	100.0	97.1	62.2	76.0	99.3	100.0	99.0	99.7	100.0	98.9	98.9	99.5	31.7	49.8	57.0
LN.21	Support with homework	PR	79.0	67.4	62.3	65.5	69.4	76.6	63.5	83.5	66.0	77.1	69.8	65.9	81.3	75.7	84.2	85.4	94.7	86.9
	Children with foundational reading and number skills (SDG 4.1.1)  Percentage of children who successfully completed three foundational reading tasks																			
LN.22a	(a) Age 7-14	FL	72.8	55.5	69.4	78.0	68.7	84.8	65.7	86.3	76.7	79.9	71.4	75.7	56.5	73.9	60.1	38.8	36.6	55.8
LN.22b	(b) Age for grade 2/3	FL	51.8	36.2	55.5	51.1	52.0	(60.1)	40.5	71.0	67.9	51.4	51.9	51.4	35.4	56.5	40.7	21.0	18.3	36.0
LN.22c	(c) Attending grade 2/3	FL	57.1	38.8	58.3	59.5	58.0	(60.5)	56.4	73.8	74.0	60.3	54.8	52.6	48.1	65.0	41.1	18.3	30.1	33.7
	Percentage of children who successfully completed four foundational numeracy tasks		I					` '							Į				Į	
LN.22d	(d) Age 7-14	FL	68.5	55.3	51.7	70.9	68.6	68.7	42.6	67.6	74.2	64.4	70.3	72.7	60.5	65.7	70.7	20.8	40.7	73.0
LN.22e	(e) Age for grade 2/3	FL	46.7	33.4	28.8	52.7	46.9	(34.8)	22.8	49.4	43.1	34.1	48.8	56.6	48.9	44.0	45.0	11.7	31.7	50.8
LN.22f	(f) Attending grade 2/3	FL	51.2	36.7	29.4	63.4	48.1	(38.3)	32.9	53.1	50.9	38.6	54.6	57.8	46.2	52.1	53.3	11.0	32.0	50.5
( ) Figure	s that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases	(*) Fig	gures that	t are base	d on less	than 25	unweigh	ted case	s								-			

V. PROT	ECTED FROM VIOLENCE AND EXP	LOITAT	ION																	
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	st				Soi	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
PR.1	Birth registration (SDG 16.9.1)	BR	99.8	100.0	99.9	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PR.2	Violent discipline (SDG 16.2.1)	UCD- FCD	57.6	83.8	76.9	64.1	69.8	18.9	75.1	43.6	37.2	55.7	61.6	68.9	47.0	64.8	61.6	79.8	25.4	89.1
PR.4a PR.4b	Child marriage (SDG 5.3.1)	MA																		
	Women (a) before age 15	MA	3.0	12.2	11.7	7.0	7.2	16.2	4.1	3.6	2.8	8.0	2.1	0.8	1.1	3.4	1.7	2.2	0.0	3.7
	(b) before age 18	MA	20.2	31.7	38.7	31.1	31.2	43.1	30.2	14.0	23.2	31.0	17.8	27.6	18.5	28.1	20.6	11.4	3.9	11.9
	Men		20.2	52.7	56.7	52.12	52.2	.0.1	30.2	20	20.2	52.0	27.0	27.0	20.0	20.2	20.0		0.5	11.0
	(a) before age 15	ММА	2.5	2.5	(3.4)	0.5	3.6	(*)	(*)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	1.0	3.5	(0.6)	(3.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.6)	(0.0)
	(b) before age 18	MMA	9.8	11.0	(16.8)	10.0	17.3	(*)	(*)	(9.2)	(0.0)	(2.5)	7.3	5.3	(10.1)	(6.7)	(12.0)	(6.1)	(1.6)	(2.4)
PR.5	Young people age 15-19 years currently married or in union																			
	(a) Women	MA	9.6	15.7	12.3	13.0	9.3	(7.7)	12.2	15.2	8.2	7.5	8.0	8.2	9.4	14.1	5.6	5.8	2.3	10.1
	(b) Men	MMA	4.2	3.1	7.9	8.2	1.4	(13.7)	(11.0)	3.2	3.7	0.9	4.4	8.5	(0.9)	6.3	1.2	(0.0)	(0.0)	5.9
PR.6	Polygyny																			
	(a) Women	MA	2.3	1.1	1.5	2.0	1.2	0.1	7.5	1.3	1.0	0.4	1.2	2.2	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.7	0.3	0.9
	(b) Men	MMA	0.5	1.7	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	9.2	0.0	0.6	1.8	1.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	1.0	1.9	0.0	0.4
PR.7b	Spousal age difference age 20-24 years	MA	12.8	10.5	11.4	5.2	13.5	(18.1)	10.0	8.9	10.2	12.3	8.6	16.3	19.2	9.4	12.6	20.2	(*)	16.9

V. PRO	TECTED FROM VIOLENCE AND EXP	LOITAT	ION																	
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	ortheas	st				Sou	ıth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
PR.12	Experience of robbery and assault																			
	(a) Women	VT	0.3	0.4	2.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.3	1.1	0.0	0.0
	(b) Men	MVT	0.2	0.9	2.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
PR.14	Safety (SDG 16.1.4)																			
	(a) Women	VT	75.9	54.7	45.3	66.5	65.5	98.7	69.8	89.8	95.7	98.7	71.8	66.1	72.1	71.2	84.6	67.3	57.3	94.7
	(b) Men	MVT	89.6	78.9	78.4	84.3	79.8	98.2	82.3	91.8	96.9	99.5	95.4	89.8	91.0	90.7	94.7	91.4	82.6	98.2
PR.15	Attitudes towards domestic violence																			
	(a) Women	DV	7.2	2.6	12.4	3.9	8.8	0.0	13.0	4.8	3.3	0.3	8.0	5.8	6.1	3.7	10.9	9.0	0.7	49.2
	(b) Men	MDV	8.4	12.7	4.0	6.1	13.9	0.1	5.9	5.1	2.9	3.9	8.9	7.7	2.0	5.1	18.4	8.6	0.2	49.9

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

					Cen	itral		No	rth		N	lortheas	t				Sou	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
WS.1	Use of improved drinking water sources	WS	99.5	97.3	99.8	100.0	99.1	96.9	99.1	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.6	99.5	97.5	99.0	97.9	99.0	77.3
WS.2	Use of basic drinking water services (SDG 1.4.1)	WS	99.5	97.3	99.8	100.0	99.1	96.9	99.1	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.6	99.5	97.5	99.0	97.9	99.0	77.3
WS.3	Availability of drinking water	WS	99.4	98.5	98.9	99.4	98.6	98.7	99.6	99.5	99.1	99.8	99.7	99.8	99.2	99.7	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.7
WS.7	Handwashing facility with water and soap (SDG 1.4.1 & 6.2.1)	HW	89.0	92.4	90.5	97.1	86.4	70.4	94.6	83.8	95.9	96.8	82.5	80.8	86.9	77.3	77.7	77.7	86.2	83.4
WS.8	Use of improved sanitation facilities (SDG 3.8.1)	WS	99.6	99.7	99.5	99.7	99.9	99.7	98.8	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9	99.6	99.4	99.4	99.7	97.4	100.0	95.7
WS.9	Use of basic sanitation services (SDG 1.4.1 & 6.2.1)	WS	97.1	97.0	97.4	97.2	97.4	99.7	93.4	99.7	98.7	99.8	99.9	98.2	97.2	96.2	98.7	92.1	99.4	95.3
WS.10	Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on- site sanitation facilities (SDG 6.2.1)	WS	42.4	19.2	26.1	38.1	45.4	67.6	71.6	13.0	6.2	1.1	6.3	20.9	46.1	71.1	68.4	77.6	48.2	96.4
WS.11	Removal of excreta for treatment off- site (SDG 6.2.1)	WS	47.5	79.5	70.1	58.0	50.7	32.2	25.7	82.6	81.8	98.9	93.0	76.2	43.0	23.9	23.6	20.9	21.5	2.6

VII. EQU	JITABLE CHANCE IN LIFE																			
					Cen	tral		No	rth		N	lortheas	st				Sou	uth		
	MICS INDICATOR	Module	Thailand	Chainat	Sakaeo	Ratchaburi	Kanchanaburi	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	Phattalung	Pattani	Yala	Narathiwat
	Health insurance coverage																			
EQ.2a	(a) women age 15-49	WB	97.7	99.5	97.2	97.3	97.7	98.4	84.2	86.4	99.7	99.6	99.7	97.2	98.6	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.8	98.0
	men age 15-49	WB	97.5	100.0	97.8	95.9	95.3	97.8	82.4	86.0	99.7	100.0	100.0	97.7	99.8	97.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.0
EQ.2b	(b) children age 5-14	СВ	98.9	100.0	99.5	99.5	98.5	99.9	88.4	81.7	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.5	99.0	99.9	98.7	99.9	100.0	99.4
EQ.2c	(c) children under age 5	UB	98.0	100.0	98.3	97.3	97.3	99.5	88.0	87.9	99.5	99.6	99.8	99.4	99.5	100.0	99.5	99.3	92.2	97.1
EQ.3	Population covered by social transfers (SDG 1.3.1)	ST-ED	69.0	88.9	89.2	72.8	77.6	76.0	73.9	87.1	93.2	94.1	92.7	75.3	79.5	91.0	86.7	86.9	46.3	91.2
EQ.4	External economic support to the poorest households	ST-ED	62.7	87.6	88.9	64.3	68.9	71.9	62.5	85.2	92.6	95.2	91.1	68.7	77.2	91.7	89.5	87.6	19.0	91.8
EQ.5	Children in the households that received any type of social transfers	ST-ED	84.8	95.6	95.3	84.1	91.7	89.7	87.5	93.7	96.4	97.7	97.6	89.1	90.7	95.9	94.1	89.7	74.7	95.4
EQ.6	School-related support	ED	78.1	93.4	95.2	76.6	91.3	95.0	85.3	90.0	87.5	96.4	96.7	90.9	90.6	90.9	89.2	45.8	70.8	89.9
EQ.7	Discrimination (SDG 10.3.1 & 16.b.1)																			
	(a) Women	VT	11.3	9.3	22.4	11.7	17.6	0.7	30.5	9.4	12.6	5.2	13.0	9.8	14.6	24.1	12.0	9.3	25.4	48.2
	(b) Men	MVT	12.2	9.3	16.8	11.7	14.0	0.6	28.5	10.2	15.4	3.9	16.8	10.4	16.3	24.6	13.5	9.3	20.7	50.3



APPENDIX A 17 SELECTED PROVINCES MICS, TABLES

#### **A1. SAMPLE COVERAGE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF RESPONDENTS**

								Sele	ected Provi	nces							
	Chai Nat	Sa Kaeo	Ratcha- buri	Kanchana- buri	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	'hatthalun <sub>l</sub>	Pattani	Yala	Nara- thiwa
Households																	
Sampled	1,900	1,620	1,900	1,640	840	820	1,900	1,820	1,900	1,900	1,460	1,840	920	1,660	820	820	820
Occupied	1,807	1,491	1,757	1,511	763	752	1,749	1,612	1,768	1,819	1,385	1,648	839	1,510	778	787	785
Interviewed	1,792	1,465	1,672	1,441	762	752	1,744	1,597	1,764	1,819	1,380	1,391	831	1,506	773	787	761
Household completion rate	94.3	90.4	88.0	87.9	90.7	91.7	91.8	87.7	92.8	95.7	94.5	75.6	90.3	90.7	94.3	96.0	92.8
Household response rate	99.2	98.3	95.2	95.4	99.9	100.0	99.7	99.1	99.8	100.0	99.6	84.4	99.0	99.7	99.4	100.0	96.9
Women age 15-49 years																	
Eligible	1,285	1,093	1,465	1,112	529	574	983	968	1,108	1,103	1,055	1,134	719	1,049	804	646	698
Interviewed	1,261	1,075	1,393	1,088	524	569	979	964	1,103	1,094	1,047	937	705	1,038	798	646	686
Women's response rate	98.1	98.4	95.1	97.8	99.1	99.1	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.2	99.2	82.6	98.1	99.0	99.3	100.0	98.3
Women's overall response rate	97.3	96.6	90.5	93.3	98.9	99.1	99.3	98.7	99.3	99.2	98.9	69.7	97.1	98.7	98.6	100.0	95.3
Men age 15-49 years																	
Number of men in interviewed households	1,102	924	1,379	1,030	491	508	842	842	1,014	1,033	930	1,075	713	933	641	573	694
Eligible	536	451	682	544	266	256	425	404	495	526	457	550	354	469	303	283	327
Interviewed	525	425	635	535	263	253	417	399	494	513	450	402	337	465	288	282	314
Men's response rate	97.9	94.2	93.1	98.3	98.9	98.8	98.1	98.8	99.8	97.5	98.5	73.1	95.2	99.1	95.0	99.6	96.0
Men's overall response rate	97.1	92.6	88.6	93.8	98.7	98.8	97.8	97.8	99.6	97.5	98.1	61.7	94.3	98.9	94.4	99.6	93.1

Table SR.1.1: Results of household, women's, men's, under-5's and children age 5-14's interviews (continued)

Number of households, women, men, children under 5, and children age 5-14 by interview results, by selected province, Thailand MICS, 2019

								Sel	ected Provir	nces							
	Chai Nat	Sa Kaeo	Ratcha- buri	Kanchana- buri	Mae Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Nakhon Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	'hatthalun <sub>i</sub>	Pattani	Yala	Nara- thiwat
Children under 5 years																	
Eligible	794	736	736	503	269	281	591	649	757	758	650	628	420	557	351	300	360
Mothers/caretakers interviewed	792	735	723	500	268	281	591	649	757	758	650	591	418	555	350	300	354
Under-5's response rate	99.7	99.9	98.2	99.4	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	94.1	99.5	99.6	99.7	100.0	98.3
Under-5's overall response rate	98.9	98.1	93.5	94.8	99.5	100.0	99.7	99.1	99.8	100.0	99.6	79.4	98.6	99.4	99.1	100.0	95.3
Number of children in interviewed households	801	947	852	740	292	419	934	856	847	925	807	734	589	733	647	462	581
Eligible	632	670	622	539	240	291	687	631	662	694	614	523	404	534	395	316	371
Mothers/caretakers interviewed	631	668	611	533	240	291	686	631	662	690	611	496	401	533	395	316	360
Children age 5-14's response rate	99.8	99.7	98.2	98.9	100.0	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.4	99.5	94.8	99.3	99.8	100.0	100.0	97.0
Children age 5-14's overall response rate	99.0	98.0	93.5	94.3	99.9	100.0	99.6	99.1	99.8	99.4	99.2	80.0	98.3	99.5	99.4	100.0	94.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The Individual Questionnaire for Men was administered to all men age 15-49 years in every second sample household

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> The Questionnaire for Children Age 5-14 was administered to one randomly selected child in each interviewed household

**Table SR.2.1: Housing characteristics** 

Percent distribution of households by selected housing characteristics, by selected province, Thailand MICS, 2019

								Sel	ected Provir	nces							
			Ratcha-	Kancha-	Mae						Nakhon			Phattha-			Narathi-
	Chai Nat	Sa Kaeo	buri	naburi	Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	lung	Pattani	Yala	wat
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Electricity																	
Yes, interconnected grid	99.8	99.7	99.4	99.3	86.5	95.9	99.8	99.3	99.7	99.9	99.9	99.6	99.7	99.7	100.0	99.3	99.4
Yes, off-grid	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.2	8.6	1.3	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.7	0.4
No	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	4.9	2.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Energy use for cooking <sup>A</sup>																	
Clean fuels and technologies	73.7	72.2	90.3	86.2	57.3	64.3	64.3	52.1	30.6	54.9	36.8	93.5	95.5	94.6	94.1	95.9	96.2
Other fuels	22.2	26.2	3.3	11.9	39.4	32.8	33.2	46.7	68.4	44.4	59.9	1.4	2.3	3.0	3.8	1.0	1.5
No cooking done in the household	4.2	1.5	6.3	1.9	3.3	2.9	2.5	1.2	1.0	0.7	3.3	5.0	2.2	2.5	2.2	3.1	2.4
Internet access at home																	
Yes	52.6	68.5	68.9	49.3	41.5	64.6	13.9	20.4	59.3	37.8	63.2	57.4	57.1	44.9	56.0	36.8	24.7
No	47.0	31.4	31.1	50.7	58.5	35.4	85.4	79.2	40.6	62.2	36.8	42.5	42.9	54.8	44.0	63.2	75.2
DK/Missing	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2
Main material of flooring <sup>B</sup>																	
Natural floor	1.2	0.6	1.0	2.4	0.0	0.2	1.2	4.0	3.6	0.8	1.7	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0
Rudimentary floor	25.8	20.4	15.7	7.3	51.3	51.5	9.4	9.3	3.6	6.5	17.8	4.1	7.5	8.3	19.5	1.2	19.5
Finished floor	72.8	78.9	83.2	90.4	48.7	48.4	89.4	86.7	92.8	92.7	80.5	95.6	92.3	91.3	80.3	98.7	80.5
Other	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Main material of roof <sup>B</sup>																	
Natural roofing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.7	5.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rudimentary roofing	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.3	0.4	0.0	2.7	0.3
Finished roofing	99.6	99.2	99.8	99.7	96.0	94.2	99.9	99.1	99.9	99.8	99.9	99.8	97.4	99.6	100.0	97.3	99.7
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Main material of exterior walls	3																
Natural walls	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Rudimentary walls	0.5	0.5	3.8	3.5	9.6	8.5	1.5	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.9	1.7	3.4	1.4	1.1	4.0	0.2
Finished walls	99.5	99.4	96.2	96.4	90.2	91.4	98.5	98.0	99.3	99.6	99.1	98.3	96.4	98.6	98.9	95.8	99.8
Other	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DK/Missing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

**Table SR.2.1: Housing characteristics (continued)** 

Percent distribution of households by selected housing characteristics, by selected province, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Selected Provinces																
			Ratcha-	Kancha-	Mae						Nakhon			Phattha-			Narathi-
	Chai Nat	Sa Kaeo	buri	naburi	Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	lung	Pattani	Yala	wat
Rooms used for sleeping																	
1	49.7	54.5	45.9	43.9	49.9	44.8	50.3	44.8	42.9	36.1	48.4	39.0	34.1	27.6	43.2	44.9	45.1
2	35.7	32.2	32.5	35.7	34.8	39.6	36.6	40.8	43.5	45.6	34.3	44.0	42.5	53.5	40.9	40.8	39.7
3 or more	14.6	13.2	21.6	20.4	15.3	15.6	13.1	14.4	13.6	18.3	17.3	17.0	23.4	18.9	16.0	14.3	15.2
Number of households	1,792	1,465	1,672	1,441	762	752	1,744	1,597	1,764	1,819	1,380	1,391	831	1,506	773	787	761
Mean number of persons per room used for sleeping	1.78	2.04	1.83	1.78	1.66	1.81	1.80	1.78	1.77	1.68	1.98	1.65	1.90	1.45	2.32	1.77	2.27
Percentage of household members with access to electricity in the household <sup>1</sup>	99.9	99.8	99.9	99.6	95.4	97.0	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of household members	5,008	4,485	5,179	4,416	2,029	2,252	4,924	4,736	5,074	5,449	4,255	4,068	2,869	4,190	2,952	2,315	2,799

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator SR.1 - Access to electricity; SDG Indicator 7.1.1

<sup>^</sup>Calculated for households. For percentage of household members living in households using clean fuels and technologies for cooking, please refer to Table TC.2.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Please refer Household Questionnaire in Appendix F, questions HC4, HC5 and HC6 for definitions of natural, rudimentary, finished and other

Table SR.2.2: Household and personal assets

Percentage of households by ownership of selected household and personal assets, and percent distribution by ownership of dwelling, by selected province, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Selected Provinces  Patcha, Kancha, Mao Nari																
			Ratcha-	Kancha-	Mae						Nakhon			Phattha-		_	Nara-
	Chai Nat	Sa Kaeo	buri	naburi	Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	lung	Pattani	Yala	thiwat
Percentage of households that own a																	
Television	95.5	93.6	93.9	95.1	84.1	84.1	98.1	94.5	94.2	97.5	92.3	94.8	92.3	95.2	82.6	96.6	82.8
Plain monitor	61.4	53.2	53.4	65.1	79.2	53.3	71.0	66.8	62.8	74.3	62.4	45.8	52.9	52.6	55.8	81.6	50.3
LCD/LED/Plasma monitor	46.0	51.6	53.6	43.6	15.3	43.5	35.0	31.9	34.5	29.0	40.3	56.6	44.5	49.4	31.1	15.7	33.4
VCD/DVD player	19.5	18.3	10.0	30.0	7.8	17.8	9.5	9.7	5.4	3.9	8.6	15.5	15.7	19.4	5.0	3.5	9.1
Blu-ray player	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.0	1.8	2.1	2.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.7	2.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8
Electrical fan	99.8	98.7	99.4	98.8	82.7	91.0	98.3	98.2	99.3	99.5	99.7	98.8	99.9	99.5	98.1	99.2	96.9
Refrigerator	95.1	93.7	94.1	94.7	80.5	78.0	94.1	90.6	94.3	97.3	93.8	93.8	92.6	93.8	83.0	92.3	84.8
Washing machine	72.6	76.1	69.8	77.0	69.1	63.8	68.5	57.7	68.9	77.7	73.6	67.9	78.6	75.6	48.0	60.7	60.6
Top load	72.4	75.6	68.6	75.2	68.7	63.0	67.2	56.9	67.4	77.4	73.4	66.9	78.2	74.6	47.6	58.4	60.3
Front load	1.1	1.8	3.3	2.9	0.3	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.4	1.4	0.7	4.1	1.3	2.9	1.3	3.2	1.8
Cloths dryer	0.9	0.9	2.0	14.5	0.0	2.9	1.6	0.8	2.8	0.6	2.1	1.7	0.8	1.3	0.5	2.0	0.6
Air conditioner	38.0	24.3	38.7	34.3	12.2	22.9	11.4	5.6	14.6	14.6	15.0	20.4	19.8	22.3	8.2	3.7	6.1
Air purifier	1.3	1.7	3.4	2.4	0.0	1.5	1.1	1.4	0.6	0.4	1.6	0.6	2.0	5.1	1.0	1.6	1.4
Microwave oven	24.4	19.9	26.8	23.0	5.6	16.0	8.2	6.1	11.2	9.0	13.8	15.2	16.4	22.1	8.3	5.4	2.8
Water heater	26.6	12.8	18.3	22.1	33.9	29.2	9.3	7.4	18.4	13.1	18.4	5.8	6.1	15.2	3.1	0.7	1.5
Electric water pump	14.8	28.6	14.0	17.6	6.8	16.7	13.5	44.9	10.0	10.3	22.4	22.4	32.2	28.1	33.8	24.1	23.4
Percentage of households that own																	
Agricultural land	39.4	56.0	22.7	38.0	52.2	39.8	60.8	74.3	76.3	70.6	68.9	38.6	53.9	64.8	41.9	50.0	32.7
Farm animals/Livestock	16.9	25.4	12.8	12.0	19.8	23.0	26.4	38.5	48.3	17.7	35.6	11.6	18.0	33.3	26.1	6.0	24.0
Percentage of households where at least one member owns or has a																	
Wristwatch	46.3	42.8	64.9	68.0	54.1	46.9	35.5	28.0	36.6	37.9	44.9	60.8	62.7	57.7	74.6	61.7	49.8
Bicycle	60.5	55.0	50.7	49.0	22.9	56.5	79.8	74.1	71.6	75.4	73.5	43.1	50.2	50.2	61.5	44.4	39.4
Motorcycle or scooter	85.7	84.0	85.3	90.1	83.4	78.2	87.7	82.2	87.9	88.7	88.3	87.1	91.4	85.2	87.9	93.2	93.7
Car, truck, or van	45.3	46.8	53.8	50.9	34.7	40.8	33.9	26.9	38.0	35.1	37.5	42.3	45.5	42.9	32.4	40.3	30.8
Boat with a motor	0.1	0.3	1.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.8	6.0	2.5	0.7	0.7	0.1
Two-wheel tractor	21.9	20.7	1.7	3.2	13.5	17.8	17.4	29.9	32.3	32.4	34.9	1.0	1.3	2.6	3.8	1.0	0.3
Four-wheel tractor	6.9	12.3	1.3	4.9	0.9	3.9	2.8	6.1	4.3	5.4	3.9	0.0	1.6	2.1	0.6	1.3	0.6
Large Motorcycle (Big bike)	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.1	0.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.4	0.8	0.5

Table SR.2.2: Household and personal assets (continued)

Percentage of households by ownership of selected household and personal assets, and percent distribution by ownership of dwelling, by selected province, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Selected Provinces																
			Ratcha-	Kancha-	Mae						Nakhon			Phattha-			Nara-
	Chai Nat	Sa Kaeo	buri	naburi	Hong Son	Tak	Buriram	Sisaket	Yasothon	Kalasin	Phanom	Songkhla	Satun	lung	Pattani	Yala	thiwa
Computer or tablet	21.5	23.1	27.2	21.4	8.0	24.0	7.3	7.6	11.5	10.5	18.7	19.6	19.2	14.8	16.2	14.8	7.1
Mobile telephone	94.5	94.8	95.3	96.1	90.3	93.0	92.7	90.3	92.9	95.1	92.8	95.7	94.2	92.4	92.5	93.7	89.5
Smartphone	75.2	76.2	86.1	78.7	67.0	76.9	68.8	60.5	69.5	74.9	77.6	81.6	81.9	76.2	86.0	74.1	81.6
Keypad	44.9	40.2	28.1	44.9	53.6	38.9	51.8	55.3	41.5	41.9	35.8	31.0	29.5	38.6	24.3	39.2	15.1
Bank account	95.3	94.6	92.3	93.9	86.0	79.0	94.4	95.4	98.7	95.1	93.8	92.9	98.1	95.1	92.8	96.6	85.9
Credit card	14.1	11.1	19.8	16.2	9.2	12.8	6.2	7.3	10.3	12.9	6.7	16.6	8.5	14.1	10.3	5.9	9.8
Ownership of dwelling																	
Owned by a household member	78.5	88.7	73.5	83.5	93.4	78.1	95.7	97.7	98.1	98.4	94.1	77.0	89.5	94.2	87.8	88.5	87.5
Not owned	21.5	11.3	26.5	16.5	6.6	21.9	4.3	2.3	1.9	1.6	5.9	22.9	10.5	5.8	12.2	11.4	12.5
Rented	4.7	3.1	13.5	7.7	1.9	13.5	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.2	2.0	15.7	4.7	2.9	7.9	9.9	9.3
Hire-purchased	0.1	0.1	2.1	0.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.0
Belong to relative not in household	10.5	6.0	5.0	4.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.2	0.4	1.4	3.3	3.6	2.8	2.7	2.7	0.3	1.3
Welfare from work	3.8	1.8	4.6	2.6	4.5	6.1	2.1	0.2	0.6	0.0	0.6	2.6	1.8	0.2	0.2	0.9	1.6
Dwelling built on public land	2.4	0.2	1.4	0.7	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
DK/Missing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Number of household	1,792	1,465	1,672	1,441	762	752	1,744	1,597	1,764	1,819	1,380	1,391	831	1,506	773	787	761

### Table SR.3.1W: Literacy (women)

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years by highest level of school attended and literacy, and the total percentage literate, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Perc	ent distribu	tion of hig	hest level at	tended and I	iteracy				
	Pre-prii no	•	Prin	nary	Lower	Upper		Missing		Total percentage	Number
	Literate	Illiterate	Literate	Illiterate	secondary	secondary	Higher <sup>A</sup>	Illiterate	Total	literate <sup>1</sup>	of women
Thailand <sup>B</sup>	0.2	1.8	18.1	4.1	18.9	25.6	31.4	0.0	100.0	94.1	25,087
Region <sup>c</sup>											
Bangkok	0.2	1.4	12.5	3.2	15.1	20.9	46.6	0.0	100.0	95.4	4,160
Central	0.1	1.6	13.9	3.2	21.7	26.1	33.4	0.0	100.0	95.2	7,613
North	0.3	4.9	19.7	3.1	15.9	25.4	30.4	0.1	100.0	91.9	3,746
Northeast	0.2	0.6	25.3	5.0	20.0	28.6	20.3	0.0	100.0	94.5	6,020
South	0.2	1.7	19.5	6.2	18.6	24.7	29.0	0.0	100.0	92.1	3,549
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	0.0	1.0	19.4	3.1	18.2	27.0	31.4	0.0	100.0	95.9	1,261
Sa Kaeo	0.3	2.6	20.5	6.1	23.3	27.7	19.5	0.0	100.0	91.3	1,075
Ratchaburi	0.6	2.5	18.2	5.3	18.5	24.5	30.4	0.0	100.0	92.2	1,393
Kanchanaburi	0.4	5.1	23.6	8.6	21.5	23.5	17.3	0.0	100.0	86.3	1,088
North											
Mae Hong Son	0.0	23.7	13.2	10.5	12.2	18.7	21.7	0.0	100.0	65.8	524
Tak	1.0	16.0	15.3	3.4	15.4	24.7	22.5	1.7	100.0	78.9	569
Northeast											
Buriram	0.0	1.7	30.4	7.1	22.1	24.8	14.0	0.0	100.0	91.3	979
Sisaket	0.1	1.1	33.6	4.6	18.5	27.3	14.7	0.0	100.0	94.3	964
Yasothon	0.3	0.6	31.3	1.9	17.5	28.6	19.7	0.0	100.0	97.5	1,103
Kalasin	0.1	0.1	27.8	6.3	17.6	30.0	18.1	0.0	100.0	93.6	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	0.0	1.1	25.6	6.9	16.9	30.8	18.7	0.0	100.0	91.9	1,047
South											
Songkhla	0.1	2.5	13.6	8.3	15.5	27.5	32.4	0.0	100.0	89.1	937
Satun	0.2	0.8	22.7	3.8	16.4	28.4	27.8	0.0	100.0	95.5	705
Phatthalung	0.2	0.1	22.0	2.0	17.1	25.5	33.0	0.0	100.0	97.9	1,038
Pattani	0.1	3.8	13.1	13.6	18.6	30.0	20.7	0.0	100.0	82.6	798
Yala	0.0	0.3	1.7	11.8	19.9	34.9	31.3	0.0	100.0	87.9	646
Narathiwat	0.1	5.3	21.3	9.2	18.5	26.8	18.8	0.0	100.0	85.4	686

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator SR.2 - Literacy rate (age 15-24 years)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Respondents who have attended secondary school or higher are considered literate and are not tested.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> The national totals are calculated based on national MICS data, and are presented in this report for reference/comparison purposes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The regional totals are calculated based on national MICS data, and are presented in this report for reference/comparison purposes

### Table SR.3.1M: Literacy (men)

Percent distribution of men age 15-49 years by highest level of school attended and literacy, and the total percentage literate, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Po	ercent distri	bution of	highest lev	el attende	d and litera	су				
	-	mary or one	Prim	ary	Lower	Upper		Mis	sing		Total percentage	Number
	Literate	Illiterate	Literate	Illiterate	secondary	secondary	Higher <sup>A</sup>	Literate	Illiterate	Total	literate <sup>1</sup>	of men
Thailand	0.2	2.1	18.5	4.2	23.2	27.4	24.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	93.7	11,023
Region												
Bangkok	0.0	1.3	12.5	4.0	18.7	23.0	40.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	94.6	1,792
Central	0.1	2.7	15.7	3.4	27.7	26.1	24.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	93.9	3,253
North	0.5	5.0	20.3	2.5	19.0	30.1	22.6	0.0	0.1	100.0	92.5	1,670
Northeast	0.0	0.3	24.4	4.4	24.8	29.8	16.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	95.2	2,671
South	0.2	1.5	19.0	7.4	21.1	28.3	22.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	91.1	1,637
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	0.0	0.3	25.1	2.6	27.1	23.8	21.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	97.1	525
Sa Kaeo	0.9	0.8	27.7	4.7	27.6	28.1	10.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	94.5	425
Ratchaburi	0.1	4.1	18.4	4.8	27.6	27.3	17.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	91.0	635
Kanchanaburi	0.2	4.6	27.9	5.0	21.1	25.3	15.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	90.4	535
North												
Mae Hong Son	0.6	16.8	14.3	7.9	19.4	24.0	17.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	75.3	263
Tak	0.1	14.9	26.5	3.9	18.8	21.0	12.9	0.5	1.3	100.0	79.9	253
Northeast												
Buriram	0.1	0.7	24.3	7.8	23.0	24.9	19.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	91.5	417
Sisaket	0.0	1.2	33.8	3.4	24.6	25.3	11.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	95.4	399
Yasothon	0.0	0.0	34.8	3.1	22.6	24.1	15.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	96.9	494
Kalasin	0.0	0.0	28.4	9.1	18.4	28.8	15.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	90.9	513
Nakhon Phanom	0.1	0.5	26.1	6.1	24.0	29.3	14.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	93.4	450
South												
Songkhla	0.6	2.6	14.7	8.0	23.1	27.4	23.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	89.4	402
Satun	1.4	0.6	26.3	4.3	18.5	30.2	18.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	95.1	337
Phatthalung	0.0	0.0	19.0	3.1	23.6	33.8	20.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	96.9	465
Pattani	0.0	1.5	14.9	19.3	18.2	31.1	15.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	79.2	288
Yala	0.0	1.6	0.7	11.4	20.8	41.6	23.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	87.0	282
Narathiwat	0.3	4.0	27.0	12.5	23.0	21.9	11.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	83.5	314

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator SR.2 - Literacy rate (age 15-24 years)

<sup>A</sup> Respondents who have attended secondary school or higher are considered literate and are not tested.

Table SR.4.1W: Migratory status (women)

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years by migratory status and years since last migration, and percent distribution of women who migrated, by type and place of last residence, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Yea	ars since mo	ost recer	nt migra	tion		Number	Most re w	cent mi	•			Mo	ost recen	t migration	was froi	m:		·	Number of women
	Never migrated	Less than one year	1-4 years	5-9 years	10 years or more	Total	of women	Urban area	Rural area	Missing	Total	Bangkok	Central	North	Northeast	South	Outside Thailand	Missing	Total	who ever migrated
Thailand	54.8	2.9	11.9	10.0	20.4	100.0	25,087	53.4	45.6	1.0	100.0	18.1	31.6	12.9	22.5	12.2	2.5	0.1	100.0	11,335
Region																				
Bangkok	37.3	4.3	17.4	14.7	26.2	100.0	4,160	73.3	26.1	0.7	100.0	55.7	10.8	6.1	21.6	2.3	3.4	0.0	100.0	2,607
Central	43.5	3.8	14.6	13.5	24.6	100.0	7,613	52.2	47.2	0.7	100.0	8.3	69.9	4.1	14.0	1.7	1.9	0.2	100.0	4,301
North	62.0	2.1	10.0	8.7	17.2	100.0	3,746	51.3	46.9	1.8	100.0	6.9	9.7	74.8	5.1	8.0	2.7	0.1	100.0	1,423
Northeast	73.7	1.7	5.6	4.7	14.3	100.0	6,020	39.7	59.1	1.2	100.0	5.3	7.9	2.7	80.1	1.8	2.2	0.0	100.0	1,582
South	59.9	2.6	12.0	7.4	18.2	100.0	3,549	38.2	60.3	1.5	100.0	4.7	2.6	1.4	3.1	85.2	3.0	0.0	100.0	1,423
Selected Provinces																				
Central																				
Chai Nat	53.2	2.1	13.2	10.7	20.8	100.0	1,261	64.6	34.3	1.1	100.0	7.9	72.3	12.1	6.3	0.3	1.0	0.0	100.0	591
Sa Kaeo	58.1	2.1	11.0	6.9	21.9	100.0	1,075	40.4	57.2	2.4	100.0	14.0	62.0	4.1	12.8	1.3	5.7	0.0	100.0	450
Ratchaburi	44.7	3.3	15.2	9.5	27.4	100.0	1,393	41.3	57.2	1.5	100.0	5.7	85.0	2.0	3.0	1.4	2.9	0.0	100.0	771
Kanchanaburi	56.8	1.3	7.1	7.9	26.9	100.0	1,088	28.7	70.7	0.6	100.0	3.4	86.8	1.2	4.0	2.4	2.2	0.0	100.0	470
North																				
Mae Hong Son	78.7	0.3	4.6	3.6	12.7	100.0	524	17.0	82.9	0.2	100.0	0.0	4.9	86.3	0.7	0.0	8.1	0.0	100.0	112
Tak	56.4	2.9	14.5	9.6	16.6	100.0	569	45.7	47.4	7.0	100.0	5.0	7.2	66.6	4.9	1.7	14.7	0.0	100.0	248
Northeast																				
Buriram	84.5	0.7	3.6	2.8	8.4	100.0	979	36.0	64.0	0.0	100.0	0.5	0.0	0.2	98.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	100.0	152
Sisaket	89.4	0.7	2.2	2.4	5.3	100.0	964	37.5	62.1	0.3	100.0	18.5	15.8	0.0	60.9	4.4	0.3	0.0	100.0	102
Yasothon	91.7	0.5	1.5	1.6	4.7	100.0	1,103	30.5	69.5	0.0	100.0	0.6	1.0	1.7	96.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	91
Kalasin	87.7	0.3	3.0	2.1	6.9	100.0	1,094	29.8	69.8	0.4	100.0	0.7	2.1	2.2	93.1	0.2	1.8	0.0	100.0	135
Nakhon Phanom	75.1	2.3	7.1	4.2	11.3	100.0	1,047	40.3	59.5	0.2	100.0	10.3	9.6	1.6	72.8	0.5	5.3	0.0	100.0	261
South																				
Songkhla	56.0	1.8	10.2	9.7	22.2	100.0	937	57.4	42.4	0.1	100.0	2.5	1.1	1.5	0.8	93.4	0.6	0.0	100.0	412
Satun	65.8	0.7	8.6	6.2	18.7	100.0	705	24.0	76.0	0.0	100.0	1.8	0.6	0.9	2.1	94.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	241
Phatthalung	53.3	9.2	7.6	9.6	20.2	100.0	1,038	49.9	50.1	0.0	100.0	2.3	0.8	0.5	2.4	93.0	1.1	0.0	100.0	485
Pattani	68.9	1.6	8.4	5.6	15.5	100.0	798	21.7	78.3	0.0	100.0	0.8	0.9	0.1	2.6	91.0	4.5	0.0	100.0	249
Yala	80.0	2.8	8.1	2.2	7.0	100.0	646	7.5	92.5	0.0	100.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	98.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	129
Narathiwat	83.2	0.2	2.9	4.7	9.1	100.0	686	25.1	74.9	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	98.0	1.8	0.0	100.0	115

Table SR.4.1M: Migratory status (men)

Percent distribution of men age 15-49 years by migratory status and years since last migration, and percent distribution of men who migrated, by type and place of last residence, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Yea	rs since mo	st recent	t migrat	ion				recent m was fror	igration n:			Mo	ost recei	nt migratio	n was fro	om:			Number of men who
	Never	Less than	1-4	5-9	10 years		Number	Urban	Rural			-					Outside			ever
	migrated	one year	years	years	or more	Total	of men	area	area	Missing	Total	Bangkok	Central	North	Northeast	South	Thailand	Missing	Total	migrated
Thailand	58.3	3.4	12.1	9.6	16.7	100.0	11,023	53.5	45.1	1.4	100.0	19.2	28.4	9.6	26.8	12.2	3.6	0.2	100.0	4,601
Region																				
Bangkok	41.4	5.5	18.1	15.2	19.8	100.0	1,792	72.6	26.3	1.1	100.0	56.2	11.5	4.6	21.8	2.2	3.7	0.0	100.0	1,051
Central	50.8	4.9	13.6	10.5	20.1	100.0	3,253	50.4	47.4	2.1	100.0	7.6	67.9	1.7	16.4	0.4	5.5	0.5	100.0	1,599
North	70.5	1.9	9.8	6.3	11.4	100.0	1,670	50.7	47.8	1.5	100.0	8.4	9.3	71.0	6.1	0.6	4.6	0.0	100.0	492
Northeast	68.5	1.4	7.8	7.9	14.4	100.0	2,671	45.9	53.7	0.4	100.0	10.5	4.6	1.6	82.8	0.1	0.3	0.0	100.0	841
South	62.2	2.9	12.1	7.4	15.4	100.0	1,637	41.8	56.9	1.3	100.0	6.5	2.5	0.4	2.6	85.6	2.4	0.0	100.0	618
<b>Selected Provinces</b>																				
Central																				
Chai Nat	61.4	5.8	9.9	6.9	15.9	100.0	525	65.0	35.0	0.0	100.0	10.5	62.0	16.9	9.2	1.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	203
Sa Kaeo	67.1	1.7	7.5	6.8	16.8	100.0	425	41.0	59.0	0.0	100.0	9.2	66.8	7.3	15.3	0.0	1.4	0.0	100.0	140
Ratchaburi	54.7	2.6	13.7	10.0	18.8	100.0	635	40.6	55.3	4.1	100.0	6.2	84.1	1.3	2.4	0.4	5.5	0.0	100.0	287
Kanchanaburi	64.0	1.7	10.0	8.3	16.1	100.0	535	31.1	68.8	0.1	100.0	2.1	89.5	0.9	4.1	1.7	1.8	0.0	100.0	193
North																				
Mae Hong Son	80.7	0.1	4.5	3.9	10.9	100.0	263	28.1	71.9	0.0	100.0	0.0	10.0	81.6	0.3	0.0	8.1	0.0	100.0	51
Tak	55.4	5.2	17.0	4.1	18.3	100.0	253	48.3	42.0	9.7	100.0	8.2	6.6	58.1	10.1	2.7	14.2	0.0	100.0	113
Northeast																				
Buriram	83.7	0.5	4.8	3.6	7.4	100.0	417	44.7	55.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	97.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	68
Sisaket	86.4	0.1	3.6	2.9	7.0	100.0	399	30.5	69.5	0.0	100.0	17.1	12.6	1.9	67.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	54
Yasothon	83.9	0.1	2.6	2.1	11.3	100.0	494	17.5	82.5	0.0	100.0	2.7	0.5	1.8	94.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	79
Kalasin	85.8	0.0	3.4	3.5	7.3	100.0	513	44.8	55.2	0.0	100.0	0.6	0.3	0.2	98.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	73
Nakhon Phanom	77.7	0.3	5.7	3.9	12.4	100.0	450	33.7	66.3	0.0	100.0	19.0	10.0	0.0	69.2	1.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	100
South																				
Songkhla	59.1	2.5	10.7	8.9	18.7	100.0	402	51.5	48.3	0.1	100.0	2.4	1.5	1.2	1.2	93.5	0.1	0.0	100.0	165
Satun	72.2	1.5	5.6	5.9	14.8	100.0	337	22.2	77.8	0.0	100.0	4.9	2.1	0.0	0.0	93.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	94
Phatthalung	54.1	10.3	9.0	9.0	17.6	100.0	465	55.2	44.8	0.0	100.0	7.5	1.6	0.2	0.8	89.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	213
Pattani	67.5	1.1	11.7	6.4	13.4	100.0	288	15.6	83.3	1.0	100.0	3.5	0.8	0.2	0.4	92.9	2.2	0.0	100.0	94
Yala	86.9	0.9	3.7	5.0	3.5	100.0	282	(24.4)	(75.6)	(0.0)	100.0	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.7)	(98.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	37
Narathiwat	88.8	0.5	2.6	2.7	5.4	100.0	314	(22.0)	(78.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	35

Table SR.5.1: Household ownership of ICT equipment and access to internet

Percentage of households with a radio, a television, a telephone and a computer, and have access to the internet at home, Thailand MICS, 2019

_			Pe		Percentage of						
		_		Telephone	e		Comp	uter		household that have	
	Radio <sup>1</sup>	Television <sup>2</sup>	Fixed line	Mobile phone	Any³	Desktop	Laptop	Tablet	Any <sup>4</sup>	access to the internet at home <sup>5</sup>	Number of households
Thailand	27.7	94.0	5.0	95.3	95.5	9.5	18.2	7.5	25.7	59.0	35,604
Region											
Bangkok	13.0	89.8	15.9	97.5	97.7	18.0	24.2	12.4	38.2	73.5	5,549
Central	17.7	95.2	4.2	95.9	96.0	11.3	20.7	8.9	28.9	62.9	10,067
North	46.8	94.7	3.2	94.0	94.1	7.9	17.4	5.8	23.8	51.3	6,299
Northeast	39.8	95.3	2.0	94.7	94.9	5.0	15.4	5.3	19.6	54.9	9,141
South	16.9	92.9	1.8	94.3	94.4	6.0	12.5	5.2	18.1	51.7	4,548
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	46.7	95.5	2.4	94.5	94.6	6.9	14.5	6.5	21.5	52.6	1,792
Sa Kaeo	26.6	93.6	2.7	94.8	94.9	8.7	14.3	6.6	23.1	68.5	1,465
Ratchaburi	25.2	93.9	3.7	95.3	95.4	10.6	18.1	9.6	27.2	68.9	1,672
Kanchanaburi	28.0	95.1	4.2	96.1	96.2	8.3	13.8	6.7	21.4	49.3	1,441
North											
Mae Hong Son	42.8	84.1	1.5	90.3	90.3	0.0	8.0	0.4	8.0	41.5	762
Tak	33.8	84.1	5.7	93.0	94.0	7.6	16.5	7.3	24.0	64.6	752
Northeast											
Buriram	50.0	98.1	0.9	92.7	92.7	1.6	6.5	2.0	7.3	13.9	1,744
Sisaket	30.0	94.5	1.1	90.3	90.5	2.1	5.8	1.2	7.6	20.4	1,597
Yasothon	49.4	94.2	0.8	92.9	92.9	3.6	8.5	2.0	11.5	59.3	1,764
Kalasin	41.8	97.5	0.8	95.1	95.1	2.4	8.5	1.2	10.5	37.8	1,819
Nakhon Phanom	41.0	92.3	1.5	92.8	92.9	5.2	14.5	5.2	18.7	63.2	1,380
South											
Songkhla	7.6	94.8	2.3	95.7	95.9	6.5	14.8	6.0	19.6	57.4	1,391
Satun	8.0	92.3	1.1	94.2	94.2	8.8	11.4	4.2	19.2	57.1	831
Phatthalung	18.5	95.2	2.4	92.4	92.7	6.6	10.0	3.1	14.8	44.9	1,506
Pattani	27.0	82.6	1.1	92.5	92.5	4.2	12.0	3.6	16.2	56.0	773
Yala	14.4	96.6	3.5	93.7	94.5	2.4	9.0	8.9	14.8	36.8	787
Narathiwat	10.2	82.8	0.7	89.5	89.5	2.3	4.6	2.9	7.1	24.7	761

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,{\rm MICS}$  indicator SR.4 - Households with a radio

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator SR.5 - Households with a television

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator SR.6 - Households with a telephone

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 4}\,\text{MICS}$  indicator SR.7 - Households with a computer

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator SR.8 - Households with internet

Table SR.6.1: Children's living arrangements and orphanhood

Percent distribution of children age 0-17 years according to living arrangements, percentage of children age 0-17 years not living with a biological parent and percentage of children who have one or both parents dead, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Living with neither biological parent					Living w	ith mother	Living w	ith father						
				r biologica	l parent	0	nly	0	nly	Missing		Not living	Living with	One or	Number of
	Living with both parents	Only father alive	Only mother alive	Both alive	Both dead	Father alive	Father dead	Mother alive	Mother dead	information on father/ mother	Total	with biological mother	neither biological parent <sup>1</sup>	both parents dead <sup>2</sup>	children age 0-17 years
Thailand	53.7	0.3	0.8	22.2	0.2	15.2	1.5	4.4	0.3	1.3	100.0	29.1	23.5	3.2	21,158
Region															
Bangkok	66.6	0.2	0.5	12.3	0.2	13.1	1.1	5.5	0.1	0.4	100.0	19.1	13.2	2.1	2,084
Central	59.2	0.4	0.7	15.8	0.2	15.2	1.8	4.6	0.5	1.7	100.0	23.1	17.1	3.7	5,550
North	50.3	0.3	1.2	24.9	0.2	14.7	1.6	4.9	0.4	1.4	100.0	32.9	26.7	3.8	3,461
Northeast	40.5	0.2	0.9	34.6	0.2	16.8	1.2	3.5	0.3	1.7	100.0	41.0	36.0	2.8	6,628
South	65.8	0.4	0.6	11.9	0.1	13.9	1.9	4.7	0.3	0.4	100.0	18.1	13.1	3.4	3,434
Selected Provinces															
Central															
Chai Nat	46.2	0.7	1.1	25.7	0.4	17.0	2.0	4.8	0.5	1.9	100.0	34.5	27.8	4.6	1,015
Sa Kaeo	42.6	0.2	1.4	31.5	0.1	16.6	1.0	3.9	0.2	2.5	100.0	39.6	33.2	2.9	1,301
Ratchaburi	50.8	0.6	0.9	18.7	0.0	17.6	1.7	7.7	0.9	1.0	100.0	29.5	20.2	4.2	1,103
Kanchanaburi	52.8	0.4	0.6	16.7	0.0	15.8	0.8	5.4	0.0	7.4	100.0	27.4	17.7	2.0	1,041
North															
Mae Hong Son	62.9	0.0	0.0	12.4	0.0	17.4	2.5	3.8	0.8	0.1	100.0	17.1	12.4	3.4	412
Tak	51.0	0.0	1.2	22.4	8.0	15.3	3.8	3.4	0.5	1.7	100.0	28.9	24.4	6.2	582
Northeast															
Buriram	31.2	1.0	0.2	45.2	0.1	18.0	0.6	3.3	0.1	0.3	100.0	50.2	46.5	2.1	1,208
Sisaket	40.5	0.2	0.3	38.1	0.1	15.1	1.0	2.4	0.1	2.1	100.0	42.4	38.7	1.7	1,191
Yasothon	42.3	0.6	1.0	34.6	0.0	14.4	1.9	4.2	0.5	0.6	100.0	41.3	36.1	3.9	1,137
Kalasin	36.0	0.1	0.4	42.2	0.0	16.7	0.8	3.1	0.0	0.7	100.0	46.3	42.7	1.3	1,285
Nakhon Phanom	44.2	0.3	0.6	27.8	0.0	16.1	0.8	5.3	0.4	4.4	100.0	37.2	28.7	2.2	1,163
South															
Songkhla	66.1	0.5	1.4	8.3	0.0	16.6	1.8	4.5	0.2	0.4	100.0	15.5	10.3	4.0	934
Satun	71.3	0.5	0.6	9.7	0.0	11.5	2.2	2.9	0.5	0.8	100.0	14.8	10.8	3.9	883
Phatthalung	57.2	0.4	0.4	19.6	0.0	15.6	1.6	4.5	0.3	0.4	100.0	25.3	20.4	2.8	955
Pattani	62.5	0.6	0.8	13.2	0.1	16.2	2.8	2.3	0.7	0.6	100.0	17.9	14.8	5.1	1,002
Yala	84.2	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	7.0	2.4	0.9	0.4	0.0	100.0	6.4	5.0	2.8	596
Narathiwat	79.7	0.3	0.0	5.9	0.0	9.8	1.5	2.4	0.3	0.1	100.0	9.0	6.2	2.0	923

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator SR.18 - Children's living arrangements

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator SR.19 - Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead

Table SR.6.2: Children's living arrangements and co-residence with parents Percentage of children age 0-17 years by coresidence of parents, Thailand MICS, 2019 Number Percentage of children age 0-17 years with: of Both mother Mother At least children Mother is Father is and father Mother Father and father At least one one parent age living living are living parent living living living living living 0-17 elsewhere<sup>A</sup> elsewhere<sup>A</sup> elsewhere<sup>A</sup> elsewhere<sup>A</sup> abroad abroad abroad abroad1 vears Thailand 5.6 15.3 21.9 42.8 0.7 1.2 0.5 2.3 21,158 Region 5.8 13.0 12.1 30.9 0.6 0.5 0.0 1.0 2,084 Bangkok Central 5.7 15.4 15.2 36.3 0.2 0.6 0.0 8.0 5,550 3,461 North 6.6 14.4 24.7 45.6 0.6 0.8 0.4 1.9 Northeast 17.0 34.3 56.4 1.2 1.0 4.6 6,628 5.1 2.4 South 5.3 14.2 11.8 31.4 0.6 0.7 0.6 1.8 3,434 **Selected Provinces** Central 47.6 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.3 1,015 Chai Nat 7.1 16.2 24.3 2.1 Sa Kaeo 7.8 17.3 29.9 55.0 0.9 1.0 0.1 1.301 Ratchaburi 9.0 0.0 0.2 0.8 18.1 18.7 45.8 0.6 1,103 Kanchanaburi 8.6 14.1 15.1 37.7 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.3 1,041 North Mae Hong Son 3.8 17.4 12.5 33.7 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 412 Tak 5.1 15.7 21.9 42.8 1.1 8.0 1.0 3.0 582 Northeast Buriram 3.6 19.0 45.0 67.6 0.0 1.0 0.3 1.3 1,208 Sisaket 2.9 15.1 38.4 56.4 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.3 1,191 Yasothon 5.6 14.8 34.6 55.0 0.4 0.2 0.0 0.7 1,137 0.9 1,285 Kalasin 3.7 16.6 42.2 62.5 0.6 0.1 1.6 Nakhon Phanom 8.8 15.3 26.7 50.8 1.3 3.5 0.4 5.2 1,163 South Songkhla 6.2 17.4 8.0 31.5 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.1 934 25.5 0.2 2.1 883 Satun 3.6 12.3 9.6 1.4 0.5 Phatthalung 40.2 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.6 955 5.1 15.8 19.2 1,002 Pattani 3.4 16.4 13.1 32.9 1.2 3.0 3.3 7.5 0.0 1.0 596 Yala 0.9 7.0 5.0 13.0 1.0 2.0 Narathiwat 2.4 10.1 5.9 18.5 0.1 2.4 1.6 4.2 923

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator SR.20 - Children with at least one parent living abroad

A Includes parent(s) living abroad as well as those living elsewhere in the country

Table SR.6.3: Children not in parental care

Percent distribution of children age 0-17 years not living with a biological parent according to relationship to head of household and percentage living in households headed by a family member. Thailand MICS. 2019

	D	_			Cl	nild's relation	nship to he	ad of housel	nold				D to a a f	Number of
	Percentage of children living with neither biological parent <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 0-17 years	Child is head of household	Spouse/ Partner	Grand- child	Brother/ Sister	Other relative	Adopted/ Foster/ Stepchild	Servant (Live-in)	Other not related	Inconsistent/ Don't know/ Missing	Total	Percentage of children living in households headed by a family member <sup>A</sup>	children age 0-17 years not living with a biological parent
Thailand	23.5	21,158	1.6	0.6	80.6	1.0	14.9	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.6	100.0	97.7	4,978
Region														
Bangkok	13.2	2,084	5.6	2.7	64.5	0.6	23.8	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	94.4	275
Central	17.1	5,550	0.7	1.7	75.8	1.6	18.3	0.9	0.0	0.3	0.6	100.0	98.3	948
North	26.7	3,461	1.7	0.3	80.1	0.8	14.6	0.9	0.0	0.4	1.1	100.0	96.7	923
Northeast	36.0	6,628	1.3	0.1	85.3	0.8	12.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	98.4	2,383
South	13.1	3,434	2.1	0.1	76.6	1.3	18.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.2	100.0	96.2	449
Selected Provinces														
Central														
Chai Nat	27.8	1,015	0.0	1.4	74.9	0.0	19.6	1.6	0.0	1.8	0.7	100.0	97.5	282
Sa Kaeo	33.2	1,301	0.3	0.0	77.7	0.3	20.4	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.5	100.0	98.5	432
Ratchaburi	20.2	1,103	0.0	0.7	71.2	4.7	21.0	0.6	0.0	1.6	0.3	100.0	98.1	222
Kanchanaburi	17.7	1,041	2.6	0.3	71.3	4.8	20.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	100.0	97.0	185
North														
Mae Hong Son	12.4	412	0.4	0.0	90.2	0.6	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.6	51
Tak	24.4	582	1.9	4.2	76.2	0.0	14.5	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.3	100.0	95.0	142
Northeast														
Buriram	46.5	1,208	0.0	0.4	92.3	0.4	6.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0	99.7	561
Sisaket	38.7	1,191	1.2	0.0	91.2	1.2	5.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	100.0	97.6	461
Yasothon	36.1	1,137	0.4	0.0	88.6	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.6	411
Kalasin	42.7	1,285	0.4	0.0	85.9	0.0	13.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	100.0	99.1	548
Nakhon Phanom	28.7	1,163	1.0	0.0	84.6	1.0	12.4	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	100.0	98.5	334

### Table SR.6.3: Children not in parental care (continued)

Percent distribution of children age 0-17 years not living with a biological parent according to relationship to head of household and percentage living in households headed by a family member, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of				С	hild's relatio	nship to he	ad of housel	old				Percentage of	Number of children age
	children living with neither biological parent <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 0-17 years	Child is head of household	Spouse/ Partner	Grand- child	Brother/ Sister	Other relative	Adopted/ Foster/ Stepchild	Servant (Live-in)	Other not related	Inconsistent/ Don't know/ Missing	Total	children living in households headed by a family member <sup>A</sup>	0-17 years not living with a biological parent
South														
Songkhla	10.3	934	2.0	0.0	76.7	0.0	13.8	0.0	1.6	1.6	4.3	100.0	90.4	96
Satun	10.8	883	2.8	0.0	74.8	0.8	18.0	2.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	100.0	95.5	95
Phatthalung	20.4	955	0.6	0.0	82.4	0.6	12.9	1.4	0.0	0.0	2.1	100.0	97.3	195
Pattani	14.8	1,002	1.1	0.0	80.7	6.4	11.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0	98.5	148
Yala	5.0	596	(7.8)	(0.0)	(85.6)	(0.0)	(6.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(92.2)	30
Narathiwat	6.2	923	0.0	0.0	81.9	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	100.0	89.0	57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator SR.18 - Children's living arrangements

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Excludes households headed by the child, servants and other not related

<sup>()</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table SR.6.4: Primary caretaker's relationship to the child

Percent distribution of children age 0-17 years not living with a biological mother according to primary caretaker's relationship to child, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Prim	ary caretaker's	relationship to c	hild				Percentage of children not living with mother whose	Number of children age 0-17 years
	Child is head of household	Father	Paternal grandparent	Maternal grandparent	Parents' brother/ sister	Older brother/sister	Other relative	Other not related	Total	primary caretaker is grandparent <sup>1</sup>	not living with a biological mother
Thailand	2.1	12.5	28.0	44.9	6.8	1.0	4.2	0.6	100.0	72.8	6,091
Region											
Bangkok	5.4	20.2	30.8	26.3	9.6	0.9	4.9	2.0	100.0	57.1	393
Central	1.9	18.3	30.7	33.1	8.2	1.2	5.7	0.9	100.0	63.8	1,263
North	1.7	12.1	31.7	41.7	6.4	0.9	5.0	0.6	100.0	73.4	1,128
Northeast	1.6	6.6	25.4	55.9	6.7	0.8	2.9	0.1	100.0	81.4	2,686
South	3.4	22.4	24.6	38.6	3.6	1.8	5.2	0.5	100.0	63.2	620
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	1.7	9.9	32.6	40.3	7.1	0.2	7.0	1.3	100.0	72.8	347
Sa Kaeo	1.0	6.4	25.8	51.0	8.5	0.3	5.9	1.1	100.0	76.8	514
Ratchaburi	2.6	25.0	21.2	35.3	6.1	2.9	5.1	1.9	100.0	56.5	322
Kanchanaburi	2.0	13.7	29.1	34.2	11.5	4.8	4.5	0.2	100.0	63.2	263
North											
Mae Hong Son	0.9	26.0	26.0	42.9	1.1	0.5	0.4	2.3	100.0	68.8	70
Tak	2.9	12.2	24.1	43.2	10.9	2.9	1.5	2.3	100.0	67.3	166
Northeast											
Buriram	0.0	6.1	28.3	57.7	6.4	0.3	0.7	0.4	100.0	86.0	604
Sisaket	1.5	5.2	27.1	59.1	4.9	1.0	1.1	0.0	100.0	86.2	498
Yasothon	0.7	10.1	27.4	54.5	3.8	0.1	2.9	0.5	100.0	81.9	467
Kalasin	1.3	4.0	24.7	63.5	3.5	0.0	2.9	0.1	100.0	88.2	593
Nakhon Phanom	1.0	14.1	18.1	56.6	6.5	0.8	2.2	0.7	100.0	74.7	425
South											
Songkhla	2.7	29.2	30.8	24.7	8.9	0.0	2.8	0.8	100.0	55.5	140
Satun	3.1	16.3	30.7	35.6	6.8	1.0	5.3	1.2	100.0	66.2	128
Phatthalung	1.8	15.3	30.8	39.8	8.7	0.5	3.1	0.0	100.0	70.6	241
Pattani	2.1	8.8	28.8	44.5	6.1	5.7	3.8	0.2	100.0	73.3	178
Yala	6.2	18.0	25.1	44.6	4.8	0.0	1.4	0.0	100.0	69.7	38
Narathiwat	0.0	23.1	30.8	41.3	1.9	0.0	2.9	0.0	100.0	72.1	82

#### **A2. THRIVE - REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERNAL HEALTH**

## Table TM.1.1: Adolescent birth rate and total fertility rate

Adolescent birth rates and total fertility rates for the one-year period preceding the survey, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Adolescent birth rate <sup>1</sup>	
	(Age-specific fertility rate for women age 15-19 years) <sup>A</sup>	Total fertility rate (women age 15-49 years) <sup>A</sup>
Thailand	23	1.4
Region		
Bangkok	5	0.8
Central	21	1.3
North	42	1.6
Northeast	20	1.9
South	35	1.7
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	40	1.6
Sa Kaeo	36	1.9
Ratchaburi	40	1.5
Kanchanaburi	5	(*)
North		
Mae Hong Son	39	1.7
Tak	78	1.7
Northeast		
Buriram	28	(1.6)
Sisaket	29	(1.8)
Yasothon	30	1.9
Kalasin	24	(1.7)
Nakhon Phanom	60	2.7
South		
Songkhla	12	1.6
Satun	23	2.4
Phatthalung	15	(2.2)
Pattani	40	2.0
Yala	4	(0.9)
Narathiwat	25	(2.5)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.1 - Adolescent birth rate (age 15-19 years); SDG indicator 3.7.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The Total Fertility Rate (TFR) is the sum of age-specific fertility rates of women age 15-49 years. The TFR denotes the average number of children to which a woman will have given birth by the end of her reproductive years (by age 50) if current fertility rates prevailed. The rate is expressed per woman age 15-49 years

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table TM.1.2W: Early childbearing (young women)

Percentage of women age 15-19 years who have had a live birth, are pregnant with the first child, have had a live birth or are pregnant with first child, and who have had a live birth before age 15, and percentage of women age 20-24 years who have had a live birth before age 18, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of w	romen age 15-19 years who	):			
	Have had a live birth	Are pregnant with first child	Have had a live birth or are pregnant with first child	Have had a live birth before age 15	Number of women age 15-19 years	Percentage of women age 20-24 years who have had a live birth before age 18 <sup>1</sup>	Number of women age 20-24 years
Thailand	5.4	0.4	5.8	0.4	2,831	9.1	2,764
Region							
Bangkok	3.8	0.0	3.8	0.2	399	6.0	557
Central	6.8	0.3	7.1	0.4	769	7.7	904
North	6.0	0.4	6.4	0.2	413	8.9	379
Northeast	3.7	0.4	4.1	0.4	796	12.7	546
South	6.7	0.9	7.6	0.8	454	12.3	378
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	7.3	4.1	11.4	0.4	169	15.4	122
Sa Kaeo	10.8	2.5	13.3	0.4	129	16.3	94
Ratchaburi	9.3	0.2	9.5	0.3	190	14.5	136
Kanchanaburi	5.3	0.3	5.6	1.1	140	16.6	111
North							
Mae Hong Son	(4.4)	(0.0)	(4.4)	(0.0)	48	27.1	39
Tak	9.7	2.9	12.6	0.0	104	6.3	63
Northeast							
Buriram	14.0	0.2	14.2	0.7	136	6.2	83
Sisaket	7.0	0.0	7.0	0.3	146	12.0	77
Yasothon	4.5	0.0	4.5	0.0	139	10.4	86
Kalasin	6.2	1.1	7.3	0.2	168	5.1	87
Nakhon Phanom	6.4	0.4	6.9	0.0	150	13.9	98
South							
Songkhla	3.9	2.5	6.3	0.5	139	4.6	97
Satun	7.9	2.4	10.2	0.0	89	10.7	67
Phatthalung	3.8	0.0	3.8	0.0	127	9.1	69
Pattani	3.6	0.3	3.9	0.0	164	5.8	104
Yala	1.0	1.3	2.3	0.6	93	1.9	123
Narathiwat	6.3	1.3	7.6	2.0	96	8.0	98

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.2 - Early childbearing

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

# Table TM.1.2M: Early fatherhood (young men)

Percentage of men age 15-19 years who have fathered a live birth and who have fathered a live birth before age 15, and percentage of men age 20-24 years who have fathered a live birth before age 18, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of men age 15-19 years who have fathered a live birth	Number of men age 15-19 years	Percentage of men age 20-24 years who have fathered a live birth before age 18	Number of men age 20-24 years
Thailand	1.9	1,336	0.5	1,311
Region				
Bangkok	1.0	189	0.2	250
Central	1.2	360	0.9	347
North	2.3	207	0.9	192
Northeast	0.9	403	0.2	298
South	5.9	177	0.6	224
Selected Provinces				
Central				
Chai Nat	0.3	71	2.3	71
Sa Kaeo	6.3	74	(4.9)	30
Ratchaburi	4.2	84	0.6	105
Kanchanaburi	1.2	72	1.2	65
North				
Mae Hong Son	(3.2)	38	(*)	24
Tak	(4.9)	37	(*)	25
Northeast				
Buriram	3.2	73	(0.0)	53
Sisaket	3.2	64	(0.0)	35
Yasothon	1.5	74	(0.0)	32
Kalasin	1.9	61	0.0	46
Nakhon Phanom	4.8	82	0.0	61
South				
Songkhla	(1.5)	47	(1.3)	49
Satun	3.0	69	(0.0)	40
Phatthalung	4.2	59	(0.0)	33
Pattani	(0.0)	45	(0.0)	51
Yala	(0.0)	51	(0.0)	34
Narathiwat	1.7	58	(2.4)	41

Table TM.2.1: Use of contraception (currently married/in union)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a contraceptive method, Thailand MICS, 2019

					Perc	entage of w	omen c	urrently m	arried or in u	nion who	are using (or wh	ose partner is	using):					– Number
					N	lodern met	hod				Tradi	tional method	d			Any		of women
	No method	Female sterili- zation	Male sterili- zation	IUD	Injectables	Implants	Pill	Male condom	Emergency pill	Other <sup>A</sup>	Periodic abstinence	Withdrawal	Other	Missing	Any modern method	tradi- tional method	Any method <sup>1</sup>	currently married or in union
Thailand	27.0	25.2	0.3	0.4	11.9	1.6	29.1	2.1	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	71.3	1.7	73.0	15,827
Region																		
Bangkok	25.7	21.5	0.6	0.3	7.9	0.9	36.4	3.4	0.2	0.3	1.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	71.6	2.7	74.3	2,165
Central	26.5	24.7	0.4	0.2	11.2	1.3	31.0	2.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	72.0	1.5	73.5	4,688
North	25.7	24.9	0.1	0.9	19.5	1.3	25.0	1.4	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.0	73.5	0.8	74.3	2,511
Northeast	22.2	34.1	0.1	0.5	11.2	2.2	27.4	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	77.0	0.8	77.8	4,053
South	38.9	15.2	0.5	0.3	10.5	2.0	26.3	2.7	0.1	0.1	1.9	1.6	0.0	0.0	57.6	3.5	61.1	2,410
Selected Provinces																		
Central																		
Chai Nat	20.3	27.6	0.0	0.0	17.6	2.1	28.3	2.0	0.0	1.1	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	78.6	1.1	79.7	799
Sa Kaeo	24.1	22.2	0.2	0.2	19.1	2.6	28.9	1.8	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	75.1	8.0	75.9	790
Ratchaburi	25.2	29.9	0.6	0.2	11.3	1.9	26.4	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.4	2.2	0.1	0.2	72.0	2.7	74.8	823
Kanchanaburi	17.8	28.3	0.6	0.0	18.2	2.5	27.7	3.3	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.0	80.9	1.3	82.2	698
North																		
Mae Hong Son	26.9	29.0	0.0	0.0	17.4	0.0	25.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	72.4	0.7	73.1	399
Tak	26.2	32.4	0.0	0.0	28.7	1.0	10.0	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	73.4	0.4	73.8	365
Northeast																		
Buriram	22.6	34.9	0.3	0.4	9.7	1.2	29.8	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	77.4	0.0	77.4	653
Sisaket	21.9	34.4	0.1	0.1	12.9	0.9	29.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	77.9	0.2	78.1	613
Yasothon	12.1	43.7	0.0	0.3	11.3	1.6	28.7	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.7	0.0	0.0	85.9	1.9	87.9	740
Kalasin	16.8	56.8	0.0	0.7	6.9	1.0	16.5	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	82.6	0.6	83.2	779
Nakhon Phanom	22.7	25.7	0.0	0.4	12.1	1.0	36.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	76.5	0.8	77.3	723
South																		
Songkhla	26.2	24.2	1.3	0.1	10.5	2.9	26.4	3.8	0.1	0.0	3.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	69.3	4.4	73.8	603
Satun	26.6	8.2	0.0	0.8	17.2	1.6	35.6	2.3	0.0	0.0	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	65.6	7.8	73.4	505
Phatthalung	26.0	27.1	0.0	0.9	7.6	1.0	25.8	2.5	1.0	2.2	4.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	67.9	6.0	74.0	694
Pattani	63.7	3.8	0.0	0.0	9.4	0.1	14.9	0.7	0.0	0.2	3.7	3.5	0.2	0.0	28.8	7.4	36.3	452
Yala	74.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	6.4	0.8	17.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	25.5	0.5	26.0	336
Narathiwat	73.5	3.1	0.0	0.3	8.2	1.1	12.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.8	0.6	26.5	470

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.3 - Contraceptive prevalence rate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Female condom, diaphragm, foam, jelly, patch

### Table TM.2.2: Use of contraception (currently unmarried/not in union)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently unmarried or not in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a contraceptive method, Thailand MICS, 2019

# Percentage of women currently unmarried or not in union who are using (or whose partner is using):

		whose partiter is asing	<i>.</i>	<u> </u>
	Any modern method	Any traditional method	Any method	Number of women currently unmarried or not in union
Thailand	4.7	0.0	4.8	9,260
Region				
Bangkok	3.0	0.0	3.0	1,995
Central	4.0	0.0	4.0	2,925
North	7.0	0.1	7.1	1,235
Northeast	6.1	0.1	6.2	1,966
South	4.8	0.1	4.8	1,139
Selected Provinces				
Central				
Chai Nat	6.4	0.0	6.4	462
Sa Kaeo	8.9	0.0	8.9	285
Ratchaburi	6.0	0.2	6.9	570
Kanchanaburi	10.3	0.0	10.3	390
North				
Mae Hong Son	3.1	0.0	3.1	125
Tak	8.3	0.0	8.3	204
Northeast				
Buriram	6.5	0.0	6.5	326
Sisaket	4.9	0.0	4.9	351
Yasothon	8.0	0.0	8.0	363
Kalasin	14.2	0.0	14.2	315
Nakhon Phanom	10.7	0.0	10.7	324
South				
Songkhla	1.7	0.0	1.7	334
Satun	3.1	0.0	3.1	200
Phatthalung	7.5	0.0	7.5	344
Pattani	2.2	0.0	2.2	346
Yala	0.3	0.0	0.3	310
Narathiwat	0.0	0.0	0.0	216

### **Table TM.2.3: Source of contraceptive**

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive method by source of contraceptive, Thailand MICS, 2019

		ource of moder		Number of women who are using	
	Health	<u> </u>	_ DK public		(or whose partner is using)
	Public <sup>1</sup>	Private	or private	Other	a modern contraceptive method
Thailand	53.7	11.8	0.0	38.3	11,717
Region					
Bangkok	34.5	16.5	0.0	54.6	1,610
Central	46.0	13.4	0.0	43.0	3,491
North	60.0	16.0	0.0	28.0	1,934
Northeast	69.2	5.1	0.0	30.7	3,240
South	50.7	11.6	0.0	39.5	1,443
Selected Provinces					
Central					
Chai Nat	51.1	14.0	0.0	35.3	658
Sa Kaeo	57.3	11.4	0.5	35.1	618
Ratchaburi	57.8	7.2	0.0	35.7	627
Kanchanaburi	61.8	10.4	0.0	29.9	605
North					
Mae Hong Son	90.9	0.1	0.0	9.0	293
Tak	74.3	16.3	0.2	10.3	285
Northeast					
Buriram	75.7	1.5	0.0	33.1	527
Sisaket	77.3	1.2	0.0	25.4	495
Yasothon	83.8	2.8	0.0	16.5	665
Kalasin	82.9	1.8	0.0	18.1	688
Nakhon Phanom	69.5	2.6	0.0	33.3	588
South					
Songkhla	55.1	4.8	0.0	40.6	424
Satun	48.5	16.2	0.0	38.5	337
Phatthalung	69.3	6.0	0.0	25.3	497
Pattani	62.6	10.4	0.0	27.4	138
Yala	70.1	0.0	0.0	50.4	86
Narathiwat	60.3	6.9	0.0	34.4	121

Table TM.2.4: Need and demand for family planning (currently married/in union)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are currently married or in union with unmet and met need for family planning, total demand for family planning, and, among women with need for family planning, percentage of demand satisfied by method of contraception, Thailand MICS, 2019

		need for fa	amily		for family p using contra	_	Total d	lemand for f	family	Number of women currently	family plan	of demand for ining satisfied vith:	Number of women currently married or in union with
	For spacing births	For limiting births	g Total	For spacing births	For limiting births	Total	For spacing births	For limiting births	Total	married or in union	Any method	Modern methods <sup>1</sup>	need for family planning
Thailand	3.6	4.4	8.0	17.6	55.3	73.0	21.3	59.7	81.0	15,827	90.1	88.0	12,820
Region													
Bangkok	3.3	2.9	6.2	23.9	50.5	74.3	27.2	53.4	80.5	2,165	92.3	88.9	1,743
Central	4.3	4.6	8.8	20.4	53.1	73.5	24.7	57.7	82.4	4,688	89.3	87.4	3,861
North	3.3	4.2	7.5	15.5	58.8	74.3	18.8	63.0	81.8	2,511	90.9	89.9	2,054
Northeast	2.3	4.2	6.5	12.4	65.4	77.8	14.8	69.6	84.3	4,053	92.3	91.3	3,419
South	5.4	5.9	11.3	17.4	43.6	61.1	22.9	49.5	72.4	2,410	84.4	79.6	1,744
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	2.2	4.2	6.4	13.3	66.4	79.7	15.5	70.6	86.1	799	92.6	91.3	688
Sa Kaeo	2.8	7.6	10.3	7.9	68.0	75.9	10.7	75.6	86.2	790	88.0	87.1	681
Ratchaburi	3.0	6.1	9.0	10.4	64.5	74.8	13.3	70.5	83.9	823	89.2	85.8	690
Kanchanaburi	3.9	3.4	7.3	15.1	67.1	82.2	19.1	70.5	89.6	698	91.8	90.3	625
North													
Mae Hong Son	6.8	3.0	9.8	15.2	57.9	73.1	21.9	60.9	82.8	399	88.2	87.4	331
Tak	4.9	5.1	10.0	16.7	57.1	73.8	21.6	62.2	83.8	365	88.1	87.5	306
Northeast													
Buriram	2.2	3.4	5.6	9.7	67.7	77.4	11.9	71.0	82.9	653	93.3	93.3	542
Sisaket	2.5	1.5	4.0	22.9	55.1	78.1	25.5	56.6	82.1	613	95.1	94.9	504
Yasothon	1.9	2.0	3.9	19.2	68.6	87.9	21.1	70.7	91.8	740	95.7	93.6	679
Kalasin	4.1	1.3	5.4	12.6	70.6	83.2	16.7	71.9	88.6	779	93.9	93.2	691
Nakhon Phanom	3.6	4.3	7.9	15.6	61.8	77.3	19.2	66.0	85.2	723	90.7	89.7	616
South													
Songkhla	5.3	4.0	9.3	19.8	53.9	73.8	25.2	57.9	83.1	603	88.8	83.5	501
Satun	2.9	5.6	8.5	16.9	56.5	73.4	19.8	62.2	81.9	505	89.6	80.1	413
Phatthalung	3.5	7.0	10.5	11.7	62.3	74.0	15.2	69.3	84.5	694	87.6	80.4	586
Pattani	17.3	9.2	26.5	15.6	20.6	36.3	32.9	29.8	62.8	452	57.8	45.9	284
Yala	7.0	5.7	12.7	14.5	11.5	26.0	21.4	17.3	38.7	336	67.3	65.9	130
Narathiwat	13.1	2.3	15.3	19.1	7.4	26.5	32.2	9.7	41.8	470	63.3	61.8	196

Table TM.2.5: Need and demand for family planning (currently unmarried/not in union)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are currently unmarried or not in union with unmet and met need for family planning, total demand for family planning, and, among women with need for family planning, percentage of demand satisfied by method of contraception, Thailand MICS, 2019

		met need fo		Met need for family planning (currently using contraception) For spacing For limiting		Total demand for family planning			Number of women – currently	Percentage of family planning		— uninamed of not in	
	For spacing births	For limiting births	Total	For spacing births	For limiting births	g Total	For spacing births	For limiting births	g Total	unmarried or not in union	Any method	Modern methods	union with need for family planning
Thailand	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	4.0	4.8	0.9	4.1	4.9	9,260	96.6	95.6	457
Region													
Bangkok	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.6	3.0	0.5	2.6	3.0	1,995	(100.0)	(100.0)	61
Central	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.6	3.4	4.0	0.9	3.5	4.4	2,925	91.4	90.4	128
North	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5	6.7	7.1	0.5	7.0	7.4	1,235	95.7	94.6	92
Northeast	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	5.3	6.2	0.9	5.3	6.2	1,966	99.6	98.5	122
South	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.1	4.8	1.7	3.1	4.9	1,139	99.4	98.1	55
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	5.8	6.4	0.6	5.8	6.4	462	(100.0)	(100.0)	30
Sa Kaeo	0.7	0.0	0.7	3.6	5.3	8.9	4.3	5.3	9.6	285	(92.6)	(92.6)	27
Ratchaburi	0.0	0.3	0.3	1.0	5.9	6.9	1.0	6.2	7.2	570	(95.4)	(83.6)	41
Kanchanaburi	0.0	0.1	0.1	2.6	7.7	10.3	2.6	7.8	10.3	390	(99.1)	(99.1)	40
North													
Mae Hong Son	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	3.1	0.0	3.1	3.1	125	(*)	(*)	3
Tak	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.7	4.6	8.3	3.7	4.6	8.3	204	(*)	(*)	35
Northeast													
Buriram	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	5.9	6.5	0.6	5.9	6.5	326	(*)	(*)	40
Sisaket	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	4.0	4.9	1.0	4.0	4.9	351	(*)	(*)	31
Yasothon	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.5	6.5	8.0	1.5	6.6	8.1	363	(98.5)	(98.5)	29
Kalasin	0.0	0.7	0.7	1.2	13.0	14.2	1.2	13.7	14.9	315	(95.6)	(95.6)	47
Nakhon Phanom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	9.9	10.7	0.8	9.9	10.7	324	(100.0)	(100.0)	35
South													
Songkhla	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.6	1.7	0.1	1.6	1.7	334	(*)	(*)	19
Satun	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	2.8	3.1	0.6	2.8	3.4	200	(*)	(*)	6
Phatthalung	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	7.0	7.5	0.5	7.0	7.5	344	(100.0)	(100.0)	26
Pattani	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.6	2.2	0.6	1.6	2.2	346	(*)	(*)	15
Yala	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.5	310	(*)	(*)	3
Narathiwat	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	216	na	na	0

na: not applicable

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

# Table TM.3.1: Antenatal care coverage

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by antenatal care provider during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Pro	ovider of an	itenatal cai	re <sup>A</sup>	-		Percentage of	Number of
	Medical doctor	Nurse/ Midwife	Nurse's aide	Other/ Missing	No antenatal care	Total	women who were attended at least once by skilled health personnel <sup>1,8</sup>	women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	86.9	11.6	0.1	0.2	1.2	100.0	98.6	1,843
Region								
Bangkok	95.8	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0	99.6	200
Central	89.1	9.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0	98.6	547
North	88.4	9.5	0.3	0.4	1.4	100.0	98.2	256
Northeast	89.1	9.4	0.0	0.1	1.4	100.0	98.5	489
South	74.1	24.0	0.3	0.5	1.1	100.0	98.4	352
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	91.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	1.8	100.0	98.2	103
Sa Kaeo	61.0	34.8	0.0	0.0	4.2	100.0	95.8	108
Ratchaburi	91.7	7.1	0.0	0.0	1.2	100.0	98.8	96
Kanchanaburi	73.0	25.4	0.0	0.0	1.6	100.0	98.4	75
North								
Mae Hong Son	83.5	16.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	47
Tak	83.1	8.3	3.4	0.0	5.2	100.0	94.8	54
Northeast								
Buriram	81.0	18.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	100.0	99.4	80
Sisaket	87.9	11.4	0.0	0.0	0.7	100.0	99.3	70
Yasothon	95.8	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	99.8	67
Kalasin	79.2	20.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	99.8	85
Nakhon Phanom	54.6	41.6	0.3	2.5	1.0	100.0	96.5	102
South								
Songkhla	85.2	8.9	1.8	2.1	2.1	100.0	95.8	86
Satun	54.9	42.3	0.5	0.0	2.3	100.0	97.7	95
Phatthalung	87.7	10.7	0.0	0.0	1.6	100.0	98.4	89
Pattani	55.0	41.8	0.0	0.0	3.2	100.0	96.8	85
Yala	42.6	57.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	39
Narathiwat	66.7	31.0	0.0	1.4	0.9	100.0	97.7	104

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  MICS indicator TM.5a - Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Only the most qualified provider is considered in cases where more than one provider was reported.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Skilled providers include Medical doctor, nurse/midwife and nurse's aide.

Table TM.3.2: Number of antenatal care visits and timing of first visit

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by number of antenatal care visits by any provider and percent distribution of timing of first antenatal care visit during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, and median months pregnant at first ANC visit among women with at least one ANC visit, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percent	age of wome	en by number	r of	Perce	ent distrib	ution of w	omen by r	number of	months				
			antenatal car	re visits:		pr	egnant at	the time o	of first ant	tenatal care	e visit		Number of	Median	Number of women
	No visits	1-3 visits to any provider	4 or more visits to any provider <sup>1</sup>	8 or more visits to any provider <sup>2</sup>		No antenatal care visits		4-5 months	6-7 months	8+ s months	s DK/Missing	Total	women with a live birth in the last 2 years	months pregnant at first ANC visit	with a live birth in the last 2 years who had at least one ANC visit
Thailand	1.2	4.2	90.0	66.1	4.5	1.2	84.6	11.4	2.0	0.6	0.0	100.0	1,843	2	1,820
Region															
Bangkok	0.4	2.1	95.9	58.6	1.6	0.4	91.7	7.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	100.0	200	2	199
Central	1.4	4.3	90.9	69.5	3.4	1.4	85.5	10.1	1.9	1.1	0.0	100.0	547	2	540
North	1.4	4.2	87.9	64.6	6.4	1.4	82.3	12.9	1.9	1.4	0.0	100.0	256	2	252
Northeast	1.4	1.4	90.6	62.1	6.6	1.4	82.2	14.3	1.9	0.2	0.0	100.0	489	2	482
South	1.1	9.0	86.2	72.0	3.7	1.1	84.3	10.9	3.3	0.3	0.1	100.0	352	2	348
Selected Provinces															
Central															
Chai Nat	1.8	1.9	95.0	74.3	1.3	1.8	82.1	12.8	2.7	0.6	0.0	100.0	103	2	101
Sa Kaeo	4.2	4.0	89.2	53.3	2.6	4.2	63.8	28.7	1.5	1.8	0.0	100.0	108	2	103
Ratchaburi	1.2	2.3	95.4	76.7	1.1	1.2	70.7	22.0	5.0	1.2	0.0	100.0	96	2	95
Kanchanaburi	1.6	13.2	72.5	49.6	12.7	1.6	82.2	14.5	1.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	75	2	74
North															
Mae Hong Son	0.0	0.0	67.2	65.5	32.8	0.0	96.4	0.0	0.0	2.1	1.5	100.0	47	2	47
Tak	5.2	0.0	94.8	65.7	0.0	5.2	82.1	12.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	54	2	51
Northeast															
Buriram	0.6	4.9	88.8	53.8	5.6	0.6	92.8	1.8	4.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	80	2	79
Sisaket	0.7	1.5	93.9	76.2	3.9	0.7	92.4	6.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	70	2	69
Yasothon	0.2	0.4	93.9	91.6	5.5	0.2	89.8	9.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	67	2	67
Kalasin	0.2	1.4	91.3	68.6	7.1	0.2	84.2	12.1	3.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	85	2	84
Nakhon Phanom	1.0	3.8	87.5	57.0	7.7	1.0	84.2	13.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	102	2	101
South															
Songkhla	2.1	1.9	94.1	82.5	1.9	2.1	84.4	10.0	2.3	1.1	0.0	100.0	86	2	84
Satun	2.3	0.0	97.7	82.6	0.0	2.3	83.6	9.9	3.8	0.4	0.0	100.0	95	2	93
Phatthalung	1.6	2.7	89.3	86.1	6.4	1.6	87.3	9.8	0.3	1.0	0.0	100.0	89	2	87
Pattani	3.2	3.3	91.8	81.1	1.7	3.2	79.4	11.2	4.6	1.5	0.0	100.0	85	2	82
Yala	0.0	4.2	86.6	67.6	9.2	0.0	86.5	11.5	1.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	39	2	39
Narathiwat	0.9	21.2	67.0	53.2	10.9	0.9	96.7	0.6	1.1	0.0	0.7	100.0	104	2	103

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.5b - Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider); SDG indicator 3.8.1
<sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.5c - Antenatal care coverage (at least eight times by any provider)

### Table TM.3.3: Content of antenatal care

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who, at least once, had their blood pressure measured, urine sample taken, blood sample taken, and screening test for thalassemia as part of antenatal care, during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, Thailand MICS, 2019

				o, during the pregnancy live birth, had:		
	Blood pressure measured	Urine sample taken	Blood sample taken	Blood pressure measured, urine and blood sample taken <sup>1</sup>	Screening test for thalassemia <sup>2</sup>	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	98.7	97.8	98.1	97.4	93.0	1,843
Region						
Bangkok	99.5	99.6	99.5	99.3	95.3	200
Central	98.6	97.3	97.5	97.1	94.4	547
North	98.6	97.8	98.5	97.8	93.1	256
Northeast	98.6	97.1	97.7	96.2	91.0	489
South	98.9	98.3	98.8	98.3	92.3	352
Selected Provinces						
Central						
Chai Nat	98.2	98.2	97.9	97.9	96.2	103
Sa Kaeo	95.8	95.4	95.6	95.2	91.7	108
Ratchaburi	98.7	98.3	98.7	97.9	94.0	96
Kanchanaburi	98.4	98.4	98.4	98.4	93.1	75
North						
Mae Hong Son	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	94.3	47
Tak	94.8	94.8	94.8	94.8	86.0	54
Northeast						
Buriram	99.4	94.6	95.9	91.2	90.7	80
Sisaket	99.3	98.9	99.0	98.6	98.0	70
Yasothon	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	97.7	67
Kalasin	99.8	98.9	99.8	98.9	94.3	85
Nakhon Phanom	99.0	98.4	98.4	97.8	92.0	102
South						
Songkhla	97.9	94.9	97.5	94.7	87.7	86
Satun	97.7	97.2	97.1	96.6	83.4	95
Phatthalung	97.9	98.4	98.4	97.9	97.3	89
Pattani	96.8	95.7	96.8	95.7	76.8	85
Yala	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	39
Narathiwat	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	91.1	104

 $<sup>^{1}\,\</sup>text{MICS}$  indicator TM.6 - Content of antenatal care  $^{\!\mathrm{A}}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> TH indicator TM.S4 - Screening test for thalassemia

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}\,\text{For HIV}$  testing and counseling during antenatal care, please refer to table TM.8.7

### **Table TM.4.1: Neonatal tetanus protection**

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was protected against neonatal tetanus, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of women who received at least 2	_	women who did i during pregnanc			No.
	tetanus toxoid containing vaccine doses during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth	2 doses, the last within prior 3 years	3 doses, the last within prior 5 years	4 doses, the last within prior 10 years	Protected against tetanus <sup>1</sup>	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	50.9	24.9	1.1	0.1	77.0	1,843
Region						
Bangkok	67.4	17.6	0.3	0.0	85.2	200
Central	51.7	24.6	0.7	0.0	77.0	547
North	51.0	25.4	0.9	0.2	77.4	256
Northeast	39.5	29.3	2.4	0.0	71.2	489
South	56.0	23.3	0.9	0.1	80.3	352
Selected Provinces						
Central						
Chai Nat	57.8	16.9	4.3	0.3	79.4	103
Sa Kaeo	47.1	19.8	3.3	0.5	70.7	108
Ratchaburi	47.5	30.1	1.0	0.0	78.6	96
Kanchanaburi	45.6	17.7	2.6	0.0	65.9	75
North						
Mae Hong Son	52.2	13.1	6.9	0.0	72.3	47
Tak	71.9	13.9	0.0	0.0	85.7	54
Northeast						
Buriram	51.0	17.9	0.0	0.0	69.0	80
Sisaket	38.2	43.0	0.7	0.0	81.8	70
Yasothon	60.3	22.9	0.7	0.0	83.9	67
Kalasin	56.3	14.5	0.2	0.0	70.9	85
Nakhon Phanom	38.3	15.6	0.0	0.0	53.9	102
South						
Songkhla	58.1	19.0	2.6	0.0	79.7	86
Satun	41.1	19.4	2.9	0.0	63.5	95
Phatthalung	32.5	38.0	0.7	0.0	71.2	89
Pattani	50.6	22.1	3.9	1.0	77.6	85
Yala	49.5	43.3	1.3	0.0	94.1	39
Narathiwat	77.2	17.1	0.0	0.0	94.3	104

# Table TM.5.1: Place of delivery

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by place of delivery of the most recent live birth, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Pla	ce of delivery		_		Number of	
	Health	facility	_				Delivered	women with a live birth in
	Public sector	Private sector	Home	Other	DK/ Missing	Total	in health facility <sup>1</sup>	the last 2 years
Thailand	89.7	9.2	0.3	0.1	0.6	100.0	99.0	1,843
Region								
Bangkok	74.9	24.4	0.0	0.4	0.4	100.0	99.3	200
Central	87.0	12.1	0.2	0.0	0.6	100.0	99.2	547
North	89.3	8.9	0.6	0.5	0.7	100.0	98.2	256
Northeast	96.6	2.1	0.3	0.0	1.0	100.0	98.7	489
South	93.1	6.4	0.2	0.0	0.3	100.0	99.5	352
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	93.4	5.4	0.6	0.2	0.4	100.0	98.8	103
Sa Kaeo	98.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	100.0	99.1	108
Ratchaburi	97.3	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.2	100.0	98.8	96
Kanchanaburi	96.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	100.0	99.3	75
North								
Mae Hong Son	97.0	2.3	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.2	47
Tak	90.9	1.5	4.0	2.1	1.5	100.0	92.4	54
Northeast								
Buriram	99.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	99.8	80
Sisaket	98.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.3	100.0	98.3	70
Yasothon	99.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	100.0	99.4	67
Kalasin	98.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	85
Nakhon Phanom	97.4	0.7	0.9	0.0	1.0	100.0	98.1	102
South								
Songkhla	88.2	11.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	100.0	99.7	86
Satun	97.7	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	95
Phatthalung	97.6	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	100.0	98.9	89
Pattani	96.4	0.8	1.0	0.0	1.7	100.0	97.2	85
Yala	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	39
Narathiwat	98.5	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.9	100.0	98.5	104

Table TM.5.2: Assistance during delivery and caesarean section

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by person providing assistance at delivery of the most recent live birth, and percentage of most recent live births delivered by C-section, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Person ass	isting at delivery							ent deliver y C-section	ed			
	Ski	lled attenda	ant		Other		<del>-</del>		Delivery assisted	Decided before	Decided after		Number of women		Number
	Medical doctor	Nurse/ Midwife	Nurse's aide	Community health worker	Relative/ Friend	Other	No attendant	Total	by any skilled attendant <sup>1</sup>	onset of labour pains	onset of labour pains	Total <sup>2</sup>	with a live birth in the last 2 years	Person with repeat C-section <sup>3</sup>	of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	86.1	13.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	100.0	99.1	23.7	10.7	34.5	1,843	64.5	981
Region															
Bangkok	95.5	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	100.0	99.6	25.3	7.9	33.2	200	92.0	105
Central	86.8	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	100.0	99.4	23.6	9.5	33.2	547	65.3	266
North	86.0	12.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.0	100.0	98.6	19.9	13.3	33.2	256	66.0	126
Northeast	88.6	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.0	0.0	100.0	98.7	27.3	11.0	38.2	489	49.1	288
South	76.0	23.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	100.0	99.5	21.0	11.9	32.9	352	71.5	196
Selected Provinces															
Central															
Chai Nat	78.2	20.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.8	100.0	98.8	31.5	20.9	52.4	103	76.5	60
Sa Kaeo	66.7	31.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	100.0	99.1	22.0	10.3	32.3	108	58.8	66
Ratchaburi	86.5	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	100.0	98.8	24.2	13.0	37.2	96	44.2	51
Kanchanaburi	80.2	19.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	100.0	99.3	10.8	12.1	22.9	75	49.3	42
North															
Mae Hong Son	73.7	25.5	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.2	2.8	4.7	7.4	47	100.0	29
Tak	82.6	13.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.4	0.0	100.0	95.6	15.1	13.9	29.1	54	(91.2)	24
Northeast															
Buriram	80.5	19.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	99.8	10.7	0.9	11.6	80	41.2	34
Sisaket	84.2	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	100.0	99.3	12.0	9.4	21.5	70	66.7	42
Yasothon	99.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	100.0	99.4	16.0	16.4	32.5	67	89.7	36
Kalasin	83.6	16.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	27.8	14.0	41.8	85	40.4	44
Nakhon Phanom	55.0	43.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.0	0.0	100.0	98.1	12.2	13.7	25.8	102	51.3	58

### Table TM.5.2: Assistance during delivery and caesarean section (continued)

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by person providing assistance at delivery of the most recent live birth, and percentage of most recent live births delivered by C-section, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Person ass	isting at delivery			_				ent deliver y C-section	ed			
	Medical doctor	Nurse/ Midwife	Nurse's	Community health worker	Other  Relative/ Friend	Other	- No attendant	Total	Delivery assisted by any skilled attendant <sup>1</sup>	Decided before onset of labour pains	Decided after onset of labour pains	Total <sup>2</sup>	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years	Person with repeat C-section <sup>3</sup>	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
South										·					
Songkhla	92.0	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0	99.7	19.6	24.9	44.5	86	73.2	49
Satun	77.5	22.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	22.3	8.0	30.3	95	92.1	63
Phatthalung	67.6	31.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	100.0	98.9	27.1	7.7	34.8	89	72.2	59
Pattani	63.5	33.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.7	0.7	100.0	97.2	8.0	8.2	16.2	85	74.0	63
Yala	43.9	56.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	15.3	17.6	32.8	39	98.3	32
Narathiwat	57.9	40.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	100.0	98.5	9.6	9.2	18.9	104	65.5	74

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.9 - Skilled attendant at delivery; SDG indicator 3.1.2

<sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.10 - Caesarean section

<sup>3</sup> TH indicator TM.S5 - Repeated Caesarean section

( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table TM.6.1: Infants weighed at birth

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was weighed at birth, by source of information, and percentage of those with a recorded or recalled birthweight estimated to have weighed below 2,500 grams at birth, by source of information, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Pe	ercentage of live birtl weighed at birth:	ns	Number of women  with a live birth		ned live births recorded rude low birth-weight)	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child have	
	From card	From recall	Total <sup>1,A</sup>	in the last 2 years	From card	From recall	Total	a recorded or recalled birthweight
Thailand	82.9	14.8	98.5	1,843	10.0	1.1	11.1	1,800
Region								
Bangkok	76.0	21.5	99.6	200	9.5	0.3	9.8	195
Central	71.2	25.8	98.0	547	7.1	1.8	8.9	531
North	89.2	7.8	98.2	256	10.9	0.7	11.6	248
Northeast	92.9	5.9	98.8	489	15.1	0.7	15.7	483
South	86.3	11.4	98.7	352	7.0	1.6	8.6	344
<b>Selected Provinces</b>								
Central								
Chai Nat	82.8	16.0	99.4	103	11.1	3.7	14.8	101
Sa Kaeo	90.2	8.4	98.6	108	10.0	0.5	10.6	106
Ratchaburi	90.1	6.5	98.3	96	9.7	0.3	9.9	93
Kanchanaburi	78.3	17.3	99.3	75	16.7	3.9	20.7	72
North								
Mae Hong Son	83.5	15.1	98.6	47	5.4	0.0	5.4	47
Tak	89.1	8.5	97.6	54	15.1	2.1	17.2	52
Northeast								
Buriram	93.1	2.9	96.0	80	9.2	0.8	10.0	76
Sisaket	92.0	7.3	98.7	70	9.1	3.5	12.7	69
Yasothon	97.0	2.8	99.8	67	7.6	0.4	8.0	67
Kalasin	91.6	7.5	99.2	85	7.4	0.0	7.4	84
Nakhon Phanom	76.1	22.6	98.7	102	9.3	0.3	9.7	100

#### Table TM.6.1: Infants weighed at birth (continued)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was weighed at birth, by source of information, and percentage of those with a recorded or recalled birthweight estimated to have weighed below 2,500 grams at birth, by source of information, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Pe	ercentage of live birt weighed at birth:	hs	Number of women with a live birth Percentage of weighed live births recorded below 2,500 g  (crude low birth-weight) <sup>8</sup> :		Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child have		
	From card	From recall	Total <sup>1,A</sup>	in the last 2 years	From card	From recall	Total	a recorded or recalled birthweight
South								
Songkhla	71.7	20.8	93.3	86	6.1	2.2	8.3	80
Satun	92.2	7.1	99.3	95	9.2	1.2	10.4	94
Phatthalung	89.0	8.0	97.4	89	9.9	1.7	11.6	86
Pattani	87.2	11.1	98.3	85	7.1	0.0	7.1	84
Yala	87.2	11.1	100.0	39	10.9	2.1	13.0	39
Narathiwat	82.4	16.4	99.1	104	3.8	0.0	3.8	103

#### <sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.11 - Infants weighed at birth

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>The indicator includes children that were reported weighed at birth, but with no actual birthweight recorded or recalled

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The values here are as recorded on card or as reported by respondent. The total crude low birth-weight typically requires adjustment for missing birth-weights, as well as heaping, particularly at exactly 2,500 gram. The results presented here cannot be considered to represent the precise rate of low birth-weight (very likely an underestimate) and therefore not reported as a MICS indicator.

Table TM.6.2: Low birth weight (under 5)

Percentage of children under age 5 who was weighed at birth, by source of information, and percentage of those with a recorded or recalled birthweight estimated to have weighed below 2,500 grams at birth, by source of information, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of children weighed at birth:		l at birth:	Number of children	Percentage of wei		Number of children who have a recorded or recalled	
	From card	From recall	Total <sup>A</sup>	under age 5	From card	From recall	Total <sup>1</sup>	birth weight
Thailand	79.5	11.7	93.9	13,689	8.7	0.8	9.5	12,476
Region								
Bangkok	69.6	13.4	87.4	1,200	8.9	1.0	10.0	996
Central	70.7	18.0	92.0	3,461	7.5	0.8	8.3	3,070
North	84.8	9.5	96.9	2,189	8.3	0.8	9.2	2,068
Northeast	86.3	8.8	95.9	4,483	9.6	0.8	10.4	4,249
South	79.7	9.4	93.6	2,355	9.0	0.6	9.5	2,093
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	86.7	7.6	96.8	792	9.2	0.4	9.6	746
Sa Kaeo	92.7	4.9	98.8	735	8.1	0.4	8.5	718
Ratchaburi	80.4	5.9	90.1	723	9.4	0.4	9.8	623
Kanchanaburi	76.0	13.7	91.7	500	8.5	0.9	9.4	448
North								
Mae Hong Son	85.7	13.7	99.4	268	8.8	0.2	9.0	266
Tak	86.8	7.9	96.7	281	11.7	0.9	12.6	266
Northeast								
Buriram	94.0	4.2	98.9	591	7.3	0.4	7.8	582
Sisaket	86.4	12.0	99.3	649	12.1	2.3	14.3	638
Yasothon	93.6	6.2	99.8	757	9.3	0.3	9.6	755
Kalasin	89.6	6.8	97.3	758	10.4	0.1	10.6	731
Nakhon Phanom	87.0	9.6	97.2	650	8.3	1.6	10.0	627

### Table TM.6.2: Low birth weight (under 5) (continued)

Percentage of children under age 5 who was weighed at birth, by source of information, and percentage of those with a recorded or recalled birthweight estimated to have weighed below 2,500 grams at birth, by source of information, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentag	ge of children weighed	l at birth:	Number of children	Percentage of wei	Number of children who  have a recorded or recalled		
	From card	From recall	Total <sup>A</sup>	under age 5	From card	From recall	Total <sup>1</sup>	birth weight
South								
Songkhla	77.1	7.9	89.4	591	7.7	0.6	8.4	503
Satun	89.4	8.4	98.4	418	10.7	0.7	11.4	409
Phatthalung	85.2	11.1	97.6	555	5.6	0.2	5.8	534
Pattani	78.5	14.8	93.6	350	7.1	0.0	7.1	327
Yala	84.2	9.2	95.5	300	7.6	0.5	8.2	280
Narathiwat	68.2	18.5	87.7	354	6.1	1.7	7.8	307

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TH indicator TM.S6 - Low birth weight

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>The indicator includes children that were reported weighed at birth, but with no actual birthweight recorded or recalled

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> The values here are as recorded on card or as reported by respondent. The total crude low birth-weight typically requires adjustment for missing birth-weights, as well as heaping, particularly at exactly 2,500 gram. The results presented here cannot be considered to represent the precise rate of low birth-weight (very likely an underestimate).

### **Table TM.7.1: Thermal care for newborns**

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was dried after birth and percentage given skin to skin contact and percent distribution by timing of first bath of child, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of o	children who were:	Ti		irst bath of	child	-	Number of
	Dried (wiped) after birth¹	Given skin-to-skin contact with mother <sup>2</sup>	Less than 6 hours after birth	6-23 hours after birth	24 hours or more after birth <sup>3</sup>	DK/Don't remember	Total	women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	81.9	7.7	63.9	3.1	28.3	4.6	100.0	1,843
Region								
Bangkok	72.7	1.1	66.6	2.9	26.2	4.4	100.0	200
Central	84.8	7.1	72.8	3.6	19.2	4.5	100.0	547
North	77.4	9.2	57.1	3.9	35.4	3.6	100.0	256
Northeast	85.1	6.6	65.4	2.9	26.9	4.8	100.0	489
South	81.4	12.9	51.5	2.3	40.5	5.7	100.0	352
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	81.0	1.4	42.2	3.0	52.5	2.3	100.0	103
Sa Kaeo	84.2	14.6	45.8	2.3	47.6	4.4	100.0	108
Ratchaburi	93.6	10.0	85.6	3.0	8.6	2.8	100.0	96
Kanchanaburi	92.2	9.3	61.7	3.6	32.8	1.9	100.0	75
North								
Mae Hong Son	94.8	0.0	79.5	18.8	1.7	0.0	100.0	47
Tak	81.4	4.8	75.5	0.8	18.9	4.8	100.0	54
Northeast								
Buriram	99.4	6.6	89.2	7.6	3.0	0.2	100.0	80
Sisaket	95.2	0.5	77.5	1.8	10.2	10.4	100.0	70
Yasothon	93.8	1.7	94.4	0.4	0.5	4.8	100.0	67
Kalasin	55.7	4.5	52.2	0.6	47.2	0.0	100.0	85
Nakhon Phanom	77.9	6.3	43.6	1.1	54.1	1.2	100.0	102
South								
Songkhla	72.4	23.8	28.0	4.3	58.2	9.5	100.0	86
Satun	67.6	11.7	47.9	6.2	33.1	12.9	100.0	95
Phatthalung	67.3	5.2	73.4	1.2	23.5	1.8	100.0	89
Pattani	74.1	8.6	26.8	14.3	34.7	24.2	100.0	85
Yala	96.7	5.6	55.5	0.6	43.9	0.0	100.0	39
Narathiwat	77.2	2.9	92.0	0.0	7.1	0.9	100.0	104

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.14 - Newborns dried

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.15 - Skin-to-skin care

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator TM.16 - Delayed bathing

Table TM.8.1W: Knowledge about HIV transmission, misconceptions about HIV, and comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, percentage who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive, percentage who reject common misconceptions, and percentage who have comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage who l	know transmission	on can be	Percentage who know	Percentag	ge who know that be transmitted		Percentage who reject the two most common		
	Percentage who have heard of AIDS	Having only one faithful uninfected sex partner	Using a condom every time	Both	that a healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Mosquito bites	Supernatural means	Sharing food with someone with HIV	misconceptions and know that a healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Percentage with comprehensive knowledge <sup>A</sup>	Number of women
Thailand	96.8	90.7	88.7	84.8	82.8	78.6	93.6	75.0	56.6	51.4	25,087
Region											
Bangkok	99.0	94.9	90.8	88.3	85.9	82.9	96.7	76.7	61.4	55.3	4,160
Central	97.0	91.2	90.1	85.8	82.3	82.9	93.0	74.3	57.4	52.0	7,613
North	96.7	89.4	90.9	85.5	85.6	75.0	95.5	78.6	57.7	51.6	3,746
Northeast	97.0	91.2	88.7	85.2	81.6	77.5	93.7	74.0	54.4	51.0	6,020
South	93.7	85.4	81.3	77.2	79.0	70.0	88.9	72.6	51.8	45.9	3,549
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	97.7	92.0	92.1	87.9	82.7	71.3	95.1	79.2	52.3	48.7	1,261
Sa Kaeo	96.5	87.7	86.5	78.8	82.0	58.2	93.4	67.8	40.3	35.0	1,075
Ratchaburi	96.6	92.1	92.1	87.6	84.6	75.5	94.2	72.3	52.4	48.3	1,393
Kanchanaburi	94.8	91.1	90.9	88.4	88.0	70.5	93.8	73.0	55.8	52.5	1,088
North											
Mae Hong Son	93.4	76.5	78.1	71.7	86.0	45.0	87.3	43.4	38.8	37.6	524
Tak	93.5	89.5	84.0	81.6	80.0	69.7	91.2	71.3	49.3	44.5	569
Northeast											
Buriram	80.0	78.0	77.7	76.1	74.1	75.3	75.9	72.4	65.0	63.5	979
Sisaket	96.6	93.4	90.8	89.1	70.1	84.6	95.6	79.6	53.7	50.8	964
Yasothon	99.4	90.8	94.9	87.2	94.2	88.9	98.7	75.7	67.7	57.9	1,103
Kalasin	99.1	97.3	95.7	95.2	94.3	86.5	97.4	88.7	76.9	74.6	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	97.9	86.1	88.7	81.1	82.3	62.1	94.3	71.6	46.2	41.3	1,047

#### Table TM.8.1W: Knowledge about HIV transmission, misconceptions about HIV, and comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission (women) (continued)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, percentage who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive, percentage who reject common misconceptions, and percentage who have comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage who l	know transmissio evented by:	n can be	Percentage who know	5					
	Percentage who have heard of AIDS	Having only one faithful uninfected sex partner	Using a condom every time	Both	that a healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Mosquito bites	Supernatural means	Sharing food with someone with HIV	misconceptions and know that a healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Percentage with comprehensive knowledge <sup>A</sup>	Number of women
South											
Songkhla	98.0	92.5	90.0	85.8	85.2	69.7	97.0	72.6	53.5	47.5	937
Satun	99.2	95.2	91.6	89.1	89.9	70.5	95.8	72.8	53.6	50.5	705
Phatthalung	96.9	88.6	84.1	79.8	67.5	85.3	94.3	84.1	52.0	45.4	1,038
Pattani	85.4	58.7	60.8	52.1	52.8	55.9	78.1	51.0	29.3	23.2	798
Yala	99.4	89.6	89.1	84.7	95.8	50.7	96.5	79.5	44.0	38.3	646
Narathiwat	99.6	84.8	63.3	59.6	74.0	72.9	76.6	68.2	41.6	31.6	686

<sup>^</sup>Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention includes those who know of the two ways of HIV prevention (having only one faithful uninfected partner and using a condom every time), who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive and who reject the two most common misconceptions about HIV transmission

Table TM.8.1M: Knowledge about HIV transmission, misconceptions about HIV, and comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, percentage who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive, percentage who reject common misconceptions, and percentage who have comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage who	know transmiss revented by:	sion can	Percentage who know that a	Percentag	ge who know that be transmitted b		Percentage who reject the two most common		
	Percentage who have heard of AIDS	Having only one faithful uninfected sex partner	Using a condom every time	Both	healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Mosquito bites	Supernatural means	Sharing food with someone with HIV	misconceptions and know that a healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Percentage with comprehensive knowledge <sup>A</sup>	Number of men
Thailand	95.2	88.3	87.8	83.4	80.1	78.1	91.6	71.6	54.2	50.4	11,023
Region											
Bangkok	98.9	93.2	92.4	88.6	85.9	84.5	95.8	73.6	60.7	55.1	1,792
Central	93.8	86.4	88.2	82.7	78.5	81.0	90.2	72.1	56.1	53.4	3,253
North	96.9	91.2	92.3	87.7	85.3	77.9	95.0	76.8	58.5	53.6	1,670
Northeast	96.2	88.4	86.7	82.5	78.5	75.4	91.8	68.7	48.3	44.9	2,671
South	90.8	83.9	79.3	76.0	74.5	70.1	86.2	68.0	48.9	45.3	1,637
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	96.8	93.6	91.5	90.4	81.6	76.4	94.7	80.7	56.4	52.1	525
Sa Kaeo	93.8	83.7	87.0	79.6	75.3	64.2	90.5	61.4	39.5	35.1	425
Ratchaburi	94.0	91.2	89.2	86.9	78.5	79.7	91.5	74.1	55.2	52.2	635
Kanchanaburi	93.2	89.5	89.3	88.0	85.4	72.6	90.7	70.6	55.9	54.5	535
North											
Mae Hong Son	98.7	81.1	84.5	76.2	92.0	50.4	92.1	50.3	44.9	42.2	263
Tak	91.2	88.4	81.9	80.0	78.5	65.4	88.9	65.7	48.7	44.7	253
Northeast											
Buriram	78.0	75.3	76.4	73.8	68.3	73.5	74.1	73.5	62.4	60.1	417
Sisaket	95.7	92.5	91.4	90.3	69.0	83.7	94.0	80.2	56.8	54.6	399
Yasothon	98.5	91.1	95.6	89.2	91.9	86.1	98.5	76.5	66.0	58.0	494
Kalasin	99.1	96.6	97.1	95.6	96.0	89.9	96.5	89.4	80.1	78.2	513
Nakhon Phanom	96.3	84.6	88.8	81.4	77.7	63.1	92.1	65.6	45.9	42.2	450

#### Table TM.8.1M: Knowledge about HIV transmission, misconceptions about HIV, and comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission (men) (continued)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, percentage who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive, percentage who reject common misconceptions, and percentage who have comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission, Thailand MICS, 2019

		•	who know transmission can be prevented by:		Percentage who know that a	Percentage who know that HIV cannot be transmitted by:			Percentage who reject the two most common		
	Percentage who have heard of AIDS	Having only one faithful uninfected sex partner	Using a condom every time	Both	healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Mosquito bites	Supernatural means	Sharing food with someone with HIV	misconceptions and know that a healthy- looking person can be HIV-positive	Percentage with comprehensive knowledge <sup>A</sup>	Number of men
South											
Songkhla	97.2	93.5	92.5	89.2	85.2	73.7	95.1	71.1	53.8	51.0	402
Satun	98.6	94.9	93.7	91.1	89.0	73.1	96.3	66.8	53.8	50.4	337
Phatthalung	95.0	87.8	81.9	78.3	60.3	85.7	92.2	84.8	50.4	42.6	465
Pattani	85.8	59.1	66.3	51.9	52.3	62.1	80.8	59.8	30.9	19.5	288
Yala	96.8	88.9	85.5	82.1	93.5	44.8	94.3	71.8	38.0	33.3	282
Narathiwat	99.4	87.6	62.1	60.0	71.5	68.4	70.9	62.3	40.5	35.3	314

<sup>^</sup>Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention includes those who know of the two ways of HIV prevention (having only one faithful uninfected partner and using a condom every time), who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive and who reject the two most common misconceptions about HIV transmission

Table TM.8.2W: Knowledge of mother-to-child HIV transmission (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who correctly identify means of HIV transmission from mother to child, Thailand MICS, 2019

					Per	centage of women who:			_
	Kno	ow HIV can l	be transmitted fro	om mother to child	d:	Know HIV can be transmitted	d from mother to child:	Do not know any	
	During pregnancy	During delivery	By breastfeeding	By at least one of the three means	By all three means <sup>1</sup>	By at least one of the three means and that risk can be reduced by mother taking special drugs during pregnancy	By breastfeeding and that risk can be reduced by mother taking special drugs during pregnancy	of the specific means of HIV transmission from mother to child	Number of women
Thailand	82.9	72.9	77.1	88.5	63.8	41.6	37.2	8.3	25,087
Region									
Bangkok	90.4	80.1	77.9	94.1	67.4	37.4	32.4	4.9	4,160
Central	79.9	72.3	74.5	85.6	62.1	41.8	36.9	11.5	7,613
North	82.6	71.4	78.0	90.0	62.1	41.2	36.7	6.7	3,746
Northeast	83.6	73.4	83.4	90.2	68.2	45.8	43.6	6.9	6,020
South	79.6	66.4	70.2	83.9	57.5	39.8	33.2	9.9	3,549
Selected Provinces									•
Central									
Chai Nat	85.6	68.9	70.6	87.9	60.0	37.5	31.7	9.9	1,261
Sa Kaeo	86.4	63.2	76.3	90.4	56.3	53.6	46.3	6.1	1,075
Ratchaburi	88.2	73.3	80.3	94.1	65.4	57.2	50.7	2.5	1,393
Kanchanaburi	83.6	73.4	72.1	87.8	61.6	38.2	30.9	7.0	1,088
North									
Mae Hong Son	78.1	77.5	78.7	82.4	73.7	17.6	17.6	11.0	524
Tak	69.9	52.5	63.6	76.3	44.9	26.0	21.0	17.2	569
Northeast									
Buriram	53.6	52.6	62.3	64.0	47.3	23.0	22.0	16.0	979
Sisaket	83.9	80.0	87.4	89.8	76.0	26.7	26.2	6.8	964
Yasothon	97.7	96.2	97.2	99.1	94.0	22.8	22.6	0.3	1,103
Kalasin	89.6	87.7	92.3	95.6	83.5	28.0	27.7	3.5	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	83.4	66.1	73.4	87.7	60.7	34.0	29.1	10.2	1,047
South									
Songkhla	89.4	77.3	78.3	95.5	64.2	35.8	28.8	2.5	937
Satun	91.0	66.5	79.3	93.6	62.2	46.6	42.2	5.6	705
Phatthalung	75.6	73.6	73.2	82.9	61.9	45.1	39.1	13.9	1,038
Pattani	63.2	56.7	59.4	68.8	51.4	27.6	24.9	16.6	798
Yala	86.3	80.1	87.8	93.6	73.7	40.1	35.5	5.8	646
Narathiwat	69.1	71.1	70.2	76.8	61.4	41.9	38.8	22.8	686

Table TM.8.2M: Knowledge of mother-to-child HIV transmission (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who correctly identify means of HIV transmission from mother to child, Thailand MICS, 2019

					Pe	rcentage of men who:			
	Kno	ow HIV can	be transmitted fro	om mother to child	d:	Know HIV can be transmitted	I from mother to child:	Do not know any	
	During pregnancy	During delivery	By breastfeeding	By at least one of the three means	By all three means <sup>1</sup>	By at least one of the three means and that risk can be reduced by mother taking special drugs during pregnancy	By breastfeeding and that risk can be reduced by mother taking special drugs during pregnancy	of the specific means of HIV transmission from mother to child	Number of men
Thailand	76.2	63.8	67.7	81.5	55.3	32.4	27.1	13.7	11,023
Region									
Bangkok	85.2	68.4	70.9	89.4	56.5	24.4	18.9	9.5	1,792
Central	73.3	62.9	62.5	77.5	53.3	35.3	28.4	16.3	3,253
North	74.2	64.4	68.5	81.5	54.7	36.0	32.1	15.3	1,670
Northeast	77.6	65.0	74.8	83.5	61.0	34.5	31.4	12.7	2,671
South	72.0	58.3	62.4	77.4	49.5	28.2	21.4	13.4	1,637
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	78.2	64.6	67.0	81.4	57.3	23.4	19.5	15.4	525
Sa Kaeo	74.7	57.5	65.9	81.5	46.9	38.3	31.0	12.3	425
Ratchaburi	85.0	68.4	68.4	88.4	58.3	42.8	35.1	5.6	635
Kanchanaburi	77.4	65.8	65.7	80.9	56.5	30.9	25.9	12.3	535
North									
Mae Hong Son	82.1	80.5	79.8	86.0	76.1	10.0	10.0	12.7	263
Tak	66.6	50.8	55.8	70.1	41.5	26.8	22.4	21.1	253
Northeast									
Buriram	55.3	52.0	64.9	67.1	47.4	17.4	16.6	10.9	417
Sisaket	79.4	66.7	76.4	85.2	63.6	8.1	8.1	10.6	399
Yasothon	94.5	92.0	94.4	97.5	86.7	15.6	15.5	1.0	494
Kalasin	79.0	76.7	85.8	87.2	72.9	22.4	22.0	12.0	513
Nakhon Phanom	70.8	53.0	60.6	74.9	48.0	25.4	22.9	21.4	450
South									
Songkhla	80.9	70.2	75.4	89.4	59.3	25.2	17.8	7.9	402
Satun	86.7	63.9	74.5	93.5	54.0	37.7	32.1	5.1	337
Phatthalung	68.0	68.7	68.6	83.0	52.1	35.7	29.5	11.9	465
Pattani	53.2	46.3	48.9	58.5	41.0	22.3	19.6	27.3	288
Yala	72.2	62.1	77.7	78.1	60.8	29.6	29.1	18.6	282
Narathiwat	70.0	69.5	70.4	74.9	62.8	31.3	29.0	24.5	314

Percentage of women a	ge 15-24 year	s who studied	sexuality edu	ucation in sch	ool by level of	first study,	Thailand M	ICS, 2019	
	Percentage who			Leve	l of first studie	ed			Number of
	studied sexuality education in school <sup>1</sup>	Number of women age 15- 24 years	Primary <sup>2</sup>	Lower secondary	Upper secondary	Diploma/ associate	DK/ Not sure	Total	women who studied sexuality education
Thailand	88.2	5,595	15.7	71.0	12.8	0.0	0.4	100.0	4,934
Region									
Bangkok	93.2	956	17.7	70.3	11.9	0.0	0.1	100.0	890
Central	85.9	1,674	13.5	72.1	14.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,438
North	89.6	791	22.2	63.3	13.0	0.0	1.5	100.0	709
Northeast	89.6	1,342	10.1	78.4	11.2	0.1	0.2	100.0	1,202
South	83.5	833	21.0	65.0	13.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	696
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	96.4	291	21.1	64.1	14.6	0.0	0.1	100.0	281
Sa Kaeo	96.3	223	18.8	73.3	7.4	0.2	0.3	100.0	215
Ratchaburi	84.0	326	19.1	66.7	14.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	273
Kanchanaburi	89.2	252	33.3	63.6	2.5	0.0	0.6	100.0	224
North									
Mae Hong Son	67.7	87	0.5	87.7	10.7	0.0	1.1	100.0	59
Tak	90.3	167	27.0	54.2	18.7	0.0	0.1	100.0	151
Northeast									
Buriram	69.0	219	3.8	72.1	21.1	3.1	0.0	100.0	151
Sisaket	82.1	223	2.3	75.4	20.6	0.0	1.8	100.0	183
Yasothon	97.3	225	12.4	84.1	3.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	218
Kalasin	93.6	256	6.3	77.3	16.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	239
Nakhon Phanom	94.3	248	6.9	78.1	14.7	0.2	0.0	100.0	234
South									
Songkhla	91.6	236	24.7	57.8	17.3	0.0	0.3	100.0	216
Satun	91.4	155	24.3	62.1	13.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	142
Phatthalung	86.7	196	18.0	80.1	1.8	0.0	0.1	100.0	170
Pattani	88.7	269	5.5	69.9	20.5	0.0	4.1	100.0	238
Yala	94.4	216	28.5	54.6	16.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	204
Narathiwat	55.8	194	43.1	43.2	7.2	0.0	6.5	100.0	108

<sup>2</sup> TH indicator TM.S8 - Sexuality education in primary level

	Percentage			Leve	el of first studi	ied			Number of
	who studied sexuality education in school <sup>1</sup>	Number of men age 15- 24 years	Primary <sup>2</sup>	Lower secondary	Upper secondary	Diploma/ associate	DK/ Not sure	Total	men who studied sexuality education
Thailand	84.3	2,647	20.3	70.1	9.1	0.1	0.5	100.0	2,232
Region									
Bangkok	92.5	439	23.0	65.8	11.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	406
Central	85.8	707	20.9	70.3	7.7	0.1	1.1	100.0	607
North	84.3	399	24.7	64.0	11.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	336
Northeast	81.6	701	15.8	77.5	6.2	0.1	0.3	100.0	572
South	77.7	401	18.7	68.4	12.1	0.1	0.7	100.0	311
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	87.9	142	21.0	65.1	9.8	0.0	4.2	100.0	125
Sa Kaeo	80.0	104	22.9	65.2	9.8	0.0	2.0	100.0	83
Ratchaburi	83.6	189	18.0	70.5	9.4	2.1	0.0	100.0	158
Kanchanaburi	84.9	137	36.1	59.7	4.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	116
North									
Mae Hong Son	77.5	61	(7.9)	(71.6)	(19.0)	(0.0)	(1.5)	100.0	48
Tak	(82.5)	63	(17.8)	(67.5)	(14.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	52
Northeast									
Buriram	73.6	126	11.5	65.3	20.7	2.5	0.0	100.0	93
Sisaket	70.4	100	4.2	81.1	14.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	70
Yasothon	96.3	106	10.9	83.4	5.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	102
Kalasin	95.3	108	8.5	77.3	14.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	102
Nakhon Phanom	86.4	143	11.1	77.8	10.7	0.0	0.5	100.0	123
South									
Songkhla	85.1	96	23.9	65.1	10.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	82
Satun	80.5	109	15.8	69.6	11.8	2.8	0.0	100.0	87
Phatthalung	72.4	92	5.6	93.7	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	67
Pattani	74.2	96	11.8	75.0	13.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	71
Yala	87.7	86	32.9	46.1	19.2	0.0	1.8	100.0	75
Narathiwat	57.0	99	48.4	38.7	8.0	0.0	4.9	100.0	56

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TH indicator TM.S7 - Sexuality education in school

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> TH indicator TM.S8 - Sexuality education in primary level

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table TM.8.4W: Sources of sexuality information other than school (women)

Percentage of women age 15-24 years who studied sexuality education in school and had other sources of sexuality information, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Source of sexuality information								_	Percentage with			
	Internet	Movies	Television	Radio	Book	Comics	Fiction	Friends	Brother/ sister	Parent/ guardian	Other	No source	other source of sexuality information <sup>1</sup>	Number of women who studied sexuality education
Thailand	79.3	13.7	36.5	1.7	35.6	3.1	1.5	43.1	8.2	19.4	1.0	0.6	96.9	4,934
Region														
Bangkok	85.0	21.0	54.2	2.2	54.7	10.3	3.2	57.5	13.7	28.6	1.0	0.0	99.9	890
Central	81.5	16.4	31.2	1.3	33.1	2.0	0.6	47.3	6.1	18.7	0.2	0.2	97.1	1,438
North	78.9	11.1	27.8	1.8	23.7	1.6	1.5	35.6	5.6	12.6	0.6	1.1	95.4	709
Northeast	75.9	7.2	33.0	1.4	32.4	0.6	0.7	36.8	8.9	19.4	1.9	1.1	95.9	1,202
South	73.8	12.6	39.4	2.1	33.9	1.7	2.8	34.3	6.8	15.5	1.6	0.8	95.9	696
Selected Provinces														
Central														
Chai Nat	68.6	5.8	21.9	1.3	50.3	0.7	0.1	8.8	2.0	15.2	0.1	0.0	98.7	281
Sa Kaeo	71.6	5.4	14.6	0.2	18.6	3.9	1.9	18.7	2.4	3.4	4.9	0.2	95.4	215
Ratchaburi	69.6	16.8	31.1	1.1	36.5	4.9	4.3	45.4	8.9	22.7	0.0	0.0	99.8	273
Kanchanaburi	63.3	3.4	21.2	2.2	27.0	1.0	4.3	27.0	6.5	15.4	0.8	4.7	83.8	224
North														
Mae Hong Son	45.3	12.1	40.4	10.4	25.1	11.1	18.0	34.7	35.6	35.0	0.0	0.0	96.5	59
Tak	83.1	13.3	34.0	0.0	34.5	4.3	0.3	39.9	3.7	6.7	0.1	0.0	98.9	151
Northeast														
Buriram	97.4	20.2	46.0	2.8	20.2	0.0	0.0	38.7	23.0	26.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	151
Sisaket	50.0	12.0	37.9	0.2	48.9	2.6	3.4	24.8	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	97.4	183
Yasothon	90.6	10.8	46.7	4.1	34.9	0.0	0.0	51.7	1.8	12.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	218
Kalasin	87.9	13.1	69.9	1.0	32.4	6.2	6.5	37.3	11.8	21.0	0.0	0.0	99.8	239
Nakhon Phanom	64.2	11.8	31.1	0.7	32.9	1.1	0.3	42.6	8.0	15.7	2.5	0.0	92.9	234
South														
Songkhla	55.5	2.9	31.7	0.1	29.5	0.0	0.9	21.4	5.5	19.2	6.9	0.1	92.2	216
Satun	63.2	5.7	26.1	0.0	47.0	4.4	4.6	48.6	2.1	9.3	0.3	5.4	94.2	142
Phatthalung	77.4	4.7	37.3	0.0	35.8	2.5	0.9	29.1	13.6	18.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	170
Pattani	52.0	1.1	42.0	0.6	48.2	1.1	1.6	22.5	0.8	2.7	1.8	5.2	85.3	238
Yala	76.0	2.5	50.7	3.0	53.2	0.0	0.8	37.4	6.3	6.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	204
Narathiwat	42.3	37.3	80.4	24.4	51.1	3.7	0.0	58.9	37.0	28.0	0.0	0.0	99.2	108

Table TM.8.4M: Sources of sexuality information other than school (men)

Percentage of men age 15-24 years who studied sexuality education in school and had other sources of sexuality information, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Source of sexuality information								Percentage with	Number of men				
	Internet	Movies	Television	Radio	Book	Comics	Fiction	Friends	Brother/ sister	Parent/ guardian	Other	No source	other source of sexuality information <sup>1</sup>	Number of men who studied sexuality education
Thailand	72.9	10.4	36.8	1.8	34.9	3.0	1.4	40.3	7.8	12.2	0.4	0.4	97.0	2,140
Region														
Bangkok	85.0	15.4	52.9	3.5	53.3	13.2	3.1	60.4	10.6	17.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	227
Central	69.8	9.4	25.4	0.9	30.3	1.7	1.4	36.1	4.1	10.2	0.7	0.3	96.3	587
North	75.0	9.6	28.6	1.4	29.3	3.2	3.2	29.6	8.6	12.1	0.0	0.0	99.6	280
Northeast	73.9	11.1	43.7	1.0	28.6	1.0	0.8	40.0	10.3	13.3	0.0	0.0	97.1	595
South	67.8	8.9	39.5	3.3	43.2	2.2	0.0	42.8	7.3	10.9	1.1	1.6	94.7	451
Selected Provinces														
Central														
Chai Nat	62.6	7.8	23.5	0.0	47.0	0.9	0.9	15.7	4.3	8.7	0.0	0.0	99.1	115
Sa Kaeo	64.0	7.0	17.4	1.2	19.8	2.3	1.2	26.7	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	93.0	86
Ratchaburi	67.4	8.5	31.2	0.7	28.4	2.8	1.4	45.4	8.5	12.8	0.0	0.7	99.3	141
Kanchanaburi	67.0	4.6	23.9	2.8	30.3	0.9	2.8	37.6	1.8	10.1	2.8	0.0	92.7	109
North														
Mae Hong Son	(47.5)	(12.5)	(42.5)	(7.5)	(20.0)	(15.0)	(20.0)	(22.5)	(22.5)	(30.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(97.5)	40
Tak	(89.5)	(2.6)	(28.9)	(0.0)	(34.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(34.2)	(5.3)	(2.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(100.0)	38
Northeast														
Buriram	92.4	29.1	53.2	0.0	21.5	0.0	0.0	44.3	29.1	31.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	79
Sisaket	55.7	13.1	23.0	0.0	31.1	0.0	3.3	37.7	4.9	1.6	0.0	0.0	96.7	61
Yasothon	80.2	7.5	51.9	4.7	31.1	1.9	0.0	41.5	3.8	4.7	0.0	0.0	99.1	106
Kalasin	79.6	12.2	66.3	0.0	18.4	2.0	1.0	48.0	13.3	21.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	98
Nakhon Phanom	68.2	8.4	37.4	0.0	26.2	0.0	0.0	35.5	6.5	4.7	0.0	0.0	94.4	107
South														
Songkhla	64.0	5.3	20.0	2.7	25.3	0.0	0.0	21.3	2.7	13.3	4.0	0.0	85.3	75
Satun	75.6	9.0	32.1	0.0	60.3	9.0	0.0	74.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	98.7	78
Phatthalung	77.6	1.5	34.3	0.0	31.3	0.0	0.0	29.9	7.5	17.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	67
Pattani	60.9	0.0	31.3	0.0	42.2	3.1	0.0	34.4	1.6	4.7	0.0	9.4	84.4	64
Yala	64.5	3.2	48.4	3.2	54.8	0.0	0.0	43.5	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	62
Narathiwat	56.4	45.5	80.0	20.0	63.6	0.0	0.0	60.0	40.0	29.1	0.0	0.0	98.2	55

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TH indicator TM.S9 - Sources of sexuality information other than school

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table TM.8.5W: Attitudes towards people living with HIV (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS and report discriminating attitudes towards people living with HIV, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of women who:			Percentage	of women who think	Percentage			
	Would not buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive	Think children living with HIV should not be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV	Report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV <sup>1,A</sup>	Hesitate to take an HIV test because they are afraid of how other people will react if the test result is positive for HIV	Talk badly about people living with HIV, or who are thought to be living with HIV	Living with HIV, or thought to be living with HIV, lose the respect of other people	Would be ashamed if someone in family had HIV	Fear getting HIV if coming into contact with the saliva of a person living with HIV <sup>B</sup>	Number of women who have heard of AIDS
Thailand	24.3	10.5	27.7	60.6	63.3	57.8	24.6	52.3	24,293
Region									
Bangkok	35.2	11.8	38.0	60.3	63.3	59.0	23.5	45.7	4,117
Central	16.4	9.9	21.1	56.8	58.8	55.2	22.6	52.7	7,386
North	18.7	6.7	21.1	64.8	67.4	61.7	22.4	58.8	3,622
Northeast	23.4	10.1	26.3	63.0	65.8	58.1	28.4	51.2	5,841
South	36.1	15.3	39.6	60.8	64.2	57.2	26.5	54.2	3,326
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	28.0	11.5	33.5	82.1	87.4	85.7	28.6	61.3	1,232
Sa Kaeo	27.6	6.1	28.9	76.0	81.4	67.1	27.8	64.7	1,038
Ratchaburi	34.3	9.5	36.6	71.5	77.8	73.4	29.1	63.1	1,346
Kanchanaburi	22.5	6.8	25.5	76.6	81.4	71.4	23.0	66.8	1,032
North									
Mae Hong Son	34.2	28.1	35.7	58.1	60.1	62.7	59.6	56.0	489
Tak	30.1	15.6	32.2	58.9	56.7	62.7	14.1	64.1	532
Northeast									
Buriram	24.0	14.6	32.1	81.3	79.8	77.9	26.7	33.0	783
Sisaket	16.8	13.0	20.8	67.8	54.9	51.9	23.4	42.2	931
Yasothon	24.8	9.5	28.3	75.7	90.5	87.6	33.0	58.9	1,097
Kalasin	25.0	11.0	27.8	83.6	85.6	73.4	25.0	51.9	1,084
Nakhon Phanom	26.2	7.5	27.5	73.0	73.0	74.1	20.1	53.5	1,025

## Table TM.8.5W: Attitudes towards people living with HIV (women) (continued)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS and report discriminating attitudes towards people living with HIV, Thailand MICS, 2019

	P	ercentage of women w	rho:	Percentage	of women who think	people:	Percentage	of women who:	_
	Would not buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive	Think children living with HIV should not be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV	Report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV <sup>1,A</sup>	Hesitate to take an HIV test because they are afraid of how other people will react if the test result is positive for HIV	Talk badly about people living with HIV, or who are thought to be living with HIV	Living with HIV, or thought to be living with HIV, lose the respect of other people	Would be ashamed if someone in family had HIV	Fear getting HIV if coming into contact with the saliva of a person living with HIV <sup>B</sup>	Number of women who have heard of AIDS
South									
Songkhla	45.3	10.3	47.2	74.1	77.5	78.4	46.4	68.4	918
Satun	26.1	7.9	27.1	64.5	69.7	64.4	27.6	42.9	700
Phatthalung	19.7	20.3	32.1	51.2	66.5	69.2	28.6	30.0	1,006
Pattani	55.4	34.9	62.7	58.6	80.6	73.0	42.5	75.6	681
Yala	58.3	22.5	59.1	54.0	69.1	57.1	14.2	39.2	642
Narathiwat	79.6	49.6	84.3	39.9	43.4	40.2	43.1	45.9	683

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.31 - Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV

A This is a composite indicator of those who would not buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive or think children living with HIV should not be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> As part of respondent protection, those who answered that they are HIV-positive have been recoded to "No", and thus treated as having no fear of contracting HIV

Table TM.8.5M: Attitudes towards people living with HIV (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS and report discriminating attitudes towards people living with HIV, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of men wh	0:	Percentag	e of men who think p	Percentage	_		
	Would not buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive	Think children living with HIV should not be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV	Report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV <sup>1,A</sup>	Hesitate to take an HIV test because they are afraid of how other people will react if the test result is positive for HIV	Talk badly about people living with HIV, or who are thought to be living with HIV	Living with HIV, or thought to be living with HIV, lose the respect of other people	Would be ashamed if someone in family had HIV	Fear getting HIV if coming into contact with the saliva of a person living with HIV <sup>8</sup>	Number of men who have heard of AIDS
Thailand	20.9	10.3	24.4	57.5	61.6	60.3	23.3	46.7	10,497
Region									
Bangkok	30.8	10.8	33.1	55.8	58.9	58.2	18.5	38.5	1,771
Central	15.5	10.4	20.7	56.2	58.8	63.4	24.3	51.0	3,051
North	16.3	6.8	18.8	59.1	64.8	60.7	22.1	49.6	1,618
Northeast	19.0	10.0	22.3	58.3	65.1	58.7	25.1	46.1	2,569
South	28.1	14.2	31.8	59.2	61.2	58.4	24.8	45.1	1,487
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	20.0	10.0	25.1	89.0	89.0	88.7	28.6	54.1	508
Sa Kaeo	24.8	3.7	25.9	72.8	77.6	63.9	25.4	57.9	398
Ratchaburi	36.8	12.6	39.3	72.3	79.2	76.9	24.8	60.4	597
Kanchanaburi	16.0	3.8	18.1	73.5	81.0	73.0	25.4	64.9	498
North									
Mae Hong Son	31.3	25.9	33.7	59.9	62.3	65.4	61.9	52.6	260
Tak	26.4	13.4	30.1	66.0	59.2	62.3	17.9	69.0	231
Northeast									
Buriram	22.0	12.9	29.4	79.6	72.2	75.9	22.6	33.6	325
Sisaket	11.7	8.0	15.8	65.6	57.1	56.1	25.7	40.4	382
Yasothon	21.3	9.9	25.2	72.6	86.3	87.4	25.6	53.2	487
Kalasin	21.0	10.3	24.2	79.9	82.6	74.5	24.2	51.6	509
Nakhon Phanom	20.9	8.3	23.3	74.2	71.6	72.2	15.8	43.1	433

## Table TM.8.5M: Attitudes towards people living with HIV (men) (continued)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS and report discriminating attitudes towards people living with HIV, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of men wh	0:	Percentag	e of men who think pe	eople:	Percentage		
	Would not buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive	Think children living with HIV should not be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV	Report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV <sup>1,A</sup>	Hesitate to take an HIV test because they are afraid of how other people will react if the test result is positive for HIV	Talk badly about people living with HIV, or who are thought to be living with HIV	Living with HIV, or thought to be living with HIV, lose the respect of other people	Would be ashamed if someone in family had HIV	Fear getting HIV if coming into contact with the saliva of a person living with HIV <sup>B</sup>	Number of men who have heard of AIDS
South									
Songkhla	27.6	5.1	29.6	71.6	69.8	76.9	46.3	59.8	391
Satun	21.4	7.3	23.5	57.3	65.6	58.5	22.1	36.1	332
Phatthalung	17.1	17.5	28.5	46.0	69.2	77.7	28.8	24.5	442
Pattani	47.9	29.6	57.8	57.4	80.1	69.0	39.2	73.8	247
Yala	58.4	21.7	59.9	53.5	64.4	57.6	14.7	41.1	273
Narathiwat	75.2	49.5	81.4	42.3	46.0	47.0	46.1	40.7	312

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.31 - Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV

A This is a composite indicator of those who would not buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive or think children living with HIV should not be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> As part of respondent protection, those who answered that they are HIV-positive have been recoded to "No", and thus treated as having no fear of contracting HIV

### Table TM.8.6W: Knowledge of a place for HIV testing (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who know where to get an HIV test, percentage who have ever been tested, percentage who have ever been tested and know the result of the most recent test, percentage who have been tested in the last 12 months, percentage who have been tested in the last 12 months, percentage who have been tested in the last 12 months and know the result, and percentage who have heard of HIV self-test kits and have tested themselves, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of women who:									
	Know a place to get tested <sup>1</sup>	Have ever been tested	Have ever been tested and know the result of the most recent test	Have been tested in the last 12 months	Have been tested in the last 12 months and know the result <sup>2</sup>	Have heard of test kits people can use to test themselves for HIV <sup>A</sup>	Have tested themself for HIV using a self-test kit <sup>A</sup>	Number of women		
Thailand	81.3	49.9	47.1	6.7	6.4	14.9	1.5	25,087		
Region										
Bangkok	86.7	46.3	44.6	6.8	6.5	22.1	0.8	4,160		
Central	80.8	52.2	50.1	7.3	7.2	13.2	1.9	7,613		
North	85.2	59.9	57.8	7.1	6.7	13.2	2.1	3,746		
Northeast	79.6	46.2	43.2	6.4	5.8	14.3	1.3	6,020		
South	74.8	44.7	38.4	5.3	4.9	13.2	1.0	3,549		
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	87.5	51.5	47.9	7.2	6.2	12.9	1.5	1,261		
Sa Kaeo	74.8	49.9	48.5	7.5	7.3	10.2	0.6	1,075		
Ratchaburi	87.6	66.0	64.6	12.3	12.2	15.0	2.0	1,393		
Kanchanaburi	75.0	44.4	41.2	6.5	6.3	6.6	0.3	1,088		
North										
Mae Hong Son	74.1	56.8	52.6	3.1	2.9	12.3	0.5	524		
Tak	76.2	51.8	51.3	9.9	9.9	15.0	3.7	569		
Northeast										
Buriram	65.0	37.4	36.8	3.3	3.1	14.1	3.3	979		
Sisaket	86.4	49.5	48.3	3.1	3.1	9.1	0.7	964		
Yasothon	94.7	56.1	55.5	3.0	3.0	14.4	0.6	1,103		
Kalasin	84.8	46.1	39.9	5.0	4.9	3.4	0.7	1,094		
Nakhon Phanom	73.4	35.7	32.6	4.1	4.0	8.8	2.4	1,047		
South										
Songkhla	78.0	41.2	34.9	3.6	3.2	9.4	1.7	937		
Satun	88.3	60.0	55.6	7.1	7.1	8.5	0.6	705		
Phatthalung	90.7	60.9	56.5	4.3	3.7	17.3	2.2	1,038		
Pattani	61.4	26.7	16.9	5.0	3.3	7.7	3.0	798		
Yala	50.3	15.0	10.8	3.6	3.3	14.6	0.1	646		
Narathiwat	59.2	42.0	37.0	5.1	3.5	28.9	3.5	686		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.32 - People who know where to be tested for HIV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.33 - People who have been tested for HIV and know the results

A Having heard of or having used a test kit are not included in any MICS indicators relating to HIV testing

### Table TM.8.6M: Knowledge of a place for HIV testing (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who know where to get an HIV test, percentage who have ever been tested, percentage who have ever been tested and know the result of the most recent test, percentage who have been tested in the last 12 months, and percentage who have been tested in the last 12 months, and percentage who have tested themselves, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of men who:										
	Know a place to get tested <sup>1</sup>	Have ever been tested	Have ever been tested and know the result of the most recent test	Have been tested in the last 12 months	Have been tested in the last 12 months and know the result <sup>2</sup>	Have heard of test kits people can use to test themselves for HIV <sup>A</sup>	Have tested themself for HIV using a self-test kit <sup>A</sup>	Number of men			
Thailand	75.1	35.6	34.0	4.7	4.3	13.4	1.1	11,023			
Region											
Bangkok	81.6	36.5	35.7	5.9	5.6	23.3	0.3	1,792			
Central	74.5	38.2	37.6	5.7	5.6	10.5	2.1	3,253			
North	83.8	46.8	44.9	5.0	4.6	9.2	1.0	1,670			
Northeast	71.1	31.8	28.7	3.7	3.2	14.6	0.7	2,671			
South	67.0	23.9	22.5	2.9	2.2	10.6	0.5	1,637			
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	82.0	36.9	35.1	5.4	5.0	6.9	1.9	525			
Sa Kaeo	68.2	39.8	39.2	6.5	6.5	7.3	1.1	425			
Ratchaburi	81.6	49.3	48.9	11.4	11.4	10.3	2.4	635			
Kanchanaburi	71.4	35.0	34.4	8.4	8.3	4.8	0.2	535			
North											
Mae Hong Son	72.3	37.3	35.9	1.3	1.2	15.1	0.8	263			
Tak	73.0	38.7	37.0	10.5	10.5	7.3	0.5	253			
Northeast											
Buriram	56.3	13.2	12.8	2.6	2.6	10.7	1.8	417			
Sisaket	81.3	32.3	32.1	1.2	1.2	3.5	0.1	399			
Yasothon	89.9	42.1	41.7	2.2	2.2	11.2	0.9	494			
Kalasin	78.1	24.0	20.7	2.4	2.3	3.7	1.0	513			
Nakhon Phanom	68.8	25.5	24.5	4.7	4.7	8.2	2.0	450			
South											
Songkhla	71.2	22.3	19.8	4.3	3.7	9.2	0.5	402			
Satun	83.3	30.4	28.9	3.6	3.6	8.7	0.0	337			
Phatthalung	81.2	33.6	31.9	2.1	2.1	13.7	0.8	465			
Pattani	55.1	7.9	6.8	1.4	1.4	11.1	1.0	288			
Yala	43.0	4.1	3.8	2.6	2.6	10.6	0.0	282			
Narathiwat	35.6	13.2	12.5	0.6	0.4	26.1	1.1	314			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.32 - People who know where to be tested for HIV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.33 - People who have been tested for HIV and know the results

A Having heard of or having used a test kit are not included in any MICS indicators relating to HIV testing

## Table TM.8.7: HIV counselling and testing during antenatal care

Percentage of women age 15-49 with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care from a health professional during the pregnancy of the most recent birth, percentage who received HIV counselling, percentage who were offered and tested for HIV, percentage who were offered, tested and received the results of the HIV test, percentage who received counselling and were offered, accepted and received the results of the HIV test, and percentage who were offered, accepted and received the results of the HIV test and received post-test health information or counselling, and percentage of women whose husband/partner was tested for HIV, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Per	centage of women who:			_	
	Received antenatal care from a health care professional for the pregnancy of the most recent live birth	Received HIV counselling during antenatal care <sup>1,A</sup>	Were offered an HIV test and were tested for HIV during antenatal care	Were offered an HIV test and were tested for HIV during antenatal care, and received the results <sup>2</sup>	Received HIV counselling, were offered an HIV test, accepted and received the results	Were offered an HIV test, accepted and received the results, and received post-test health information or counselling related to HIV <sup>3</sup>	Percentage of women whose husband/ partner was tested for HIV during antenatal care <sup>4</sup>	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	98.6	67.2	76.1	74.0	58.0	57.6	65.8	1,843
Region								
Bangkok	99.6	73.1	77.7	77.2	63.2	49.7	69.1	200
Central	98.6	70.8	81.6	80.5	62.6	68.0	67.3	547
North	98.2	68.1	81.9	79.9	65.6	63.0	79.3	256
Northeast	98.5	72.0	79.1	75.7	62.3	63.1	67.4	489
South	98.4	51.0	58.5	55.2	36.3	34.2	49.7	352
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	98.2	59.5	80.7	80.2	56.4	41.7	72.7	103
Sa Kaeo	95.8	55.9	61.0	60.7	45.9	35.3	72.3	108
Ratchaburi	98.8	79.1	81.8	78.5	68.1	63.6	75.8	96
Kanchanaburi	98.4	59.1	73.3	71.2	50.1	46.8	68.9	75
North								
Mae Hong Son	100.0	75.4	76.7	72.8	67.4	56.3	85.5	47
Tak	94.8	21.1	31.5	31.5	10.9	11.6	64.8	54
Northeast								
Buriram	99.4	49.6	50.6	47.1	40.6	46.8	62.9	80
Sisaket	99.3	72.1	82.7	82.2	63.6	63.3	82.8	70
Yasothon	99.8	90.1	88.0	86.9	85.8	82.7	87.5	67
Kalasin	99.8	76.3	83.8	79.9	67.6	64.2	66.8	85
Nakhon Phanom	96.5	42.8	53.5	53.2	36.4	27.8	54.2	102

#### Table TM.8.7: HIV counselling and testing during antenatal care (continued)

Percentage of women age 15-49 with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care from a health professional during the pregnancy of the most recent birth, percentage who received HIV counselling, percentage who were offered and tested for HIV, percentage who were offered, tested and received the results of the HIV test, percentage who received counselling and were offered, accepted and received the results of the HIV test, and percentage who were offered, accepted and received the results of the HIV test and received post-test health information or counselling, and percentage of women whose husband/partner was tested for HIV, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Pero	centage of women who:				
	Received antenatal care from a health care professional for the pregnancy of the most recent live birth	Received HIV counselling during antenatal care <sup>1,A</sup>	Were offered an HIV test and were tested for HIV during antenatal care	Were offered an HIV test and were tested for HIV during antenatal care, and received the results <sup>2</sup>	Received HIV counselling, were offered an HIV test, accepted and received the results	Were offered an HIV test, accepted and received the results, and received post-test health information or counselling related to HIV <sup>3</sup>	Percentage of women whose husband/ partner was tested for HIV during antenatal care <sup>4</sup>	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
South								
Songkhla	95.8	43.4	50.7	45.6	32.5	30.0	63.0	86
Satun	97.7	33.1	43.9	39.7	17.0	14.3	22.8	95
Phatthalung	98.4	59.8	83.4	77.4	56.8	62.8	82.4	89
Pattani	96.8	35.5	37.7	35.0	12.4	10.4	13.4	85
Yala	100.0	73.3	39.6	29.9	28.5	24.5	14.5	39
Narathiwat	97.7	62.9	50.7	49.7	42.2	41.4	35.3	104

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TM.35a - HIV counselling during antenatal care (counselling on HIV)

<sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.36 - HIV testing during antenatal care

<sup>4</sup> TH indicator TM.S10 - HIV testing during antenatal care (Husband)

<sup>3</sup> MICS indicator TM.35b - HIV counselling during antenatal care (information or counselling on HIV after receiving the HIV test results)

A In this context, counseling means that someone talked with the respondent about all three of the following topics: 1) babies getting the HIV from their mother, 2) preventing HIV, and 3) getting tested for HIV.

Table TM.8.8W: Key HIV and AIDS indicators (young women)

Percentage of women age 15-24 years by key HIV and AIDS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage	of women age 15-2	4 years who:				
	Have comprehensive knowledge <sup>1</sup>	Know all three means of HIV transmission from mother to child	Know a place to get tested for HIV	Have ever been tested and know the result of the most recent test	Have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and know the result <sup>2</sup>	Number of women age 15-24 years	Percentage who report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV <sup>A</sup>	Number of women age 15-24 years who have heard of AIDS
Thailand	51.0	61.7	73.1	21.5	5.3	5,595	34.1	5,391
Region								
Bangkok	59.2	63.3	80.2	20.6	5.8	956	41.8	943
Central	52.6	60.9	73.0	25.5	4.9	1,674	22.9	1,592
North	47.7	58.0	74.9	23.5	7.1	791	30.4	761
Northeast	50.3	66.6	73.5	18.7	4.8	1,342	32.4	1,302
South	42.4	57.0	62.9	16.9	4.3	833	53.6	793
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	40.5	58.8	79.1	25.5	8.4	291	45.8	287
Sa Kaeo	27.2	59.1	68.3	31.6	9.1	223	43.8	217
Ratchaburi	36.2	63.5	77.8	38.0	15.7	326	47.1	311
Kanchanaburi	57.7	61.8	68.1	19.0	3.6	252	32.5	237
North								
Mae Hong Son	40.7	68.8	54.9	23.7	3.3	87	26.1	85
Tak	49.0	44.1	74.1	23.4	9.3	167	39.8	161
Northeast								
Buriram	62.6	45.2	51.3	19.4	2.0	219	33.0	169
Sisaket	55.3	73.4	84.5	22.9	3.9	223	26.4	216
Yasothon	56.0	91.8	90.5	21.0	4.7	225	33.6	222
Kalasin	76.7	78.8	87.9	16.6	7.0	256	32.3	251
Nakhon Phanom	51.2	70.3	68.6	16.4	4.9	248	33.6	247
South								
Songkhla	39.2	69.8	61.8	8.6	1.3	236	63.2	230
Satun	42.2	60.1	83.3	26.1	5.0	155	30.0	152
Phatthalung	40.7	58.3	79.7	18.8	2.5	196	39.8	190
Pattani	27.1	50.9	59.9	7.2	2.7	269	69.6	258
Yala	40.0	71.5	49.0	1.4	0.6	216	67.9	215
Narathiwat	30.8	65.8	42.6	15.5	3.7	194	84.8	193

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator TM.29 - Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.34 - Young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  Refer to Table TM.8.5W for the two components.

Table TM.8.8M: Key HIV and AIDS indicators (young men)

Percentage of men age 15-24 years by key HIV and AIDS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentag	e of men age 15-24	years who:				
	Have comprehensive knowledge <sup>1</sup>	Know all three means of HIV transmission from mother to child	Know a place to get tested for HIV	Have ever been tested and know the result of the most recent test	Have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and know the result <sup>2</sup>	Number of men age 15-24 years	Percentage who report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV <sup>A</sup>	Number of men age 15-24 years who have heard of AIDS
Thailand	48.9	54.7	69.3	14.3	3.2	2,647	28.2	2,539
Region								
Bangkok	59.2	54.3	76.4	14.2	4.3	439	31.8	438
Central	51.4	57.7	70.3	17.7	2.4	707	25.3	689
North	54.2	46.7	75.6	17.1	7.0	399	22.1	373
Northeast	43.2	59.6	64.8	12.0	1.4	701	24.0	667
South	37.8	49.5	61.3	9.7	2.9	401	43.2	372
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	47.7	51.7	75.9	13.6	3.3	142	34.4	134
Sa Kaeo	25.4	40.3	55.4	14.3	6.6	104	44.1	99
Ratchaburi	41.7	58.1	74.5	34.4	11.5	189	52.6	174
Kanchanaburi	50.9	56.8	69.7	18.1	6.3	137	23.8	126
North								
Mae Hong Son	44.0	71.6	64.8	6.9	0.0	61	34.9	61
Tak	(62.4)	(33.9)	(69.1)	(9.8)	(8.8)	63	(34.1)	57
Northeast								
Buriram	55.4	48.9	46.7	2.6	1.2	126	26.9	100
Sisaket	57.3	55.0	77.1	5.7	0.3	100	23.6	96
Yasothon	66.1	77.9	86.7	16.5	2.5	106	36.7	105
Kalasin	76.0	74.1	86.0	5.7	2.3	108	26.2	105
Nakhon Phanom	45.6	46.9	69.0	12.8	8.0	143	21.9	139
South								
Songkhla	49.7	53.2	70.4	5.1	2.6	96	31.0	93
Satun	41.8	59.6	79.9	11.7	1.0	109	38.0	106
Phatthalung	38.0	48.5	77.9	8.6	2.9	92	38.1	85
Pattani	21.4	35.8	56.9	4.7	3.7	96	67.1	85
Yala	26.1	70.1	37.3	0.0	0.0	86	70.7	82
Narathiwat	35.9	59.4	27.5	2.2	0.0	99	87.7	99

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator TM.29 - Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TM.34 - Young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Refer to Table TM.8.5M for the two components.

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Nakhon Phanom

97.3 96.4 91.5

86.4 45.9

96.5 92.9 87.3

# A3. THRIVE – CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION AND DEVELOPMENT

Percentage of childr	cii ugc 12	25 111011	tills aria z	24 33 1110	Titil3 carr	•		f children	•				(Crade cove	ruge), Triui	naria iviics,	2013	Dovos	tage with:	
			Po	olio			DTP		-Bo		рВ						Percen	lage with:	_ Number o children
	BCG <sup>1</sup>	OPV 1		-	IPV	1	2	33	At birth	1	2	34	MMR 1 <sup>5,6</sup>	Basic with HepB0 <sup>8,A</sup>	Basic without HepB0 <sup>8,A</sup>	No vaccinations	Vaccination records <sup>B</sup>	Vaccination records seen <sup>c</sup>	age 12-23 months
Thailand	98.8	95.9	92.8	87.8	60.9	96.9	93.1	89.9	89.6	96.1	92.5	89.0	93.7	82.4	83.6	0.4	96.3	90.3	2,614
Region																			
Bangkok	99.0	92.2	89.2	82.4	45.9	99.3	90.9	83.8	85.0	97.3	90.1	86.7	90.7	70.3	71.3	0.0	94.6	86.8	210
Central	99.6	94.3	88.4	81.2	60.5	92.9	87.5	83.3	85.2	92.4	86.6	81.1	90.7	77.9	78.3	0.3	96.3	85.5	622
North	98.9	95.2	93.0	89.1	60.2	97.6	94.5	91.1	89.1	97.1	94.5	89.7	95.1	84.1	84.4	1.0	95.1	89.3	395
Northeast	98.8	98.8	98.0	94.7	67.9	99.4	98.6	97.0	95.0	98.7	97.2	96.0	96.9	90.0	91.4	0.4	98.7	95.7	852
South	97.6	95.4	90.9	85.7	56.5	95.9	90.4	87.8	88.3	94.8	91.4	87.6	92.0	78.9	81.5	0.4	94.2	89.6	536
Selected Provinces																			
Central																			
Chai Nat	95.4	95.1	94.7	92.8	67.9	96.8	95.1	93.2	92.8	94.5	93.2	91.3	91.6	85.7	86.1	3.2	94.3	93.8	150
Sa Kaeo	95.7	95.6	96.1	94.3	65.0	95.6	96.1	94.3	95.3	95.6	96.1	94.3	94.4	91.1	92.0	3.9	100.0	96.1	142
Ratchaburi	99.8	98.7	97.9	96.4	46.8	98.7	97.9	97.5	96.0	99.8	97.9	97.5	95.2	92.2	93.8	0.0	98.6	95.4	116
Kanchanaburi	99.3	90.8	88.7	88.7	28.0	94.3	89.1	88.7	88.6	94.4	89.1	88.7	92.2	86.5	87.4	0.7	98.7	89.5	91
North																			
Mae Hong Son	98.1	95.2	90.1	79.4	50.7	94.9	88.1	84.6	80.0	96.7	89.3	84.4	90.5	72.8	77.5	0.9	98.8	80.0	57
Tak	93.9	87.6	87.6	85.5	69.7	91.2	87.6	85.5	87.6	91.2	87.6	85.5	88.4	83.9	83.9	5.2	87.6	87.6	59
Northeast																			
Buriram	99.6	98.8	96.5	96.0	45.0	99.2	98.1	96.0	96.5	99.6	98.1	96.0	95.7	92.7	92.7	0.4	97.2	96.5	162
Sisaket	100.0	96.8	96.8	93.7	42.6	99.3	99.3	97.4	92.3	96.7	95.9	93.5	96.7	87.1	89.5	0.0	99.6	92.3	135
Yasothon	97.2	97.6	96.5	95.9	62.4	98.4	96.5	95.9	96.4	97.6	96.5	95.9	97.5	94.4	94.4	1.6	98.2	97.6	126

93.3 96.6

91.1 86.4

91.0

80.2

80.2

0.3

94.8

121

97.6

**Table TC.1.1: Vaccinations by background characteristics (continued)** 

Percentage of children age 12-23 months and 24-35 months currently vaccinated against vaccine preventable childhood diseases (Crude coverage), Thailand MICS, 2019

						Perc	entage o	f children	age 12-23	months	who rece	ived:					Percen	tage with:	_Number of
			P	olio			DTP			H	lepB		_	Basic	Basic				children age
	BCG <sup>1</sup>	OPV 1	OPV 2	OPV 3 <sup>2</sup>	IPV	1	2	3 <sup>3</sup>	At birth	1	2	3 <sup>4</sup>	MMR 1 <sup>5,6</sup>	with	without HepB0 <sup>8,A</sup>	No vaccinations	Vaccination records <sup>B</sup>	Vaccination records seen <sup>c</sup>	12-23 months
South																			
Songkhla	96.6	96.7	95.3	88.7	64.7	96.7	95.6	94.5	85.4	96.6	94.2	93.2	94.7	81.8	85.3	1.9	96.9	85.4	160
Satun	100.0	94.6	93.5	92.0	81.2	95.8	93.9	93.9	94.5	96.6	92.0	92.0	89.9	84.9	86.2	0.0	98.4	94.5	92
Phatthalung	96.8	92.1	86.6	79.8	65.1	97.8	87.6	81.4	77.8	96.0	87.3	80.6	92.8	69.9	74.9	0.5	96.9	86.0	94
Pattani	97.4	85.8	78.9	66.3	67.8	83.7	76.9	69.6	92.0	82.6	75.8	68.5	78.2	62.9	62.9	0.0	93.1	92.0	70
Yala	100.0	94.8	91.9	86.0	51.4	97.5	91.9	86.0	91.5	97.5	94.8	86.0	99.2	85.3	85.3	0.0	94.4	94.4	61
Narathiwat	90.9	82.8	68.9	62.8	59.6	88.6	68.9	62.8	74.0	84.9	70.6	64.0	78.0	51.5	54.7	0.6	85.1	82.4	73

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.1 - Tuberculosis immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> TH indicator TC.S1 - Polio immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator TC.3 - Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage; SDG indicator 3.b.1 & 3.8.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator TC.4 - Hepatitis B immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator TC.8 - Rubella immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> MICS indicator TC.10 - Measles immunization coverage; SDG indicator 3.b.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> TH indicator TC.S2 - Encephalitis immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> MICS indicator TC.11a - Full immunization coverage (basic antigens)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> MICS indicator TC.11b - Full immunization coverage (all antigens)

A Basic antigens include: BCG, Polio3, DTP3, HepB3 and MMR1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Vaccination card or other documents where the vaccinations are written down

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Includes children for whom vaccination cards or other documents were observed with at least one vaccination dose recorded (Card availability)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> All antigens include: BCG, Polio4, DTP4, HepB3, MMR1, and JE1 as per the vaccination schedule in Thailand

Table TC.1.1: Vaccinations by background characteristics (continued)

Percentage of children age 12-23 months and 24-35 months currently vaccinated against vaccine preventable childhood diseases (Crude coverage), Thailand MICS, 2019

				Pero	entage of child	dren age 24-35	months who	received:			Percen	tage with:	_
						Full vac	cination			_			
	OPV 4	DTP 4	JE 1 <sup>7</sup>	Basic antigens with HepBO <sup>A</sup>	Basic antigens without HepBO <sup>A</sup>	All antigens with HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	All antigens without HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	All antigens with HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	All antigens without HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	No vaccinations	Vaccination records <sup>B</sup>	Vaccination records seen <sup>c</sup>	Number of children age 24-35 months
Thailand	65.9	69.1	95.7	83.5	85.1	64.1	64.5	82.2	83.9	0.3	92.9	87.9	2,752
Region													
Bangkok	60.9	66.2	90.1	74.5	77.7	57.9	58.9	72.7	76.0	0.3	88.3	79.1	297
Central	64.0	69.6	97.9	83.2	84.8	63.1	63.1	83.0	84.6	0.2	92.1	86.4	733
North	71.8	74.2	99.0	87.5	90.4	69.8	70.6	87.0	89.9	0.1	93.8	89.4	446
Northeast	68.3	70.4	96.1	88.4	89.2	65.9	66.3	86.4	87.2	0.4	94.6	91.3	896
South	60.6	61.6	90.6	74.9	75.8	60.1	60.2	72.8	73.7	0.7	92.7	87.6	380
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	86.6	87.8	93.5	89.4	89.8	84.0	84.0	88.7	89.1	5.1	92.1	92.1	174
Sa Kaeo	78.6	78.6	92.9	91.7	92.3	75.9	76.5	89.0	89.6	1.0	94.4	93.7	153
Ratchaburi	89.4	92.0	97.7	90.1	93.1	84.3	85.3	88.0	90.9	0.0	96.9	92.8	134
Kanchanaburi	71.1	71.1	91.7	79.5	81.3	69.4	69.4	78.8	80.6	0.4	92.6	85.7	113
North													
Mae Hong Son	87.3	94.3	100.0	85.1	89.2	82.2	86.3	85.1	89.2	0.0	93.0	86.9	52
Tak	90.8	90.8	94.0	93.4	93.4	88.4	88.4	89.9	89.9	1.6	95.6	93.4	51
Northeast													
Buriram	39.3	39.3	94.4	88.2	88.7	37.9	37.9	86.0	86.5	0.0	98.5	91.6	131
Sisaket	73.0	82.2	98.6	84.5	87.9	68.9	68.9	83.4	86.7	0.0	92.4	86.7	142
Yasothon	82.8	83.4	93.7	92.5	93.1	81.4	81.4	91.8	92.4	1.0	93.8	93.4	178
Kalasin	83.8	83.1	96.9	88.5	89.1	80.6	80.6	86.7	86.7	0.5	97.2	90.1	161
Nakhon Phanom	42.1	44.7	93.8	81.0	85.4	41.5	41.5	78.8	83.2	1.9	91.7	88.4	130

### Table TC.1.1: Vaccinations by background characteristics (continued)

Percentage of children age 12-23 months and 24-35 months currently vaccinated against vaccine preventable childhood diseases (Crude coverage), Thailand MICS, 2019

				Perc	entage of child	dren age 24-35	months who	eceived:			Percen	tage with:	
						Full vac	cination						
	OPV 4	DTP 4	JE 1 <sup>7</sup>	Basic antigens with HepB0 <sup>A</sup>	Basic antigens without HepB0 <sup>A</sup>	All antigens with HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	All antigens without HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	All antigens with HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	All antigens without HepB0 <sup>9,D</sup>	No vaccinations	Vaccination records <sup>B</sup>	Vaccination records seen <sup>c</sup>	Number of children age 24-35 months
South													
Songkhla	75.1	77.0	90.5	88.1	90.0	74.1	74.1	86.6	88.5	1.9	97.5	94.0	108
Satun	74.3	77.7	96.5	88.1	90.0	74.3	74.3	88.1	90.0	0.0	96.1	92.7	100
Phatthalung	44.7	44.7	96.2	77.8	78.4	42.4	42.4	76.3	76.9	0.0	94.3	86.8	115
Pattani	50.7	52.2	74.9	58.0	59.1	49.1	50.1	53.5	54.6	1.7	83.0	79.2	71
Yala	66.5	66.5	96.6	82.0	82.0	66.5	66.5	81.2	81.2	1.3	94.0	94.0	60
Narathiwat	30.6	30.6	81.5	48.5	48.5	30.6	30.6	47.7	47.7	1.1	76.4	66.4	56

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.1 - Tuberculosis immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> TH indicator TC.S1 - Polio immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator TC.3 - Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage; SDG indicator 3.b.1 & 3.8.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator TC.4 - Hepatitis B immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator TC.8 - Rubella immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> MICS indicator TC.10 - Measles immunization coverage; SDG indicator 3.b.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> TH indicator TC.S2 - Encephalitis immunization coverage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> MICS indicator TC.11a - Full immunization coverage (basic antigens)

<sup>9</sup> MICS indicator TC.11b - Full immunization coverage (all antigens)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Basic antigens include: BCG, Polio3, DTP3, HepB3 and MMR1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Vaccination card or other documents where the vaccinations are written down

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Includes children for whom vaccination cards or other documents were observed with at least one vaccination dose recorded (Card availability)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> All antigens include: BCG, Polio4, DTP4, HepB3, MMR1, and JE1 as per the vaccination schedule in Thailand

Table TC.2.1: Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking

Percent distribution of household members by type of cookstove mainly used by the household and percentage of household members living in households using clean fuels and technologies for cooking, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Per	centage of house	hold members	in households w	ith primary rel	iance on:					
	Clean fuels  Electric stove	Solar cooker	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) / Cooking gas stove	g and using  Biogas stove	Other for Three stone stove / Open fire	uels for cooking  Charcoal  stove	Other cookstove	No food cooked in the household	Total	Number of household members	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking (in households that reported cooking) <sup>1</sup>	Number of household members (living in households that reported cooking)
Thailand	4.6	0.1	76.4	0.3	0.3	15.3	0.0	2.9	100.0	101,020	83.9	98,089
Region												
Bangkok	9.0	0.2	81.9	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	8.6	100.0	13,947	99.6	12,752
Central	4.7	0.2	88.7	0.3	0.0	2.9	0.0	3.2	100.0	28,377	97.0	27,479
North	4.0	0.1	71.1	0.4	0.8	22.2	0.0	1.4	100.0	17,545	76.7	17,303
Northeast	3.6	0.1	56.2	0.4	0.6	37.9	0.0	1.2	100.0	27,352	61.0	27,012
South	2.7	0.0	92.4	0.3	0.2	2.6	0.0	1.9	100.0	13,798	97.2	13,542
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	2.8	0.0	72.8	0.1	0.3	21.8	0.0	2.2	100.0	5,008	77.4	4,899
Sa Kaeo	4.0	0.0	69.3	0.1	0.2	25.7	0.0	0.7	100.0	4,485	73.9	4,454
Ratchaburi	3.7	0.0	90.0	0.4	0.1	3.1	0.0	2.7	100.0	5,179	96.7	5,038
Kanchanaburi	2.1	0.0	85.4	0.1	0.0	11.4	0.0	0.9	100.0	4,416	88.5	4,376
North												
Mae Hong Son	0.8	0.0	58.1	0.1	6.8	33.0	0.0	1.2	100.0	2,029	59.7	2,004
Tak	4.6	0.6	57.8	0.0	5.3	30.8	0.0	1.0	100.0	2,252	63.6	2,230
Northeast												
Buriram	1.4	0.2	68.3	0.3	0.0	28.7	0.0	1.0	100.0	4,924	71.0	4,873
Sisaket	3.2	0.1	51.6	0.3	0.3	44.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	4,736	55.5	4,711
Yasothon	2.2	0.0	30.1	0.0	0.1	67.1	0.0	0.5	100.0	5,074	32.4	5,049
Kalasin	2.5	0.0	54.7	0.4	0.2	41.7	0.0	0.4	100.0	5,449	57.9	5,428
Nakhon Phanom	1.4	0.0	37.3	0.0	0.6	59.2	0.1	1.4	100.0	4,255	39.3	4,194
South												
Songkhla	1.8	0.0	93.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.0	2.8	100.0	4,068	98.6	3,952
Satun	5.6	0.0	91.2	0.0	0.4	1.3	0.0	1.4	100.0	2,869	98.2	2,830
Phatthalung	1.8	0.1	94.6	0.1	0.1	2.2	0.0	1.2	100.0	4,190	97.7	4,142
Pattani	2.1	0.0	94.0	0.1	0.1	2.8	0.1	0.8	100.0	2,952	97.0	2,928
Yala	3.3	0.0	93.8	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.8	100.0	2,315	99.4	2,274
Narathiwat	4.0	0.1	93.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.9	100.0	2,799	98.7	2,776

Table TC.2.2: Primary reliance on solid fuels for cooking

Percent distribution of household members living in households with primary reliance on clean and other fuels and technology for cooking and percentage of household members living in households using polluting fuels and technologies for cooking, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage	of househo	old memb	ers in hou	iseholds wit	th primary reli	ance on:		<u>.</u>
			Solid fu	uels for co	oking	•	No food		Solid fuels	
	Clean fuels and technologies	Gasoline/ Diesel	Charcoal	Wood	Other <sup>A</sup>	Other fuel for cooking	cooked in the household	Total	and technology for cooking	Number of household members
Thailand	81.4	0.0	10.0	5.6	0.0	0.0	2.9	100.0	15.7	101,020
Region										
Bangkok	91.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	100.0	0.3	13,947
Central	94.0	0.0	2.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	3.2	100.0	2.9	28,377
North	75.6	0.0	12.2	10.8	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0	23.0	17,545
Northeast	60.2	0.0	26.2	12.2	0.1	0.0	1.2	100.0	38.5	27,352
South	95.4	0.0	1.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.9	100.0	2.8	13,798
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	75.7	0.0	21.2	0.9	0.0	0.0	2.2	100.0	22.1	5,008
Sa Kaeo	73.4	0.0	21.6	3.3	0.8	0.2	0.7	100.0	25.9	4,485
Ratchaburi	94.1	0.0	2.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	2.7	100.0	3.2	5,179
Kanchanaburi	87.7	0.0	7.2	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	100.0	11.4	4,416
North										
Mae Hong Son	59.0	0.0	0.4	39.4	0.0	0.0	1.2	100.0	39.8	2,029
Tak	62.9	0.1	25.1	10.9	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	36.1	2,252
Northeast										
Buriram	70.2	0.1	22.3	6.1	0.3	0.0	1.0	100.0	28.7	4,924
Sisaket	55.2	0.0	40.1	4.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	100.0	44.3	4,736
Yasothon	32.3	0.0	48.8	18.3	0.2	0.0	0.5	100.0	67.2	5,074
Kalasin	57.7	0.0	20.5	21.4	0.1	0.0	0.4	100.0	41.9	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	38.7	0.0	23.0	36.9	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0	59.9	4,255
South										
Songkhla	95.8	0.0	0.3	1.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	100.0	1.3	4,068
Satun	96.9	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.0	1.4	100.0	1.8	2,869
Phatthalung	96.5	0.0	1.4	0.9	0.0	0.0	1.2	100.0	2.3	4,190
Pattani	96.2	0.0	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	3.0	2,952
Yala	97.7	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.8	100.0	0.5	2,315
Narathiwat	97.8	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.3	0.0	0.9	100.0	1.3	2,799

Table TC.2.3: Polluting fuels and technologies for cooking by type and characteristics of cookstove and place of cooking

Percentage of household members living in households with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technology for cooking and percent distribution of household members living in households using polluted fuels for cooking by type and characteristics of cookstove and by place of cooking, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of		Percentage of h	ousehold members	s living in hou	seholds cooking v	with pollu	ting fuels and			Percentage of	
	household members living		Cookstove has		Pla	ce of cooking is:					household members living in	Number of
	in households with primary			In main	house	<del>_</del>	0	utdoors			households cooking with	household members living in
	reliance on polluting fuels and technology for cooking	Number of household members	Chimney	No separate room	In a separate room	In a separate building	Open air	On veranda or covered porch	Missing	Total	polluting fuels and technology in poorly ventilated locations	households using polluting fuels and technology for cooking
Thailand	15.7	101,020	1.6	18.1	38.2	16.5	3.5	23.7	0.0	100.0	48.0	15,813
Region												
Bangkok	0.3	13,947	0.1	15.4	32.1	4.7	5.0	42.8	0.0	100.0	32.7	46
Central	2.9	28,377	0.2	29.2	29.5	11.2	3.9	26.1	0.0	100.0	51.6	815
North	23.0	17,545	4.1	24.4	43.8	17.5	2.3	12.0	0.0	100.0	50.1	4,035
Northeast	38.5	27,352	2.8	14.9	36.5	16.6	3.9	28.0	0.0	100.0	46.7	10,535
South	2.8	13,798	0.1	15.8	44.6	16.1	2.1	21.4	0.0	100.0	55.9	383
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	22.1	5,008	3.1	23.3	25.7	6.8	2.2	42.0	0.0	100.0	41.7	1,107
Sa Kaeo	25.9	4,485	0.7	29.0	27.0	16.3	4.4	23.3	0.0	100.0	53.3	1,163
Ratchaburi	3.2	5,179	0.1	25.8	22.2	23.8	6.6	21.6	0.0	100.0	45.1	165
Kanchanaburi	11.4	4,416	0.5	32.5	15.9	21.5	4.1	26.0	0.0	100.0	44.2	505
North												
Mae Hong Son	39.8	2,029	0.3	36.0	44.6	17.6	0.0	1.8	0.0	100.0	62.9	808
Tak	36.1	2,252	4.5	42.7	35.8	3.7	1.8	15.9	0.0	100.0	53.9	812

## Table TC.2.3: Polluting fuels and technologies for cooking by type and characteristics of cookstove and place of cooking (continued)

Percentage of household members living in households with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technology for cooking and percent distribution of household members living in households using polluted fuels for cooking by type and characteristics of cookstove and by place of cooking, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of		Percentage of h	ousehold members	s living in hou	seholds cooking v	with pollu	ting fuels and			Percentage of	
	household members living		Cookstove has		Pla	ce of cooking is:					household members living in	Number of
	in households with primary			In main	house	_	0	utdoors			households cooking with	household members living ir
	reliance on polluting fuels and technology for cooking	Number of household members	Chimney	No separate room	In a separate room	In a separate building	Open air	On veranda or covered porch	Missing	Total	polluting fuels and technology in poorly ventilated locations	households using polluting fuels and technology for cooking
Northeast												
Buriram	28.7	4,924	1.6	59.5	21.4	8.8	0.7	9.6	0.0	100.0	75.3	1,414
Sisaket	44.3	4,736	2.8	8.7	25.4	8.8	2.3	54.9	0.0	100.0	32.2	2,097
Yasothon	67.2	5,074	1.8	24.2	55.4	10.3	0.4	9.7	0.0	100.0	77.1	3,412
Kalasin	41.9	5,449	2.3	12.1	23.3	23.0	11.0	30.5	0.0	100.0	33.2	2,286
Nakhon Phanom	59.9	4,255	1.4	14.0	16.8	17.9	5.4	45.5	0.3	100.0	29.6	2,547
South												
Songkhla	1.3	4,068	0.0	23.9	29.4	6.0	0.0	40.7	0.0	100.0	33.9	54
Satun	1.8	2,869	0.1	14.5	20.2	24.1	5.2	36.0	0.0	100.0	29.5	51
Phatthalung	2.3	4,190	0.0	11.1	54.3	24.7	0.9	9.0	0.0	100.0	61.7	96
Pattani	3.0	2,952	0.0	24.0	60.4	8.8	0.7	6.0	0.0	100.0	80.3	89
Yala	0.5	2,315	0.0	38.4	61.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	(*)	13
Narathiwat	1.3	2,799	0.0	66.8	33.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	(37.5)	37

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table TC.2.4: Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting

Percent distribution of household members by type of lighting fuel mainly used for lighting by the household, and percentage of household members living in households using clean fuels and technologies for lighting, Thailand MICS, 2019

					Pe	rcentage of ho	ousehold m	embers in ho	useholds	with prin	nary reliance	on				
		Clea	n fuels for I	ighting:			Polluting	fuels for ligh	ting:						Primary reliance on clean fuels	Number of household
	Elec- tricity	Solar lantern	Recharge- able flashlight, torch or lantern	Battery powered flashlight, torch or lantern	Biogas lamp	Gasoline lamp	Kerosene or paraffin lamp	Charcoal	Wood	Candle	No lighting in the household	Missing	Total	Number of household members	and technologies for lighting in households that reported the use of lighting <sup>1</sup>	members (in households that reported the use of lighting)
Thailand	98.5	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	101,020	99.4	101,017
Region																
Bangkok	99.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	13,947	99.9	13,947
Central	98.8	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	28,377	99.9	28,377
North	98.3	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	17,545	99.3	17,542
Northeast	97.5	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	27,352	98.4	27,352
South	98.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	13,798	99.9	13,798
Selected Provinces																
Central																
Chai Nat	99.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,008	99.7	5,008
Sa Kaeo	99.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,485	99.6	4,485
Ratchaburi	98.8	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,179	100.0	5,178
Kanchanaburi	98.5	1.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,416	99.7	4,416
North																
Mae Hong Son	85.2	1.8	4.9	1.8	0.0	0.8	1.6	0.0	3.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,029	93.7	2,029
Tak	93.3	1.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,252	96.2	2,252
Northeast																
Buriram	95.7	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,924	96.4	4,924
Sisaket	96.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	4,736	97.5	4,736
Yasothon	98.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,074	98.2	5,074
Kalasin	97.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	5,449	98.0	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	97.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,255	97.9	4,255

## Table TC.2.4: Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting (continued)

Percent distribution of household members by type of lighting fuel mainly used for lighting by the household, and percentage of household members living in households using clean fuels and technologies for lighting, Thailand MICS, 2019

					Pe	rcentage of ho	ousehold me	embers in ho	useholds	with prin	nary reliance	on				_
		Cle	an fuels for l	ighting:			Polluting	fuels for ligh	ting:						Primary reliance	Number of
	Elec- tricity	Solar lantern	Recharge- able flashlight, torch or lantern	Battery powered flashlight, torch or lantern	Biogas lamp	Gasoline lamp	Kerosene or paraffin lamp	Charcoal	Wood	Candle	No lighting in the household	Missing	Total	Number of household members	on clean fuels and technologies for lighting in households that reported the use of lighting <sup>1</sup>	household members (in households that reported the use of lighting)
South																
Songkhla	99.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,068	100.0	4,068
Satun	99.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,869	100.0	2,869
Phatthalung	99.3	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,190	100.0	4,190
Pattani	99.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,952	100.0	2,952
Yala	98.6	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,315	99.9	2,315
Narathiwat	98.5	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,799	100.0	2,799

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.17 - Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting

Table TC.2.5: Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting

Percentage of household members living in households using clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting <sup>1,A</sup>	Number of household members
Thailand	84.3	101,020
Region		
Bangkok	99.6	13,947
Central	97.1	28,377
North	76.8	17,545
Northeast	61.4	27,352
South	97.2	13,798
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	77.9	5,008
Sa Kaeo	74.0	4,485
Ratchaburi	96.8	5,179
Kanchanaburi	88.5	4,416
North		
Mae Hong Son	60.2	2,029
Tak	63.6	2,252
Northeast		
Buriram	70.7	4,924
Sisaket	55.3	4,736
Yasothon	32.7	5,074
Kalasin	57.8	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	40.1	4,255
South		
Songkhla	98.7	4,068
Satun	98.2	2,869
Phatthalung	97.7	4,190
Pattani	97.0	2,952
Yala	99.3	2,315
Narathiwat	98.6	2,799

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.18 - Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting; SDG Indicator 7.1.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In order to be able to calculate the indicator, household members living in households that report no cooking, no space heating, or no lighting are not excluded from the numerator

# Table TC.3.1: Initial breastfeeding

Percentage of most recent live-born children to women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last two years who were ever breastfed, breastfed within one hour of birth and within one day of birth, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of children w	ho were first breastfed:	Number of most recent live-born
	Percentage who were ever breastfed <sup>1</sup>	Within one hour of birth <sup>2</sup>	Within one day of birth	children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	96.8	34.0	76.1	1,843
Region				
Bangkok	98.7	20.9	63.9	200
Central	94.7	34.1	80.2	547
North	97.8	36.0	73.3	256
Northeast	97.7	31.6	76.2	489
South	97.0	43.2	78.8	352
Selected Provinces				
Central				
Chai Nat	95.7	23.1	60.1	103
Sa Kaeo	99.1	38.5	80.2	108
Ratchaburi	95.3	33.9	74.7	96
Kanchanaburi	98.6	41.6	84.8	75
North				
Mae Hong Son	99.5	23.2	51.3	47
Tak	99.0	34.6	80.3	54
Northeast				
Buriram	96.0	47.3	85.1	80
Sisaket	98.7	25.4	86.4	70
Yasothon	99.2	44.7	93.7	67
Kalasin	98.1	26.5	88.4	85
Nakhon Phanom	98.5	57.8	82.8	102
South				
Songkhla	97.0	16.9	66.6	86
Satun	95.6	43.2	82.6	95
Phatthalung	97.6	34.4	83.1	89
Pattani	97.6	44.1	92.9	85
Yala	99.0	30.3	93.6	39
Narathiwat	98.4	80.9	98.4	104

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.30 - Children ever breastfed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.31 - Early initiation of breastfeeding

**Table TC.3.2: Newborn feeding** 

Percentage of most recent live-born children to women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by type of liquids or items (not considering breastmilk) consumed in the first 3 days of life, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Percenta	age of child	ren who co	nsumed:				uids or items (not nsumed in the fir			Number of most
	Milk (other than breastmilk)	Plain water	Sugar or glucose water	Gripe water	Fruit juice	Infant formula	Honey	Prescribed medicine/ Sugar-salt solutions	Non-milk- based liquids/ items only	Milk-based liquids only	Both	Any	recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Thailand	11.5	8.3	0.6	0.2	0.1	6.4	0.0	1.1	6.0	15.0	2.5	23.4	1,843
Region													
Bangkok	8.8	8.0	0.3	1.5	0.3	9.6	0.0	0.8	5.4	15.0	2.6	23.0	200
Central	13.8	8.4	1.7	0.0	0.1	3.7	0.0	0.4	6.1	14.2	2.6	22.9	547
North	10.0	11.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	10.4	0.0	0.3	9.2	17.8	2.6	29.5	256
Northeast	12.0	4.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	1.8	12.6	2.3	16.7	489
South	9.9	11.5	0.4	0.3	0.1	10.5	0.0	0.3	9.6	17.5	2.4	29.4	352
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	16.6	9.2	2.1	0.0	0.0	9.5	0.0	0.9	7.6	21.5	3.7	32.9	103
Sa Kaeo	2.5	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	2.3	2.2	7.9	1.2	11.3	108
Ratchaburi	25.1	8.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	1.0	4.0	27.1	4.4	35.4	96
Kanchanaburi	5.8	17.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.4	13.4	5.0	4.3	22.7	75
North													
Mae Hong Son	1.0	27.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	1.0	27.8	47
Tak	4.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	17.0	1.0	21.3	54
Northeast													
Buriram	5.8	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	5.0	0.8	8.0	80
Sisaket	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.2	0.0	1.6	70
Yasothon	13.9	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2	0.0	4.1	1.2	9.2	9.9	20.3	67
Kalasin	5.3	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	1.0	0.8	7.2	0.0	8.1	85
Nakhon Phanom	5.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.3	8.0	102

## **Table TC.3.2: Newborn feeding (continued)**

Percentage of most recent live-born children to women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by type of liquids or items (not considering breastmilk) consumed in the first 3 days of life, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Percent	age of child	ren who co	nsumed:			Type <sup>A</sup> of ligi	uids or items (not	considering	breastmilk)	
										nsumed in the fir			Number of most
	Milk (other than breastmilk)	Plain water	Sugar or glucose water	Gripe water	Fruit juice	Infant formula	Honey	Prescribed medicine/ Sugar-salt solutions	Non-milk- based liquids/ items only	Milk-based liquids only	Both	Any	recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years
South													
Songkhla	16.4	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	36.4	0.6	37.2	86
Satun	5.2	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.4	0.8	0.0	5.1	14.0	4.6	23.7	95
Phatthalung	16.9	14.7	0.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	8.4	10.5	6.4	25.3	89
Pattani	6.4	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	6.2	2.1	9.5	85
Yala	12.6	4.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	9.6	4.0	25.6	39
Narathiwat	2.5	54.4	0.0	2.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.9	0.0	2.5	54.4	104

<sup>^</sup> Milk-based liquids include milk (other than breastmilk) and infant formula. Non-milk-based include plain water, sugar or glucose water, gripe water, fruit juice, tea/infusions/traditional herbal preparations, honey and "other". Note that prescribed medicine/ORS/sugar-salt solutions are not included in any category.

**Table TC.3.3: Breastfeeding status** 

Percentage of living children according to breastfeeding status at selected age groups, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Chi	ldren age 0-5 mon	ths	Children age 12	2-15 months	Children age 20	0-23 months
	Percent exclusively breastfed <sup>1</sup>	Percent predominantly breastfed <sup>2</sup>	Number of children	Percent breastfed (Continued breastfeeding at 1 year) <sup>3</sup>	Number of children	Percent breastfed (Continued breastfeeding at 2 years) <sup>4</sup>	Number of children
Thailand	14.0	40.7	1,255	24.6	808	15.0	944
Region							
Bangkok	(26.4)	(63.5)	127	(25.7)	84	(3.7)	53
Central	8.0	38.6	341	26.4	176	8.4	234
North	16.5	34.1	153	29.5	124	15.0	146
Northeast	14.2	36.2	422	13.5	247	18.3	345
South	14.1	44.2	212	34.4	177	21.3	166
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	(8.0)	(27.3)	63	(23.6)	42	14.6	61
Sa Kaeo	(26.3)	(50.0)	52	(29.2)	37	6.9	64
Ratchaburi	(17.7)	(42.3)	59	(30.8)	42	(14.4)	31
Kanchanaburi	(20.4)	(51.2)	38	(*)	21	(21.1)	34
North							
Mae Hong Son	(*)	(*)	13	(*)	20	(*)	24
Tak	(*)	(*)	35	(*)	20	(*)	24
Northeast							
Buriram	(11.9)	(19.5)	36	(17.2)	37	22.3	82
Sisaket	(20.2)	(28.0)	49	(19.9)	40	6.6	56
Yasothon	(17.1)	(39.5)	50	(19.7)	36	7.6	45
Kalasin	(20.4)	(29.1)	39	21.8	52	12.5	60
Nakhon Phanom	(19.3)	(42.9)	56	33.2	51	(6.0)	40
South							
Songkhla	(36.7)	(46.5)	43	(52.6)	55	(40.8)	46
Satun	(50.3)	(59.2)	36	(36.6)	35	(33.0)	36
Phatthalung	(*)	(*)	42	(34.2)	32	(29.3)	37
Pattani	(34.7)	(63.1)	30	(*)	25	(*)	24
Yala	(*)	(*)	10	(*)	15	(*)	23
Narathiwat	(1.7)	(53.6)	41	(*)	17	(19.7)	31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.32 - Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.33 - Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  MICS indicator TC.34 - Continued breastfeeding at 1 year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator TC.35 - Continued breastfeeding at 2 years

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table TC.3.4: Number of times received breast milk

Percentage of children age 0-23 months who received breast milk during the previous day by number of times, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Cl	nths			Ch	ildren ag	ge 6-23 ı	months		Chi	ldren ag	e 0-23 n	nonths			
	Percent		Numbe	r of times		Number	Percent	Num	ber of t	imes	Number	Percent		Numbe	er of tim	ies	Number
	being				DK/	of	being				of	being				DK/	of
	breastfed	1-4	5-7	<u>≥</u> 8¹	Missing	children	breastfed	1-4	5-7	<u>&gt;</u> 8	children	breastfed	1-4	5-7	<u>&gt;</u> 8	Missing	children
Thailand	71.3	9.6	30.1	60.2	0.1	1,255	28.7	27.5	35.3	37.2	3,820	39.3	19.5	33.0	47.5	0.0	5,074
Region																	
Bangkok	(86.0)	(9.8)	(39.6)	(50.6)	(0.0)	127	27.1	39.0	50.4	10.6	296	44.8	22.2	44.1	33.7	0.0	423
Central	72.0	7.7	36.2	55.9	0.2	341	29.9	29.9	38.6	31.5	959	41.0	19.7	37.5	42.8	0.1	1,300
North	72.7	14.7	24.0	61.2	0.0	153	28.1	27.6	27.2	45.2	622	36.9	22.6	26.0	51.4	0.0	775
Northeast	67.7	6.9	29.3	63.8	0.0	422	26.2	23.1	34.0	42.9	1,205	36.9	15.4	31.8	52.8	0.0	1,627
South	67.6	14.1	18.9	66.9	0.0	212	32.6	26.5	33.8	39.7	737	40.4	21.9	28.2	49.9	0.0	949
Selected Provinces																	
Central																	
Chai Nat	(47.3)	(11.9)	(4.4)	(83.7)	(0.0)	63	25.8	17.2	27.4	55.4	226	30.5	15.4	19.7	64.9	0.0	289
Sa Kaeo	(69.1)	(1.9)	(40.8)	(55.6)	(1.6)	52	21.4	13.0	28.1	58.9	223	30.3	8.3	33.5	57.5	0.7	275
Ratchaburi	(77.6)	(18.4)	(33.3)	(48.3)	(0.0)	59	29.5	20.0	32.3	47.7	187	40.9	19.3	32.8	47.9	0.0	245
Kanchanaburi	(85.6)	(6.5)	(62.1)	(28.2)	(3.2)	38	29.8	16.8	60.1	23.1	150	41.1	12.5	60.9	25.2	1.4	188
North																	
Mae Hong Son	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	13	68.7	2.1	6.7	91.2	88	72.1	1.7	7.6	90.7	0.0	101
Tak	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	35	42.6	21.3	16.9	61.8	73	59.7	11.0	14.6	74.4	0.0	108
Northeast																	
Buriram	(59.2)	(49.6)	(29.7)	(20.7)	(0.0)	36	28.9	66.0	27.5	6.5	205	33.5	61.6	28.1	10.2	0.0	241
Sisaket	(63.3)	(15.3)	(28.5)	(56.2)	(0.0)	49	11.7	33.6	26.7	39.7	195	22.1	23.1	27.7	49.2	0.0	244
Yasothon	(70.6)	(6.0)	(19.0)	(75.0)	(0.0)	50	24.0	14.7	53.0	32.3	192	33.5	10.9	38.3	50.8	0.0	242
Kalasin	(58.9)	(0.0)	(36.3)	(63.7)	(0.0)	39	23.2	23.5	30.7	45.8	243	28.1	16.7	32.3	51.0	0.0	282
Nakhon Phanom	(59.1)	(3.1)	(14.9)	(81.9)	(0.0)	56	23.1	25.3	40.9	33.8	206	30.8	16.2	30.2	53.6	0.0	262
South																	
Songkhla	(56.3)	(0.0)	(19.8)	(80.2)	(0.0)	43	43.5	40.7	32.1	27.2	205	45.7	32.0	29.5	38.5	0.0	248
Satun	(89.9)	(4.8)	(19.7)	(75.6)	(0.0)	36	41.3	20.1	31.9	48.1	133	51.7	14.4	27.3	58.3	0.0	169
Phatthalung	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	42	34.9	32.0	34.4	33.6	153	46.8	23.8	33.6	42.6	0.0	195
Pattani	(84.8)	(8.4)	(18.4)	(73.3)	(0.0)	30	41.7	19.3	25.8	54.9	98	51.8	15.1	23.0	62.0	0.0	129
Yala	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	65.3	22.3	59.5	18.2	86	65.8	24.7	55.6	19.7	0.0	97
Narathiwat	(86.8)	(12.6)	(41.2)	(46.2)	(0.0)	41	37.3	33.3	50.4	16.3	105	51.2	23.4	46.1	30.5	0.0	146

<sup>1</sup> TH indicator TC.S3 - Breastfeeding frequency

( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

## Table TC.3.5: Duration of breastfeeding

Median duration of any breastfeeding among children age 0-35 months and median duration of exclusive breastfeeding and predominant breastfeeding among children age 0-23 months, Thailand MICS, 2019

		-	Median duration	-	
	Median duration (in months) of any breastfeeding <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 0-35 months	Exclusive breastfeeding	Predominant breastfeeding	Number of children age 0-23 months
Thailand	8.3	7,826	0.5	1.4	5,074
Region					
Bangkok	9.0	720	1.1	3.7	423
Central	9.0	2,033	0.5	1.1	1,300
North	5.8	1,221	0.5	0.6	775
Northeast	6.4	2,523	0.4	0.6	1,627
South	8.5	1,330	0.4	2.2	949
Selected Provinces					
Central					
Chai Nat	2.4	463	0.4	0.5	289
Sa Kaeo	4.0	427	0.9	2.5	275
Ratchaburi	7.5	379	0.5	2.1	245
Kanchanaburi	6.4	301	0.7	2.6	188
North					
Mae Hong Son	19.8	152	na	0.5	101
Tak	11.8	159	0.6	5.3	108
Northeast					
Buriram	9.1	372	0.7	0.7	241
Sisaket	3.5	385	0.5	0.6	244
Yasothon	8.4	420	0.4	0.7	242
Kalasin	3.6	443	1.6	1.7	282
Nakhon Phanom	3.4	392	1.3	2.1	262
South					
Songkhla	6.5	356	0.5	0.6	248
Satun	10.9	270	2.5	3.3	169
Phatthalung	6.5	311	0.5	2.4	195
Pattani	11.1	199	0.6	4.0	129
Yala	10.5	156	na	0.6	97
Narathiwat	9.6	202	0.4	2.9	146

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.36 - Duration of breastfeeding

na: not applicab

**Table TC.3.6: Age-appropriate breastfeeding** 

Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were appropriately breastfed during the previous day, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Children ag	e 0-5 months	Children age 6-23	months	Children age 0	0-23 months	
	Percent exclusively breastfed <sup>1</sup>	Number of children	Percent currently breastfeeding and receiving solid, semi- solid or soft foods	Number of children	Percent appropriately breastfed <sup>2</sup>	Number of children	
Thailand	14.0	1,255	27.4	3,820	24.1	5,074	
Region							
Bangkok	(26.4)	127	25.8	296	26.0	423	
Central	8.0	341	28.9	959	23.5	1,300	
North	16.5	153	26.7	622	24.7	775	
Northeast	14.2	422	24.4	1,205	21.7	1,627	
South	14.1	212	31.5	737	27.6	949	
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	(8.0)	63	25.1	226	21.4	289	
Sa Kaeo	(26.3)	52	20.4	223	21.5	275	
Ratchaburi	(17.7)	59	28.4	187	25.8	245	
Kanchanaburi	(20.4)	38	26.6	150	25.3	188	
North							
Mae Hong Son	(*)	13	68.7	88	60.1	101	
Tak	(*)	35	41.0	73	43.0	108	
Northeast							
Buriram	(11.9)	36	25.2	205	23.2	241	
Sisaket	(20.2)	49	7.9	195	10.4	244	
Yasothon	(17.1)	50	23.7	192	22.4	242	
Kalasin	(20.4)	39	23.2	243	22.8	282	
Nakhon Phanom	(19.3)	56	21.9	206	21.3	262	
South							
Songkhla	(36.7)	43	43.0	205	41.9	248	
Satun	(50.3)	36	40.9	133	42.9	169	
Phatthalung	(*)	42	34.5	153	32.3	195	
Pattani	(34.7)	30	41.7	98	40.1	129	
Yala	(*)	10	64.5	86	57.5	97	
Narathiwat	(1.7)	41	33.7	105	24.7	146	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.32 - Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.37 - Age-appropriate breastfeeding

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table TC.3.7: Infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices

Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received appropriate liquids and solid, semi-solid, or soft foods the minimum number of times or more during the previous day, by breastfeeding status, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Currently	breastfeeding			Currer	tly not breastf	eeding		All				
	Percent	of children wh	o received:	_	Per	cent of childre	n who received			Percent	of children who	received:	Number	
	Minimum dietary diversity <sup>A</sup>	Minimum meal frequency <sup>B</sup>	Minimum acceptable diet <sup>1,C</sup>	Number of children age 6-23 months	Minimum dietary diversity <sup>A</sup>	Minimum meal frequency <sup>B</sup>	Minimum acceptable diet <sup>2,C</sup>	At least 2 milk feeds <sup>3</sup>	Number of children age 6-23 months	Minimum dietary diversity <sup>4,A</sup>	Minimum meal frequency <sup>5,8</sup>	Minimum acceptable diet <sup>c</sup>	of children age 6-23 months	
Thailand	75.7	67.8	52.9	1,098	74.0	94.9	71.7	94.7	2,722	74.5	87.1	66.3	3,820	
Region														
Bangkok	(77.6)	(44.2)	(27.5)	80	89.6	98.4	89.2	98.8	216	86.4	83.8	72.5	296	
Central	77.3	75.0	58.4	287	71.7	96.4	69.4	96.1	672	73.4	90.0	66.1	959	
North	59.0	68.3	45.0	175	70.1	94.9	67.6	94.0	447	67.0	87.4	61.2	622	
Northeast	81.6	66.2	56.8	315	72.6	92.1	69.7	91.7	890	75.0	85.3	66.4	1,205	
South	77.6	69.0	55.2	240	76.5	96.3	74.3	96.9	497	76.8	87.4	68.1	737	
Selected Provinces														
Central														
Chai Nat	54.4	67.2	36.2	58	57.3	97.9	57.3	97.4	168	56.5	90.0	51.8	226	
Sa Kaeo	73.1	79.1	61.1	48	61.5	96.3	61.1	95.1	175	63.9	92.7	61.1	223	
Ratchaburi	66.1	63.9	51.4	55	87.6	98.4	86.9	98.0	132	81.3	88.2	76.4	187	
Kanchanaburi	69.4	80.2	61.7	45	63.7	96.4	61.6	93.3	105	65.4	91.6	61.7	150	
North														
Mae Hong Son	(65.7)	(94.9)	(60.6)	61	(85.1)	(88.8)	(73.9)	(86.7)	28	71.8	93.0	64.8	88	
Tak	(74.3)	(96.1)	(74.3)	31	(54.2)	(95.5)	(53.0)	(92.0)	42	62.7	95.8	62.1	73	
Northeast														
Buriram	73.6	59.8	48.6	59	83.5	91.6	83.0	91.6	145	80.6	82.4	73.1	205	
Sisaket	(48.9)	(58.9)	(40.1)	23	68.0	91.3	65.5	87.4	172	65.8	87.5	62.6	195	
Yasothon	84.0	86.3	73.8	46	82.0	96.8	80.6	96.2	146	82.5	94.3	79.0	192	
Kalasin	79.7	94.0	75.3	56	75.2	97.2	75.2	97.2	187	76.3	96.4	75.2	243	
Nakhon Phanom	(66.7)	(62.1)	(43.3)	47	67.8	95.3	66.0	97.5	158	67.5	87.7	60.7	206	

#### Table TC.3.7: Infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices (continued)

Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received appropriate liquids and solid, semi-solid, or soft foods the minimum number of times or more during the previous day, by breastfeeding status, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Currently	breastfeeding			Curren	itly not breastfe	eeding		All			
	Percent	of children who	received:		Per	cent of childre	n who received	l:		Percent	of children who	received:	Number
	Minimum dietary diversity <sup>A</sup>	Minimum meal frequency <sup>B</sup>	Minimum acceptable diet <sup>1,C</sup>	Number of children age 6-23 months	Minimum dietary diversity <sup>A</sup>	Minimum meal frequency <sup>B</sup>	Minimum acceptable diet <sup>2,C</sup>	At least 2 milk feeds <sup>3</sup>	Number of children age 6-23 months	Minimum dietary diversity <sup>4,A</sup>	Minimum meal frequency <sup>5,8</sup>	Minimum acceptable diet <sup>c</sup>	of children age 6-23 months
South													
Songkhla	86.4	63.3	53.7	89	68.5	87.6	61.6	92.1	116	76.3	77.1	58.2	205
Satun	89.0	86.6	79.2	55	74.5	95.6	71.0	92.7	78	80.5	91.8	74.4	133
Phatthalung	78.9	67.7	52.8	53	83.8	98.4	83.2	98.4	100	82.1	87.7	72.6	153
Pattani	(83.6)	(87.0)	(73.3)	41	90.3	92.8	86.6	92.8	57	87.5	90.4	81.0	98
Yala	88.1	62.7	55.5	56	(93.4)	(82.9)	(76.3)	(88.9)	30	89.9	69.7	62.7	86
Narathiwat	(81.4)	(42.2)	(41.4)	39	82.6	93.9	80.2	93.9	66	82.1	74.6	65.7	105

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.39a - Minimum acceptable diet (breastfed children)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.39b - Minimum acceptable diet (non-breastfed children)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator TC.40 - Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator TC.41 - Minimum dietary diversity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator TC.42 - Minimum meal frequency

A Minimum dietary diversity is defined as receiving foods from at least 5 of 8 food groups: 1) breastmilk, 2) grains, roots and tubers, 3) legumes and nuts, 4) dairy products (milk, infant formula, yogurt, cheese), 5) flesh foods (meat, fish, poultry and liver/organ meats), 6) eggs, 7) vitamin-A rich fruits and vegetables, and 8) other fruits and vegetables.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Minimum meal frequency among currently breastfeeding children is defined as children who also received solid, semi-solid, or soft foods 2 times or more daily for children age 6-8 months and 3 times or more daily for children age 9-23 months. For non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months it is defined as receiving solid, semi-solid or soft foods, or milk feeds, at least 4 times.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The minimum acceptable diet for breastfed children age 6-23 months is defined as receiving the minimum dietary diversity and the minimum meal frequency, while it for non-breastfed children further requires at least 2 milk feedings and that the minimum dietary diversity is achieved without counting milk feeds.

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Percentage of children age 0-23 r	nonths who were fed with a bottle with a nipple during the pre	evious day, Thailand MICS, 2019
	Percentage of children age 0-23 months fed with a bottle with a nipple <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 0-23 months
hailand	80.7	5,074
Region		
Bangkok	81.8	423
Central	84.3	1,300
North	81.5	775
Northeast	77.8	1,627
South	79.7	949
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	80.3	289
Sa Kaeo	80.8	275
Ratchaburi	79.9	245
Kanchanaburi	74.7	188
North		
Mae Hong Son	64.3	101
Tak	56.0	108
Northeast		
Buriram	81.7	241
Sisaket	78.3	244
Yasothon	84.0	242
Kalasin	83.6	282
Nakhon Phanom	69.9	262
South		
Songkhla	69.9	248
Satun	69.2	169
Phatthalung	84.8	195
Pattani	74.7	129
Yala	72.4	97
Narathiwat	79.4	146

Table TC.4.1: Nutritional status of children

Percentage of children under age 5 by nutritional status according to three anthropometric indices: weight for age, height for age, and weight for height, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Weight fo	or age	_		Height for	r age							
	Underv	weight	-	Nla a u a f	Stur	nted	_	Ni. walaan af	Was	sted	Over	weight		Number of
	Percent	below	Mean	Number of children with	Percent	t below	Mean	Number of children with	Percen	t below	Percer	t above	Mean	children with weight and
	- 2 SD <sup>1</sup>	- 3 SD <sup>2</sup>	Z-Score (SD)	weight and age <sup>A</sup>	- 2 SD <sup>3</sup>	- 3 SD <sup>4</sup>	Z-Score (SD)	height and age <sup>A</sup>	- 2 SD <sup>5</sup>	- 3 SD <sup>6</sup>	+ 2 SD <sup>7</sup>	+ 3 SD <sup>8</sup>	Z-Score (SD)	height <sup>A</sup>
Thailand	7.7	1.6	-0.3	12,559	13.3	4.3	-0.5	12,301	7.7	2.7	9.2	3.5	0.0	12,138
Region														
Bangkok	6.4	2.4	0.0	963	17.0	6.0	-0.6	942	4.5	1.3	17.2	7.1	0.4	918
Central	7.7	0.7	-0.2	3,137	13.4	4.8	-0.4	3,100	9.1	3.2	9.4	3.6	0.0	3,041
North	7.9	1.4	-0.3	2,112	14.5	3.8	-0.5	2,062	8.3	2.7	9.8	3.8	0.0	2,046
Northeast	6.8	1.8	-0.3	4,187	12.0	3.7	-0.5	4,080	7.5	3.0	8.6	3.0	0.0	4,059
South	9.8	2.1	-0.4	2,159	12.9	4.1	-0.6	2,117	6.8	2.1	6.1	2.4	-0.2	2,074
Selected Provinces														
Central														
Chai Nat	7.7	1.0	0.0	750	8.1	1.3	-0.3	742	5.4	1.6	10.9	3.7	0.1	725
Sa Kaeo	8.2	1.0	-0.4	730	7.3	1.3	-0.5	726	5.7	0.8	5.7	1.6	-0.2	715
Ratchaburi	4.6	0.5	-0.2	620	8.3	2.9	-0.5	625	3.2	0.1	8.4	2.0	0.0	613
Kanchanaburi	12.6	3.7	-0.5	441	20.5	7.0	-0.6	433	14.0	8.1	12.9	5.8	-0.2	429
North														
Mae Hong Son	11.8	3.1	-0.6	264	26.5	15.3	-1.2	240	7.8	2.7	12.0	6.9	0.2	247
Tak	13.7	4.9	-0.7	279	16.6	5.9	-0.9	279	6.4	1.9	4.2	0.9	-0.2	278
Northeast														
Buriram	8.0	2.5	-0.2	579	15.7	5.0	-0.6	574	8.1	2.5	11.6	6.3	0.2	559
Sisaket	10.6	2.6	-0.4	638	17.7	9.3	-0.6	629	11.6	6.0	10.9	3.5	-0.1	621
Yasothon	8.8	2.1	-0.1	752	8.6	2.7	-0.3	738	7.8	2.5	9.4	4.9	0.1	729
Kalasin	8.8	0.9	-0.3	745	17.5	7.4	-0.7	735	9.3	1.9	10.2	4.1	0.1	720
Nakhon Phanom	11.5	3.3	-0.7	639	16.7	5.3	-0.8	635	8.6	1.9	5.2	2.1	-0.3	634

Table TC.4.1: Nutritional status of children (continued)

Percentage of children under age 5 by nutritional status according to three anthropometric indices: weight for age, height for age, and weight for height, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Weight fo	or age	_		Height fo	r age			W	eight for heig	ght		
	Under	weight		Nla a u a f	Stu	nted	_	November of	Wa	sted	Over	weight	_	Number of children with
	Percent	t below	Mean	Number of children with	Percen	t below	Mean	Number of children with	Percen	t below	Percen	t above	Mean	weight and
	- 2 SD <sup>1</sup>	- 3 SD <sup>2</sup>	Z-Score (SD)	weight and age <sup>A</sup>	- 2 SD <sup>3</sup>	- 3 SD <sup>4</sup>	Z-Score (SD)	height and age <sup>A</sup>	- 2 SD <sup>5</sup>	- 3 SD <sup>6</sup>	+ 2 SD <sup>7</sup>	+ 3 SD <sup>8</sup>	Z-Score (SD)	height <sup>A</sup>
South														
Songkhla	5.8	0.5	-0.3	505	12.2	3.1	-0.6	488	2.9	0.5	4.4	2.4	-0.1	484
Satun	7.9	0.9	-0.4	407	15.8	5.2	-0.7	396	8.0	2.1	12.4	4.9	0.0	393
Phatthalung	4.8	1.8	-0.3	537	13.6	4.4	-0.7	546	6.5	2.5	10.2	4.7	0.1	531
Pattani	22.6	4.3	-1.1	314	23.2	5.5	-1.2	301	10.4	2.8	2.5	0.7	-0.7	299
Yala	13.4	2.5	0.0	291	23.3	8.4	-0.6	287	7.1	1.0	11.6	5.0	0.1	262
Narathiwat	20.7	4.7	-1.0	283	23.9	9.8	-1.2	277	15.6	7.2	6.0	3.0	-0.5	267

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.44a - Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.44b - Underweight prevalence (severe)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator TC.45a - Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe); SDG indicator 2.2.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator TC.45b - Stunting prevalence (severe)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator TC.46a - Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe); SDG indicator 2.2.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> MICS indicator TC.46b - Wasting prevalence (severe)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> MICS indicator TC.47a - Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe); SDG indicator 2.2.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> MICS indicator TC.47b - Overweight prevalence (severe)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Denominators for weight for age, height for age, and weight for height may be different. Children are excluded from one or more of the anthropometric indicators when their weights and heights have not been measured or are implausible (flagged), or their age is not available, whichever applicable. See Appendix D: Data quality, Tables DQ.2.2-2.4.

**Table TC.5.1: lodised salt consumption** 

Percent distribution of households by consumption of iodizes salt, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Percent of	households w	rith:			
	Percentage		_		Salt test resul	t		Percentage	Number of
	of households			Not	Iodi	sed		of households	households in which salt
	in which salt was tested	Number of households	No salt	iodised 0 ppm	>0 and <15 PPM	15+ ppm <sup>1</sup>	Total	with iodised salt <sup>2</sup>	was tested or with no salt
Thailand	87.3	35,604	10.4	5.0	14.3	70.3	100.0	84.6	34,680
Region									
Bangkok	67.6	5,549	29.1	1.7	9.9	59.4	100.0	69.2	5,287
Central	83.9	10,067	11.9	1.4	10.8	75.9	100.0	86.7	9,584
North	95.6	6,299	3.9	4.6	7.8	83.8	100.0	91.6	6,265
Northeast	95.0	9,141	4.4	11.1	29.6	54.9	100.0	84.5	9,087
South	91.6	4,548	6.6	4.6	5.2	83.7	100.0	88.9	4,457
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	92.7	1,792	6.5	10.6	14.1	68.8	100.0	82.9	1,778
Sa Kaeo	89.7	1,465	8.5	4.2	11.8	75.5	100.0	87.3	1,436
Ratchaburi	84.2	1,672	14.0	2.0	3.2	80.9	100.0	84.0	1,638
Kanchanaburi	90.8	1,441	9.0	3.7	5.8	81.5	100.0	87.3	1,438
North									
Mae Hong Son	96.9	762	2.9	24.7	1.0	71.4	100.0	72.4	760
Tak	95.9	752	3.5	3.6	6.6	86.4	100.0	92.9	748
Northeast									
Buriram	97.0	1,744	0.8	1.0	66.3	31.9	100.0	98.2	1,705
Sisaket	97.1	1,597	2.7	1.6	12.8	82.9	100.0	95.7	1,593
Yasothon	98.9	1,764	1.1	0.7	30.0	68.1	100.0	98.2	1,764
Kalasin	97.5	1,819	1.2	18.2	47.1	33.5	100.0	80.6	1,795
Nakhon Phanom	94.2	1,380	5.6	26.0	42.4	26.0	100.0	68.4	1,378
South									
Songkhla	83.2	1,391	7.7	8.7	4.1	79.5	100.0	83.6	1,254
Satun	97.0	831	2.3	0.0	0.8	96.9	100.0	97.7	825
Phatthalung	96.5	1,506	2.5	1.8	4.0	91.8	100.0	95.8	1,490
Pattani	96.8	773	2.6	16.8	38.6	42.0	100.0	80.6	768
Yala	97.6	787	2.2	2.4	5.3	90.2	100.0	95.4	786
Narathiwat	96.7	761	3.1	6.1	5.2	85.7	100.0	90.9	759

<sup>1</sup> TH indicator TC.S4 - Minimum iodised salt consumption

<sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.48 - Iodised salt consumption

Table TC.5.2: lodised salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)

Percent distribution of households by consumption of iodizes salt, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Percen	t of household	s with:	_		
	Percentage			Salt test result		_	Percentage	Nli
	of households		Not	Iodis	ed	_	of households	Number of households
	in which salt was tested	Number of households	iodised 0 ppm	>0 and <15 PPM	15+ ppm <sup>1</sup>	Total	with iodised salt <sup>2</sup>	in which salt was tested
	was testeu	nousenolus	о ррпі	\13111VI	ррпп	Total	Sait	was tested
Thailand	87.3	35,604	5.6	16.0	78.5	100.0	94.4	31,069
Region								
Bangkok	67.6	5,549	2.4	13.9	83.7	100.0	97.6	3,750
Central	83.9	10,067	1.6	12.2	86.1	100.0	98.4	8,445
North	95.6	6,299	4.8	8.1	87.1	100.0	95.2	6,023
Northeast	95.0	9,141	11.6	30.9	57.4	100.0	88.4	8,686
South	91.6	4,548	4.9	5.5	89.6	100.0	95.1	4,165
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	92.7	1,792	11.3	15.1	73.6	100.0	88.7	1,662
Sa Kaeo	89.7	1,465	4.5	12.9	82.5	100.0	95.5	1,314
Ratchaburi	84.2	1,672	2.3	3.7	94.1	100.0	97.7	1,408
Kanchanaburi	90.8	1,441	4.1	6.4	89.5	100.0	95.9	1,309
North								
Mae Hong Son	96.9	762	25.4	1.0	73.5	100.0	74.6	739
Tak	95.9	752	3.7	6.8	89.5	100.0	96.3	721
Northeast								
Buriram	97.0	1,744	1.0	66.8	32.2	100.0	99.0	1,692
Sisaket	97.1	1,597	1.6	13.2	85.2	100.0	98.4	1,550
Yasothon	98.9	1,764	0.7	30.4	68.9	100.0	99.3	1,744
Kalasin	97.5	1,819	18.4	47.6	34.0	100.0	81.6	1,773
Nakhon Phanom	94.2	1,380	27.6	44.9	27.5	100.0	72.4	1,300
South								
Songkhla	83.2	1,391	9.4	4.4	86.2	100.0	90.6	1,157
Satun	97.0	831	0.0	0.8	99.2	100.0	100.0	806
Phatthalung	96.5	1,506	1.8	4.1	94.1	100.0	98.2	1,454
Pattani	96.8	773	17.2	39.6	43.2	100.0	82.8	749
Yala	97.6	787	2.4	5.4	92.2	100.0	97.6	768
Narathiwat	96.7	761	6.2	5.3	88.4	100.0	93.8	736

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,{\rm TH}$  indicator TC.S5 - Minimum iodised salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> TH indicator TC.S6 - Iodised salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)

**Table TC.6.1: Support for learning** 

Percentage of children age 2-4 years with whom adult household members engaged in activities that promote learning and school readiness during the last three days, and engagement in such activities by fathers and mothers, Thailand MICS, 2019

					ntage of living with					
	Adul	t household memb	ers	tl	neir:	Father		Mother		_
	Percentage of children with whom adult household members have engaged in four or more activities <sup>1</sup>	Mean number of activities with adult household members	Percentage of children with whom no adult household member have engaged in any activity	Father	Mother	Percentage of children with whom fathers have engaged in four or more activities <sup>2</sup>	Mean number of activities with fathers	Percentage of children with whom mothers have engaged in four or more activities <sup>3</sup>	Mean number of activities with mothers	Number of children age 2-4 years
Thailand	92.3	5.4	0.7	56.0	71.2	33.9	2.2	62.2	3.6	8,639
Region										
Bangkok	98.3	5.7	0.0	73.4	80.0	59.9	3.5	77.7	4.5	780
Central	92.6	5.4	0.5	69.6	85.4	40.5	2.7	73.6	4.3	2,169
North	88.3	5.2	1.3	52.3	68.5	30.0	2.0	58.1	3.4	1,415
Northeast	93.9	5.4	0.3	37.0	54.0	22.2	1.5	48.8	2.8	2,868
South	89.4	5.2	1.3	67.9	82.4	37.4	2.6	67.4	4.0	1,408
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	84.6	4.8	1.3	50.0	66.5	21.3	1.6	48.7	2.9	506
Sa Kaeo	75.6	4.5	0.4	45.1	57.7	10.8	1.1	33.7	2.2	462
Ratchaburi	92.2	5.4	0.4	65.4	79.1	45.2	2.8	64.6	3.9	479
Kanchanaburi	90.8	5.4	0.0	55.0	76.3	27.7	1.9	67.9	4.0	315
North										
Mae Hong Son	82.2	4.9	1.6	65.9	83.8	43.9	2.7	62.4	3.9	168
Tak	86.6	5.1	1.7	54.2	72.2	33.0	2.2	59.1	3.5	173
Northeast										
Buriram	89.1	5.6	0.4	28.8	46.5	17.1	1.2	37.9	2.3	355
Sisaket	92.8	5.4	0.3	34.8	48.7	14.3	1.1	42.6	2.5	411
Yasothon	98.5	5.7	0.0	38.5	51.9	32.4	1.9	49.8	2.9	516
Kalasin	93.4	5.6	0.2	34.5	49.9	23.6	1.5	44.6	2.7	481
Nakhon Phanom	82.9	4.9	0.1	44.3	57.3	21.8	1.5	43.7	2.7	389

### **Table TC.6.1: Support for learning (continued)**

Percentage of children age 2-4 years with whom adult household members engaged in activities that promote learning and school readiness during the last three days, and engagement in such activities by fathers and mothers, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Adul	It household memb	oers	children	ntage or living with neir:	Father		Mothe	r	
	Percentage of children with whom adult household members have engaged in four or more activities <sup>1</sup>	Mean number of activities with adult household members	Percentage of children with whom no adult household member have engaged in any activity	Father	Mother	Percentage of children with whom fathers have engaged in four or more activities <sup>2</sup>	Mean number of activities with fathers	Percentage of children with whom mothers have engaged in four or more activities <sup>3</sup>	Mean number of activities with mothers	Number of children age 2-4 years
South										
Songkhla	93.2	5.4	0.1	64.3	87.8	34.6	2.5	73.4	4.3	345
Satun	79.3	4.9	1.1	73.0	90.2	31.0	2.4	63.6	4.1	249
Phatthalung	92.3	5.5	0.1	65.6	75.7	32.2	2.3	67.7	4.0	360
Pattani	91.4	5.5	1.9	66.4	86.8	41.9	2.8	74.7	4.5	223
Yala	99.6	6.0	0.4	83.9	92.6	62.9	3.9	91.7	5.4	204
Narathiwat	92.8	5.6	0.0	79.2	91.3	36.6	2.8	80.4	4.8	208

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.49a - Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS Indicator TC.49b - Early stimulation and responsive care by father

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS Indicator TC.49c - Early stimulation and responsive care by mother

Table TC.6.2: Learning materials

Percentage of children under age 5 by the number of children's books present in the household, and by the type and number of playthings that child plays with, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of c households that h			Percentage of o	children who play with:		
	3 or more children's books <sup>1</sup>	10 or more children's books	Homemade toys	Toys from a shop/manufactured toys	Household objects/objects found outside	Two or more types of playthings <sup>2</sup>	Number of children
Thailand	33.9	8.9	55.9	89.9	73.0	79.8	13,689
Region							
Bangkok	56.4	24.7	57.6	88.9	68.3	73.5	1,200
Central	42.4	9.2	52.5	89.1	69.6	78.9	3,461
North	35.9	9.8	61.4	91.9	75.5	83.0	2,189
Northeast	22.8	5.0	58.3	89.7	74.3	79.6	4,483
South	29.2	7.0	50.6	90.1	75.7	81.9	2,355
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	32.1	14.3	29.0	92.0	79.7	81.3	792
Sa Kaeo	16.6	4.8	18.8	91.9	80.8	80.2	735
Ratchaburi	41.2	10.6	57.4	88.1	78.6	82.9	723
Kanchanaburi	25.0	6.3	54.8	92.6	80.8	84.1	500
North							
Mae Hong Son	24.3	6.0	89.7	87.7	70.4	86.8	268
Tak	24.6	7.6	54.6	91.2	86.1	86.5	281
Northeast							
Buriram	19.7	0.0	65.8	86.9	63.0	71.0	591
Sisaket	8.9	1.3	73.6	92.8	85.1	90.1	649
Yasothon	28.1	1.7	50.8	94.1	80.2	86.3	757
Kalasin	17.2	4.5	48.2	95.6	73.5	76.6	758
Nakhon Phanom	19.1	5.5	58.4	91.7	74.8	80.8	650
South							
Songkhla	26.5	11.2	46.1	90.6	79.8	82.4	591
Satun	21.8	4.8	21.6	88.9	75.2	75.9	418
Phatthalung	28.4	6.8	55.8	93.0	79.4	85.9	555
Pattani	13.9	2.6	57.9	91.4	82.0	84.1	350
Yala	23.3	0.2	96.0	94.3	71.7	95.0	300
Narathiwat	3.3	0.4	76.2	75.4	61.1	72.8	354

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator TC.50 - Availability of children's books

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator TC.51 - Availability of playthings

Percentage of children u	nder age 5 who	play with electr	onic device	es by ave	erage ho	urs per	day, Thailand	MICS, 2019	
	Percentage of children who play with	Number	Play	time wit	th electr	onic dev	vices (hrs.)	Percent playing with electronic devices on average for three	Number of children playing with
	electronic devices <sup>1</sup>	of children	< 1	1-2	3-4	<u>&gt;</u> 5	DK/ Missing	hours or more per day <sup>2</sup>	electronic devices
Thailand	52.8	13,689	49.7	41.2	6.7	1.6	0.8	8.3	7,225
Region									
Bangkok	55.9	1,200	47.7	36.9	12.4	1.6	1.3	14.1	671
Central	55.1	3,461	47.7	44.3	6.8	0.6	0.5	7.4	1,909
North	51.5	2,189	44.3	46.5	7.9	0.9	0.4	8.8	1,128
Northeast	51.5	4,483	52.7	37.8	5.7	3.1	0.7	8.8	2,311
South	51.2	2,355	53.4	40.0	3.9	1.3	1.4	5.2	1,206
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	56.9	792	44.9	46.5	7.8	0.8	0.0	8.6	450
Sa Kaeo	51.9	735	58.0	36.7	2.6	2.4	0.4	5.0	381
Ratchaburi	49.6	723	19.2	69.5	10.4	0.8	0.0	11.2	359
Kanchanaburi	46.5	500	54.2	28.2	11.5	6.0	0.0	17.6	233
North									
Mae Hong Son	31.8	268	54.6	44.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	85
Tak	55.5	281	54.3	43.0	2.4	0.4	0.0	2.8	156
Northeast									
Buriram	20.6	591	35.4	51.4	5.6	2.8	4.7	8.4	122
Sisaket	37.3	649	79.4	11.7	0.8	0.3	7.9	1.0	242
Yasothon	36.0	757	73.0	24.8	1.3	0.9	0.0	2.2	273
Kalasin	52.4	758	76.5	21.4	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	397
Nakhon Phanom	41.2	650	54.7	41.7	2.4	1.2	0.0	3.5	268
South									
Songkhla	46.2	591	55.7	33.7	2.2	0.2	8.2	2.4	273
Satun	54.9	418	68.8	28.7	1.6	0.9	0.0	2.5	229
Phatthalung	51.8	555	64.0	29.2	5.2	0.6	1.0	5.8	287
Pattani	46.4	350	58.7	33.6	6.8	0.8	0.0	7.7	162
Yala	43.4	300	97.9	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	130
Narathiwat	15.6	354	2.9	90.2	2.9	0.0	3.9	2.9	55

<sup>2</sup> TH indicator TC.S8 - Playtime with electronic devices

### **Table TC.6.4: Inadequate supervision**

Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once during the past week, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of children:		
	Left alone in the past week	Left under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age in the past week	Left with inadequate supervision in the past week <sup>1</sup>	Number of children
Гhailand	2.3	3.4	4.5	13,689
Region				
Bangkok	2.2	2.4	3.4	1,200
Central	3.0	4.2	5.2	3,461
North	1.3	2.4	3.5	2,189
Northeast	2.4	2.8	4.0	4,483
South	2.1	5.0	6.1	2,355
Selected Provinces				
Central				
Chai Nat	0.9	1.1	1.8	792
Sa Kaeo	1.0	4.2	4.7	735
Ratchaburi	1.4	7.2	7.9	723
Kanchanaburi	3.9	3.0	6.0	500
North				
Mae Hong Son	0.8	2.6	3.1	268
Tak	0.5	1.4	1.6	281
Northeast				
Buriram	10.0	9.6	13.6	591
Sisaket	0.3	1.0	1.1	649
Yasothon	0.4	1.0	1.2	757
Kalasin	2.5	3.0	4.7	758
Nakhon Phanom	1.6	4.7	5.6	650
South				
Songkhla	2.6	5.6	7.1	591
Satun	2.2	4.3	5.8	418
Phatthalung	2.2	3.1	4.0	555
Pattani	1.4	3.6	4.5	350
Yala	7.8	10.9	14.5	300
Narathiwat	3.7	3.6	4.7	354

## Table TC.7.1: Early child development index

Percentage of children age 3-4 years who are developmentally on track in literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning domains, and the early child development index score, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of	children age 3-4 on track for ind	Fault altild			
	Literacy- numeracy	Physical	Social- Emotional	Learning	Early child development index score <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 3-4 years
Thailand	60.9	99.1	84.8	99.0	92.9	5,863
Region						
Bangkok	83.9	100.0	83.6	98.6	94.8	480
Central	65.9	98.8	90.5	99.2	95.4	1,429
North	67.0	99.8	84.5	99.7	94.7	969
Northeast	46.1	98.7	83.4	99.2	89.7	1,960
South	65.7	99.2	80.4	98.2	92.8	1,025
Selected Provinces						
Central						
Chai Nat	59.5	98.0	75.7	99.8	88.9	329
Sa Kaeo	57.0	98.7	80.3	99.4	89.1	308
Ratchaburi	68.3	98.5	88.3	99.4	95.5	344
Kanchanaburi	72.9	99.6	86.3	99.5	95.8	199
North						
Mae Hong Son	45.1	98.9	81.4	98.9	83.6	116
Tak	51.1	98.7	80.1	98.7	90.3	122
Northeast						
Buriram	80.1	97.3	89.7	95.6	94.8	219
Sisaket	43.2	99.2	79.7	98.3	88.6	264
Yasothon	79.7	99.6	83.4	99.6	95.8	337
Kalasin	71.4	99.6	89.1	99.6	94.6	315
Nakhon Phanom	49.1	99.6	79.9	99.8	90.5	258
South						
Songkhla	66.4	99.5	73.6	99.5	94.2	235
Satun	66.1	96.7	75.9	98.9	86.4	148
Phatthalung	74.5	99.9	90.5	99.2	97.7	244
Pattani	44.3	97.4	90.7	100.0	93.7	151
Yala	88.8	97.7	87.7	97.0	97.0	144
Narathiwat	33.1	99.3	94.8	87.9	86.1	152

# A4. LEARN

Percentage of children age 36-59 m	onths who are attending early childhood education, Thailand MIC	S, 2019
	Percentage of children age 36-59 months attending early childhood education <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 36-59 months
Thailand	86.3	5,863
Region		
Bangkok	71.2	480
Central	81.1	1,429
North	85.3	969
Northeast	92.4	1,960
South	89.6	1,025
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	96.4	329
Sa Kaeo	92.3	308
Ratchaburi	90.0	344
Kanchanaburi	83.5	199
North		
Mae Hong Son	81.9	116
Tak	83.8	122
Northeast		
Buriram	59.8	219
Sisaket	87.3	264
Yasothon	96.2	337
Kalasin	97.2	315
Nakhon Phanom	95.5	258
South		
Songkhla	85.6	235
Satun	94.4	148
Phatthalung	93.7	244
Pattani	89.8	151
Yala	73.7	144
Narathiwat	80.8	152

### Table LN.1.2: Participation rate in organised learning

Percent distribution of children age one year younger than the official primary school entry age at the beginning of the school year, by attendance to education, and attendance to an early childhood education programme or primary education (adjusted net attendance ratio), Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percent of c	:hildren:	-		
	Attending an early childhood education programme	Attending primary education	Not attending an early childhood education programme or primary education	Total	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 5 years at the beginning of the school year <sup>A</sup>
Thailand	94.8	3.6	1.5	100.0	98.5	1,155
Region						
Bangkok	89.1	10.2	0.6	100.0	99.4	118
Central	98.1	1.3	0.7	100.0	99.3	234
North	90.5	8.2	1.3	100.0	98.7	203
Northeast	97.5	1.4	1.1	100.0	98.9	382
South	93.9	2.3	3.8	100.0	96.2	218
Selected Provinces						
Central						
Chai Nat	96.3	0.6	3.1	100.0	96.9	56
Sa Kaeo	98.4	1.6	0.0	100.0	100.0	69
Ratchaburi	98.9	0.7	0.4	100.0	99.6	71
Kanchanaburi	98.1	0.7	1.2	100.0	98.8	53
North						
Mae Hong Son	97.2	1.0	1.8	100.0	(98.2)	28
Tak	91.7	6.8	1.5	100.0	98.5	37
Northeast						
Buriram	94.6	2.7	2.7	100.0	97.3	65
Sisaket	94.5	5.5	0.0	100.0	100.0	82
Yasothon	92.3	2.9	4.7	100.0	95.3	75
Kalasin	98.5	1.5	0.0	100.0	100.0	74
Nakhon Phanom	93.0	5.4	1.5	100.0	98.5	67
South						
Songkhla	94.7	4.9	0.4	100.0	99.6	81
Satun	99.6	0.0	0.4	100.0	99.6	62
Phatthalung	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	52
Pattani	96.7	1.1	2.1	100.0	97.9	68
Yala	85.0	15.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	31
Narathiwat	91.5	5.5	3.0	100.0	97.0	56

 $<sup>^{1}\,\</sup>mathrm{MICS}$  indicator LN.2- Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted); SDG indicator 4.2.2

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  Age at the beginning of the school year refers to age at May, 2019

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

### **Table LN.2.1: School readiness**

Percentage of children attending first grade of primary school who attended pre-school the previous year, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of children attending first grade who attended preschool in previous year <sup>1</sup>	Number of children attending first grade of primary school
Thailand	98.5	1,220
Region		
Bangkok	100.0	88
Central	98.9	321
North	94.7	224
Northeast	99.4	355
South	99.6	232
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	100.0	63
Sa Kaeo	100.0	81
Ratchaburi	98.9	65
Kanchanaburi	98.5	59
North		
Mae Hong Son	(100.0)	22
Tak	(100.0)	32
Northeast		
Buriram	99.6	57
Sisaket	100.0	80
Yasothon	100.0	80
Kalasin	100.0	76
Nakhon Phanom	100.0	71
South		
Songkhla	100.0	44
Satun	100.0	37
Phatthalung	93.1	56
Pattani	100.0	66
Yala	100.0	43
Narathiwat	99.1	70

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.3 - School readiness

( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

### **Table LN.2.2: Primary school entry**

Percentage of children of primary school entry age entering grade 1 (net intake rate), Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of children of primary school entry age entering grade 1 <sup>1</sup>	Number of children of primary school entry age <sup>A</sup>
Thailand	78.4	1,160
Region		
Bangkok	80.2	85
Central	81.8	301
North	83.2	215
Northeast	72.0	350
South	78.7	210
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	89.9	62
Sa Kaeo	89.7	73
Ratchaburi	94.0	62
Kanchanaburi	85.5	53
North		
Mae Hong Son	(52.0)	24
Tak	(64.3)	29
Northeast		
Buriram	64.7	63
Sisaket	74.8	79
Yasothon	69.7	70
Kalasin	60.8	88
Nakhon Phanom	80.3	67
South		
Songkhla	73.9	45
Satun	78.1	30
Phatthalung	46.9	74
Pattani	76.6	69
Yala	74.5	42
Narathiwat	81.4	60

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.4 - Net intake rate in primary education

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Children age 6 years at May, 2019

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table LN.2.3: Primary school attendance and out of school children

Percentage of children of primary school age attending primary or secondary school (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending early childhood education, and percentage out of school by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Ma			Fe	emale			1	Гotal		
		Percer		Number of		Percei		Number of			ntage	Number of
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending early childhood education	Out of school <sup>A</sup>	children of primary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending early childhood education	Out of school <sup>A</sup>	children of primary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)¹	Attending early childhood education	Out of school <sup>2,A</sup>	children of primary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>
Thailand	95.6	3.4	0.9	4,027	95.3	3.7	1.1	3,621	95.5	3.5	1.0	7,648
Region												
Bangkok	96.8	2.0	0.8	364	95.0	3.3	1.7	337	95.9	2.6	1.3	701
Central	93.6	4.6	1.8	1,056	96.3	2.7	1.0	957	94.9	3.7	1.4	2,013
North	97.1	2.2	0.7	698	95.1	3.0	1.9	616	96.2	2.5	1.3	1,314
Northeast	96.1	3.6	0.3	1,246	94.0	5.2	0.8	1,074	95.1	4.3	0.6	2,319
South	95.8	3.1	1.1	664	96.1	3.4	0.4	637	96.0	3.3	0.8	1,301
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	96.6	2.1	1.3	198	98.7	0.1	1.2	176	97.6	1.2	1.3	374
Sa Kaeo	96.8	1.9	1.3	221	97.8	1.4	0.8	274	97.4	1.6	1.0	496
Ratchaburi	99.3	0.0	0.7	191	96.0	1.5	2.6	178	97.7	0.7	1.6	370
Kanchanaburi	93.9	4.2	1.9	215	98.1	0.4	1.4	142	95.6	2.7	1.7	357
North												
Mae Hong Son	91.6	8.4	0.0	65	88.8	11.2	0.0	55	90.3	9.7	0.0	120
Tak	93.0	3.5	2.4	123	95.0	3.8	1.2	91	93.8	3.6	1.9	214
Northeast												
Buriram	94.0	4.6	1.4	225	95.3	3.9	0.7	259	94.7	4.2	1.0	485
Sisaket	94.8	5.2	0.0	234	95.2	3.7	1.1	208	95.0	4.5	0.5	441
Yasothon	95.9	3.3	0.8	222	92.3	6.0	1.7	202	94.2	4.6	1.2	425
Kalasin	89.6	9.0	1.5	245	94.1	5.1	0.8	237	91.8	7.1	1.1	482
Nakhon Phanom	95.8	4.0	0.2	196	95.8	2.7	1.5	193	95.8	3.4	0.8	390

#### Table LN.2.3: Primary school attendance and out of school children (continued)

Percentage of children of primary school age attending primary or secondary school (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending early childhood education, and percentage out of school by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Ma	ale			Fe	male			1	otal	
		Percer	ntage			Percer	ntage			Perce	ntage	
		of chile	dren:	_ Number of		of chil	dren:	Number of		of chil	dren:	Number of
				children of				children of				children of
	Net	Attending		primary	Net	Attending		primary school	Net	Attending		primary school
	attendance	early		school age at	attendance	early		age at	attendance	early		age at
	ratio	childhood	Out of	beginning of	ratio	childhood	Out of	beginning of	ratio	childhood	Out of	beginning of
	(adjusted)	education	school <sup>A</sup>	school year <sup>B</sup>	(adjusted)	education	school <sup>A</sup>	school year <sup>B</sup>	(adjusted) <sup>1</sup>	education	school <sup>2,A</sup>	school year <sup>B</sup>
South												
Songkhla	91.4	2.4	6.2	170	93.6	5.2	1.3	131	92.3	3.6	4.1	301
Satun	97.0	3.0	0.0	161	97.8	1.2	1.0	154	97.4	2.1	0.5	315
Phatthalung	87.3	10.8	1.9	179	90.2	9.6	0.2	196	88.8	10.1	1.0	375
Pattani	94.9	4.9	0.2	200	96.3	3.7	0.0	181	95.6	4.3	0.1	381
Yala	93.5	5.2	1.2	122	96.2	3.8	0.0	116	94.8	4.5	0.6	238
Narathiwat	96.0	3.1	0.8	180	96.8	3.2	0.0	172	96.4	3.2	0.4	352

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.5a - Primary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.6a - Out-of-school rate for children of primary school age

<sup>^</sup>The percentage of children of primary school age out of school are those not attending early childhood education, primary or lower secondary education

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Age at the beginning of the school year refers to age at May, 2019

Table LN.2.4: Lower secondary school attendance and out of school adolescents

Percentage of children of lower secondary school age attending secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending primary school, and percentage out of school by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

					F	emale				Total		
	Net	Percent child		Number of children of lower	Net	Percent child		Number of children of lower	Net	Percent child		Number of children of lower
	attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>A</sup>	secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>A</sup>	secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	attendance ratio (adjusted) <sup>1</sup>	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>2,A</sup>	secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>
Thailand	83.3	10.6	5.1	1,982	89.7	8.5	1.6	2,002	86.5	9.6	3.4	3,985
Region												
Bangkok	93.1	5.7	1.2	209	93.1	5.1	1.1	212	93.1	5.4	1.2	421
Central	87.9	6.9	4.1	540	90.2	8.0	1.8	579	89.1	7.5	2.9	1,119
North	85.3	10.1	3.9	278	89.7	8.8	0.6	310	87.6	9.4	2.2	588
Northeast	81.9	11.7	4.7	666	90.0	7.8	2.2	607	85.8	9.8	3.5	1,273
South	69.1	18.8	12.1	289	85.3	13.4	1.3	295	77.3	16.0	6.7	583
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	84.7	9.3	6.0	106	88.6	2.4	9.0	90	86.5	6.1	7.4	196
Sa Kaeo	91.9	4.8	3.3	119	87.8	5.7	6.5	100	90.1	5.2	4.7	219
Ratchaburi	88.0	6.3	5.7	107	93.7	5.9	0.4	118	91.0	6.1	2.9	225
Kanchanaburi	73.9	15.6	10.6	110	92.5	5.2	2.2	109	83.2	10.4	6.4	219
North												
Mae Hong Son	(87.0)	(9.1)	(3.9)	42	(76.4)	(23.6)	(0.0)	45	81.6	16.5	1.9	87
Tak	60.5	27.6	11.6	51	86.0	11.4	2.7	57	74.0	19.0	6.9	108
Northeast												
Buriram	75.6	21.9	2.5	130	84.0	15.8	0.2	99	79.2	19.2	1.5	229
Sisaket	84.5	14.8	0.7	106	89.0	9.1	1.9	88	86.5	12.2	1.2	193
Yasothon	90.1	9.9	0.0	92	91.8	6.8	1.3	99	91.0	8.3	0.7	191
Kalasin	79.3	15.1	5.6	112	87.5	12.5	0.0	122	83.6	13.7	2.7	234
Nakhon Phanom	75.5	13.6	10.5	120	86.0	13.6	0.4	109	80.5	13.6	5.7	229

#### Table LN.2.4: Lower secondary school attendance and out of school adolescents (continued)

Percentage of children of lower secondary school age attending secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending primary school, and percentage out of school by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Male			F	emale				Total	
		Percent child	-	Number of	-	Percent childi	Ū	Number of		Percent child	•	Number of
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>A</sup>	children of lower secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>A</sup>	children of lower secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) <sup>1</sup>	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>2,A</sup>	children of lower secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>
South												
Songkhla	80.5	10.9	8.4	101	73.1	24.1	2.8	94	76.9	17.3	5.7	195
Satun	70.0	23.4	6.6	58	80.9	15.2	3.9	72	76.0	18.8	5.1	130
Phatthalung	77.8	12.2	10.0	74	78.4	19.3	2.2	87	78.1	16.1	5.8	161
Pattani	79.0	13.7	7.3	67	85.8	10.6	3.6	65	82.3	12.2	5.5	131
Yala	70.5	28.7	0.8	47	71.3	22.9	5.7	50	70.9	25.7	3.3	97
Narathiwat	73.0	11.4	15.5	63	75.8	23.1	0.5	62	74.4	17.2	8.0	125

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.5b - Lower secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.6b - Out-of-school rate for adolescents of lower secondary school age

<sup>^</sup>The percentage of children of lower secondary school age out of school are those who are not attending primary, secondary or higher education

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Age at the beginning of the school year refers to age at May, 2019

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table LN.2.5: Age for grade

Percent distribution of children attending primary and lower secondary school who are underage, at official age and overage by 1 and by 2 or more years for grade, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Primary school					Lov	ver secondary schoo	l	
	Pero	ent of childre	en by grade o	f attendance:		Number of	Pero	ent of childre	en by grade o	f attendance:		Number of children
	Under-	At official	Over-age	Over-age by 2 or		children attending	Under-	At official	Over-age	Over-age by 2 or		attending lower
	age	age	by 1 year	more years <sup>1</sup>	Total	primary school <sup>A</sup>	age	age	by 1 year	more years <sup>2</sup>	Total	secondary school <sup>A</sup>
Thailand	0.7	94.3	4.7	0.3	100.0	7,689	1.2	86.3	8.8	3.7	100.0	3,963
Region												
Bangkok	1.7	95.0	2.7	0.5	100.0	694	2.8	83.9	12.3	1.0	100.0	467
Central	0.7	95.1	4.0	0.2	100.0	2,000	0.8	89.5	4.4	5.3	100.0	1,110
North	1.3	94.5	3.4	0.8	100.0	1,324	2.1	87.1	8.8	2.0	100.0	584
Northeast	0.3	94.3	5.3	0.1	100.0	2,329	0.8	85.7	9.7	3.8	100.0	1,259
South	0.4	92.5	6.7	0.3	100.0	1,342	0.3	82.5	12.5	4.7	100.0	543
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	0.2	96.6	3.1	0.1	100.0	377	0.3	91.7	4.9	3.1	100.0	181
Sa Kaeo	0.3	97.1	1.7	1.0	100.0	495	1.0	92.3	2.1	4.6	100.0	210
Ratchaburi	0.1	96.2	3.7	0.0	100.0	372	1.2	86.9	6.6	5.3	100.0	233
Kanchanaburi	0.1	93.6	5.6	0.7	100.0	362	1.1	91.4	3.8	3.7	100.0	200
North												
Mae Hong Son	0.2	86.5	8.3	4.9	100.0	122	2.7	79.1	9.8	8.4	100.0	87
Tak	1.1	89.7	5.6	3.6	100.0	224	0.0	83.9	11.1	4.9	100.0	95
Northeast												
Buriram	0.3	90.9	8.7	0.1	100.0	504	0.3	90.7	7.9	1.1	100.0	199
Sisaket	1.0	93.6	5.0	0.4	100.0	443	1.5	86.7	11.8	0.0	100.0	192
Yasothon	0.5	95.7	3.8	0.0	100.0	416	1.0	82.2	15.7	1.1	100.0	210
Kalasin	0.3	92.9	6.8	0.1	100.0	476	0.2	83.4	14.5	1.9	100.0	232
Nakhon Phanom	0.9	91.4	6.7	1.0	100.0	406	0.7	88.8	7.3	3.3	100.0	205
South												
Songkhla	1.3	87.7	10.2	0.8	100.0	317	0.1	85.7	8.8	5.4	100.0	175
Satun	0.0	92.5	6.6	1.0	100.0	332	0.0	79.0	14.7	6.4	100.0	125
Phatthalung	0.0	92.7	6.6	0.7	100.0	359	0.7	79.5	16.4	3.4	100.0	156
Pattani	0.2	95.2	3.1	1.5	100.0	380	1.5	72.2	19.4	6.8	100.0	150
Yala	2.2	88.1	9.7	0.0	100.0	256	0.0	68.4	30.2	1.3	100.0	100
Narathiwat	0.9	93.2	5.6	0.4	100.0	361	1.8	80.4	11.6	6.2	100.0	109

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.10a - Over-age for grade (Primary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.10b - Over-age for grade (Lower secondary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Children's age at the beginning of the school year (May, 2019)

Table LN.2.6: Upper secondary school attendance and out of school youth

Percentage of children of upper secondary school age attending upper secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending lower secondary school, and percentage out of school by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Male							Female					Total		
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending lower secondary school	Attending primary school		Number of children of upper secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>8</sup>	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending		Out of	Number of children of upper secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>B</sup>	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) <sup>1</sup>	Attending	Attending primary school	Out of school <sup>2,A</sup>	Number of children of upper secondary school age at beginning of school year <sup>8</sup>
Thailand	62.3	12.9	0.2	24.6	1,676	76.5	12.5	0.0	11.0	1,731	69.5	12.7	0.1	17.7	3,407
Region															
Bangkok	69.2	14.5	0.0	16.3	221	75.5	14.2	0.0	10.2	209	72.3	14.3	0.0	13.4	430
Central	68.4	8.7	0.0	22.8	444	77.5	10.3	0.0	12.2	466	73.1	9.5	0.0	17.4	910
North	67.3	12.6	0.1	20.0	302	82.2	8.7	0.0	9.1	254	74.1	10.8	0.0	15.0	556
Northeast	57.7	14.7	0.4	27.2	465	79.2	13.4	0.0	7.3	544	69.3	14.0	0.2	16.5	1,009
South	47.6	16.0	0.3	36.1	244	64.5	16.7	0.0	18.8	259	56.3	16.3	0.2	27.2	503
Selected Provinces															
Central															
Chai Nat	59.2	9.7	0.0	31.1	72	78.7	7.7	0.2	13.4	85	69.8	8.6	0.1	21.5	157
Sa Kaeo	68.8	9.1	0.0	20.0	87	85.8	4.9	0.0	9.3	87	77.3	7.0	0.0	14.6	173
Ratchaburi	58.0	13.5	0.0	28.4	109	86.2	5.4	0.0	8.4	93	71.0	9.8	0.0	19.2	202
Kanchanaburi	64.2	9.8	0.0	26.0	96	73.9	4.7	0.0	21.4	88	68.8	7.4	0.0	23.8	184
North															
Mae Hong Son	(52.8)	(17.2)	(4.1)	(26.0)	44	(67.1)	(24.8)	(0.0)	(8.2)	34	59.0	20.4	2.3	18.3	78
Tak	(53.0)	(16.3)	(0.0)	(30.7)	43	63.3	14.9	0.0	21.5	55	58.8	15.5	0.0	25.5	99
Northeast															
Buriram	50.7	13.5	0.0	35.8	81	65.5	8.8	0.0	25.7	76	57.9	11.2	0.0	30.9	157
Sisaket	65.8	13.7	0.0	20.4	79	82.2	12.0	0.0	5.9	98	74.9	12.8	0.0	12.4	177
Yasothon	70.6	21.3	0.0	8.1	90	74.4	17.0	0.0	8.6	83	72.4	19.3	0.0	8.3	173
Kalasin	65.3	18.8	0.0	15.9	85	75.9	17.1	0.3	6.7	115	71.4	17.8	0.2	10.6	200
Nakhon Phanom	66.7	14.0	0.0	19.0	106	86.5	6.6	0.0	6.9	91	75.9	10.6	0.0	13.4	197

### Table LN.2.6: Upper secondary school attendance and out of school youth (continued)

Percentage of children of upper secondary school age attending upper secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending lower secondary school, and percentage out of school by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Male					Female					Total		
		Percent	age of child	lren:	Number		Percent	age of chil	dren:	Number		Percen	tage of chil	ldren:	Number
					of children of upper					of children of upper					of children of upper
	Net	Attending			secondary	Net	Attending			secondary	Net	Attending			secondary
	attendance	lower	Attending		school age at	attendance	lower	Attending		school age at	attendance	lower	Attending		school age at
	ratio	secondary	primary	Out of	beginning of	ratio	secondary	primary	Out of	beginning of	ratio	secondary	primary	Out of	beginning of
	(adjusted)	school	school	school <sup>A</sup>	school year <sup>B</sup>	(adjusted)	school	school	school <sup>A</sup>	school year <sup>B</sup>	(adjusted) <sup>1</sup>	school	school	school <sup>2,A</sup>	school year <sup>B</sup>
South															
Songkhla	48.0	23.3	1.5	27.2	76	76.6	6.8	0.0	16.6	68	61.6	15.5	0.8	22.1	144
Satun	60.5	14.6	0.0	24.8	97	(79.6)	(15.7)	(0.9)	(3.8)	57	67.6	15.0	0.3	17.0	155
Phatthalung	65.3	18.4	0.0	16.2	66	68.1	22.8	0.0	9.1	74	66.8	20.8	0.0	12.5	140
Pattani	47.0	18.1	0.9	34.0	70	70.2	20.3	0.0	9.6	107	61.0	19.4	0.3	19.2	177
Yala	68.7	22.3	0.0	8.9	62	68.2	29.4	0.0	2.3	61	68.5	25.9	0.0	5.7	123
Narathiwat	44.8	15.8	0.0	39.5	81	58.8	10.3	0.0	30.9	65	51.0	13.4	0.0	35.7	146

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.5c - Upper secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.6c - Out-of-school rate for youth of upper secondary school age

AThe percentage of children of upper secondary school age out of school are those who are not attending primary, secondary or higher education

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm B}\textsc{Age}$  at the beginning of the school year refers to age at May, 2019

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table LN.2.7: Gross intake, completion and effective transition rates

Gross intake rate and completion rate for primary school, effective transition rate to lower secondary school, gross intake rate and completion rate for lower secondary school and completion rate for upper secondary school, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Gross intake rate to the last grade of primary school <sup>1</sup>	Number of children of primary school completion age <sup>A</sup>	Primary school completion rate <sup>2</sup>	Number of children age 14-16 years <sup>8</sup>	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school <sup>3</sup>	Number of children who were in the last grade of primary school the previous year and are not repeating that grade in the current school year	Gross intake rate to the last grade of lower secondary school <sup>4</sup>	Number of children of lower secondary school completion age	Lower secondary completion rate <sup>5</sup>	Number of adolescents age 17-19 years <sup>8</sup>	Upper secondary completion rate <sup>6</sup>	
Thailand	92.1	1,296	98.6	3,538	96.6	1,388	100.5	1,181	86.2	2,913	65.2	2,704
Region												
Bangkok	75.8	143	99.2	404	97.2	134	145.1	108	88.4	464	78.7	572
Central	88.3	319	99.2	967	95.8	374	102.6	313	90.9	804	63.0	737
North	91.9	208	98.6	604	99.5	199	96.7	201	86.0	382	72.3	339
Northeast	100.6	398	99.6	1,070	96.3	480	91.2	386	84.7	788	56.5	602
South	93.1	229	95.1	493	95.4	200	93.7	173	78.8	476	58.1	456
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	111.9	58	99.9	174	83.2	62	94.3	72	83.8	128	59.0	110
Sa Kaeo	101.9	69	98.7	171	97.9	74	84.0	68	83.2	127	53.3	87
Ratchaburi	85.9	75	97.1	204	100.0	81	105.3	71	76.1	201	48.8	176
Kanchanaburi	93.4	78	96.4	177	99.4	63	76.8	66	81.9	141	47.4	115
North												
Mae Hong Son	(92.7)	24	97.1	79	(100.0)	29	(*)	28	80.7	49	40.7	35
Tak	(94.5)	27	92.4	106	(96.4)	43	(93.5)	37	81.1	83	35.3	56
Northeast												
Buriram	112.7	75	98.7	168	100.0	81	89.0	60	87.7	129	64.1	102
Sisaket	99.3	82	99.9	201	92.0	72	105.9	64	84.3	106	65.5	76
Yasothon	94.1	77	100.0	184	100.0	68	115.3	63	92.0	124	54.9	89
Kalasin	102.5	68	99.9	204	99.3	93	115.8	60	89.5	128	53.5	96
Nakhon Phanom	108.7	73	99.1	217	97.3	69	94.3	73	86.0	119	54.8	98

#### Table LN.2.7: Gross intake, completion and effective transition rates (continued)

Gross intake rate and completion rate for primary school, effective transition rate to lower secondary school, gross intake rate and completion rate for lower secondary school and completion rate for upper secondary school, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Gross intake rate to the last grade of primary school <sup>1</sup>	Number of children of primary school completion age <sup>A</sup>	Primary school completion rate <sup>2</sup>	Number of children age 14-16 years <sup>8</sup>	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school <sup>3</sup>	of children who were in the last grade of primary school the previous year and are not repeating that grade in the current school year	Gross intake rate to the last grade of lower secondary school <sup>4</sup>	Number of children of lower secondary school completion age	Lower secondary completion rate <sup>5</sup>	Number of adolescents age 17-19 years <sup>8</sup>	Upper secondary completion rate <sup>6</sup>	Number of youth age 20-22 years <sup>8</sup>
South												
Songkhla	148.0	44	95.1	154	99.6	61	78.4	56	83.0	149	54.1	153
Satun	101.4	57	98.8	138	(94.6)	43	(109.1)	33	80.3	106	46.3	82
Phatthalung	88.8	66	96.6	153	97.2	55	110.2	58	87.7	106	55.3	64
Pattani	81.6	59	98.0	168	(98.2)	45	(117.3)	45	81.9	125	54.6	131
Yala	(83.2)	44	100.0	101	(99.5)	38	(153.8)	26	96.4	91	91.6	102
Narathiwat	113.8	41	97.2	135	(95.3)	36	(102.8)	36	62.6	115	48.5	102

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.7a - Gross intake rate to the last grade (Primary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.8a - Completion rate (Primary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator LN.9 - Effective transition rate to lower secondary school

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator LN.7b - Gross intake rate to the last grade (Lower secondary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator LN.8b - Completion rate (Lower secondary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> MICS indicator LN.8c - Completion rate (Upper secondary)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Children age 11 years at the beginning of the school year (May, 2019)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Total number of children age 3-5 years above the intended age for the last grade (at the beginning of the school year or May, 2019), for primary, lower and upper secondary, respectively

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table LN.2.8: Parity indices

Ratio of adjusted net attendance ratios of girls to boys, in primary, lower and upper secondary school, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Primary	school			Lower seco	ondary school			Upper seco	ndary school	
						Lower						
		Primary			Lower	secondary	Lower	Gender	Upper	Upper	Upper	Gender
	Primary	school	Primary	Gender	secondary	school	secondary	parity index	secondary	secondary	secondary	parity index
	school	adjusted	school	parity index	school	adjusted	school	(GPI) for	school	school	school	(GPI) for
	adjusted net	net attendance	adjusted net	(GPI) for primary	adjusted net	net attendance	adjusted net	lower secondary	adjusted net	adjusted net	adjusted net	upper secondary
	attendance	ratio	attendance	school	attendance	ratio	attendance	school	attendance	attendance	attendance	school
	ratio	(NAR),	ratio (NAR),	adjusted	ratio	(NAR),	ratio (NAR),	adjusted	ratio	ratio (NAR),	ratio (NAR),	adjusted
	(NAR), girls	boys	total	NAR <sup>1</sup>	(NAR), girls	boys	total	NAR <sup>1</sup>	(NAR), girls	boys	total	NAR <sup>1</sup>
Thailand	95.3	95.6	95.5	1.00	89.7	83.3	86.5	1.08	76.3	61.8	69.2	1.24
Region												
Bangkok	95.0	96.8	95.9	0.98	93.1	93.1	93.1	1.00	74.7	66.8	70.6	1.12
Central	96.3	93.6	94.9	1.03	90.2	87.9	89.1	1.03	77.2	67.9	72.7	1.14
North	95.1	97.1	96.2	0.98	89.7	85.3	87.6	1.05	82.2	67.3	74.1	1.22
Northeast	94.0	96.1	95.1	0.98	90.0	81.9	85.8	1.10	79.1	57.5	69.1	1.38
South	96.1	95.8	96.0	1.00	85.3	69.1	77.3	1.23	64.4	47.5	56.2	1.36
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	98.7	96.6	97.6	1.02	88.6	84.7	86.5	1.05	78.3	59.2	69.6	1.32
Sa Kaeo	97.8	96.8	97.4	1.01	87.8	91.9	90.1	0.96	85.8	68.3	77.1	1.26
Ratchaburi	96.0	99.3	97.7	0.97	93.7	88.0	91.0	1.06	83.8	56.1	68.8	1.49
Kanchanaburi	98.1	93.9	95.6	1.05	92.5	73.9	83.2	1.25	72.0	62.0	66.8	1.16
North												
Mae Hong Son	88.8	91.6	90.3	0.97	(76.4)	(87.0)	81.6	0.88	(67.1)	(51.9)	58.5	1.29
Tak	95.0	93.0	93.8	1.02	86.0	60.5	74.0	1.42	63.3	(53.0)	58.8	1.20
Northeast												
Buriram	95.3	94.0	94.7	1.01	84.0	75.6	79.2	1.11	65.3	46.8	55.8	1.40
Sisaket	95.2	94.8	95.0	1.00	89.0	84.5	86.5	1.05	80.8	65.8	74.1	1.23
Yasothon	92.3	95.9	94.2	0.96	91.8	90.1	91.0	1.02	74.4	70.6	72.4	1.05
Kalasin	94.1	89.6	91.8	1.05	87.5	79.3	83.6	1.10	75.9	65.3	71.4	1.16
Nakhon Phanom	95.8	95.8	95.8	1.00	86.0	75.5	80.5	1.14	86.0	66.7	75.6	1.29

**Table LN.2.8: Parity indices (continued)** 

Ratio of adjusted net attendance ratios of girls to boys, in primary, lower and upper secondary school, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Primary	school			Lower seco	ndary school			Upper seco	ndary school	
						Lower						
		Primary			Lower	secondary	Lower	Gender	Upper	Upper	Upper	Gender
	Primary	school	Primary	Gender	secondary	school	secondary	parity index	secondary	secondary	secondary	parity index
	school	adjusted	school	parity index	school	adjusted	school	(GPI) for	school	school	school	(GPI) for
	adjusted	net	adjusted	(GPI) for	adjusted	net	adjusted	lower	adjusted	adjusted	adjusted	upper
	net	attendance	net	primary	net	attendance	net	secondary	net	net	net	secondary
	attendance	ratio	attendance	school	attendance	ratio	attendance	school	attendance	attendance	attendance	school
	ratio	(NAR),	ratio (NAR),	adjusted	ratio	(NAR),	ratio (NAR),	adjusted	ratio	ratio (NAR),	ratio (NAR),	adjusted
	(NAR), girls	boys	total	NAR <sup>1</sup>	(NAR), girls	boys	total	NAR <sup>1</sup>	(NAR), girls	boys	total	NAR <sup>1</sup>
South												
Songkhla	93.6	91.4	92.3	1.02	73.1	80.5	76.9	0.91	76.0	48.0	61.3	1.58
Satun	97.8	97.0	97.4	1.01	80.9	70.0	76.0	1.16	(76.8)	60.0	66.2	1.28
Phatthalung	90.2	87.3	88.8	1.03	78.4	77.8	78.1	1.01	67.8	65.3	66.6	1.04
Pattani	96.3	94.9	95.6	1.02	85.8	79.0	82.3	1.09	70.2	47.0	61.0	1.49
Yala	96.2	93.5	94.8	1.03	71.3	(70.5)	70.9	1.01	68.2	68.7	68.5	0.99
Narathiwat	96.8	96.0	96.4	1.01	75.8	73.0	74.4	1.04	58.8	44.2	50.7	1.33

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.11a - Parity indices - primary, lower and upper secondary attendance (gender); SDG indicator 4.5.1

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table LN.3.1: Support for child learning at school

Percentage of children age 7-14 attending school and, among those, percentage of children for whom an adult member of the household received a report card for the child, and involvement of adults in school management and school activities in the last year, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Percentage of	Involvemen	t by adult in scl in last yea	nool management r	Involvement	by adult in scho in last year	ol activities	_
	Percentage of children attending school <sup>A</sup>	Number of children age 7-14	children for whom an adult household member in the last year received a report card for the child <sup>1</sup>	School has a governing body open to parents <sup>2</sup>	Attended meeting called by governing body <sup>3</sup>	A meeting discussed key education/ financial issues <sup>4</sup>	Attended school celebration or a sport event	Met with teachers to discuss child's progress <sup>5</sup>	Met with teachers to discuss child's behaviour <sup>6</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school <sup>B</sup>
Thailand	98.4	13,793	95.3	80.3	76.1	67.0	68.9	67.7	63.5	13,172
Region										
Bangkok	98.7	1,369	97.2	81.1	77.7	69.8	63.2	77.7	71.1	1,249
Central	97.9	3,700	93.9	69.5	64.1	53.9	51.7	52.3	45.0	3,603
North	98.7	2,255	95.5	84.4	81.3	70.4	72.4	70.9	68.1	2,200
Northeast	98.8	4,252	95.3	88.1	83.5	76.0	76.8	72.7	71.2	3,996
South	98.0	2,217	96.5	79.5	76.2	66.8	83.2	75.3	71.0	2,124
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	98.0	623	95.6	71.6	69.5	62.7	71.9	76.2	76.1	610
Sa Kaeo	97.9	733	90.8	82.2	77.8	67.7	52.5	71.2	68.3	717
Ratchaburi	98.4	680	98.5	83.7	75.8	70.0	59.6	70.5	67.2	665
Kanchanaburi	97.1	588	88.7	80.5	79.0	63.2	60.1	60.1	52.2	556
North										
Mae Hong Son	99.1	238	99.3	78.5	77.7	71.3	61.7	70.4	69.6	236
Tak	99.4	342	90.2	87.4	86.2	79.0	66.4	39.6	33.0	340
Northeast										
Buriram	99.5	771	87.3	73.9	68.1	64.5	43.0	50.1	49.0	649
Sisaket	98.6	661	88.3	77.6	56.5	49.1	63.9	46.4	43.5	651
Yasothon	99.3	671	98.3	96.1	94.7	92.2	89.8	86.7	82.5	666
Kalasin	99.5	713	94.8	35.0	28.7	23.5	66.7	60.2	59.6	709
Nakhon Phanom	98.2	626	93.0	78.7	73.0	64.7	54.2	60.9	57.9	614

#### Table LN.3.1: Support for child learning at school (continued)

Percentage of children age 7-14 attending school and, among those, percentage of children for whom an adult member of the household received a report card for the child, and involvement of adults in school management and school activities in the last year, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Percentage of	Involvement	t by adult in sch in last yea	nool management r	Involvement	by adult in school in last year	ol activities	
	Percentage of children attending school <sup>A</sup>	Number of children age 7-14	children for whom an adult household member in the last year received a report card for the child <sup>1</sup>	School has a governing body open to parents <sup>2</sup>	Attended meeting called by governing body <sup>3</sup>	A meeting discussed key education/ financial issues <sup>4</sup>	Attended school celebration or a sport event	Met with teachers to discuss child's progress <sup>5</sup>	Met with teachers to discuss child's behaviour <sup>6</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school <sup>B</sup>
South										
Songkhla	96.2	549	96.3	87.6	85.3	83.2	87.3	86.5	86.8	526
Satun	98.1	485	99.3	64.1	62.0	53.8	77.6	55.7	52.3	472
Phatthalung	98.3	584	93.6	80.4	76.4	71.0	89.9	67.5	61.4	573
Pattani	98.9	495	93.0	82.6	78.1	47.5	75.2	48.9	46.3	490
Yala	98.4	361	97.2	67.2	64.1	61.6	75.3	74.0	77.2	355
Narathiwat	98.1	440	94.6	72.9	66.7	48.8	76.0	49.3	37.6	431

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.12 - Availability of information on children's school performance

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.13 - Opportunity to participate in School Management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator LN.14: Participation in school management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator LN.15 - Effective participation in school management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MICS indicator LN.16 - Discussion with teachers regarding children's progress

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>TH indicator LN.S1 - Discussion with teachers regarding children's behaviour

Attendance to school here is not directly comparable to net attendance ratios reported in preceding tables, which utilise information on all children in the sample. This and subsequent tables present results of the Parental Participation and Foundational Learning Skills modules administered to mothers of a randomly selected subsample of children age 7-14 years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Excludes non-formal education and home school

Table LN.3.2: School-related reasons for inability to attend class

Percentage of children age 7-14 not able to attend class due to absence of teacher or school closure, by reason for inability, and percentage of adult household members contacting school officials or governing body representatives on instances of teacher strike or absence, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Percentage		unable to atte school-relate		the last year		_	Percentage of adult household members	
	Percentage of children who in the last year could not attend class due to absence of teacher or school closure	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school	Natural disasters	Man-made disasters	Teacher strike	Student strike	Other	Teacher absence	Teacher strike or absence	Number of children age 7-14 who could not attend class in the last year due to a school- related reason	contacting school officials or governing body representatives on instances of teacher strike or absence <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years who could not attend class in the last year due to teacher strike or absence
Thailand	12.5	13,172	72.6	10.5	5.2	5.8	8.5	24.8	28.2	1,648	22.6	465
Region												
Bangkok	5.8	1,249	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	73	(*)	12
Central	14.8	3,603	73.0	12.2	0.9	1.2	10.9	14.4	15.2	533	16.6	81
North	6.6	2,200	54.7	3.2	6.1	3.6	11.1	41.8	47.7	146	(34.7)	70
Northeast	7.6	3,996	48.9	23.6	18.3	21.2	18.1	53.2	62.8	302	17.4	190
South	27.9	2,124	87.7	4.4	2.4	3.2	0.9	16.9	19.0	593	30.4	113
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	11.2	610	51.3	0.3	12.1	4.8	8.0	29.3	41.4	68	(*)	28
Sa Kaeo	11.9	717	82.1	2.5	1.4	7.8	6.1	5.7	6.5	85	(*)	5
Ratchaburi	9.2	665	(45.7)	(3.6)	(16.8)	(10.9)	(0.3)	(31.5)	(48.0)	61	(*)	29
Kanchanaburi	1.8	556	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	(*)	4
North												
Mae Hong Son	6.9	236	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	16	(*)	7
Tak	10.7	340	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	37	(*)	32
Northeast												
Buriram	8.4	649	(67.3)	(51.7)	(70.2)	(48.7)	(58.7)	(64.4)	(94.5)	54	(37.8)	51
Sisaket	1.0	651	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	7	(*)	4
Yasothon	9.1	666	(86.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(13.1)	(13.1)	60	(*)	8
Kalasin	4.6	709	(36.1)	(9.1)	(6.8)	(7.4)	(0.0)	(59.2)	(66.0)	33	(*)	22
Nakhon Phanom	6.7	614	(43.7)	(20.8)	(11.5)	(6.8)	(8.7)	(34.2)	(42.7)	41	(*)	18

### Table LN.3.2: School-related reasons for inability to attend class (continued)

Percentage of children age 7-14 not able to attend class due to absence of teacher or school closure, by reason for inability, and percentage of adult household members contacting school officials or governing body representatives on instances of teacher strike or absence, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Percentage		unable to atte school-related		the last year		_	Percentage of adult household members	
	Percentage of children who in the last year could not attend class due to absence of teacher or school closure	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school	Natural disasters	Man-made disasters	Teacher strike	Student strike	Other	Teacher absence	Teacher strike or absence	Number of children age 7-14 who could not attend class in the last year due to a school- related reason	contacting school officials or governing body representatives on instances of teacher strike or absence <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years who could not attend class in the last year due to teacher strike or absence
South												
Songkhla	22.3	526	92.2	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	9.3	117	(*)	11
Satun	15.8	472	13.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	90.4	90.4	75	(4.7)	67
Phatthalung	56.1	573	90.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	13.1	13.1	322	(*)	42
Pattani	15.2	490	(77.8)	(24.8)	(16.0)	(5.7)	(5.7)	(18.3)	(28.8)	74	(*)	21
Yala	20.5	355	(78.7)	(51.3)	(0.8)	(8.7)	(2.6)	(16.3)	(17.1)	73	(*)	12
Narathiwat	9.0	431	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	39	(*)	23

<sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.17 - Contact with school concerning teacher strike or absence

Note Excludes non-formal education and home school

( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table LN.3.3: Learning environment at home

Percentage of children age 7-14 years with 3 or more books to read and percentage who read or are read to at home, percentage of children age 7-14 years who have homework and percentage whose teachers use the language also spoken at home among children who attend school, and percentage of children who receive help with homework among those who have homework, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of children with 3 or more books to read at home <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years	Percentage of children who read books or are read to at home <sup>2</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years	Percentage of children who have homework	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of children who at home use the language also used by teachers at school <sup>3</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of children who receive help with homework <sup>4</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 attending school and have homework <sup>A</sup>
Thailand	44.5	13,793	94.3	13,109	97.2	13,172	96.0	12,627	79.0	12,799
Region										
Bangkok	78.3	1,369	98.4	1,336	98.9	1,249	97.3	1,224	85.2	1,235
Central	49.3	3,700	94.2	3,516	96.8	3,603	98.3	3,443	82.0	3,487
North	48.9	2,255	92.7	2,193	96.9	2,200	94.7	2,141	74.3	2,131
Northeast	30.3	4,252	96.1	3,998	97.0	3,996	99.4	3,833	76.0	3,878
South	38.3	2,217	89.8	2,065	97.4	2,124	86.3	1,986	80.8	2,068
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	27.7	623	90.9	613	97.7	610	100.0	603	67.4	597
Sa Kaeo	24.6	733	77.6	717	95.9	717	96.3	706	62.3	687
Ratchaburi	46.0	680	86.4	655	95.1	665	100.0	641	65.5	633
Kanchanaburi	35.8	588	91.6	555	96.0	556	97.1	525	69.4	534
North										
Mae Hong Son	32.4	238	99.1	231	98.0	236	62.2	229	76.6	231
Tak	35.2	342	95.3	340	95.6	340	76.0	338	63.5	325
Northeast										
Buriram	17.1	771	94.6	771	92.5	649	99.3	649	83.5	601
Sisaket	14.8	661	98.6	658	96.2	651	100.0	649	66.0	627
Yasothon	43.0	671	98.2	669	99.9	666	99.0	664	77.1	665
Kalasin	20.4	713	96.1	706	98.2	709	99.7	702	69.8	696
Nakhon Phanom	36.3	626	96.0	598	98.0	614	100.0	587	65.9	602

### **Table LN.3.3: Learning environment at home (continued)**

Percentage of children age 7-14 years with 3 or more books to read and percentage who read or are read to at home, percentage of children age 7-14 years who have homework and percentage whose teachers use the language also spoken at home among children who attend school, and percentage of children who receive help with homework among those who have homework, Thailand MICS, 2019

South	Percentage of children with 3 or more books to read at home <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years	Percentage of children who read books or are read to at home <sup>2</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years	Percentage of children who have homework	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of children who at home use the language also used by teachers at school <sup>3</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 years attending school <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of children who receive help with homework <sup>4</sup>	Number of children age 7-14 attending school and have homework <sup>A</sup>
South										
Songkhla	36.1	549	91.5	447	96.0	526	98.9	437	81.3	505
Satun	34.5	485	79.5	465	98.1	472	98.9	456	75.7	463
Phatthalung	53.1	584	97.5	575	96.8	573	99.5	565	84.2	555
Pattani	26.4	495	68.6	489	92.2	490	31.7	485	85.4	452
Yala	33.5	361	91.4	355	99.1	355	49.8	353	94.7	352
Narathiwat	27.5	440	85.3	359	92.9	431	57.0	350	86.9	401

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.18 - Availability of books at home

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.19 - Reading habit at home

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator LN.20 - School and home languages

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MICS indicator LN.21 - Support with homework

A Excludes non-formal education and home school

Table LN.4.1: Reading skills

Percentage of children aged 7-14 who demonstrate foundational reading skills by successfully completing three foundational reading tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Male					Female	•					Total			
	Percentage who correctly	cor ans compr	tage who rectly wered ehension estions	Percentage - who	Number of	Percentage who correctly	who ans comp	centage correctly swered rehension estions	Percentage - who	Number of	Percentage who correctly	who ans	centage correctly wered rehension estions	Percentage of children who demonstrate	Gender Parity Index for	Percentage of children for whom the reading book was not	Number of
	read 90% of words in a story		Two inferentia	demonstrate foundational I reading skills	children age 7-14	read 90% of words in a story		Two inferential	demonstrate foundational reading skills	children age 7-14	read 90% of words in a story		Two inferential	foundational reading			children
Thailand	85.3	80.7	72.5	69.8	6,778	89.1	84.5	78.3	75.9	6,330	87.1	82.5	75.3	72.8	1.09	0.4	13,109
Region																	
Bangkok	86.8	77.4	73.3	70.0	705	86.9	79.1	72.5	69.6	631	86.8	78.2	72.9	69.8	0.99	0.8	1,336
Central	86.9	82.0	74.7	72.5	1,744	90.0	85.3	82.1	81.0	1,772	88.5	83.7	78.5	76.8	1.12	0.0	3,516
North	87.2	86.2	74.1	71.7	1,107	86.6	83.4	72.8	71.6	1,086	86.9	84.8	73.5	71.6	1.00	0.1	2,193
Northeast	84.0	79.5	72.5	69.5	2,199	91.8	87.5	82.0	80.0	1,799	87.5	83.1	76.8	74.2	1.15	0.0	3,998
South	82.1	77.1	66.1	63.7	1,023	86.8	82.7	74.6	68.7	1,042	84.5	79.9	70.4	66.2	1.08	1.7	2,065
Selected Provinces																	
Central																	
Chai Nat	74.1	67.9	52.9	50.0	323	86.5	78.0	65.3	61.7	290	80.0	72.7	58.8	55.5	1.23	0.0	613
Sa Kaeo	84.2	79.8	70.1	69.2	347	88.3	77.7	76.9	69.5	369	86.3	78.7	73.6	69.4	1.00	0.0	717
Ratchaburi	87.9	84.0	77.1	74.0	324	89.9	87.5	83.2	81.8	332	88.9	85.8	80.2	78.0	1.10	0.0	655
Kanchanaburi	80.2	74.6	67.8	62.6	315	87.3	84.6	77.5	76.6	240	83.2	78.9	72.0	68.7	1.22	0.1	555
North																	
Mae Hong Son	93.5	93.2	83.3	83.0	115	97.9	97.4	86.5	86.5	116	95.7	95.3	84.9	84.8	1.04	0.0	231
Tak	77.1	72.3	59.9	57.1	192	89.1	86.7	81.8	77.0	147	82.3	78.5	69.4	65.7	1.35	2.0	340
Northeast																	
Buriram	91.5	93.0	90.7	86.6	391	92.3	91.3	89.8	86.0	380	91.9	92.2	90.3	86.3	0.99	0.0	771
Sisaket	89.0	82.3	80.2	75.4	355	91.8	83.9	82.4	78.2	303	90.3	83.0	81.2	76.7	1.04	0.0	658
Yasothon	77.9	84.2	81.7	76.2	375	86.3	92.9	90.7	84.7	294	81.6	88.0	85.7	79.9	1.11	0.0	669
Kalasin	84.0	79.3	71.7	71.2	352	88.6	85.6	72.4	71.7	353	86.3	82.4	72.1	71.4	1.01	0.0	706
Nakhon Phanom	89.2	83.8	71.1	70.0	309	96.4	88.3	84.7	81.9	290	92.7	86.0	77.7	75.7	1.17	0.0	598

Table LN.4.1: Reading skills (continued)

Percentage of children aged 7-14 who demonstrate foundational reading skills by successfully completing three foundational reading tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Male					Female	)					Total			
	Percentage who	cor ans compr	rectly wered ehension	Percentage		Percentage who	who an comp	centage correctly swered rehension estions	U		Percentage who	who ans comp	centage correctly swered rehension estions	Percentage of children who	Gender Parity Index		
	read 90% of words in a story		Two inferential	who demonstrate foundational reading skills	age 7-14	read 90% of words in a story	Three literal	Two inferential	who demonstrate foundational reading skills	age 7-14	read 90% of words in a story		Two inferential	reading	for foundational reading skills <sup>2</sup>		
South																	
Songkhla	85.9	73.6	57.5	52.3	216	92.7	88.2	62.2	60.4	231	89.4	81.2	59.9	56.5	1.15	0.0	447
Satun	91.5	79.0	71.1	70.4	238	89.1	86.0	81.5	77.5	227	90.4	82.4	76.2	73.9	1.10	0.0	465
Phatthalung	71.4	57.9	50.8	46.9	281	84.4	74.9	72.8	72.6	294	78.1	66.6	62.1	60.1	1.55	0.0	575
Pattani	61.4	49.6	33.6	28.7	248	78.1	74.7	52.4	49.2	241	69.6	62.0	42.9	38.8	1.71	0.0	489
Yala	66.9	53.6	37.9	32.4	192	61.7	54.9	45.9	41.6	163	64.5	54.2	41.6	36.6	1.29	6.9	355
Narathiwat	67.8	59.7	50.6	48.6	170	78.1	76.7	62.2	62.2	188	73.2	68.6	56.7	55.8	1.28	15.4	359

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.22a - Foundational reading and number skills (reading, age 7-14)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.11a - Parity indices - reading, age 7-14 (gender); SDG indicator 4.5.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>The reading book is only available in Thai language.

Table LN.4.2: Reading skills

Percentage of children aged 7-8 (age for grade 2/3) who demonstrate foundational reading skills by successfully completing three foundational reading tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Male					Female						Total			
	Percentage who	cor ans compr	rectly wered ehension	Percentage	Number of children age 7-8	Percentage who	coi ans compr	ntage who rrectly swered rehension	Percentage	Number of children age 7-8	Percentage who	cor ans compr	tage who rectly wered ehension	Percentage of children who	Gender Parity Index	Percentage of children for whom the reading book was	Number of
	correctly read 90% of words in a story	Three literal	Two	who demonstrate foundational I reading skills	years	correctly read 90% of words in a story		Two	who demonstrate foundational reading skills	years (age for grade	correctly read 90% of words in a story	Three literal	Two inferential	demonstrate foundational reading skills <sup>1</sup>	for foundational	not	years (age for
Thailand	68.1	63.5	55.4	51.3	1,628	69.4	64.7	55.9	52.3	1,534	68.7	64.1	55.6	51.8	1.02	0.4	3,161
Selected Provinces																	
Central																	
Chai Nat	48.2	36.6	30.6	27.7	72	61.7	56.0	48.3	43.3	86	55.5	47.2	40.2	36.2	1.56	0.0	159
Sa Kaeo	61.3	63.1	54.6	54.6	89	81.9	63.9	65.3	56.2	115	72.9	63.6	60.6	55.5	1.03	0.0	204
Ratchaburi	77.1	68.5	65.2	58.8	71	67.2	57.1	49.7	42.8	67	72.3	63.0	57.7	51.1	0.73	0.0	138
Kanchanaburi	(64.8)	(58.3)	(54.5)	(46.6)	69	(69.9)	(69.9)	(59.4)	(59.4)	50	67.0	63.2	56.5	52.0	1.28	0.0	119
North																	
Mae Hong Son	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	23	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	32	(86.5)	(84.8)	(60.8)	(60.1)	(0.77)	(0.0)	55
Tak	(52.9)	(49.9)	(37.5)	(35.7)	72	(63.4)	(68.7)	(60.5)	(51.9)	30	56.1	55.5	44.3	40.5	1.45	3.2	103
Northeast																	
Buriram	79.5	76.7	70.0	64.9	85	85.9	88.1	80.7	75.8	108	83.1	83.1	76.0	71.0	1.17	0.0	193
Sisaket	74.4	70.2	76.2	63.0	64	87.7	83.9	75.4	72.3	71	81.4	77.4	75.7	67.9	1.15	0.0	135
Yasothon	53.8	66.3	60.4	49.7	118	55.1	77.8	73.9	54.3	69	54.3	70.5	65.4	51.4	1.09	0.0	186
Kalasin	60.6	44.2	40.7	40.3	73	76.7	72.2	58.8	58.8	122	70.7	61.7	52.0	51.9	1.46	0.0	194
Nakhon Phanom	71.8	69.7	43.7	43.7	73	(86.2)	(71.7)	(62.0)	(61.1)	58	78.2	70.5	51.8	51.4	1.40	0.0	130
South																	
Songkhla	(64.3)	(60.2)	(44.2)	(32.6)	36	(67.7)	(61.0)	(44.1)	(38.0)	39	66.1	60.6	44.2	35.4	1.17	0.0	75
Satun	(77.0)	(70.2)	(65.2)	(63.7)	57	(67.1)	(56.0)	(56.6)	(47.8)	47	72.5	63.8	61.3	56.5	0.75	0.0	103
Phatthalung	53.0	40.6	34.0	33.3	89	62.9	50.4	50.6	49.9	71	57.4	45.0	41.4	40.7	1.50	0.0	160
Pattani	33.0	25.1	16.3	9.1	67	(47.3)	(43.7)	(33.3)	(33.3)	64	40.0	34.2	24.6	21.0	3.67	0.0	131
Yala	(52.2)	(37.1)	(21.4)	(21.4)	50	(27.3)	(36.2)	(14.1)	(13.9)	35	42.0	36.7	18.5	18.3	0.65	4.8	85
Narathiwat	(57.0)	(53.3)	(46.1)	(45.3)	53	(61.9)	(60.3)	(25.6)	(25.6)	48	59.3	56.6	36.4	36.0	0.57	19.0	102

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.22b - Foundational reading and number skills (reading, age for grade 2/3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>The reading book is only available in Thai language.

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

<sup>(\*)</sup> Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table LN.4.3: Reading skills

Percentage of children aged 7-14 attending grade 2/3 who demonstrate foundational reading skills by successfully completing three foundational reading tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Male					Female						Total			
	Percentage who	cor ans compre	ntage who rrectly swered rehension estions		Number of children age 7-14	Percentage who	cor ans compr	rectly wered chension estions		-	Percentage who	cor ans compr	ntage who rrectly swered rehension estions	Percentage of children who	Gender Parity Index		Number of children age 7-14
	read 90% of words in a story	Three literal	Two inferential	who demonstrate foundational al reading skills	grade	read 90% of words in a story	Three literal	Two inferential	who demonstrate foundational reading skills	grade	read 90% of words in a story	Three literal	Two inferential	demonstrate foundational reading skills <sup>1</sup>		not available in appropriate language <sup>2</sup>	U
Thailand	70.9	68.8	60.1	55.8	1,630	76.8	71.2	62.5	58.6	1,430	73.7	70.0	61.2	57.1	1.05	0.4	3,060
Selected Provinces																	ļ
Central																	ļ
Chai Nat	53.0	41.9	35.9	33.1	76	64.8	58.6	50.0	44.4	78	59.0	50.4	43.0	38.8	1.34	0.0	153
Sa Kaeo	66.9	68.7	55.9	55.9	93	89.7	69.2	72.1	60.1	121	79.8	69.0	65.1	58.3	1.07	0.0	214
Ratchaburi	80.7	79.1	66.7	66.7	74	75.3	65.5	58.3	51.6	69	78.1	72.6	62.7	59.5	0.77	0.0	143
Kanchanaburi	(62.6)	(63.9)	(53.2)	(52.0)	75	(78.0)	(78.0)	(67.3)	(67.3)	49	68.7	69.5	58.8	58.0	1.30	0.0	124
North																	
Mae Hong Son	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	36	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	20	(89.5)	(87.9)	(61.1)	(60.5)	(1.46)	(0.0)	56
Tak	(71.6)	(68.5)	(53.9)	(52.1)	72	(74.8)	(80.1)	(71.0)	(64.3)	39	72.8	72.6	59.9	56.4	1.23	0.1	111
Northeast																	
Buriram	77.2	82.6	76.2	67.0	88	87.9	88.4	82.8	78.3	131	83.6	86.1	80.2	73.8	1.17	0.0	219
Sisaket	87.3	74.9	81.5	69.9	60	94.3	88.9	81.0	77.7	68	91.0	82.3	81.2	74.0	1.11	0.0	128
Yasothon	61.7	73.0	67.2	57.8	112	66.0	83.9	83.7	65.1	60	63.2	76.8	72.9	60.3	1.13	0.0	172
Kalasin	60.8	53.0	48.1	47.7	80	80.4	76.5	59.8	59.8	114	72.3	66.8	54.9	54.8	1.25	0.0	194
Nakhon Phanom	(71.7)	(69.6)	(43.6)	(43.6)	73	(89.0)	(75.4)	(65.3)	(64.4)	55	79.2	72.1	53.0	52.6	1.48	0.0	128
South																	
Songkhla	(65.8)	(64.4)	(57.8)	(48.8)	47	(75.8)	(73.2)	(53.9)	(47.1)	35	70.1	68.2	56.1	48.1	0.97	0.0	82
Satun	87.5	80.5	74.4	73.0	63	(79.3)	(70.0)	(63.0)	(53.7)	45	84.0	76.1	69.7	65.0	0.74	0.0	107
Phatthalung	63.6	49.3	29.3	28.6	86	65.5	55.4	55.4	54.7	79	64.5	52.2	41.8	41.1	1.91	0.0	165
Pattani	(35.6)	(24.8)	(14.1)	(6.9)	67	(56.3)	(48.5)	(32.1)	(30.7)	61	45.5	36.1	22.7	18.3	4.45	0.0	128
Yala	(52.6)	(54.2)	(37.4)	, ,	53	(28.7)	(30.7)	(20.8)	(20.5)	41	42.3	44.1	30.2	30.1	0.55	3.4	94
Narathiwat	(65.7)	(59.7)	(47.3)	(46.5)	58	(62.5)	(59.1)	(21.0)	(21.0)	59	64.1	59.4	34.1	33.7	0.45	20.7	117

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.22c - Foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3); SDG indicator 4.1.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>The reading book is only available in Thai language.

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

<sup>(\*)</sup> Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table LN.4.4: Numeracy skills

Percentage of children aged 7-14 who demonstrate foundational numeracy skills by successfully completing four foundational numeracy tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Male						Female						Total			
	Percent	-	ldren who ted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who		Percen	-	ildren who eted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who			_	of children mpleted to		Percentage of children who	Gender	
	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills	Number of children age 7-14 years	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills	Number of children age 7-14 years	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	numeracy	Parity Index for founda- tional numeracy skills <sup>2</sup>	of childrer
Thailand	89.0	89.2	82.3	74.4	66.5	6,778	90.5	89.7	86.6	78.6	70.6	6,330	89.7	89.4	84.4	76.4	68.5	1.06	13,109
Region																			
Bangkok	93.5	92.1	96.2	80.7	76.0	705	91.9	87.9	91.9	80.5	71.7	631	92.7	90.2	94.1	80.6	74.0	0.94	1,336
Central	87.2	89.5	82.8	76.2	69.3	1,744	92.8	90.4	90.2	85.2	78.5	1,772	90.1	90.0	86.5	80.7	73.9	1.13	3,516
North	86.7	88.8	83.4	71.6	62.4	1,107	84.3	87.7	82.7	68.9	62.2	1,086	85.5	88.2	83.0	70.3	62.3	1.00	2,193
Northeast	90.6	89.2	79.7	74.2	65.6	2,199	91.5	91.4	87.6	81.5	72.9	1,799	91.0	90.2	83.3	77.5	68.9	1.11	3,998
South	88.0	87.0	76.5	70.5	61.9	1,023	90.2	88.5	79.5	71.2	61.6	1,042	89.1	87.7	78.0	70.8	61.8	0.99	2,065
<b>Selected Provinces</b>																			
Central																			
Chai Nat	91.2	92.3	74.5	64.3	54.2	323	91.3	93.0	83.4	64.0	56.6	290	91.3	92.6	78.7	64.2	55.3	1.04	613
Sa Kaeo	90.4	90.8	75.9	59.2	51.3	347	93.1	94.3	74.0	58.8	52.2	369	91.8	92.6	74.9	59.0	51.7	1.02	717
Ratchaburi	84.6	96.5	83.0	78.3	67.6	324	91.7	87.6	84.4	86.4	74.2	332	88.2	92.0	83.7	82.4	70.9	1.10	655
Kanchanaburi	90.8	90.9	81.0	73.5	66.8	315	92.7	94.5	91.2	78.5	70.9	240	91.6	92.5	85.4	75.7	68.6	1.06	555
North																			
Mae Hong Son	66.9	77.0	88.7	92.5	66.0	115	75.4	85.1	90.1	85.6	71.4	116	71.2	81.1	89.4	89.0	68.7	1.08	231
Tak	81.5	88.5	63.7	45.4	38.4	192	96.0	95.0	76.1	56.8	48.0	147	87.8	91.3	69.1	50.4	42.6	1.25	340
Northeast																			
Buriram	83.7	86.2	90.6	82.6	72.7	391	76.4	86.9	93.8	84.5	62.3	380	80.1	86.5	92.2	83.5	67.6	0.86	771
Sisaket	92.2	88.9	91.1	82.9	76.2	355	84.3	85.4	90.4	84.0	71.9	303	88.5	87.3	90.8	83.4	74.2	0.94	658
Yasothon	86.0	86.7	79.7	70.5	60.1	375	85.1	88.7	79.1	76.8	70.0	294	85.6	87.6	79.5	73.3	64.4	1.16	669
Kalasin	93.2	93.8	85.0	72.5	68.0	352	92.5	89.9	87.7	77.1	72.6	353	92.9	91.8	86.3	74.8	70.3	1.07	70
Nakhon Phanom	96.0	90.1	78.8	72.8	67.2	309	95.3	95.4	90.3	82.2	78.6	290	95.7	92.7	84.3	77.3	72.7	1.17	598

**Table LN.4.4: Numeracy skills (continued)** 

Percentage of children aged 7-14 who demonstrate foundational numeracy skills by successfully completing four foundational numeracy tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Male					F	emale						Total			
	Percent	U	ldren who ted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who		Percen	·	ildren who eted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who			ercentage o			Percentage of children who		
		Number		Pattern recognition	demon- strate founda- tional	Number of children		Number		Pattern recognition	demon- strate founda- tional	Number of children		Number		Pattern recognition	demon- strate founda- tional	Parity Index for founda- tional	of children
	Number reading	discrimi- nation	Addition	and completion	numeracy skills	age 7-14 years	Number reading		Addition	and completion	numeracy skills	age 7-14 years	Number reading	discrimi- nation	Addition	and completion	numeracy skills <sup>1</sup>	numeracy skills <sup>2</sup>	age 7-14 years
South																			
Songkhla	94.4	95.1	79.0	65.6	58.8	216	91.9	95.7	80.6	75.5	62.2	231	93.1	95.4	79.8	70.7	60.5	1.06	447
Satun	89.9	89.6	84.9	76.4	66.9	238	91.9	93.0	81.8	78.0	64.5	227	90.9	91.2	83.4	77.1	65.7	0.96	465
Phatthalung	82.7	79.3	80.6	75.2	67.2	281	86.9	81.8	86.8	85.3	74.1	294	84.8	80.6	83.8	80.4	70.7	1.10	575
Pattani	85.3	89.1	51.6	20.0	16.2	248	90.2	90.6	62.8	35.6	25.6	241	87.7	89.8	57.1	27.7	20.8	1.58	489
Yala	54.7	49.8	57.1	56.1	38.6	192	61.5	59.5	67.4	52.7	43.1	163	57.8	54.2	61.8	54.5	40.7	1.12	355
Narathiwat	81.9	81.5	81.6	85.7	72.3	170	86.3	85.3	78.0	87.0	73.7	188	84.2	83.5	79.7	86.4	73.0	1.02	359

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.22d - Foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, age 7-14)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator LN.11a - Parity indices - numeracy, age 7-14 (gender); SDG indicator 4.5.1

Table LN.4.5: Numeracy skills

Percentage of children aged 7-8 (age for grade 2/3) who demonstrate foundational numeracy skills by successfully completing four foundational numeracy tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Male						emale						Total			
	Percent	U	ldren who ted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who		Percen	U	ldren who ted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who			U	of children mpleted ta		Percentage of children who		Numb of
	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills	children age 7-8 years (age for grade 2/3)	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills	children age 7-8 years (age for grade 2/3)	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills <sup>1</sup>	Parity Index for founda- tional numeracy skills <sup>2</sup>	childre age 7- years (age fo grade 2/3)
Thailand	79.5	83.2	67.1	57.1	45.9	1,628	78.1	75.6	72.4	55.6	47.5	1,534	78.8	79.5	69.6	56.4	46.7	1.03	3,16
Selected Provinces																			
Central																			
Chai Nat	85.1	83.6	52.1	47.9	32.8	72	82.6	81.8	68.9	38.8	33.9	86	83.8	82.6	61.2	42.9	33.4	1.03	15
Sa Kaeo	89.0	82.3	64.4	42.9	36.7	89	89.0	88.6	59.1	29.1	22.8	115	89.0	85.8	61.4	35.2	28.8	0.62	20
Ratchaburi	82.5	87.3	75.9	66.8	58.5	71	72.2	70.1	57.6	59.2	46.5	67	77.5	79.0	67.1	63.1	52.7	0.79	13
Kanchanaburi	(88.3)	(88.9)	(69.7)	(51.6)	(48.7)	69	(88.2)	(83.9)	(75.5)	(61.9)	(44.5)	50	88.2	86.8	72.1	55.9	46.9	0.92	11
North																			
Mae Hong Son	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	23	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	32	(36.2)	(58.4)	(77.8)	(67.8)	(34.8)	(0.79)	5
Tak	(69.8)	(89.0)	(44.0)	(20.4)	(17.9)	72	(91.7)	(94.0)	(79.6)	(37.8)	(34.3)	30	76.3	90.5	54.6	25.5	22.8	1.91	10
Northeast																			
Buriram	70.2	70.2	76.7	61.4	53.5	85	67.9	69.9	91.3	71.0	46.2	108	68.9	70.0	84.8	66.8	49.4	0.86	19
Sisaket	80.3	79.6	75.8	58.0	49.7	64	62.8	72.9	75.7	55.3	37.1	71	71.1	76.1	75.8	56.6	43.1	0.75	13
Yasothon	74.1	74.8	60.0	49.9	33.9	118	58.2	70.1	55.9	46.3	34.3	69	68.2	73.1	58.5	48.6	34.1	1.01	18
Kalasin	75.1	78.6	78.3	51.8	45.3	73	86.3	81.4	77.2	56.6	51.0	122	82.1	80.3	77.6	54.8	48.8	1.13	19
Nakhon Phanom	91.5	83.6	64.6	58.4	56.3	73	(83.9)	(82.5)	(78.0)	(66.8)	(57.1)	58	88.1	83.1	70.5	62.1	56.6	1.01	13
South																			
Songkhla	(87.2)	(93.0)	, ,	, ,	(63.2)	36	(74.2)	(95.0)	(70.7)	(62.4)	(35.5)	39	80.5	94.0	74.4	64.0	48.9	0.56	7
Satun	(79.0)	(73.7)	, ,	(59.5)	(44.5)	57	(85.9)	(77.0)	(60.8)	(64.7)	(43.4)	47	82.1	75.2		61.8	44.0	0.97	10
Phatthalung	78.0	74.3		67.0	50.1	89	68.8	63.9	71.8	60.5	38.6	71	73.9	69.7	73.2	64.1	45.0	0.77	16
Pattani	67.0	81.9		8.0	5.2	67	(82.4)	(78.6)	(38.7)	(32.4)	(18.4)	64	74.5	80.3	28.7	20.0	11.7	3.54	13
Yala	(57.6)	(43.2)	` '	(44.6)	(34.0)	50	(38.1)	(44.5)	(58.9)	(31.7)	(28.3)	35	49.6	43.8	53.5	39.3	31.7	0.83	8
Narathiwat	(65.5)	(70.2)	(68.0)	(74.8)	(53.5)	53	(70.4)	(71.5)	(53.0)	(75.0)	(47.8)	48	67.8	70.8	60.9	74.9	50.8	0.90	10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MICS indicator LN.22e - Foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, age for grade 2/3)

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

<sup>(\*)</sup> Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

**Table LN.4.6: Numeracy skills** 

Percentage of children aged 7-14 attending grade 2/3 who demonstrate foundational numeracy skills by successfully completing four foundational numeracy tasks, by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Male  Percentage of children who successfully completed tasks of:  Percentage of children Numb							F	emale						Total			
	Percent	U		•	_		Percent	U	ldren who ted tasks o	successfully of:	Percentage of children who			•	of children mpleted ta		Percentage of children who	Gender	Number of
	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills	children age 7-14 years attendin g grade 2/3	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation	Addition	Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills	children age 7- 14 years attendin g grade 2/3	Number reading	Number discrimi- nation		Pattern recognition and completion	demon- strate founda- tional numeracy skills <sup>1</sup>	Parity Index for founda- tional numeracy skills <sup>2</sup>	children age 7-14 years attendin g grade 2/3
Thailand	83.4	85.5	71.1	59.7	49.2	1,630	84.9	83.4	79.3	61.6	53.4	1,430	84.1	84.5	74.9	60.6	51.2	1.08	3,060
Selected Provinces																			
<b>Central</b> Chai Nat	89.6	85.3	57.4	53.1	38.4	76	88.0	87.1	73.8	40.4	35.0	78	88.8	86.2	65.7	46.7	36.7	0.91	153
Sa Kaeo	89.3	84.1	63.5	45.9	35.3	93	92.3	95.0	63.9	34.0	24.9	121	91.0	90.3	63.7	39.1	29.4	0.70	214
Ratchaburi	85.9	89.5	85.9	76.0	68.7	74	80.2	79.8	65.2	69.2	57.6	69	83.1	84.8	75.9	72.7	63.4	0.84	143
Kanchanaburi	(87.1)	(95.8)	(78.0)	(49.9)	(47.2)	75	(93.3)	(81.3)	(84.1)	(65.7)	(49.6)	49	89.6	90.0	80.4	56.2	48.1	1.05	124
North	, ,	. ,	, ,	. ,	, ,		, ,	, ,	. ,	, ,	. ,								
Mae Hong Son	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	36	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	20	(40.4)	(58.8)	(77.9)	(79.9)	(38.3)	(0.97)	56
Tak	(78.7)	(86.4)	(62.7)	(28.7)	(26.2)	72	(96.3)	(99.3)	(78.2)	(55.7)	(45.1)	39	84.9	90.9	68.2	38.2	32.9	1.72	111
Northeast																			
Buriram	66.9	65.7	76.7	65.1	50.8	88	74.4	75.8	93.3	74.9	54.6	131	71.4	71.7	86.7	70.9	53.1	1.08	219
Sisaket	84.0	89.8	89.0	69.0	58.9	60	71.1	79.6	82.1	67.1	43.8	68	77.2	84.4	85.4	68.0	50.9	0.74	128
Yasothon	76.4	77.5	67.3	49.0	36.7	112	63.8	77.4	67.8	58.9	42.0	60	72.0	77.5	67.5	52.4	38.6	1.14	172
Kalasin	87.6	87.7	78.4	55.5	52.1	80	90.5	87.1	81.0	63.0	56.4	114	89.3	87.4	80.0	59.9	54.6	1.08	194
Nakhon Phanom	(92.6)	(83.6)	(66.3)	(60.1)	(58.0)	73	(83.7)	(82.2)	(78.1)	(68.8)	(57.5)	55	88.8	83.0	71.4	63.8	57.8	0.99	128
South																			
Songkhla	(89.9)	(93.5)	(62.1)	(51.3)	(49.4)	47	(83.7)	(94.0)	(78.0)	(58.2)	(42.0)	35	87.3	93.8	68.9	54.3	46.2	0.85	82
Satun	83.6	80.8	71.4	66.4	51.8	63	(96.2)	(88.2)	(75.0)	(73.6)	(52.7)	45	88.8	83.9	72.9	69.4	52.1	1.02	107
Phatthalung	79.8	79.0	80.5	77.0	62.1	86 67	63.1	59.1	69.8	72.4	43.8	79 61	71.8	69.5	75.4	74.8	53.3	0.70	165
Pattani Yala	(73.1) (55.8)	(83.1) (40.7)	(17.7) (58.7)	(4.5) (55.7)	(1.7) (35.8)	67 53	(87.0) (47.6)	(91.7) (57.9)	(42.5) (60.2)	(29.5) (36.1)	(21.2) (27.0)	61 41	79.8 52.2	87.2 48.2	29.6 59.3	16.5 47.2	11.0 32.0	12.22 0.75	128 94
yaia Narathiwat	(55.8)	(73.8)	(58.7)	(81.3)	(35.8)	53 58	(47.6)	(57.9)	(43.5)	(36.1)	(39.3)	41 59	70.7	48.2 72.8	59.3 59.7	47.2 77.3	50.5	0.75	117

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator LN.22f - Foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3); SDG indicator 4.1.1

( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that ar

(\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

## **A5. PROTECTED FROM VIOLENCE AND EXPLOITATION**

Percentage of children under age 5	by whether birth is registe	ered, Thailand MIC	S, 2019		
	Childre	n whose births are	registered with	civil authorities	
	Have birtl	h certificate	No birth	Total	
	Seen	Not seen	certificate	registered <sup>1</sup>	Number of children
Thailand	71.7	27.5	0.5	99.8	13,689
Region					
Bangkok	62.8	35.2	1.9	99.9	1,200
Central	72.0	27.6	0.3	99.9	3,461
North	72.6	26.8	0.5	99.9	2,189
Northeast	75.3	24.4	0.3	99.9	4,483
South	68.4	30.1	0.6	99.1	2,355
Selected Provinces					
Central					
Chai Nat	73.6	26.3	0.1	100.0	792
Sa Kaeo	79.7	18.8	1.4	99.9	735
Ratchaburi	82.4	17.0	0.4	99.8	723
Kanchanaburi	80.1	18.5	1.4	100.0	500
North					
Mae Hong Son	83.8	16.2	0.0	100.0	268
Tak	84.8	13.1	1.4	99.4	281
Northeast					
Buriram	94.7	5.3	0.0	100.0	591
Sisaket	75.4	24.3	0.3	100.0	649
Yasothon	78.0	21.2	0.9	100.0	757
Kalasin	71.6	28.1	0.2	100.0	758
Nakhon Phanom	71.7	27.8	0.4	100.0	650
South					
Songkhla	50.5	45.1	1.0	96.7	591
Satun	69.9	28.5	1.7	100.0	418
Phatthalung	74.2	25.8	0.0	100.0	555
Pattani	61.1	38.9	0.0	100.0	350
Yala	88.0	9.2	2.8	100.0	300
Narathiwat	87.5	12.1	0.4	100.0	354

#### Table PR.2.1: Child discipline

Percentage of children age 1-14 years by child disciplining methods experienced during the last one month, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of childre	en age 1-14 y	ears who experi	enced:	
	Only non- violent	Psychological -	Physical <sub>I</sub>	ounishment	- Any violent	Number of children age
	discipline	aggression	Any	Severe <sup>A</sup>	discipline method <sup>1</sup>	1-14 years
Thailand	36.3	40.4	44.0	2.2	57.6	28,402
Region						
Bangkok	47.4	23.8	41.6	3.0	47.1	2,659
Central	43.7	28.1	38.9	1.0	46.5	7,281
North	27.5	54.0	46.8	2.8	67.9	4,629
Northeast	34.9	46.5	44.5	2.1	61.4	9,055
South	30.2	43.9	49.6	3.2	63.5	4,778
Selected Provinces						
Central						
Chai Nat	15.5	77.9	47.2	1.7	83.8	770
Sa Kaeo	22.5	65.1	49.9	3.5	76.9	915
Ratchaburi	35.3	46.7	45.5	1.3	64.1	840
Kanchanaburi	25.4	55.0	46.1	7.5	69.8	715
North						
Mae Hong Son	58.5	16.2	11.9	0.1	18.9	308
Tak	22.8	66.6	44.2	5.6	75.1	428
Northeast						
Buriram	32.1	17.8	37.8	3.8	43.6	923
Sisaket	58.1	26.7	23.8	1.4	37.2	844
Yasothon	43.5	49.5	35.6	1.0	55.7	838
Kalasin	37.2	47.2	32.6	1.1	61.6	915
Nakhon Phanom	29.3	65.2	37.0	3.3	68.9	787
South						
Songkhla	49.9	35.8	26.3	1.1	47.0	716
Satun	31.8	53.6	36.2	2.0	64.8	586
Phatthalung	36.0	47.9	41.0	2.3	61.6	738
Pattani	19.7	60.0	61.5	5.1	79.8	637
Yala	62.9	22.4	18.2	0.3	25.4	453
Narathiwat	7.2	66.3	72.1	11.3	89.1	553

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator PR.2 - Violent discipline; SDG 16.2.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Severe physical punishment includes: 1) Hit or slapped on the face, head or ears or 2) Beat up, that is, hit over and over as hard as one could

## Table PR.2.2: Attitudes toward physical punishment

Percentage of mothers/caretakers of children age 1-14 years who believe that physical punishment is needed to bring up, raise, or educate a child properly, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of mothers/caretakers who believe that a child needs to be physically punished	Number of mothers/ caretakers responding to a child discipline module
Thailand	52.8	20,262
Region		
Bangkok	41.9	2,084
Central	57.5	5,381
North	51.1	3,338
Northeast	52.1	6,396
South	55.5	3,064
Selected Provinces		
Central		
Chai Nat	71.5	993
Sa Kaeo	53.1	976
Ratchaburi	57.6	977
Kanchanaburi	45.8	809
North		
Mae Hong Son	45.5	399
Tak	58.7	419
Northeast		
Buriram	54.4	1,097
Sisaket	58.8	1,008
Yasothon	38.9	1,003
Kalasin	84.7	1,117
Nakhon Phanom	56.8	888
South		
Songkhla	59.4	847
Satun	58.4	562
Phatthalung	79.7	827
Pattani	71.5	494
Yala	21.9	533
Narathiwat	42.3	420

## Table PR.3.1W: Child marriage and polygyny (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th birthday, percentages of women age 20-49 and 20-24 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th and 18th birthdays, percentage of women age 15-19 years currently married or in union, and the percentage of women who are in a polygynous marriage or union, Thailand MICS, 2019

		e 15-49 years		men age 20-49 y	rears		nen age 20-24	years		15-19 years		age 15-49 years
	Percentage married before age 15	Number of women age 15-49 years	Percentage married before age 15	Percentage married before age 18	Number of women age 20-49 years	Percentage married before age 15¹	Percentage married before age 18 <sup>2</sup>	Number of women age 20-24 years	Percentage currently married/ in union <sup>3</sup>	Number of women age 15-19 years	Percentage in polygynous marriage/ union4	Number of women age 15-49 years currently married/ in union
Thailand	3.8	25,087	3.9	18.3	22,256	3.0	20.2	2,764	9.6	2,831	2.3	15,827
Region												
Bangkok	1.8	4,160	1.8	10.7	3,761	2.4	11.0	557	7.3	399	1.7	2,165
Central	3.6	7,613	3.7	17.2	6,843	2.8	18.5	904	11.9	769	1.8	4,688
North	4.7	3,746	4.9	19.7	3,333	3.9	24.7	379	9.4	413	2.5	2,511
Northeast	4.9	6,020	5.3	23.1	5,224	3.2	28.1	546	8.1	796	3.9	4,053
South	3.9	3,549	3.7	20.3	3,095	3.4	21.8	378	10.9	454	1.3	2,410
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	4.8	1,261	4.9	20.1	1,092	12.2	31.7	122	15.7	169	1.1	799
Sa Kaeo	6.7	1,075	6.8	30.2	946	11.7	38.7	94	12.3	129	1.5	790
Ratchaburi	5.0	1,393	5.1	20.9	1,203	7.0	31.1	136	13.0	190	2.0	823
Kanchanaburi	4.3	1,088	4.2	22.4	948	7.2	31.2	111	9.3	140	1.2	698
North												
Mae Hong Son	5.7	524	6.1	28.5	476	16.2	43.1	39	(7.7)	48	0.1	399
Tak	5.7	569	5.9	23.4	465	4.1	30.2	63	12.2	104	7.5	365
Northeast												
Buriram	4.2	979	3.4	15.7	843	3.6	14.0	83	15.2	136	1.3	653
Sisaket	4.7	964	4.8	22.2	818	2.8	23.2	77	8.2	146	1.0	613
Yasothon	4.1	1,103	4.7	24.0	964	8.0	31.0	86	7.5	139	0.4	740
Kalasin	3.8	1,094	4.1	23.0	926	2.1	17.8	87	8.0	168	1.2	779
Nakhon Phanom	4.1	1,047	4.2	21.6	897	0.8	27.6	98	8.2	150	2.2	723

### Table PR.3.1W: Child marriage and polygyny (women) (continued)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th birthday, percentages of women age 20-49 and 20-24 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th and 18th birthdays, percentage of women age 15-19 years currently married or in union, and the percentage of women who are in a polygynous marriage or union, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Women ag	e15-49 years	Wo	men age 20-49 y	/ears	Wome	en age 20-24 y	years	Women age	e 15-19 years	Women a	age 15-49 years
	Percentage		Percentage			Percentage	Percentage		Percentage		Percentage in	Number of women
	married	Number of	married	Percentage	Number of	married	married	Number of	currently	Number of	polygynous	age 15-49 years
	before	women age	before	married	women age	before	before	women age	married/	women age	marriage/	currently married/
	age 15	15-49 years	age 15	before age 18	20-49 years	age 15¹	age 18 <sup>2</sup>	20-24 years	in union <sup>3</sup>	15-19 years	union <sup>4</sup>	in union
South												
Songkhla	3.0	937	3.3	17.1	798	1.1	18.5	97	9.4	139	1.5	603
Satun	3.1	705	2.9	23.3	616	3.4	28.1	67	14.1	89	1.2	505
Phatthalung	2.1	1,038	2.2	14.8	911	1.7	20.6	69	5.6	127	1.0	694
Pattani	4.3	798	4.9	22.5	634	2.2	11.4	104	5.8	164	1.7	452
Yala	3.0	646	3.3	13.3	553	0.0	3.9	123	2.3	93	0.3	336
Narathiwat	3.2	686	3.0	14.6	590	3.7	11.9	98	10.1	96	0.9	470

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator PR.4a - Child marriage (before age 15); SDG 5.3.1

<sup>4</sup>MICS indicator PR.6 - Polygyny

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator PR.4b - Child marriage (before age 18); SDG 5.3.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator PR.5 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PR.3.1M: Child marriage and polygyny (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th birthday, percentages of men age 20-49 and 20-24 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th and 18th birthdays, percentage of men age 15-19 years currently married or in union, and the percentage of men who are in a polygynous marriage or union, Thailand MICS, 2019

		15-49 years		1en age 20-49 ye	ars	Mer	age 20-24 yea	ars		15-19 years		e 15-49 years
	Percentage married before age 15	Number of men age 15-49 years	Percentage married before age 15	Percentage married before age 18	Number of men age 20-49 years	Percentage married before age 15¹		Number of e men age 20-24 years	Percentage currently married/ in union <sup>3</sup>	Number of men age 15-19 years	Percentage in polygynous marriage/ union4	Number of men age 15-49 years currently married/ in union
Thailand	1.5	11,023	1.7	7.0	9,687	2.5	9.8	1,311	4.2	1,336	0.5	5,730
Region												
Bangkok	0.5	1,792	0.4	3.2	1,603	0.2	2.3	250	2.5	189	0.9	806
Central	1.3	3,253	1.4	6.8	2,893	0.8	13.6	347	2.8	360	0.0	1,703
North	1.8	1,670	1.8	8.3	1,464	0.0	3.1	192	7.4	207	1.4	893
Northeast	2.4	2,671	2.7	8.4	2,268	8.5	16.1	298	2.9	403	0.4	1,385
South	1.6	1,637	1.7	7.9	1,460	1.8	9.6	224	8.2	177	0.3	944
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	1.0	525	1.1	7.0	454	2.5	11.0	71	3.1	71	1.7	307
Sa Kaeo	4.1	425	4.9	14.2	351	(3.4)	(16.8)	30	7.9	74	0.3	246
Ratchaburi	1.9	635	2.1	8.9	551	0.5	10.0	105	8.2	84	0.3	352
Kanchanaburi	1.2	535	1.4	9.1	463	3.6	17.3	65	1.4	72	0.0	283
North												
Mae Hong Son	1.3	263	1.0	7.6	225	(*)	(*)	24	(13.7)	38	0.0	158
Tak	1.2	253	1.4	9.1	216	(*)	(*)	25	(11.0)	37	9.2	141
Northeast												
Buriram	1.4	417	1.5	6.7	344	(0.0)	(9.2)	53	3.2	73	0.0	192
Sisaket	2.0	399	2.4	6.1	335	(0.0)	(0.0)	35	3.7	64	0.6	201
Yasothon	0.1	494	0.1	5.1	420	(0.0)	(2.5)	32	0.9	74	1.8	266
Kalasin	1.1	513	0.8	6.5	452	1.0	7.3	46	4.4	61	1.3	264
Nakhon Phanom	1.0	450	1.2	6.2	368	3.5	5.3	61	8.5	82	0.3	218

## Table PR.3.1M: Child marriage and polygyny (men) (continued)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th birthday, percentages of men age 20-49 and 20-24 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th and 18th birthdays, percentage of men age 15-19 years currently married or in union, and the percentage of men who are in a polygynous marriage or union, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Men age	15-49 years	N	1en age 20-49 ye	ars	Men	age 20-24 ye	ars	Men age 1	L5-19 years	Men ag	e 15-49 years
	Percentage	2	Percentage						Percentage		Percentage in	Number of men
	married	Number of	married	Percentage	Number of	Percentage	Percentage		currently	Number of	polygynous	age 15-49 years
	before	men age	before	married	men age	married before		e men age	married/	men age	marriage/	currently married/
	age 15	15-49 years	age 15	before age 18	20-49 years	age 151	age 18 <sup>2</sup>	20-24 years	in union <sup>3</sup>	15-19 years	union⁴	in union
South												
Songkhla	0.6	402	0.6	5.8	355	(0.6)	(10.1)	49	(0.9)	47	0.1	211
Satun	1.0	337	1.2	4.5	268	(3.7)	(6.7)	40	6.3	69	0.3	173
Phatthalung	0.6	465	0.7	3.9	406	(0.0)	(12.0)	33	1.2	59	1.0	267
Pattani	0.4	288	0.4	4.6	243	(0.0)	(6.1)	51	(0.0)	45	1.9	153
Yala	1.3	282	1.5	4.1	231	(1.6)	(1.6)	34	(0.0)	51	0.0	119
Narathiwat	0.0	314	0.0	2.2	256	(0.0)	(2.4)	41	5.9	58	0.4	170

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator PR.4a - Child marriage (before age 15)

<sup>4</sup> MICS indicator PR.6 - Polygyny

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator PR.4b - Child marriage (before age 18)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MICS indicator PR.5 - Young men age 15-19 years currently married or in union

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table PR.3.2: Spousal age difference

Percent distribution of women currently married/in union age 20-24 years by age difference with their husband or partner, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of curre	ently married/in union wome	nusband or partner is:		Number of women age 20-24 year	
	Younger	0-4 years older	5-9 years older	10+ years older <sup>1</sup>	Total	currently married/ in union
Thailand	19.0	51.9	16.3	12.8	100.0	1,123
Region						
Bangkok	26.6	58.4	11.0	4.0	100.0	140
Central	12.2	50.7	24.7	12.4	100.0	353
North	13.8	55.0	14.2	16.9	100.0	196
Northeast	21.6	51.9	11.7	14.8	100.0	236
South	27.7	46.5	12.4	13.4	100.0	198
Selected Provinces						
Central						
Chai Nat	11.5	59.0	19.1	10.5	100.0	68
Sa Kaeo	31.7	39.3	17.6	11.4	100.0	62
Ratchaburi	24.6	46.7	23.5	5.2	100.0	76
Kanchanaburi	15.1	56.3	15.2	13.5	100.0	56
North						
Mae Hong Son	(23.1)	(46.4)	(12.5)	(18.1)	100.0	26
Tak	18.3	48.1	23.6	10.0	100.0	31
Northeast						
Buriram	13.7	51.4	26.0	8.9	100.0	32
Sisaket	7.9	54.8	27.1	10.2	100.0	38
Yasothon	8.8	55.7	23.2	12.3	100.0	43
Kalasin	24.8	40.8	25.9	8.6	100.0	44
Nakhon Phanom	15.2	54.6	13.8	16.3	100.0	54
South						
Songkhla	10.8	47.7	22.3	19.2	100.0	39
Satun	10.8	46.5	33.2	9.4	100.0	37
Phatthalung	16.9	52.4	18.1	12.6	100.0	35
Pattani	26.4	38.4	15.0	20.2	100.0	38
Yala	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	14
Narathiwat	12.3	52.0	18.8	16.9	100.0	45

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator PR.7b - Spousal age difference (among women age 20-24)

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

Table PR.4.1W: Victims of robbery and assault (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who were victims of robbery, assault and either robbery or assault in the last 3 years, last 1 year and multiple times in the last year, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percer	tage of women age 15-	49 years who we	re victims of:		Percentage of w	omen age 15-49 ve	ears who experienced	
	-	Robbery <sup>2</sup>	<b>\</b>		Assault <sup>B</sup>			l violence of robbe		
	In the last 3 years	In the last 1 year	Multiple times in the last 1 year	In the last 3 years	In the last 1 year	Multiple times in the last 1 year	In the last 3 years	In the last 1 year <sup>1</sup>	Multiple times in the last 1 year	Number of women
Thailand	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.3	0.1	25,087
Region										
Bangkok	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	4,160
Central	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.1	7,613
North	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.1	3,746
Northeast	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	6,020
South	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.2	3,549
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	1,261
Sa Kaeo	1.7	1.1	0.6	2.6	1.2	0.5	4.2	2.1	1.0	1,075
Ratchaburi	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.1	1.8	0.4	0.3	1,393
Kanchanaburi	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	1,088
North										
Mae Hong Son	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	524
Tak	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.7	0.0	1.3	0.7	0.0	569
Northeast										
Buriram	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.3	0.2	979
Sisaket	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	964
Yasothon	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	1,103
Kalasin	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.4	1.3	0.7	0.4	1,047
South										
Songkhla	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	937
Satun	0.6	0.5	0.2	1.3	0.7	0.6	1.6	1.0	0.7	705
Phatthalung	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1	1,038
Pattani	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.9	0.9	0.6	1.2	1.1	0.6	798
Yala	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	646
Narathiwat	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	686

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator PR.12 - Experience of robbery and assault

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> A robbery is here defined as "taking or trying to take something, by using force or threatening to use force".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> An assault is here defined as a physical attack.

Table PR.4.1M: Victims of robbery and assault (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who were victims of robbery, assault and either robbery or assault in the last 3 years, last 1 year and multiple times in the last year, Thailand MICS, 2019

	-	Perc	entage of men age 15-4	9 years who were	victims of:		Percentage of n	nen age 15-49 yea	rs who experienced	
		Robbery <sup>2</sup>			Assault <sup>B</sup>		physical	violence of robbe	ry or assault:	
	In the last 3 years	In the last 1 year	Multiple times in the last 1 year	In the last 3 years	In the last 1 year	Multiple times in the last 1 year	In the last 3 years	In the last 1 year <sup>1</sup>	Multiple times in the last 1 year	Number of men
Thailand	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.2	0.1	11,023
Region										
Bangkok	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	1,792
Central	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	3,253
North	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.9	0.3	0.0	1,670
Northeast	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.0	1.5	0.5	0.3	2,671
South	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	1,637
Selected Provinces										
Central										
Chai Nat	0.4	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.9	0.0	2.6	0.9	0.0	525
Sa Kaeo	2.5	1.5	0.0	3.9	1.8	0.4	4.9	2.2	1.4	425
Ratchaburi	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.2	0.1	635
Kanchanaburi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	535
North										
Mae Hong Son	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	263
Tak	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	253
Northeast										
Buriram	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	417
Sisaket	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	399
Yasothon	0.8	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.0	494
Kalasin	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.1	513
Nakhon Phanom	0.8	0.5	0.5	1.3	0.4	0.3	2.0	0.9	0.7	450
South										
Songkhla	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	402
Satun	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	337
Phatthalung	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	465
Pattani	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	288
Yala	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	282
Narathiwat	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	314

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator PR.12 - Experience of robbery and assault

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> A robbery is here defined as "taking or trying to take something, by using force or threatening to use force".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> An assault is here defined as a physical attack.

Table PR.5.1W: Feelings of safety (women)

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years by feeling of safety walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark and being home alone after dark, Thailand MICS, 2019

				vomen wh hood after	o walking dark feel:		Percentage of women who	Pero			of women v ter dark fe	_		Percentage	Percentage of women who after dark feel very	
	Very safe	Safe	Un safe	Very unsafe	Never walk alone after dark	Total	feel safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark <sup>1</sup>	Very safe	Safe	Un safe	Very unsafe	Never home alone after dark	Total	of women who feel safe home alone after dark	unsafe walking alone in their neighborhood or being home alone	Number of women
Thailand	13.8	62.2	12.2	1.4	10.4	100.0	75.9	20.2	66.8	7.0	0.9	5.0	100.0	87.0	1.7	25,087
Region																
Bangkok	7.3	71.8	15.0	0.4	5.5	100.0	79.1	9.9	78.9	6.3	0.5	4.6	100.0	88.7	0.7	4,160
Central	10.0	61.5	12.2	2.7	13.5	100.0	71.4	21.3	63.2	7.5	2.2	5.8	100.0	84.4	3.1	7,613
North	20.3	60.2	9.9	0.7	8.9	100.0	80.5	27.8	60.6	5.2	0.5	5.9	100.0	88.5	0.9	3,746
Northeast	18.5	59.1	10.1	1.5	10.9	100.0	77.5	22.5	65.4	6.9	0.2	5.0	100.0	87.9	1.6	6,020
South	15.0	59.4	14.7	0.4	10.5	100.0	74.2	18.2	69.3	9.1	0.4	3.0	100.0	87.3	0.7	3,549
Selected Provinces																
Central																
Chai Nat	10.8	44.0	12.4	0.3	32.6	100.0	54.7	14.8	59.9	5.8	0.0	19.4	100.0	74.7	0.4	1,261
Sa Kaeo	4.0	41.3	16.0	1.6	37.1	100.0	45.3	10.2	63.7	12.8	1.4	11.9	100.0	74.0	2.5	1,075
Ratchaburi	16.8	49.7	11.6	1.4	20.6	100.0	66.5	30.5	54.6	10.4	0.9	3.6	100.0	85.1	1.5	1,393
Kanchanaburi	10.0	55.6	15.6	0.2	18.7	100.0	65.5	18.7	69.0	6.4	0.2	5.7	100.0	87.6	0.3	1,088
North																
Mae Hong Son	9.6	89.2	1.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.7	11.4	88.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.5	0.0	524
Tak	10.8	59.0	13.5	0.0	16.7	100.0	69.8	20.2	64.2	5.0	0.1	10.5	100.0	84.3	0.1	569
Northeast																
Buriram	36.7	53.1	9.4	0.7	0.1	100.0	89.8	36.4	57.9	4.8	0.8	0.1	100.0	94.2	0.9	979
Sisaket	10.9	84.8	3.3	0.0	1.0	100.0	95.7	10.8	86.9	1.5	0.1	0.7	100.0	97.7	0.1	964
Yasothon	17.0	81.7	1.0	0.0	0.3	100.0	98.7	24.8	70.6	1.2	0.0	3.4	100.0	95.4	0.0	1,103
Kalasin	4.6	67.3	12.9	0.2	15.0	100.0	71.8	5.8	87.7	5.5	0.0	0.9	100.0	93.5	0.2	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	9.0	57.1	14.4	0.2	19.3	100.0	66.1	14.6	69.0	9.6	0.1	6.7	100.0	83.7	0.3	1,047
South																
Songkhla	6.2	65.9	23.4	1.7	2.8	100.0	72.1	10.8	62.3	23.0	1.4	2.5	100.0	73.1	2.4	937
Satun	8.1	63.1	13.4	0.4	15.0	100.0	71.2	14.0	73.0	4.2	0.1	8.7	100.0	87.0	0.4	705
Phatthalung	8.2	76.5	11.1	8.0	3.4	100.0	84.6	9.7	84.2	5.0	0.6	0.5	100.0	93.9	1.1	1,038
Pattani	1.2	66.1	22.2	0.3	10.2	100.0	67.3	1.6	72.8	9.5	0.0	16.1	100.0	74.4	0.3	798
Yala	8.1	49.2	24.4	0.1	18.1	100.0	57.3	13.8	68.8	17.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	82.5	0.1	646
Narathiwat	25.7	69.1	5.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	94.7	27.7	67.2	5.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	94.8	0.0	686

Table PR.5.1M: Feelings of safety (men)

			ion of men bourhood		U		Percentage of	Percent		on of men w after dark f	U	ome alone		Percentage	Percentage of men who after dark feel very	
	Very safe	Safe	Unsafe	Very unsafe	Never walk alone after dark	Total	men who feel safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark <sup>1</sup>	Very safe	Safe	Unsafe	Very unsafe	Never home alone after dark	Total	of men who feel safe home alone after dark	unsafe walking alone in their neighborhood or being home alone	Number of men
Thailand	19.1	70.6	5.4	0.7	4.2	100.0	89.6	25.2	68.0	4.1	0.7	2.0	100.0	93.1	0.8	11,023
Region																
Bangkok	7.4	84.2	7.8	0.3	0.2	100.0	91.6	10.7	85.8	3.1	0.1	0.4	100.0	96.5	0.4	1,792
Central	13.7	72.6	7.1	1.9	4.6	100.0	86.1	22.9	66.4	5.8	2.0	2.8	100.0	88.9	2.1	3,253
North	28.9	63.7	3.7	0.5	3.2	100.0	92.6	36.2	59.7	2.3	0.2	1.6	100.0	95.8	0.7	1,670
Northeast	25.3	62.6	3.9	0.1	8.1	100.0	87.9	30.7	62.0	4.0	0.1	3.3	100.0	92.6	0.2	2,671
South	22.6	71.7	3.5	0.0	2.2	100.0	94.3	25.8	69.6	3.9	0.0	0.6	100.0	95.5	0.1	1,637
Selected Provinces																
Central																
Chai Nat	16.0	62.9	3.3	0.0	17.8	100.0	78.9	19.6	66.2	1.4	0.5	12.2	100.0	85.9	0.5	525
Sa Kaeo	13.2	65.2	5.9	0.2	15.5	100.0	78.4	21.0	67.9	5.3	0.0	5.8	100.0	88.9	0.2	425
Ratchaburi	23.7	60.6	10.0	0.3	5.4	100.0	84.3	37.6	54.3	7.2	0.3	0.5	100.0	91.9	0.3	635
Kanchanaburi	12.3	67.5	8.2	0.0	11.9	100.0	79.8	24.8	69.8	1.7	0.0	3.7	100.0	94.6	0.0	535
North																
Mae Hong Son	10.1	88.1	0.9	0.0	0.9	100.0	98.2	12.2	86.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.2	0.0	263
Tak	9.5	72.8	2.4	0.0	15.3	100.0	82.3	27.4	63.8	0.7	0.0	8.1	100.0	91.2	0.0	253
Northeast																
Buriram	36.6	55.2	7.3	0.5	0.4	100.0	91.8	36.4	57.9	3.7	1.2	0.8	100.0	94.3	1.7	417
Sisaket	16.4	80.5	2.7	0.4	0.0	100.0	96.9	17.9	80.6	1.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.5	0.4	399
Yasothon	19.9	79.6	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.5	32.3	66.9	0.6	0.0	0.3	100.0	99.1	0.0	494
Kalasin	9.1	86.3	3.8	0.0	0.8	100.0	95.4	11.1	86.5	2.2	0.0	0.1	100.0	97.7	0.0	513
Nakhon Phanom	18.4	71.8	4.9	0.0	4.9	100.0	89.8	26.2	71.3	1.6	0.0	0.8	100.0	97.1	0.0	450
South																
Songkhla	12.0	79.0	7.6	0.0	1.4	100.0	91.0	15.8	74.1	9.7	0.0	0.4	100.0	89.9	0.0	402
Satun	7.2	83.5	6.3	0.7	2.3	100.0	90.7	11.2	84.9	2.9	0.2	0.9	100.0	96.1	0.9	337
Phatthalung	11.8	82.9	5.2	0.1	0.0	100.0	94.7	12.4	83.5	4.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	95.9	0.1	465
Pattani	1.7	89.7	6.4	0.0	2.2	100.0	91.4	2.8	86.7	4.6	0.5	5.3	100.0	89.6	0.5	288
Yala	9.0	73.6	17.2	0.0	0.2	100.0	82.6	10.1	77.3	12.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	87.3	0.0	282
Narathiwat	23.0	75.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.2	26.2	70.3	3.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	96.5	0.0	314

Table PR.6.1W: Attitudes toward domestic violence (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife in various circumstances, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Po	ercentage of w	omen who be	lieve a husband	is justified in	beating his wife		
	If she goes out without telling him	If she neglects the children	If she argues with him	If she refuses sex with him	If she burns the food	For any of these five reasons <sup>1</sup>	If she neglects household chores	Number of womer
Thailand	3.3	5.3	3.0	1.3	1.0	7.2	3.3	25,087
Region								
Bangkok	0.7	3.6	0.5	0.3	1.1	4.3	2.3	4,160
Central	5.2	5.8	3.9	2.3	1.1	7.4	3.3	7,613
North	1.6	4.2	1.8	0.3	0.6	5.6	3.7	3,746
Northeast	2.5	5.1	3.6	0.9	0.9	7.9	3.5	6,020
South	5.6	7.8	3.9	2.0	1.0	10.7	3.9	3,549
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	1.0	1.3	1.6	0.3	0.2	2.6	0.8	1,261
Sa Kaeo	2.8	8.5	3.3	1.8	0.7	12.4	4.9	1,075
Ratchaburi	1.3	2.8	1.1	1.1	0.7	3.9	2.1	1,393
Kanchanaburi	1.9	7.0	2.6	1.4	1.4	8.8	6.8	1,088
North								
Mae Hong Son	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	524
Tak	2.6	10.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	13.0	9.1	569
Northeast								
Buriram	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.2	1.6	4.8	2.4	979
Sisaket	2.1	2.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.3	1.1	964
Yasothon	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	1,103
Kalasin	1.5	6.8	1.6	1.3	0.1	8.0	1.9	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	1.7	4.8	1.3	0.8	0.4	5.8	4.9	1,047
South								
Songkhla	1.2	4.4	1.2	0.3	0.1	6.1	1.7	937
Satun	0.7	2.1	1.8	0.9	0.1	3.7	1.0	705
Phatthalung	1.4	7.0	1.7	4.2	3.1	10.9	4.3	1,038
Pattani	6.0	6.4	1.9	0.5	0.6	9.0	3.2	798
Yala	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.7	0.0	646
Narathiwat	38.8	35.0	30.1	16.4	9.6	49.2	22.5	686

#### Table PR.6.1M: Attitudes toward domestic violence (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife in various circumstances, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage of	men who beli	eve a husband i	s justified in be	eating his wife:	! 	
	If she goes out without telling him	If she neglects the children	If she argues with him	If she refuses sex with him	If she burns the food	For any of these five reasons <sup>1</sup>	If she neglects household chores	Number of men
Thailand	3.4	5.8	4.2	1.7	0.7	8.4	3.8	11,023
Region								
Bangkok	1.0	4.7	1.0	0.2	1.2	5.3	2.3	1,792
Central	4.8	8.0	6.7	3.5	0.1	11.1	4.9	3,253
North	2.0	4.9	1.5	0.2	0.5	6.1	5.6	1,670
Northeast	3.1	4.0	4.4	1.2	0.8	7.8	2.4	2,671
South	5.3	6.7	5.1	2.0	1.5	9.9	3.9	1,637
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	4.2	10.3	3.0	0.6	0.5	12.7	7.1	525
Sa Kaeo	0.2	2.0	1.3	1.0	0.7	4.0	1.3	425
Ratchaburi	1.8	4.8	3.3	1.0	0.8	6.1	3.6	635
Kanchanaburi	6.4	10.7	9.3	7.5	1.8	13.9	9.9	535
North								
Mae Hong Son	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	263
Tak	1.0	4.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	5.9	5.1	253
Northeast								
Buriram	3.5	2.4	2.2	2.8	2.8	5.1	2.3	417
Sisaket	0.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.9	0.6	399
Yasothon	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	4.1	494
Kalasin	1.0	7.7	1.2	1.4	0.0	8.9	3.6	513
Nakhon Phanom	1.3	4.3	3.9	0.7	0.0	7.7	2.3	450
South								
Songkhla	0.3	1.6	0.4	0.1	0.0	2.0	0.7	402
Satun	0.7	2.8	1.0	1.6	0.0	5.1	1.6	337
Phatthalung	6.0	8.2	4.0	8.5	5.2	18.4	10.1	465
Pattani	2.4	6.0	3.3	1.1	1.5	8.6	8.6	288
Yala	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	282
Narathiwat	38.4	37.5	29.2	18.9	11.7	49.9	26.5	314

### **A6. LIVE IN A SAFE AND CLEAN ENVIRONMENT**

Table WS.1.1: Use of improved and unimproved water sources

Percent distribution of household population by main source of drinking water and percentage of household population using improved drinking water sources, Thailand MICS, 2019

						Main sou	ırce of drinki	ng water						_	Percentage	
					lm	proved sour	ces					Unimprov	ed sources	<u>i</u>	using	
	·	Piped	water								Coin-			_	improved	
										Packaged	operated	Unpro-			sources of	Number of
	Into	Into	To neigh-	• •	Tube-well/			Tanker	Bottled	water	water	tected	Surface	T-1-1	drinking	household
	dwelling	yard/plot	bour	stand-pipe		well	collection	truck	water <sup>A</sup>	glass/cup <sup>A</sup>	dispenser	well	water	Total	water <sup>1</sup>	members
Thailand	33.9	4.1	0.1	0.0	1.3	0.9	5.1	0.1	46.6	1.8	5.7	0.4	0.1	100.0	99.5	101,020
Region																
Bangkok	63.8	1.9	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	17.7	1.6	14.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	13,947
Central	43.0	6.8	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	4.5	0.0	33.7	2.5	8.6	0.1	0.1	100.0	99.8	28,377
North	28.2	2.4	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.4	4.5	0.0	55.6	1.9	4.0	0.2	0.1	100.0	99.8	17,545
Northeast	19.3	3.6	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.2	8.7	0.2	64.3	1.3	1.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	99.9	27,352
South	21.0	3.6	0.1	0.1	4.8	4.1	4.8	0.0	55.9	1.6	1.4	2.4	0.2	100.0	97.4	13,798
Selected Provinces																
Central																
Chai Nat	30.2	11.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.4	8.4	1.2	36.2	0.5	7.4	2.7	0.0	100.0	97.3	5,008
Sa Kaeo	5.3	1.9	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.9	23.6	0.0	64.5	2.4	0.5	0.2	0.0	100.0	99.8	4,485
Ratchaburi	12.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	5.3	0.0	55.2	6.2	19.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5,179
Kanchanaburi	19.3	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	10.5	0.0	57.5	2.0	7.7	0.0	0.9	100.0	99.1	4,416
North																
Mae Hong Son	50.7	2.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	2.0	0.2	0.0	29.9	0.4	10.7	0.0	3.1	100.0	96.9	2,029
Tak	26.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	3.8	1.4	9.1	0.0	51.9	2.7	3.0	0.6	0.2	100.0	99.1	2,252
Northeast																
Buriram	35.7	15.7	0.3	0.0	1.8	1.2	5.5	0.0	39.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	99.8	4,924
Sisaket	12.5	3.1	0.8	0.0	3.5	0.1	5.0	0.0	69.8	0.8	4.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	4,736
Yasothon	8.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.7	0.0	89.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5,074
Kalasin	17.1	12.2	0.6	0.0	1.3	0.2	0.3	0.0	66.1	0.3	1.7	0.1	0.0	100.0	99.9	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	10.1	1.8	0.1	0.0	2.6	0.1	2.4	0.0	69.4	7.7	5.4	0.4	0.0	100.0	99.6	4,255
South																
Songkhla	26.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.3	2.3	0.0	54.8	5.2	3.5	0.5	0.0	100.0	99.5	4,068
Satun	6.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.7	2.8	0.0	75.4	1.8	3.8	2.5	0.0	100.0	97.5	2,869
Phatthalung	26.5	3.5	0.1	0.1	1.3	1.2	0.6	0.0	60.4	1.0	4.3	1.0	0.0	100.0	99.0	4,190
Pattani	11.9	8.5	0.0	0.9	23.2	7.9	0.1	0.0	43.7	1.4	0.3	2.1	0.0	100.0	97.9	2,952
Yala	46.1	16.0	0.8	0.0	3.5	10.2	0.0	0.0	22.0	0.4	0.0	0.9	0.1	100.0	99.0	2,315
Narathiwat	9.9	8.3	0.0	0.9	12.9	9.7	0.0	0.0	34.9	0.8	0.0	22.7	0.0	100.0	77.3	2,799

<sup>1</sup> MICS indicator WS.1 - Use of improved drinking water sources

<sup>^</sup> Delivered and packaged water considered improved sources of drinking water based on new SDG definition.

#### Table WS.1.2: Use of basic and limited drinking water services

Percent distribution of household population by time to go to source of drinking water, get water and return, for users of improved and unimproved drinking water sources and percentage using basic drinking water services, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Tin	ne to source	of drinking wa	ater		_		
	Users	of improved d water sources			f unimproved water sources	_	_	Percentage	
	Water on premises	Up to and including 30 minutes <sup>A</sup>	More than 30 minutes	Water on premises	Up to and including 30 minutes <sup>A</sup>	More than 30 minutes	Total	using basic drinking water services <sup>1</sup>	Number of household members
Thailand	99.3	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.5	101,020
Region									
Bangkok	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	13,947
Central	99.7	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.8	28,377
North	99.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.8	17,545
Northeast	99.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.9	27,352
South	96.8	0.6	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	97.4	13,798
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	94.3	3.0	0.1	0.2	2.2	0.2	100.0	97.3	5,008
Sa Kaeo	98.9	0.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.8	4,485
Ratchaburi	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5,179
Kanchanaburi	99.0	0.1	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.1	4,416
North									
Mae Hong Son	95.0	1.9	0.0	2.6	0.5	0.0	100.0	96.9	2,029
Tak	98.7	0.5	0.0	0.6	0.2	0.0	100.0	99.1	2,252
Northeast									
Buriram	99.8	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.8	4,924
Sisaket	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	4,736
Yasothon	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5,074
Kalasin	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.9	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	99.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	100.0	99.6	4,255
South									
Songkhla	99.4	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.5	4,068
Satun	96.1	1.4	0.0	2.4	0.1	0.0	100.0	97.5	2,869
Phatthalung	98.8	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.0	4,190
Pattani	96.8	1.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	97.9	2,952
Yala	99.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.0	2,315
Narathiwat	77.2	0.1	0.0	22.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	77.3	2,799

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,\text{MICS}$  indicator WS.2 - Use of basic drinking water services; SDG Indicator 1.4.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Includes cases where household members do not collect

Table WS.1.3: Availability of sufficient drinking water when needed

Percentage of household members with drinking water available when needed and percent distribution of the main reasons household members unable to access water in sufficient quantities when needed, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of household population				ousehold me in sufficient				Number of household members
	with drinking water available in sufficient quantities <sup>1</sup>	Number of household members	Water not available from source	Water too expensive	Source not accessible	Other	DK/ Missing	Total	unable to access water in sufficient quantities when needed
Thailand	99.4	101,020	50.1	7.4	32.4	6.2	3.9	100.0	532
Region									
Bangkok	99.6	13,947	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	8
Central	99.7	28,377	48.6	32.0	11.5	7.5	0.4	100.0	83
North	99.2	17,545	83.2	7.3	9.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	132
Northeast	99.1	27,352	41.2	1.4	42.4	5.7	9.2	100.0	223
South	99.3	13,798	18.7	0.0	64.9	16.5	0.0	100.0	85
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	98.5	5,008	93.6	0.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	66
Sa Kaeo	98.9	4,485	50.2	2.8	19.7	24.3	3.2	100.0	52
Ratchaburi	99.4	7,700	(72.5)	(27.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	40
Kanchanaburi	98.6	6,015	24.8	0.0	49.0	26.2	0.0	100.0	84
North									
Mae Hong Son	98.7	1,660	(95.9)	(0.0)	(4.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	21
Tak	99.6	4,464	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	17
Northeast									
Buriram	99.5	8,973	(40.9)	(49.4)	(0.0)	(9.7)	(0.0)	100.0	23
Sisaket	99.1	8,131	46.7	0.0	25.0	26.1	2.2	100.0	62
Yasothon	99.8	3,444	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	7
Kalasin	99.7	5,935	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Nakhon Phanom	99.8	4,860	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	9
South									
Songkhla	99.2	11,871	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	54
Satun	99.7	2,456	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	9
Phatthalung	100.0	3,585	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	1
Pattani	99.8	5,179	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	6
Yala	99.8	3,881	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	6
Narathiwat	99.7	6,123	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

 $^{\rm 1}\,{\rm MICS}$  indicator WS.3 - Availability of drinking water

na: not applicable

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

#### **Table WS.1.4: Household water treatment**

Percentage of household population by drinking water treatment method used in the household and the percentage who are using an appropriate treatment method, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Water tr	eatment n	nethod	used in the ho	usehold			Percentage of	
	None	Boil	Add bleach/ chlorine	Strain through a cloth	Use water filter	Solar dis-infection	Let it stand and settle	Other	DK/ Missing	household members in households using an appropriate water treatment method	Number of household members
Thailand	72.0	9.5	0.3	1.2	20.5	0.4	2.0	0.1	0.1	25.9	101,020
Region											
Bangkok	35.5	21.5	0.0	0.2	58.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	64.2	13,947
Central	65.8	13.2	0.0	0.8	25.6	0.2	3.3	0.4	0.0	32.9	28,377
North	75.3	2.6	1.3	1.6	16.3	1.3	5.2	0.0	0.0	18.5	17,545
Northeast	91.0	2.8	0.0	1.1	4.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	7.7	27,352
South	79.8	12.1	0.1	2.8	7.9	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	18.3	13,798
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	61.3	2.3	0.0	0.8	22.9	0.2	13.6	0.0	0.0	25.0	5,008
Sa Kaeo	85.3	3.3	0.0	1.6	8.1	0.1	1.9	0.0	0.0	11.4	4,485
Ratchaburi	87.0	4.2	0.1	0.7	8.4	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	12.6	5,179
Kanchanaburi	86.3	2.0	0.1	0.5	11.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	12.7	4,416
North											
Mae Hong Son	80.2	12.8	0.0	3.3	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.8	2,029
Tak	77.1	9.3	0.0	2.2	10.7	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	19.8	2,252
Northeast											
Buriram	97.9	0.9	0.8	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.7	4,924
Sisaket	95.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	4,736
Yasothon	94.1	1.2	0.0	0.2	4.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	5.7	5,074
Kalasin	97.4	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	90.9	1.5	0.0	0.6	7.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	8.3	4,255
South											
Songkhla	71.4	18.0	0.0	1.8	12.7	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	27.5	4,068
Satun	84.1	7.2	0.0	3.1	4.3	1.6	5.5	0.0	0.0	11.1	2,869
Phatthalung	80.0	14.9	0.8	2.0	6.1	0.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	18.8	4,190
Pattani	77.0	14.6	0.0	1.0	8.3	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	21.3	2,952
Yala	36.9	59.1	0.9	16.5	17.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.7	2,315
Narathiwat	81.8	15.9	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	2,799

Table WS.2.1: Handwashing facility with soap and water on premises

Percent distribution of household members by observation of handwashing facility and percentage of household members by availability of water and soap or detergent at the handwashing facility, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Handw facility o	-	No handwashing facility	No			Hand	lwashing f	acility obser	ved and	Number of household members where	Percentage of household members with handwashing facility where water	Number of household members where handwashing facility was observed or with no
	Fixed facility observed	Mobile object observed	observed in the dwelling, yard, or plot	permission to see/ Other	Total	Number of household members	water available	soap available	detergent	dishwashing liquid available	handwashing facility was observed	and soap or other cleansing agent are present <sup>1</sup>	handwashing facility in the dwelling, yard, or plot
Thailand	75.2	15.9	3.9	5.0	100.0	101,020	97.6	47.0	18.5	71.9	92,059	89.0	95,958
Region													
Bangkok	72.3	3.8	3.7	20.2	100.0	13,947	98.9	59.9	27.4	67.2	10,614	92.0	11,126
Central	78.3	12.3	3.9	5.5	100.0	28,377	98.4	55.0	18.4	63.7	25,720	90.2	26,825
North	85.5	10.4	3.1	0.9	100.0	17,545	97.8	39.1	10.7	73.8	16,826	89.3	17,379
Northeast	65.9	28.3	5.0	0.8	100.0	27,352	96.3	44.4	22.0	82.6	25,766	87.2	27,146
South	77.4	17.8	2.5	2.3	100.0	13,798	97.5	35.8	14.7	68.3	13,133	87.3	13,482
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	77.8	21.0	1.2	0.0	100.0	5,008	99.2	33.5	12.5	80.3	4,946	92.4	5,008
Sa Kaeo	75.8	18.9	0.9	4.4	100.0	4,485	99.3	27.2	5.3	77.7	4,249	90.5	4,289
Ratchaburi	81.8	15.2	1.3	1.7	100.0	5,179	99.8	57.6	24.4	66.6	5,023	97.1	5,091
Kanchanaburi	84.2	10.2	4.2	1.4	100.0	4,416	98.7	49.3	23.6	52.1	4,170	86.4	4,355
North													
Mae Hong Son	85.1	13.2	1.5	0.1	100.0	2,029	71.8	7.2	14.4	97.2	1,996	70.4	2,027
Tak	75.6	23.9	0.5	0.0	100.0	2,252	99.2	43.9	10.6	72.4	2,241	94.6	2,252
Northeast													
Buriram	45.4	48.2	6.1	0.4	100.0	4,924	92.2	15.3	33.6	85.5	4,608	83.8	4,906
Sisaket	53.9	45.7	0.4	0.0	100.0	4,736	98.4	26.4	12.0	89.6	4,719	95.9	4,736
Yasothon	87.8	11.2	0.9	0.0	100.0	5,074	99.5	32.5	16.4	92.2	5,027	96.8	5,072
Kalasin	70.8	22.5	6.6	0.1	100.0	5,449	98.5	30.3	11.1	67.2	5,083	82.5	5,441
Nakhon Phanom	51.7	45.8	2.0	0.5	100.0	4,255	92.9	45.5	13.3	63.7	4,149	80.8	4,232

## Table WS.2.1: Handwashing facility with soap and water on premises (continued)

Percent distribution of household members by observation of handwashing facility, Thailand MICS, 2019

Fixed facility observed	Mobile object observed	facility observed in the dwelling, yard, or plot	No permission to see/		Number of					members where	facility where water	was observed or with no
			Other	Total	household members	water available	soap available	detergent available	dishwashing liquid available	handwashing facility was observed	and soap or other cleansing agent are present <sup>1</sup>	handwashing facility in the dwelling, yard, or plot
76.1	13.7	3.1	7.1	100.0	4,068	99.8	40.3	14.0	51.7	3,653	86.9	3,780
83.0	10.6	5.5	0.8	100.0	2,869	96.8	28.4	2.9	73.5	2,688	77.3	2,846
88.4	4.9	6.6	0.1	100.0	4,190	98.2	27.4	21.3	68.8	3,909	77.7	4,185
80.9	17.8	0.5	0.8	100.0	2,952	99.3	31.2	2.8	51.5	2,913	77.7	2,928
92.9	0.4	6.8	0.0	100.0	2,315	95.4	34.3	30.5	85.4	2,159	86.2	2,315
63.5	28.8	6.9	0.8	100.0	2,799	90.6	4.3	10.6	89.4	2,584	83.4	2,778
	83.0 88.4 80.9 92.9	83.0 10.6 88.4 4.9 80.9 17.8 92.9 0.4	83.0       10.6       5.5         88.4       4.9       6.6         80.9       17.8       0.5         92.9       0.4       6.8         63.5       28.8       6.9	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0       2,799	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869       96.8         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190       98.2         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952       99.3         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315       95.4         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0       2,799       90.6	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869       96.8       28.4         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190       98.2       27.4         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952       99.3       31.2         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315       95.4       34.3         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0       2,799       90.6       4.3	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869       96.8       28.4       2.9         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190       98.2       27.4       21.3         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952       99.3       31.2       2.8         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315       95.4       34.3       30.5         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0       2,799       90.6       4.3       10.6	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869       96.8       28.4       2.9       73.5         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190       98.2       27.4       21.3       68.8         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952       99.3       31.2       2.8       51.5         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315       95.4       34.3       30.5       85.4         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0       2,799       90.6       4.3       10.6       89.4	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869       96.8       28.4       2.9       73.5       2,688         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190       98.2       27.4       21.3       68.8       3,909         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952       99.3       31.2       2.8       51.5       2,913         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315       95.4       34.3       30.5       85.4       2,159         63.5       28.8       6.9       0.8       100.0       2,799       90.6       4.3       10.6       89.4       2,584	83.0       10.6       5.5       0.8       100.0       2,869       96.8       28.4       2.9       73.5       2,688       77.3         88.4       4.9       6.6       0.1       100.0       4,190       98.2       27.4       21.3       68.8       3,909       77.7         80.9       17.8       0.5       0.8       100.0       2,952       99.3       31.2       2.8       51.5       2,913       77.7         92.9       0.4       6.8       0.0       100.0       2,315       95.4       34.3       30.5       85.4       2,159       86.2

MICS indicator WS.7 - Handwashing facility with water and soap; SDG indicators 1.4.1 & 6.2.1

Table WS.3.1: Use of improved and unimproved sanitation facilities

Percent distribution of household population by type of sanitation facility used by the household, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Туре	of sanitation faci	lity used by l	nousehold			<u>.</u>			
		lı	mproved sa	nitation fa	cility		Unimpro	ved sanitati	on facility				
	Piped sewer system	Septic tank	r flush to: Pit latrine	DK where	Ventilated improved pit latrine	Pit latrine with lab	Flush/Pour flush to elsewhere	Other	DK/Missing	Open defecation (no facility, bush, field)	Total	Percentage using improved sanitation <sup>1</sup>	Number of household members
Thailand	16.1	81.1	2.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	99.6	101,020
Region													
Bangkok	41.6	58.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.9	13,947
Central	14.0	85.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.4	28,377
North	9.1	85.8	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.8	17,545
Northeast	11.0	86.4	1.9	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.9	27,352
South	14.0	80.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.7	100.0	99.0	13,798
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	0.7	98.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.7	5,008
Sa Kaeo	1.0	98.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	100.0	99.5	4,485
Ratchaburi	5.3	93.9	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	99.7	5,179
Kanchanaburi	6.2	93.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	99.9	4,416
North													
Mae Hong Son	0.2	51.0	48.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.7	2,029
Tak	2.7	55.8	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.8	100.0	98.8	2,252
Northeast													
Buriram	5.0	94.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	4,924
Sisaket	0.6	87.0	0.2	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	100.0	99.9	4,736
Yasothon	0.1	99.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5,074
Kalasin	0.6	99.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.9	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	3.3	72.6	23.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	99.6	4,255
South													
Songkhla	17.9	80.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	100.0	99.4	4,068
Satun	0.7	97.5	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	100.0	99.4	2,869
Phatthalung	19.8	58.3	21.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	99.7	4,190
Pattani	0.3	96.1	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.7	100.0	97.4	2,952
Yala	58.6	41.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	2,315
Narathiwat	24.4	71.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	3.9	100.0	95.7	2,799

Table WS.3.2: Use of basic and limited sanitation services

Percent distribution of household population by use of private and public sanitation facilities and use of shared facilities, by users of improved and unimproved sanitation facilities, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Users of imp	proved sanitation f	acilities		Users of ur	improved sanitation	on facilities			
		Share	ed by			_	Shared by	-	Open defecation		Number of
	Not shared <sup>1</sup>	5 households or less	More than 5 households	Public facility	DK/ Missing	Not shared	5 households or less	Public facility	(no facility, bush, field)	Total	household members
Thailand	97.1	1.1	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	101,020
Region											
Bangkok	95.7	2.3	1.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	13,947
Central	98.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	28,377
North	98.9	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	17,545
Northeast	95.8	0.5	0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	27,352
South	96.8	2.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.7	100.0	13,798
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	97.0	2.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,008
Sa Kaeo	97.4	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	100.0	4,485
Ratchaburi	97.2	1.9	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	5,179
Kanchanaburi	97.4	2.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	4,416
North											
Mae Hong Son	99.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,029
Tak	93.4	4.6	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.8	100.0	2,252
Northeast											
Buriram	99.7	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,924
Sisaket	98.7	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	100.0	4,736
Yasothon	99.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,074
Kalasin	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	98.2	0.9	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	4,255
South											
Songkhla	97.2	2.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	100.0	4,068
Satun	96.2	3.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	100.0	2,869
Phatthalung	98.7	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	4,190
Pattani	92.1	5.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.5	1.7	100.0	2,952
Yala	99.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,315
Narathiwat	95.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	3.9	100.0	2,799

Mae Hong Son

Tak

0.0

0.4

22.1

13.6

0.0

0.1

0.0

0.6

0.0

0.0

0.0

4.2

28.4

37.6

0.7

1.6

Table WS.3.3: Emptying and removal of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities Percent distribution of household members in households with septic tanks and improved latrines by method of emptying and removal, Thailand MICS, 2019 Emptying and disposal of wastes from other improved on-site Number of Emptying and disposal of wastes from septic tanks sanitation facilities Safe Removal household To To undisposal Unsafe of excreta members in Removed un-covered Don't Removed covered Don't in situ of disposal for households pit, open Removed know by a Removed pit, open know excreta of excreta treatment with by a service by a Buried ground, where service by a Buried ground, where from from from improved DK if DK if provider service in a water body wastes provider service in a water wastes on-site on-site on-site on-site to treatprovider covered or were Never ever to treatprovider covered body or were Never ever sanitation sanitation sanitation facilities1 facilities facilities facilities to DK elsewhere Other taken emptied emptied to DK elsewhere Other taken emptied emptied Total ment ment Thailand 49.3 0.8 0.5 0.0 37.7 2.8 0.0 1.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 42.4 0.6 57.0 84,082 5.0 1.4 1.1 Region Bangkok 12.3 25.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5 44.9 16.6 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 100.0 61.7 0.0 38.3 8,125 3.0 0.4 100.0 60.5 Central 35.7 0.0 0.4 57.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.4 39.1 24,153 1.1 1.6 0.0 North 2.2 53.7 0.7 0.2 0.0 1.8 35.3 0.7 0.0 1.8 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 3.3 0.1 100.0 40.1 0.3 59.7 15,917 Northeast 6.4 80.8 0.4 0.5 0.0 1.8 7.6 0.3 0.0 1.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 100.0 8.5 0.5 91.0 24,161 South 5.2 23.0 1.9 1.8 0.0 2.4 56.5 3.4 0.0 2.6 0.3 0.1 0.0 0.0 2.9 0.0 100.0 64.9 1.8 33.2 11,725 **Selected Provinces** Central Chai Nat 0.0 69.1 0.5 0.4 0.0 10.7 18.6 0.1 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 100.0 19.2 0.4 80.4 4,954 0.1 70.9 100.0 4,417 Sa Kaeo 1.9 2.7 0.0 0.2 24.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 26.1 2.8 71.1 Ratchaburi 0.3 61.0 34.8 0.0 0.0 0.2 100.0 38.1 61.5 4,884 1.8 0.4 0.0 0.0 1.2 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.4 Kanchanaburi 7.2 46.7 1.1 0.4 0.0 0.3 43.9 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 100.0 45.4 0.4 54.1 4,135 North

10.3

5.6

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

1.0 0.0

0.0

2.9

38.5

31.3

0.0

100.0

1.1 100.0

67.6

71.6

0.0

1.6

32.4

26.7

2,019

2,163

Table WS.3.3: Emptying and removal of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities (continued)

Percent distribution of household members in households with septic tanks and improved latrines by method of emptying and removal, Thailand MICS, 2019

									Empty	ing and d	isposal o	f wastes f	rom o	ther imp	proved o	n-site					Number of
		Emptying	g and dis	posal of wa	stes fro	om septi	c tanks		_		saı	nitation fa	cilities	1				Safe		Removal	household
				To .								To un-						disposal	Unsafe	of excreta	
	Removed	Removed		un-covered		Don't know			Removed	Removed		covered		Don't know				in situ of excreta	disposal	for	households with
	by a service	by a	Buried	pit, open ground,		where			by a service	by a	Buried	pit, open ground,		where				from	from	treatment from	improved
	provider	service	in a	water body		wastes		DK if	provider	service	in a	water		wastes		DK if		on-site	on-site	on-site	on-site
	to treat-	provider	covered	or		were	Never	ever	to treat-		covered	body or		were	Never	ever					sanitation
	ment	to DK	pit	elsewhere	Other	taken	emptied	emptied	ment	to DK	pit	elsewhere	Other	taken	emptied	emptied	Total	facilities <sup>1</sup>	facilities	facilities	facilities
Northeast																					
Buriram	2.9	83.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	13.0	0.0	87.0	4,677
Sisaket	0.8	92.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	5.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	6.2	0.0	93.8	4,128
Yasothon	0.0	98.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1.1	0.0	98.9	5,071
Kalasin	0.1	80.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	13.4	5.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	6.3	0.0	93.7	5,410
Nakhon Phanom	0.4	57.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	16.7	0.3	0.0	21.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	100.0	20.9	0.0	79.1	4,100
South																					
Songkhla	23.3	26.4	0.2	1.1	0.0	2.6	42.4	3.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	100.0	46.1	1.1	52.8	3,316
Satun	2.5	21.1	0.3	4.6	0.0	0.3	69.5	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	100.0	71.1	4.7	24.3	2,831
Phatthalung	1.4	11.8	1.3	0.6	0.0	7.9	49.8	0.2	0.0	8.5	0.3	1.5	0.0	0.0	16.7	0.1	100.0	68.4	2.1	29.5	3,347
Pattani	3.0	12.7	1.3	0.6	0.1	5.9	75.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	100.0	77.6	0.7	21.7	2,853
Yala	8.8	43.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	48.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	48.2	0.0	51.8	959
Narathiwat	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	95.0	1.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	96.4	0.0	3.6	1,997

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator WS.10 - Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities; SDG indicator 6.2.1

Table WS.3.4: Management of excreta from household sanitation facilities

Percent distribution of household population by management of excreta from household sanitation facilities, Thailand MICS, 2019

	system	roved on-site s ns (including sh		-					
	Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities	Unsafe disposal of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities	Removal of excreta for treatment off-site <sup>1</sup>	Connected to sewer	Using unimproved sanitation facilities	Practising open defecation	Missing	Total	Number of household members
Thailand	35.3	0.5	47.5	16.4	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	101,020
Region									
Bangkok	35.9	0.0	22.3	41.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	13,947
Central	51.5	0.3	33.3	14.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	28,377
North	36.4	0.2	54.1	9.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	17,545
Northeast	7.5	0.4	80.4	11.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	27,352
South	55.2	1.6	28.2	14.0	0.3	0.7	0.0	100.0	13,798
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	19.0	0.4	79.5	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,008
Sa Kaeo	25.7	2.7	70.1	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	100.0	4,485
Ratchaburi	35.9	0.4	58.0	5.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	5,179
Kanchanaburi	42.6	0.4	50.7	6.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	4,416
North									
Mae Hong Son	67.3	0.0	32.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,029
Tak	68.8	1.6	25.7	2.7	0.4	0.8	0.0	100.0	2,252
Northeast									
Buriram	12.3	0.0	82.6	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,924
Sisaket	5.4	0.0	81.8	12.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	4,736
Yasothon	1.1	0.0	98.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,074
Kalasin	6.3	0.0	93.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	20.1	0.0	76.2	3.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	100.0	4,255
South									
Songkhla	37.6	0.9	43.0	17.9	0.4	0.2	0.0	100.0	4,068
Satun	70.1	4.6	23.9	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.0	100.0	2,869
Phatthalung	54.6	1.6	23.6	19.8	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	4,190
Pattani	75.0	0.7	20.9	0.7	0.9	1.7	0.0	100.0	2,952
Yala	20.0	0.0	21.5	58.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,315
Narathiwat	68.7	0.0	2.6	24.4	0.4	3.9	0.0	100.0	2,799

 Table WS.3.5: Drinking water, sanitation and handwashing ladders

Percentage of household population by drinking water, sanitation and handwashing ladders, Thailand MICS, 2019

							Percen	tage of househo	old populatio	n using:							
		Drink	ing water				S	anitation				Handw	ashing <sup>A</sup>			Basic	
	Basic service <sup>1</sup>	Limited service	Unimproved	Surface water	Total	Basic service <sup>2</sup>	Limited service	Unimproved	Open defecation	Total	Basic facility <sup>B</sup>	Limited facility	No facility	No permission to see / other	Total	drinking water, sanitation and hygiene service	Number of household members
Thailand	99.5	0.0	0.4	0.1	100.0	97.1	2.5	0.3	0.1	100.0	84.5	6.6	3.9	5.0	100.0	81.7	101,020
Region																	
Bangkok	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	95.7	4.2	0.1	0.0	100.0	73.4	2.7	3.7	20.2	100.0	69.7	13,947
Central	99.8	0.0	0.1	0.1	100.0	98.0	1.4	0.6	0.0	100.0	85.3	5.4	3.9	5.5	100.0	83.6	28,377
North	99.8	0.0	0.2	0.1	100.0	98.9	1.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	88.4	7.5	3.1	0.9	100.0	87.4	17,545
Northeast	99.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	95.8	4.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	86.5	7.7	5.0	0.8	100.0	82.6	27,352
South	97.4	0.0	2.4	0.2	100.0	96.8	2.2	0.3	0.7	100.0	85.3	9.9	2.5	2.3	100.0	80.8	13,798
Selected Provinces																	
Central																	
Chai Nat	97.3	0.1	2.7	0.0	100.0	97.0	2.6	0.3	0.0	100.0	92.4	6.4	1.2	0.0	100.0	87.3	5,008
Sa Kaeo	99.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	97.4	2.1	0.2	0.4	100.0	86.5	8.2	0.9	4.4	100.0	84.4	4,485
Ratchaburi	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	97.2	2.5	0.1	0.1	100.0	95.5	1.5	1.3	1.7	100.0	93.0	5,179
Kanchanaburi	99.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	100.0	97.4	2.5	0.0	0.1	100.0	85.2	9.2	4.2	1.4	100.0	83.0	4,416
North																	
Mae Hong Son	96.9	0.0	0.0	3.1	100.0	99.7	0.0	0.3	0.0	100.0	70.3	28.1	1.5	0.1	100.0	68.6	2,029
Tak	99.1	0.0	0.6	0.2	100.0	93.4	5.3	0.4	0.8	100.0	94.6	4.9	0.5	0.0	100.0	87.9	2,252
Northeast																	
Buriram	99.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	99.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	83.5	10.1	6.1	0.4	100.0	83.3	4,924
Sisaket	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.7	1.2	0.1	0.1	100.0	95.9	3.8	0.4	0.0	100.0	94.8	4,736
Yasothon	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	96.7	2.3	0.9	0.0	100.0	96.7	5,074
Kalasin	99.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	99.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	82.4	10.9	6.6	0.1	100.0	82.3	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	99.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	100.0	98.2	1.5	0.1	0.2	100.0	80.4	17.1	2.0	0.5	100.0	78.7	4,255

Table WS.3.5: Drinking water, sanitation and handwashing ladders (continued)

Percentage of household population by drinking water, sanitation and handwashing ladders, Thailand MICS, 2019

							Percent	tage of househ	old populatio	n using:							
		Drink	king water				S	anitation				Handv	vashing <sup>A</sup>			Basic	
	Basic service <sup>1</sup>	Limited service	Unimproved	Surface water	Total	Basic service <sup>2</sup>	Limited service	Unimproved	Open defecation	Total	Basic facility <sup>B</sup>	Limited facility	No facility	No permission to see / other	Total	drinking water, sanitation and hygiene service	Number of household members
South																	
Songkhla	99.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	100.0	97.2	2.2	0.4	0.2	100.0	80.8	9.0	3.1	7.1	100.0	78.5	4,068
Satun	97.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	100.0	96.2	3.2	0.3	0.3	100.0	76.6	17.0	5.5	0.8	100.0	72.2	2,869
Phatthalung	99.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	98.7	1.0	0.3	0.1	100.0	77.6	15.7	6.6	0.1	100.0	76.4	4,190
Pattani	97.9	0.0	2.1	0.0	100.0	92.1	5.2	0.9	1.7	100.0	77.0	21.6	0.5	0.8	100.0	70.2	2,952
Yala	99.0	0.0	0.9	0.1	100.0	99.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	86.2	7.0	6.8	0.0	100.0	85.5	2,315
Narathiwat	77.3	0.0	22.7	0.0	100.0	95.3	0.5	0.4	3.9	100.0	82.8	9.5	6.9	0.8	100.0	63.0	2,799

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator WS.2 - Use of basic drinking water services; SDG Indicator 1.4.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MICS indicator WS.9 - Use of basic sanitation services; SDG indicators 1.4.1 & 6.2.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> For the purposes of calculating the ladders, "No permission to see / other" is included in the denominator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Differs from the MICS indicator WS.7 "Handwashing facility with water and soap" (SDG indicators 1.4.1 & 6.2.1) as it includes "No permission to see / other".

# **A7. EQUITABLE CHANCE IN LIFE**

Table FC	1.1.1W: Health insurance coverage (	(women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years covered by health insurance, and, among those covered, percentage covered by various health insurance plans, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Among v	vomen cove	red by health	insurance, p	percentage repoi	ting they were ins	ured by		
	Percentage covered by any health insurance <sup>1</sup>	Number of women	Community- based health insurance	Health insurance through employer	Social security	Private health insurance	UHC scheme	Government officer	Local administrative organization	State enterprises/ independent agencies	Other	Number of women covered by health insurance
Thailand	97.7	25,087	0.5	1.3	29.6	6.6	64.1	5.0	0.1	0.8	0.2	24,508
Region												
Bangkok	94.8	4,160	0.0	2.7	53.7	8.9	40.4	2.5	0.0	1.7	0.1	3,944
Central	98.3	7,613	0.5	1.4	40.0	8.7	52.5	5.9	0.0	0.5	0.1	7,487
North	97.7	3,746	0.5	0.4	18.7	7.8	73.6	7.3	0.1	0.4	0.1	3,658
Northeast	97.9	6,020	0.9	1.0	15.2	2.8	79.8	4.7	0.2	0.8	0.2	5,896
South	99.3	3,549	0.3	0.6	15.5	4.4	78.8	3.9	0.0	0.5	0.5	3,523
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	99.5	1,261	0.0	0.5	23.6	3.5	68.4	7.2	0.5	0.5	0.0	1,255
Sa Kaeo	97.2	1,075	0.0	0.3	13.0	1.8	78.0	8.0	0.0	0.2	0.8	1,045
Ratchaburi	97.3	1,393	0.0	0.6	27.3	6.5	63.9	6.4	0.8	1.0	0.0	1,356
Kanchanaburi	97.7	1,088	0.0	0.0	12.6	4.9	80.0	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,063
North												
Mae Hong Son	98.4	524	18.1	1.0	6.5	0.5	79.4	10.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	516
Tak	84.2	569	0.2	0.1	14.7	7.4	80.5	7.3	0.0	0.6	0.2	479
Northeast												
Buriram	86.4	979	0.1	0.3	3.8	0.5	92.7	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	845
Sisaket	99.7	964	6.7	0.0	3.7	0.2	85.1	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	961
Yasothon	99.6	1,103	1.2	0.5	7.6	1.6	85.7	8.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	1,098
Kalasin	99.7	1,094	0.0	0.3	6.7	1.0	87.6	5.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	1,091
Nakhon Phanom	97.2	1,047	0.0	0.6	8.0	0.6	89.7	3.1	0.3	0.9	0.0	1,017
South												
Songkhla	98.6	937	0.0	0.1	22.2	6.6	69.5	6.2	0.0	0.7	0.2	924
Satun	99.9	705	0.2	0.0	9.9	1.7	81.7	6.3	0.5	1.0	0.2	704
Phatthalung	99.7	1,038	0.3	0.3	14.3	2.7	74.6	9.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	1,035
Pattani	99.7	798	0.0	1.0	7.0	1.5	87.0	4.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	796
Yala	99.8	646	0.2	0.1	8.4	2.2	88.6	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	645
Narathiwat	98.0	686	0.3	0.2	1.8	0.5	93.7	4.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	673

Table EQ.1.1M: Health insurance coverage (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years covered by health insurance, and, among those covered, percentage covered by various health insurance plans, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Among	men covere	d by health in	surance, pe	rcentage reportir	ng they were insur	ed by		<u>_</u>
	Percentage covered by any health insurance <sup>1</sup>	Number of men	Community- based health insurance	Health insurance through employer	Social security	Private health insurance	UHC scheme	Government officer	Local administrative organization	State enterprises/ independent agencies	Other	Number of mer covered by health insurance
Thailand	97.5	11,023	0.3	2.1	28.6	5.4	65.5	3.8	0.2	0.7	0.3	10,744
Region												
Bangkok	94.2	1,792	0.0	3.0	54.5	6.4	37.4	3.6	0.0	2.5	0.0	1,688
Central	96.8	3,253	0.2	3.3	43.4	8.1	50.0	3.3	0.1	0.4	0.6	3,150
North	97.6	1,670	0.4	1.3	16.3	6.0	76.9	5.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	1,630
Northeast	98.9	2,671	0.7	1.3	11.7	2.4	84.7	4.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	2,642
South	99.8	1,637	0.0	1.1	13.0	3.6	81.9	2.9	0.0	0.8	0.9	1,634
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	100.0	525	0.0	0.0	18.5	3.1	73.5	7.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	525
Sa Kaeo	97.8	425	0.0	0.7	9.3	1.7	86.2	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	416
Ratchaburi	95.9	635	0.0	0.1	20.2	4.8	73.1	5.2	0.3	1.0	0.0	609
Kanchanaburi	95.3	535	0.1	0.4	15.3	4.1	79.8	3.5	0.1	0.9	0.0	510
North												
Mae Hong Son	97.8	263	17.1	3.1	3.3	0.7	80.0	11.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	257
Tak	82.4	253	0.4	0.3	7.8	9.1	91.0	1.9	0.0	0.1	0.6	209
Northeast												
Buriram	86.0	417	0.4	1.1	6.9	0.5	91.0	3.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	359
Sisaket	99.7	399	9.3	0.2	2.9	0.0	86.3	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	398
Yasothon	100.0	494	1.6	0.4	4.9	1.6	91.1	3.4	0.1	0.4	0.3	494
Kalasin	100.0	513	0.0	0.0	4.6	1.0	91.1	3.7	0.4	0.0	0.0	513
Nakhon Phanom	97.7	450	0.0	0.4	5.6	0.3	88.8	4.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	440
South												
Songkhla	99.8	402	0.0	0.0	26.3	5.4	68.9	3.6	0.0	0.8	0.4	401
Satun	97.7	337	0.2	0.2	5.3	1.5	91.3	2.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	329
Phatthalung	100.0	465	0.0	0.1	10.6	2.3	82.1	6.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	465
Pattani	100.0	288	0.0	0.9	5.4	1.8	88.6	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.4	288
Yala	100.0	282	0.5	0.0	6.7	3.1	89.8	2.9	0.3	0.0	0.6	282
Narathiwat	99.0	314	0.2	0.0	2.6	0.0	92.6	4.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	311

Table EQ.1.2: Health insurance coverage (children age 5-14 years)

Percentage of children age 5-14 years covered by health insurance, and, among those covered, percentage covered by various health insurance plans, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Among c	hildren age 5-:	14 years cove	red by healt	h insurance, pero	entage reported t	hey were insured	l by	
	Percentage covered by any health insurance <sup>1</sup>	Number of children age 5-14 years	Community- based health insurance	Health insurance through employer	Private health insurance	UHC scheme	Government officer <sup>A</sup>	Local administrative organization <sup>A</sup>	State enterprises/ independent agencies <sup>A</sup>	Other	Number of children age 5-14 years covered by health insurance
Thailand	98.9	17,143	0.3	0.1	7.1	93.3	5.1	0.1	0.4	1.0	16,951
Region											
Bangkok	95.9	1,669	0.0	0.0	11.0	91.4	4.3	0.3	1.4	1.5	1,600
Central	99.5	4,485	0.2	0.0	8.3	93.6	5.4	0.0	0.4	3.0	4,464
North	99.0	2,820	0.3	0.0	10.2	94.0	5.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	2,792
Northeast	98.8	5,339	0.7	0.0	3.1	93.0	5.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	5,273
South	99.7	2,830	0.1	0.3	7.6	93.9	4.8	0.0	0.3	0.1	2,822
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	100.0	770	0.0	0.0	3.4	93.1	5.3	0.0	0.4	0.1	770
Sa Kaeo	99.5	915	0.0	0.0	0.5	95.8	4.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	911
Ratchaburi	99.5	840	0.4	0.0	8.5	94.0	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	836
Kanchanaburi	98.5	715	0.0	0.0	10.9	93.3	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	704
North											
Mae Hong Son	99.9	308	15.7	0.0	2.0	90.8	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	308
Tak	88.4	428	0.0	0.0	5.4	94.2	5.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	378
Northeast											
Buriram	81.7	923	0.9	0.0	0.2	96.7	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	755
Sisaket	99.7	844	8.1	0.0	0.3	89.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	841
Yasothon	99.8	838	0.0	0.0	1.8	94.6	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	837
Kalasin	99.7	915	0.2	0.0	0.6	96.5	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	912
Nakhon Phanom	99.5	787	0.2	0.2	0.3	97.1	2.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	783
South											
Songkhla	99.0	716	0.0	0.0	5.3	91.3	7.4	0.0	0.6	0.4	709
Satun	99.9	586	0.0	0.0	11.6	94.1	5.1	0.1	0.6	0.0	586
Phatthalung	98.7	738	0.0	0.6	10.4	80.7	11.5	0.1	0.9	0.1	728
Pattani	99.9	637	0.3	0.0	0.5	95.9	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	637
Yala	100.0	453	1.3	0.0	0.0	96.2	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	453
Narathiwat	99.4	553	0.0	0.0	0.1	94.2	5.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	549

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator EQ.2b - Health insurance coverage (children age 5-14)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Insurance covered under parents status is referred

Table EQ.1.3: Health insurance coverage (children under age 5)

Percentage of children under age 5 covered by health insurance, and, among those covered, percentage covered by various health insurance plans, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Amo	ng children u	nder age 5 cov	ered by hea	olth insurance, pe	ercentage reported	they were insured	by	<u></u>
	Percentage Number of covered by any children und health insurance age 5		Community- based health insurance	Health insurance through employer	Private health insurance	UHC scheme	Government officer <sup>A</sup>	Local administrative organization <sup>A</sup>	State enterprises/ independent agencies <sup>A</sup>	Other	Number of children under age 5 covered by health insurance
Thailand	98.0	13,689	0.4	0.1	5.1	93.1	4.3	0.1	1.0	0.3	13,416
Region											
Bangkok	93.8	1,200	0.0	0.1	11.1	90.2	4.5	0.0	2.0	0.5	1,125
Central	97.4	3,461	0.2	0.1	6.0	91.6	4.1	0.1	2.1	0.8	3,373
North	97.9	2,189	0.5	0.1	8.4	93.7	5.0	0.4	0.4	0.1	2,144
Northeast	99.1	4,483	0.8	0.0	2.1	94.5	3.6	0.2	0.5	0.0	4,442
South	99.0	2,355	0.2	0.1	3.5	93.6	5.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	2,333
<b>Selected Provinces</b>											
Central											
Chai Nat	100.0	792	0.3	1.0	2.7	92.2	6.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	792
Sa Kaeo	98.3	735	0.1	0.2	0.9	92.9	6.3	0.0	0.1	0.6	722
Ratchaburi	97.3	723	0.2	0.0	2.7	93.0	4.9	0.0	1.7	0.0	704
Kanchanaburi	97.3	500	1.3	0.1	5.6	92.9	4.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	487
North											
Mae Hong Son	99.5	268	23.7	0.0	0.6	86.0	10.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	267
Tak	88.0	281	0.3	0.2	3.7	95.0	4.3	0.0	0.6	0.0	247
Northeast											
Buriram	87.9	591	0.1	0.0	0.3	96.7	3.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	519
Sisaket	99.5	649	7.7	0.1	0.4	89.1	2.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	646
Yasothon	99.6	757	0.1	0.0	0.4	96.2	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	754
Kalasin	99.8	758	0.1	0.0	0.9	95.2	4.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	757
Nakhon Phanom	99.4	650	0.0	0.0	0.5	96.5	2.2	0.1	0.7	0.0	646
South											
Songkhla	99.5	591	0.1	0.0	4.8	89.1	8.2	0.0	0.5	0.9	588
Satun	100.0	418	0.0	0.0	2.7	93.4	5.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	418
Phatthalung	99.5	555	0.7	0.0	9.5	78.3	12.8	0.1	1.6	0.0	552
Pattani	99.3	350	0.0	0.0	0.8	95.7	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	347
Yala	92.2	300	0.1	0.0	0.0	93.2	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	277
Narathiwat	97.1	354	0.5	0.0	0.1	96.1	3.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	344

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MICS indicator EQ.2c - Health insurance coverage (children under age 5)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>Insurance covered under parents status is referred

#### Table EQ.1.4: Awareness and ever use of external economic support

Percentage of household questionnaire respondents who are aware of and report having received external economic support, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentage of household questionnaire respondents who are aware of economic assistance programmes	Percentage of household questionnaire respondents who are aware of and report household having ever received assistance/external economic support	Number of households
Thailand	98.1	61.6	35,604
Region			
Bangkok	96.9	37.0	5,549
Central	97.3	49.5	10,067
North	98.8	75.6	6,299
Northeast	99.9	80.4	9,141
South	97.0	60.9	4,548
Selected Provinces			
Central			
Chai Nat	99.9	80.2	1,792
Sa Kaeo	99.4	74.8	1,465
Ratchaburi	96.7	59.4	1,672
Kanchanaburi	97.4	70.1	1,441
North			
Mae Hong Son	99.3	82.7	762
Tak	86.8	61.7	752
Northeast			
Buriram	99.8	78.2	1,744
Sisaket	99.9	90.5	1,597
Yasothon	99.9	90.8	1,764
Kalasin	100.0	87.7	1,819
Nakhon Phanom	100.0	82.6	1,380
South			
Songkhla	98.4	63.0	1,391
Satun	100.0	80.8	831
Phatthalung	99.9	77.0	1,506
Pattani	98.1	81.9	773
Yala	99.9	81.1	787
Narathiwat	99.0	77.9	761

Table EQ.1.5: Coverage of social transfers and benefits: All household members

Percentage of household members living in households that received social transfers or benefits in the last 3 months, by type of transfers and benefits, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percentag	ge of househole	d members liv	ing in household	s receiving specific types	of support in the last 3 months:			
	State welfare card	Old age allowance	Child support grant	Any retirement pension	Any other external assistance program	School tuition or school related other support for any household member age 5-24 years attending primary school or higher	Any social transfers or benefits <sup>1</sup>	No social transfers or benefits	Number of household members
Thailand	38.6	31.6	4.2	2.2	2.0	38.7	69.0	31.0	101,020
Region									
Bangkok	9.0	18.5	1.7	3.2	2.0	24.8	44.5	55.5	13,947
Central	24.4	26.9	4.0	3.3	1.0	36.8	60.7	39.3	28,377
North	55.5	42.1	3.9	2.4	4.0	38.5	81.3	18.7	17,545
Northeast	56.5	37.3	4.6	1.0	2.1	45.1	80.3	19.7	27,352
South	41.2	29.9	6.6	1.2	1.0	43.9	72.8	27.2	13,798
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	59.4	55.5	5.9	3.5	2.3	42.9	88.9	11.1	5,008
Sa Kaeo	62.3	40.0	8.1	1.6	5.3	55.4	89.2	10.8	4,485
Ratchaburi	29.6	38.1	2.8	2.5	1.7	39.5	72.8	27.2	5,179
Kanchanaburi	41.7	34.0	8.2	1.2	0.3	48.6	77.6	22.4	4,416
North									
Mae Hong Son	54.1	24.3	2.6	1.9	0.8	38.3	76.0	24.0	2,029
Tak	48.7	30.9	3.7	1.4	5.3	45.9	73.9	26.1	2,252
Northeast									
Buriram	66.9	49.8	4.4	0.9	0.0	45.9	87.1	12.9	4,924
Sisaket	80.1	51.3	3.4	0.5	4.5	45.6	93.2	6.8	4,736
Yasothon	73.6	52.2	5.9	1.4	21.6	47.4	94.1	5.9	5,074
Kalasin	80.0	50.9	4.9	2.1	0.4	49.5	92.7	7.3	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	43.0	25.4	5.1	1.5	1.6	53.9	75.3	24.7	4,255
South									
Songkhla	42.5	34.9	4.9	2.0	2.5	43.6	79.5	20.5	4,068
Satun	67.9	32.9	15.9	2.3	5.6	57.2	91.0	9.0	2,869
Phatthalung	55.0	39.2	7.6	3.4	5.1	40.8	86.7	13.3	4,190
Pattani	73.7	38.4	12.8	2.9	1.7	34.3	86.9	13.1	2,952
Yala	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45.6	46.3	53.7	2,315
Narathiwat	76.6	31.5	13.8	0.4	0.0	59.7	91.2	8.8	2,799

Table EQ.1.6: Coverage of social transfers and benefits: Households in the lowest two wealth quintiles

Percentage of households in the lowest two wealth quintiles that received social transfers or benefits in the last 3 months, by type of transfers or benefits, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage	e of househo	lds receiving sp	ecific types of support i	n the last 3 months:			
	State welfare card	Old age allowance	Child support grant	Any retirement pension	Any other external assistance program	School tuition or school related other support for any household member age 5-24 years attending primary school or higher	Any social transfers or benefits <sup>1</sup>	No social transfers or benefits	Number of households in the two lowest wealth quintiles
Thailand	46.1	32.9	2.4	0.3	1.8	23.7	62.7	37.3	16,189
Region									
Bangkok	9.2	7.8	0.7	0.4	1.2	8.2	20.6	79.4	1,920
Central	28.5	24.7	2.1	0.1	1.0	17.7	46.5	53.5	3,838
North	63.7	46.0	1.8	0.4	3.3	25.2	80.4	19.6	2,872
Northeast	62.3	41.1	2.9	0.3	2.3	31.1	78.8	21.2	5,587
South	44.6	30.8	4.4	0.3	0.7	26.9	64.1	35.9	1,972
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	64.7	57.8	3.6	0.7	2.0	27.5	87.6	12.4	994
Sa Kaeo	73.5	45.2	5.6	0.1	5.7	37.8	88.9	11.1	825
Ratchaburi	35.2	36.9	2.1	1.2	1.0	21.3	64.3	35.7	698
Kanchanaburi	49.8	30.8	5.4	0.1	0.5	28.9	68.9	31.1	686
North									
Mae Hong Son	59.3	27.1	1.4	0.0	1.4	23.0	71.9	28.1	513
Tak	45.2	25.8	2.6	0.0	6.9	33.9	62.5	37.5	445
Northeast									
Buriram	69.8	55.3	2.6	0.0	0.0	31.4	85.2	14.8	1,203
Sisaket	82.0	52.5	1.8	0.3	4.0	30.4	92.6	7.4	1,287
Yasothon	79.1	54.7	3.7	0.0	22.0	31.9	95.2	4.8	1,247
Kalasin	81.9	51.0	3.1	0.2	0.5	33.7	91.1	8.9	1,311
Nakhon Phanom	43.8	25.2	3.4	0.6	1.7	38.8	68.7	31.3	986
South									
Songkhla	53.4	41.8	1.9	1.0	1.6	24.4	77.2	22.8	558
Satun	80.2	41.5	9.9	0.0	4.5	36.9	91.7	8.3	353
Phatthalung	63.3	54.5	3.2	0.3	4.5	19.3	89.5	10.5	545
Pattani	75.6	41.1	9.6	1.4	2.3	29.0	87.6	12.4	497
Yala	1.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.8	19.0	81.0	453
Narathiwat	80.5	35.4	8.0	0.0	0.0	44.1	91.8	8.2	509

Table EQ.1.7: Coverage of social transfers and benefits: Children in all households

Percentage of children under age 18 living in households that received social transfers or benefits in the last 3 months, by type of transfers or benefits, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Per	centage of child	dren living in	households rece	eiving specific types of s	upport in the last 3 months:			
	State welfare card	Old age allowance	Child support grant	Any retirement pension	Any other external assistance program	School tuition or school related other support for any household member age 5-24 years attending primary school or higher	Any social transfers or benefits <sup>1</sup>	No social transfers or benefits	Number of children under age 18
Thailand	42.4	26.5	7.4	1.3	2.3	70.1	84.8	15.2	21,158
Region									
Bangkok	8.5	13.5	3.6	1.9	3.4	59.7	69.8	30.2	2,084
Central	27.1	22.0	6.9	2.4	1.2	67.6	79.3	20.7	5,550
North	55.5	32.5	7.0	1.2	4.4	73.4	90.6	9.4	3,461
Northeast	56.5	32.7	7.4	0.5	2.4	72.4	89.4	10.6	6,628
South	47.1	23.3	11.2	0.7	1.0	72.7	88.2	11.8	3,434
Selected Provinces									
Central									
Chai Nat	63.9	46.1	10.9	2.0	2.2	78.4	95.6	4.4	1,015
Sa Kaeo	64.8	32.8	12.1	1.0	4.9	80.9	95.3	4.7	1,301
Ratchaburi	30.3	32.3	4.8	1.5	1.6	68.2	84.1	15.9	1,103
Kanchanaburi	44.1	28.0	13.1	0.5	0.0	79.1	91.7	8.3	1,041
North									
Mae Hong Son	49.6	16.2	4.3	0.4	0.3	74.2	89.7	10.3	412
Tak	52.3	23.8	5.0	0.2	4.0	76.1	87.5	12.5	582
Northeast									
Buriram	67.6	45.9	7.4	0.7	0.0	77.1	93.7	6.3	1,208
Sisaket	82.2	43.8	5.2	0.2	4.8	72.8	96.4	3.6	1,191
Yasothon	75.1	45.4	9.3	0.5	20.2	77.8	97.7	2.3	1,137
Kalasin	81.3	47.7	7.2	1.5	0.6	80.4	97.6	2.4	1,285
Nakhon Phanom	45.4	22.6	7.3	1.9	1.3	78.0	89.1	10.9	1,163
South									
Songkhla	45.3	24.1	8.2	0.7	3.2	76.3	90.7	9.3	934
Satun	70.8	23.8	23.9	1.3	5.9	80.7	95.9	4.1	883
Phatthalung	56.6	25.1	12.8	1.5	5.6	75.6	94.1	5.9	955
Pattani	77.5	30.2	17.8	0.6	1.1	45.7	89.7	10.3	1,002
Yala	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.5	74.7	25.3	596
Narathiwat	78.5	23.1	19.1	0.3	0.0	80.5	95.4	4.6	923

Table EQ.1.8: Coverage of school support programmes: Members age 5-24 in all households

Percentage of children and young people age 5-24 years in all households who are currently attending primary education or higher who received support for school tuition and other school related support during the current school year, Thailand MICS, 2019

	-	tion related financi	al or material support		No select of heavy 1, 11		
	School tuition support	Other school related support	School tuition or other school related support <sup>1</sup>	No school support	Number of household members age 5-24 years currently attending primary education or higher		
Thailand	53.8	74.7	78.1	21.9	15,843		
Region							
Bangkok	40.9	52.4	53.7	46.3	1,970		
Central	52.9	70.3	76.2	23.8	4,275		
North	51.0	82.1	84.9	15.1	2,536		
Northeast	58.7	81.4	84.6	15.4	4,618		
South	59.3	79.6	81.8	18.2	2,444		
Selected Provinces	33.3	73.0	01.0	10.2	2,444		
Central							
Chai Nat	54.4	93.0	93.4	6.6	713		
Sa Kaeo	92.8	94.3	95.2	4.8	874		
Ratchaburi	41.0	74.7	76.6	23.4	825		
Kanchanaburi	30.7	90.5	91.3	8.7	734		
North							
Mae Hong Son	72.2	94.4	95.0	5.0	275		
Tak	75.7	83.8	85.3	14.7	421		
Northeast							
Buriram	83.9	87.2	90.0	10.0	854		
Sisaket	55.6	86.2	87.5	12.5	809		
Yasothon	93.7	96.4	96.4	3.6	798		
Kalasin	25.5	96.4	96.7	3.3	900		
Nakhon Phanom	32.9	88.9	90.9	9.1	816		
South							
Songkhla	82.8	87.8	90.6	9.4	686		
Satun	76.4	88.5	90.9	9.1	596		
Phatthalung	58.2	85.9	89.2	10.8	654		
Pattani	19.3	41.0	45.8	54.2	713		
Yala	46.8	70.3	70.8	29.2	544		
Narathiwat	66.1	88.4	89.9	10.1	574		

Table EQ.2.1W: Discrimination and harassment (women)

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who in the past 12 months have felt discriminated against or harassed and those who have not felt discriminated against or harassed, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Per	centage of w	omen who in th	e last 12 m	onths have fel	t discriminate	d against o	r harassed o	n the basis o	f:	Danas ata a a af war a a will a	
	Ethnic or immigration origin	Gender	Sexual orientation	Age	Religion or belief	Disability	Poor status	Work position	Other reason	Any reason <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of women who have not felt discriminated against or harassed in the last 12 months	Number of women
Thailand	2.9	1.2	1.8	1.7	2.4	1.7	5.7	5.5	0.8	11.3	88.7	25,087
Region												
Bangkok	1.7	0.6	1.2	1.6	1.9	0.9	6.3	8.9	2.2	13.9	86.1	4,160
Central	2.1	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.5	4.1	3.7	0.3	7.9	92.1	7,613
North	2.2	0.8	0.7	1.5	1.8	0.8	5.5	5.0	0.4	11.1	88.9	3,746
Northeast	4.3	0.9	2.9	1.7	3.5	2.8	6.4	5.4	0.9	12.5	87.5	6,020
South	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.0	2.3	7.0	6.3	0.6	13.6	86.4	3,549
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	1.7	0.5	1.9	1.2	0.4	4.2	4.5	3.0	0.5	9.3	90.7	1,261
Sa Kaeo	3.3	2.0	1.2	2.4	2.8	1.0	14.0	7.5	2.0	22.4	77.6	1,075
Ratchaburi	2.5	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.7	0.6	7.0	7.9	0.2	11.7	88.3	1,393
Kanchanaburi	2.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	9.6	14.4	14.3	0.6	17.6	82.4	1,088
North												
Mae Hong Son	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.7	99.3	524
Tak	13.2	2.4	1.8	4.0	10.0	1.9	13.7	14.0	0.7	30.5	69.5	569
Northeast												
Buriram	3.6	2.5	2.7	3.9	4.2	4.3	3.6	3.9	4.0	9.4	90.6	979
Sisaket	3.4	1.8	3.3	1.7	2.4	4.1	7.6	6.7	1.5	12.6	87.4	964
Yasothon	0.7	1.2	1.1	1.3	0.7	0.5	3.4	1.5	0.2	5.2	94.8	1,103
Kalasin	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.9	4.4	9.9	6.7	6.5	0.1	13.0	87.0	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	4.3	1.3	1.8	0.8	3.3	1.2	4.9	3.8	0.1	9.8	90.2	1,047
South												
Songkhla	2.0	0.2	0.2	1.2	1.5	0.8	10.0	10.2	0.3	14.6	85.4	937
Satun	9.1	9.1	11.1	6.4	8.3	2.2	16.9	17.2	1.1	24.1	75.9	705
Phatthalung	1.0	2.8	0.9	2.5	2.6	1.3	4.8	5.3	1.1	12.0	88.0	1,038
Pattani	1.0	0.4	0.2	1.2	2.2	0.5	6.2	5.1	0.7	9.3	90.7	798
Yala	0.8	14.2	0.7	15.0	16.1	8.1	18.2	18.9	0.1	25.4	74.6	646
Narathiwat	19.6	30.3	28.9	26.2	14.6	8.1	13.0	13.1	4.2	48.2	51.8	686

Table EQ.2.1M: Discrimination and harassment (men)

Percentage of men age 15-49 years who in the past 12 months have felt discriminated against or harassed and those who have not felt discriminated against or harassed, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Percentage	of men who in th	ie last 12 m	onths have felt o	discriminated a	against or h	arassed on th	ne basis of:			
	Ethnic or immigration origin	Gender	Sexual orientation	Age	Religion or belief	Disability	Poor status	Work position	Other reason	Any reason <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of men who have not felt discriminated against or harassed in the last 12 months	Number of men
Thailand	2.9	1.0	2.0	1.6	2.2	2.0	6.3	6.6	0.8	12.2	87.8	11,023
Region												
Bangkok	2.3	1.0	1.2	1.1	2.1	1.1	7.7	10.5	2.8	16.2	83.8	1,792
Central	2.9	0.8	1.5	0.6	1.6	1.6	5.1	5.0	0.5	9.3	90.7	3,253
North	1.6	0.3	0.7	2.0	0.9	1.2	8.4	6.1	0.2	13.0	87.0	1,670
Northeast	4.0	0.3	3.3	1.8	3.4	3.5	6.1	6.5	0.3	12.7	87.3	2,671
South	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.5	3.1	2.4	5.7	6.0	0.4	12.0	88.0	1,637
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	0.8	0.2	4.2	0.0	0.0	5.7	2.7	2.1	0.0	9.3	90.7	525
Sa Kaeo	3.5	1.5	0.2	1.3	0.0	1.7	9.7	4.6	0.8	16.8	83.2	425
Ratchaburi	2.5	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.8	0.7	7.5	8.6	0.2	11.7	88.3	635
Kanchanaburi	2.0	0.6	1.8	0.9	1.7	7.1	10.1	9.7	1.1	14.0	86.0	535
North												
Mae Hong Son	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	99.4	263
Tak	10.6	2.4	4.5	4.9	6.5	2.3	8.3	10.8	0.2	28.5	71.5	253
Northeast												
Buriram	3.0	1.0	3.5	4.8	4.7	5.4	4.9	5.0	2.3	10.2	89.8	417
Sisaket	3.8	2.5	4.9	2.7	1.3	3.5	8.3	8.3	1.1	15.4	84.6	399
Yasothon	0.3	0.8	1.2	0.7	0.1	0.0	3.0	1.2	0.0	3.9	96.1	494
Kalasin	0.1	1.5	4.1	2.0	6.1	11.4	6.4	6.7	0.9	16.8	83.2	513
Nakhon Phanom	1.7	0.1	1.2	0.3	2.4	0.6	5.9	5.8	0.0	10.4	89.6	450
South												
Songkhla	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.6	0.7	12.1	12.0	0.3	16.3	83.7	402
Satun	6.6	6.8	11.7	7.5	8.3	3.0	16.3	18.2	1.2	24.6	75.4	337
Phatthalung	1.8	2.8	1.5	3.5	2.8	2.9	6.5	6.3	0.9	13.5	86.5	465
Pattani	0.4	1.3	0.5	0.3	2.6	0.5	6.8	5.4	0.5	9.3	90.7	288
Yala	0.7	9.3	0.5	8.9	14.0	4.6	16.7	14.5	0.3	20.7	79.3	282
Narathiwat	18.5	29.1	31.5	28.6	14.0	11.3	13.4	11.5	3.1	50.3	49.7	314

## **A8. GENERAL HOUSEHOLD AND POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Chai Nat						
Percent and frequency distribution of households by selected characteristics, Thailand MICS, 2019						
	_	Number of	households			
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted			
Total	100.0	1,792	1,792			
Sex of household head						
Male	47.3	848	849			
Female	52.7	944	943			
Age of household head						
<18	0.0	0	0			
18-34	5.9	106	167			
35-64	60.9	1,091	1,104			
65-84	30.5	547	479			
85+	2.7	49	42			
Education of household head						
Pre-primary or none	5.1	92	84			
Primary	64.1	1,148	1,113			
Lower secondary	9.3	167	191			
Upper secondary	9.9	177	206			
Higher	11.6	208	198			
Number of household members						
1	19.6	351	224			
2	30.7	551	378			
3	23.2	416	385			
4	13.4	240	335			
5	7.1	127	222			
6	3.4	61	140			
7+	2.5	46	108			
Native language of household head						
Thai	98.8	1,771	1,776			
Non-Thai	1.2	21	16			
Households with <sup>A</sup>						
At least one child under age 5 years	11.6	208	701			
At least one child age 5-17 years	27.6	494	632			
At least one child age <18 years	39.2	702	1,087			
At least one woman age 15-49 years	44.1	790	1,033			
At least one man age 15-49 years	39.6	710	889			
No member age <50	36.0	644	405			
No adult (18+) member	0.0	0	0			
Mean household size	2.8	1,792	1,792			

<sup>A</sup> Each proportion is a separate characteristic based on the total number of households

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Sa Kaeo

	_	Number of households			
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted		
Total	100.0	1,465	1,465		
Sex of household head					
Male	52.8	773	780		
Female	47.2	692	684		
Age of household head					
<18	0.1	1	1		
18-34	6.6	97	135		
35-64	68.8	1,008	1,011		
65-84	22.9	335	301		
85+	1.6	23	16		
DK/Missing	0.0	0	1		
Education of household head					
Pre-primary or none	5.8	85	80		
Primary	64.5	944	927		
Lower secondary	12.5	183	182		
Upper secondary	7.5	110	128		
Higher	9.7	142	147		
DK/Missing	0.0	0	1		
Number of household members					
1	17.4	255	173		
2	26.3	386	278		
3	21.0	308	303		
4	17.5	256	294		
5	10.1	147	214		
6	4.1	59	97		
7+	3.6	53	106		
Native language of household head					
Thai	87.5	1,282	1,294		
Non-Thai	12.5	183	171		
Households with <sup>A</sup>					
At least one child under age 5 years	19.9	291	617		
At least one child age 5-17 years	38.9	569	670		
At least one child age <18 years	52.0	762	984		
At least one woman age 15-49 years	51.2	751	879		
At least one man age 15-49 years	46.0	673	755		
No member age <50	26.7	391	260		
No adult (18+) member	0.1	1	1		
Mean household size	3.1	1,465	1,465		

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Ratchaburi

	_	Number of	fhouseholds
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	1,672	1,672
Sex of household head			
Male	53.1	888	893
Female	46.9	784	779
Age of household head			
<18	0.0	0	1
18-34	9.6	161	191
35-64	62.5	1,044	1,046
65-84	25.0	418	394
85+	2.9	48	40
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	6.3	105	106
Primary	56.6	946	953
Lower secondary	11.2	187	194
Upper secondary	10.3	173	179
Higher	15.6	261	239
DK/Missing	0.0	0	1
Number of household members			
1	19.6	328	229
2	24.8	414	274
3	21.0	351	320
4	14.2	238	291
5	10.2	171	243
6	5.3	88	142
7+	4.9	82	173
Native language of household head			
Thai	97.7	1,634	1,627
Non-Thai	2.3	38	45
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	12.9	215	634
At least one child age 5-17 years	28.6	478	622
At least one child age <18 years	41.1	687	1,028
At least one woman age 15-49 years	54.2	906	1,107
At least one man age 15-49 years	52.6	880	1,043
No member age <50	26.1	436	282
No adult (18+) member	0.0	0	1
Mean household size	3.1	1,672	1,672

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Kanchanaburi

	_	Number of	f households
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
	400.0		
Total	100.0	1,441	1,441
Sex of household head			
Male	58.0	836	807
Female	42.0	605	634
Age of household head			
<18	0.3	5	3
18-34	8.3	119	143
35-64	65.5	944	957
65-84	24.1	348	318
85+	1.7	25	20
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	11.0	159	156
Primary	61.4	885	882
Lower secondary	8.9	128	137
Upper secondary	9.9	143	149
Higher	8.7	125	117
Number of household members			
1	18.3	263	214
2	26.4	380	295
3	21.3	306	293
4	15.4	222	264
5	9.1	131	167
6	5.6	81	116
7+	4.0	57	92
Native language of household head			
Thai	96.5	1,391	1,389
Non-Thai	3.5	50	52
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	13.6	196	438
At least one child age 5-17 years	32.5	468	539
At least one child age <18 years	45.1	649	824
At least one woman age 15-49 years	52.9	762	859
At least one man age 15-49 years	52.6	758	829
No member age <50	26.8	387	306
No adult (18+) member	0.3	5	3
Mean household size	3.1	1,441	1,441
<sup>A</sup> Each proportion is a separate characteristic based			

**Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Mae Hong Son** 

Fotal  Sex of household head  Male  Female	Weighted percent  100.0  67.9  32.1	Weighted 762	Unweighted 762
Sex of household head Male	67.9		762
Male			
Male			
Female	32.1	517	517
		245	245
Age of household head	0.0	•	
<18	0.0	0	1
18-34	8.9	68	96
35-64	65.0	495	493
65-84	24.5	187	159
85+	1.6	12	13
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	35.6	272	279
Primary	39.0	297	285
Lower secondary	5.9	45	54
Upper secondary	8.7	66	72
Higher	10.9	83	72
Number of household members			
1	20.8	158	108
2	32.5	248	192
3	21.4	163	171
4	15.2	116	159
5	6.7	51	79
6	2.3	17	37
7+	1.2	9	16
Native language of household head			
Thai	38.4	292	262
Non-Thai	61.6	470	500
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	11.9	91	244
At least one child age 5-17 years	24.1	184	240
At least one child age <18 years	35.8	272	409
At least one woman age 15-49 years	47.0	358	448
At least one man age 15-49 years	47.9	365	420
No member age <50	35.7	272	199
No adult (18+) member	0.0	0	1
Mean household size	2.7	762	762

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Tak

	<u> </u>	Number of	f households
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	752	752
			,
Sex of household head			
Male	56.9	428	441
Female	43.1	324	311
Age of household head			
<18	0.4	3	2
18-34	13.9	105	108
35-64	62.5	470	489
65-84	21.5	162	139
85+	1.6	12	14
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	24.3	183	181
Primary	49.2	370	379
Lower secondary	6.8	51	59
Upper secondary	9.0	67	65
Higher	9.2	70	56
DK/Missing	1.5	11	12
Number of household members			
1	19.9	150	104
2	25.5	191	145
3	19.3	145	157
4	19.0	143	157
5	9.0	68	93
6	4.0	30	54
7+	3.4	25	42
Native language of household head			
Thai	76.5	576	575
Non-Thai	23.5	176	177
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	14.5	109	252
At least one child age 5-17 years	32.4	244	291
At least one child age <18 years	46.0	346	461
At least one woman age 15-49 years	52.9	398	465
At least one man age 15-49 years	49.0	369	420
No member age <50	26.3	198	141
No adult (18+) member	0.4	3	2
Many household a'r		750	
Mean household size	3.0	752	752

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Buriram

	<del></del>	Number of	fhouseholds
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	1,744	1,744
		<b>-</b> /,	_,
Sex of household head			
Male	61.4	1,071	1,075
Female	38.6	673	669
Age of household head			
<18	0.0	0	0
18-34	4.5	78	100
35-64	64.1	1,117	1,143
65-84	29.4	513	471
85+	2.1	36	30
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	6.7	117	101
Primary	71.5	1,247	1,258
Lower secondary	6.8	119	125
Upper secondary	7.7	134	138
Higher	7.3	127	122
Number of household members			
1	19.3	336	240
2	26.9	470	407
3	26.8	467	431
4	14.4	252	319
5	7.1	125	183
6	3.7	64	99
7+	1.8	31	65
Native language of household head			
Thai	93.8	1,637	1,630
Non-Thai	6.2	107	114
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	14.5	252	533
At least one child age 5-17 years	33.3	581	687
At least one child age <18 years	45.0	786	1,009
At least one woman age 15-49 years	40.6	708	810
At least one man age 15-49 years	38.7	675	710
No member age <50	31.3	546	423
No adult (18+) member	0.0	0	0
Mean household size	2.8	1,744	1,744

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Sisaket

		Number of households		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,597	1,597	
		_,	_,,	
Sex of household head				
Male	56.1	895	892	
Female	43.9	702	705	
Age of household head				
<18	0.4	6	4	
18-34	2.8	45	61	
35-64	63.6	1,016	1,053	
65-84	31.0	495	442	
85+	2.2	35	37	
Education of household head				
Pre-primary or none	3.4	54	53	
Primary	80.1	1,279	1,256	
Lower secondary	5.9	95	102	
Upper secondary	6.2	99	115	
Higher	4.4	70	71	
Number of household members				
1	17.0	271	190	
2	27.0	431	326	
3	23.2	370	377	
4	18.2	291	330	
5	8.1	130	195	
6	4.1	65	112	
7+	2.4	38	67	
Native language of household head				
Thai	98.4	1,572	1,572	
Non-Thai	1.6	25	25	
Households with <sup>A</sup>				
At least one child under age 5 years	15.9	254	570	
At least one child age 5-17 years	33.7	538	631	
At least one child age <18 years	47.7	761	1,003	
At least one woman age 15-49 years	43.9	701	810	
At least one man age 15-49 years	41.1	656	708	
No member age <50	30.6	489	346	
No adult (18+) member	0.4	6	4	
Mean household size	3.0	1,597	1,597	

**Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Yasothon** 

		Number of	households	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,764	1,764	
Sex of household head				
Male	54.3	957	994	
Female	45.7	807	770	
Age of household head				
<18	0.1	2	1	
18-34	3.1	55	75	
35-64	62.0	1,094	1,134	
65-84	32.6	576	522	
85+	2.1	37	32	
Education of household head				
Pre-primary or none	0.4	7	8	
Primary	77.9	1,374	1,345	
Lower secondary	5.8	101	112	
Upper secondary	7.7	135	152	
Higher	8.3	147	147	
Number of household members				
1	18.6	327	218	
2	28.0	494	353	
3	22.2	391	385	
4	17.7	313	379	
5	8.0	141	210	
6	3.7	65	135	
7+	1.9	33	84	
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.8	1,760	1,759	
Non-Thai	0.2	4	5	
Households with <sup>A</sup>				
At least one child under age 5 years	13.7	241	658	
At least one child age 5-17 years	31.0	547	662	
At least one child age <18 years	44.4	783	1,101	
At least one woman age 15-49 years	42.0	741	905	
At least one man age 15-49 years	43.4	765	842	
No member age <50	33.0	583	393	
No adult (18+) member	0.1	2	1	
Mean household size	2.9	1,764	1,764	

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Kalasin

	_	Number of	fhouseholds	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,819	1,819	
Total	100.0	1,019	1,019	
Sex of household head				
Male	56.5	1,027	998	
Female	43.5	792	821	
Age of household head				
<18	0.1	2	1	
18-34	2.3	42	60	
35-64	64.4	1,171	1,213	
65-84	31.2	568	510	
85+	2.0	36	35	
Education of household head				
Pre-primary or none	0.5	9	9	
Primary	81.7	1,486	1,463	
Lower secondary	4.1	74	87	
Upper secondary	7.3	133	140	
Higher	6.4	116	120	
Number of household members				
1	15.5	281	198	
2	29.3	534	398	
3	22.7	414	395	
4	15.9	289	333	
5	9.7	176	265	
6	4.5	82	146	
7+	2.4	44	84	
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.9	1,817	1,817	
Non-Thai	0.1	2	2	
Households with <sup>A</sup>				
At least one child under age 5 years	13.7	249	660	
At least one child age 5-17 years	33.2	603	694	
At least one child age <18 years	46.2	841	1,126	
At least one woman age 15-49 years	42.4	771	909	
At least one man age 15-49 years	41.7	759	840	
No member age <50	32.1	584	412	
No adult (18+) member	0.1	2	1	
Mean household size	3.0	1,819	1,819	
<sup>A</sup> Each proportion is a separate characteristic based	on the total number of households			

**Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Nakhon Phanom** 

		Number of	households	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,380	1,380	
Sex of household head				
Male	57.8	798	785	
Female	42.2	582	595	
Age of household head				
<18	0.2	3	4	
18-34	5.5	75	92	
35-64	68.1	940	957	
65-84	24.4	337	307	
85+	1.8	24	20	
Education of household head				
Pre-primary or none	1.9	27	29	
Primary	69.6	960	938	
Lower secondary	8.4	117	125	
Upper secondary	11.5	159	162	
Higher	8.5	118	126	
Number of household members				
1	16.5	228	146	
2	23.0	317	229	
3	24.4	337	308	
4	19.5	269	313	
5	8.6	119	179	
6	5.1	71	122	
7+	2.9	39	83	
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.8	1,378	1,377	
Non-Thai	0.2	2	3	
Households with <sup>A</sup>				
At least one child under age 5 years	17.4	241	561	
At least one child age 5-17 years	38.6	533	614	
At least one child age <18 years	55.1	761	971	
At least one woman age 15-49 years	50.4	695	835	
At least one man age 15-49 years	49.5	683	751	
No member age <50	23.8	328	211	
No adult (18+) member	0.1	2	2	
Mean household size	3.1	1,380	1,380	

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Songkhla

	_	Number of	households	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,391	1,391	
Sex of household head				
Male	59.7	830	856	
Female	40.3	561	535	
Age of household head				
<18	0.1	2	2	
18-34	10.9	152	168	
35-64	62.6	871	898	
65-84	24.2	336	297	
85+	2.2	30	26	
Education of household head				
Pre-primary or none	6.2	86	75	
Primary	50.9	708	742	
Lower secondary	10.4	144	147	
Upper secondary	14.2	198	201	
Higher	18.2	253	225	
DK/Missing	0.2	2	1	
Number of household members				
1	19.8	275	174	
2	26.1	363	259	
3	21.5	299	274	
4	18.1	252	303	
5	7.9	110	195	
6	4.4	61	100	
7+	2.3	32	86	
Native language of household head				
Thai	97.5	1,356	1,363	
Non-Thai	2.5	35	28	
Households with A				
At least one child under age 5 years	12.5	174	526	
At least one child age 5-17 years	29.5	410	523	
At least one child age <18 years	41.6	579	858	
At least one woman age 15-49 years	53.5	744	916	
At least one man age 15-49 years	55.4	771	863	
No member age <50	26.3	365	249	
No adult (18+) member	0.0	0	1	
Mean household size	2.9	1,391	1,391	

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Satun

Fortal 100.0 831  Sex of household head  Male 63.1 524 Female 36.9 307 Age of household head		_	Number of	households	
Sex of household head  Male 63.1 524 Female 36.9 307 Age of household head  <18 0.3 3 18-34 9.6 80 35-64 66.8 555 65-84 21.4 178 85+ 1.9 16 Education of household head  Pre-primary or none 7.0 58 Primary 54.4 452 Lower secondary 8.6 71 Upper secondary 16.7 139 Higher 13.4 111 Number of household members  1 1.16 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7-7 48 7-7 6.0 50 Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 NOn-Thai 4.1 34 Households with ^ At least one child under age 5 years 42.1 350 At least one child under age 18 years 59.4 494 No member age <50 No adult (18+) member 60.3 3 3		Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Male 63.1 524 Female 36.9 307 Age of household head  <18 0.3 3 18-34 9.6 80 35-64 66.8 555 65-84 21.4 178 85+ 1.9 16 Education of household head  Pre-primary onne 7.0 58 Primary 54.4 452 Lower secondary 8.6 71 Upper secondary 16.7 139 Higher 13.4 111 Number of household members  1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 57 48 7+ 6.0 50 Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34 Helast one child under age 5 years 4.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 5.4 494 Non ember age <50 2.7 172 Non ember age <50 No adult (18+) member 6.3 3	Total	100.0	831	831	
Male 63.1 524 Female 36.9 307 Age of household head  <18 0.3 3 18-34 9.6 80 35-64 66.8 555 65-84 21.4 178 85+ 1.9 16 Education of household head  Pre-primary onne 7.0 58 Primary 54.4 452 Lower secondary 8.6 71 Upper secondary 16.7 139 Higher 13.4 111 Number of household members  1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 57 48 7+ 6.0 50 Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34 Helast one child under age 5 years 4.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 5.4 494 Non ember age <50 2.7 172 Non ember age <50 No adult (18+) member 6.3 3					
Age of household head  -18 -18 -19 -18 -18 -34 -35-64 -66.8 -35-56 -65-84 -81 -19 -16 -17 -85-4 -85-9 -19 -10 -16 -17 -18 -19 -16 -16 -17 -18 -19 -16 -16 -17 -18 -19 -16 -17 -18 -19 -16 -18 -19 -10 -16 -18 -19 -10 -16 -19 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10					
Age of household head  <18				513	
418       0.3       3         18-34       9.6       80         35-64       66.8       555         65-84       21.4       178         85+       1.9       16         Education of household head       Ferpimary or none       7.0       58         Primary       54.4       452         Lower secondary       8.6       71         Upper secondary       16.7       139         Higher       13.4       111         Number of household members       1       1.6       97         2       21.5       179       3         3       22.6       188         4       20.5       171       5         5       12.0       100       6         7+       6.0       50       Native language of household head       Thai       34         Thai       95.9       797       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with ^       4.1       34         Households with ^       4.1       350         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age 418 years       57.3		36.9	307	318	
18-34 9.6 80 35-64 66.8 555 65-84 21.4 178 85+ 1.9 16  Education of household head  Pre-primary or none 7.0 58 Primary 54.4 452 Lower secondary 16.7 139 Higher 13.4 111  Number of household members  1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34  Households with A  At least one child under age 5 years 42.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 59.4 No member age <50 20.7 172 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3 3				_	
35-64 66.8 555 65-84 21.4 178 85+ 1.9 16  Education of household head  Pre-primary or none 7.0 58 Primary 54.4 452 Lower secondary 16.7 139 Higher 13.4 111  Number of household members  1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34 Households with A  At least one child under age 5 years 42.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 59.4 No member age <50 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3 3				2	
65-84       21.4       178         85+       1.9       16         Education of household head         Pre-primary or none       7.0       58         Primary       54.4       452         Lower secondary       8.6       71         Upper secondary       16.7       139         Higher       13.4       111         Number of household members         1       11.6       97         2       21.5       179         3       22.6       188         4       20.5       171         5       12.0       100         6       5.7       48         7+       6.0       50         Native language of household head         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with ^A       4.1       34         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age -18 years       57.3       476         At least one child age -18 years       57.3       476         At least one woman age 15-49 years       62.1       516         At lea				114	
85+     1.9     16       Education of household head       Pre-primary or none     7.0     58       Primary     54.4     452       Lower secondary     8.6     71       Upper secondary     16.7     139       Higher     13.4     111       Number of household members       1     11.6     97       2     21.5     179       3     22.6     188       4     20.5     171       5     12.0     100       6     5.7     48       7+     6.0     50       Native language of household head     34       Thai     95.9     797       Non-Thai     4.1     34       Households with ^A     34       At least one child under age 5 years     42.1     350       At least one child age 5-17 years     42.1     350       At least one woman age 15-49 years     57.3     476       At least one woman age 15-49 years     62.1     516       At least one man age 15-49 years     59.4     494       No member age <50				544	
Education of household head  Pre-primary or none 7.0 58 Primary 54.4 452 Lower secondary 8.6 71 Upper secondary 16.7 139 Higher 13.4 111  Number of household members  1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34  Households with A  At least one child under age 5 years 42.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 62.1 516 At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494 No member age <50 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3 3				158	
Pre-primary or none       7.0       58         Primary       54.4       452         Lower secondary       8.6       71         Upper secondary       16.7       139         Higher       13.4       111         Number of household members         1       11.6       97         2       21.5       179         3       22.6       188         4       20.5       171         5       12.0       100         6       5.7       48         7+       6.0       50         Native language of household head         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with^A         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age <18 years		1.9	16	13	
Primary       54.4       452         Lower secondary       8.6       71         Upper secondary       16.7       139         Higher       13.4       111         Number of household members       1       11.6       97         2       21.5       179       3         3       22.6       188         4       20.5       171       17         5       12.0       100       100         6       5.7       48       44       44       48         7+       6.0       50       50       50         Native language of household head       41       34       44<					
Lower secondary Upper secondary Higher 13.4 111  Number of household members  1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34  Households with^ At least one child under age 5 years At least one child age <18 years At least one woman age 15-49 years At least one woman age 15-49 years At least one man age ≤50 No adult (18+) member 0 3.3 3				51	
Upper secondary       16.7       139         Higher       13.4       111         Number of household members       1       11.6       97         2       21.5       179       3         3       22.6       188         4       20.5       171       100       100       6         6       5.7       48       4       4       50       No       No         Native language of household head       Thai       95.9       797       Non-Thai       4.1       34       Households with ^A       4.1       34       Households with at least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181       181       At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350       350       At least one child age <18 years	Primary	54.4	452	449	
Higher       13.4       111         Number of household members       1       11.6       97         2       21.5       179       3         3       22.6       188         4       20.5       171         5       12.0       100         6       5.7       48         7+       6.0       50         Native language of household head       30       50         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with A       4.1       34         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	Lower secondary	8.6	71	81	
Number of household members  1	Upper secondary	16.7	139	143	
1 11.6 97 2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50 Native language of household head Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34 Households with ^ At least one child age 5 years 21.8 181 At least one child age 5-17 years 42.1 350 At least one woman age 15-49 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 62.1 516 At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494 No member age <50 20.7 172 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	Higher	13.4	111	107	
2 21.5 179 3 22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34  Households with ^ At least one child under age 5 years 42.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 62.1 516 At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494 No member age <50 20.7 172 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	Number of household members				
22.6 188 4 20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head  Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34  Households with A  At least one child under age 5 years 21.8 181 At least one child age 5-17 years 42.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 62.1 516 At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494 No member age <50 20.7 172 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	1	11.6	97	68	
20.5 171 5 12.0 100 6 5.7 48 7+ 6.0 50  Native language of household head Thai 95.9 797 Non-Thai 4.1 34  Households with ^ At least one child under age 5 years 21.8 181 At least one child age 5-17 years 42.1 350 At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476 At least one woman age 15-49 years 62.1 516 At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494 No member age <50 20.7 172 No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	2	21.5	179	133	
5       12.0       100         6       5.7       48         7+       6.0       50         Native language of household head         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with A         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	3	22.6	188	166	
6       5.7       48         7+       6.0       50         Native language of household head         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with ^         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	4	20.5	171	188	
7+       6.0       50         Native language of household head         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with A         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	5	12.0	100	134	
Native language of household head         Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with A         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	6	5.7	48	66	
Thai       95.9       797         Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with A         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	7+	6.0	50	76	
Non-Thai       4.1       34         Households with A       34         At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	Native language of household head				
At least one child under age 5 years 21.8 181  At least one child age 5-17 years 42.1 350  At least one child age <18 years 57.3 476  At least one woman age 15-49 years 62.1 516  At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494  No member age <50 20.7 172  No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	Thai	95.9	797	794	
At least one child under age 5 years       21.8       181         At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	Non-Thai	4.1	34	37	
At least one child age 5-17 years       42.1       350         At least one child age <18 years	Households with <sup>A</sup>				
At least one child age <18 years	At least one child under age 5 years	21.8	181	343	
At least one woman age 15-49 years       62.1       516         At least one man age 15-49 years       59.4       494         No member age <50	At least one child age 5-17 years	42.1	350	404	
At least one man age 15-49 years 59.4 494  No member age <50 20.7 172  No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	At least one child age <18 years	57.3	476	581	
No member age <50	At least one woman age 15-49 years	62.1	516	589	
No adult (18+) member 0.3 3	At least one man age 15-49 years	59.4	494	548	
	No member age <50	20.7	172	121	
Mean household size	No adult (18+) member	0.3	3	2	
MICUII 11003C11010 312C 3.3 031	Mean household size	3.5	831	831	

**Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Phatthalung** 

	<u> </u>	Number of	f households
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	1,506	1,506
Sex of household head			
	60.2	006	012
Male	60.2	906	912
Female	39.8	600	594
Age of household head	0.1	4	4
<18	0.1	1	1
18-34	5.5	83	123
35-64	61.3	924	958
65-84	29.8	448	382
85+	3.3	50	42
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	2.4	36	33
Primary	59.7	899	879
Lower secondary	8.8	132	151
Upper secondary	14.9	225	229
Higher	14.2	214	213
DK/Missing	0.0	0	1
Number of household members			
1	18.9	284	197
2	30.2	454	347
3	23.8	359	333
4	15.2	229	285
5	7.5	113	188
6	2.6	39	98
7+	1.9	28	58
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.6	1,500	1,501
Non-Thai	0.4	6	5
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	12.8	193	483
At least one child age 5-17 years	28.6	430	534
At least one child age <18 years	39.8	600	849
At least one woman age 15-49 years	45.1	678	864
At least one man age 15-49 years	44.0	663	797
No member age <50	35.6	536	379
No adult (18+) member	0.1	1	1
Mean household size	2.8	1,506	1,506

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Pattani

	_	Number o	fhouseholds
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	773	773
Total	100.0	773	7/3
Sex of household head			
Male	47.9	370	371
Female	52.1	403	402
Age of household head			
<18	0.4	3	2
18-34	10.9	84	93
35-64	61.9	479	475
65-84	24.3	188	186
85+	2.5	19	17
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	19.0	147	145
Primary	46.0	355	354
Lower secondary	11.1	86	80
Upper secondary	11.9	92	101
Higher	11.8	91	92
DK/Missing	0.2	2	1
Number of household members			
1	13.0	101	75
2	15.2	118	97
3	19.2	148	139
4	17.7	137	141
5	15.5	120	140
6	11.4	88	103
7+	8.0	62	78
Native language of household head			
Thai	25.8	199	208
Non-Thai	74.2	574	565
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	25.8	200	291
At least one child age 5-17 years	46.4	359	395
At least one child age <18 years	60.5	467	532
At least one woman age 15-49 years	71.3	551	575
At least one man age 15-49 years	58.7	454	479
No member age <50	14.8	115	95
No adult (18+) member	0.4	3	2
Mean household size	3.8	773	773
A Each proportion is a separate characteristic based		//3	//3

**Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Yala** 

	_	Number of	f households
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	787	787
Total	100.0	767	767
Sex of household head			
Male	61.5	484	502
Female	38.5	303	285
Age of household head			
<18	0.3	2	1
18-34	12.5	99	109
35-64	65.7	517	530
65-84	20.6	162	142
85+	0.9	7	5
Education of household head			
Pre-primary or none	13.5	106	96
Primary	46.1	363	337
Lower secondary	12.4	98	127
Upper secondary	15.5	122	136
Higher	12.5	99	91
Number of household members			
1	21.1	166	115
2	25.8	203	144
3	18.2	143	163
4	18.8	148	181
5	8.6	68	95
6	4.8	38	57
7+	2.6	21	32
Native language of household head			
Thai	28.8	227	215
Non-Thai	71.2	560	572
Households with <sup>A</sup>			
At least one child under age 5 years	12.9	102	258
At least one child age 5-17 years	32.1	253	316
At least one child age <18 years	42.5	335	460
At least one woman age 15-49 years	56.0	441	524
At least one man age 15-49 years	52.6	414	486
No member age <50	26.9	212	150
No adult (18+) member	0.3	2	1
Mean household size	2.9	787	787
<sup>A</sup> Each proportion is a separate characteristic based o	n the total number of households		

Table SR.7.1: Household composition: Narathiwat

		Number of	of households	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	761	761	
iotal	100.0	701	701	
Sex of household head				
Male	64.0	487	493	
Female	36.0	274	268	
Age of household head				
<18	0.0	0	0	
18-34	11.0	84	92	
35-64	66.2	504	511	
65-84	21.2	161	148	
85+	1.5	12	10	
Education of household head				
Pre-primary or none	21.6	165	173	
Primary	49.5	377	372	
Lower secondary	8.4	64	66	
Upper secondary	10.2	78	76	
Higher	10.2	78	74	
Number of household members				
1	13.7	105	79	
2	19.7	150	124	
3	17.6	134	127	
4	18.5	141	154	
5	13.8	105	119	
6	8.1	61	80	
7+	8.6	66	78	
Native language of household head				
Thai	18.2	139	120	
Non-Thai	81.8	622	641	
Households with <sup>A</sup>				
At least one child under age 5 years	27.1	206	304	
At least one child age 5-17 years	45.6	347	371	
At least one child age <18 years	59.3	451	512	
At least one woman age 15-49 years	66.2	504	548	
At least one man age 15-49 years	62.4	475	507	
No member age <50	18.3	140	114	
No adult (18+) member	0.0	0	0	
Mean household size	3.7	761	761	
A Each proportion is a separate characteristic based				

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Chai Nat

	Ma	Males Females		lles Females Total		tal
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,329	100.0	2,680	100.0	5,008	100.0
Age						
0-4	126	5.4	106	4.0	233	4.6
5-9	168	7.2	137	5.1	306	6.1
10-14	162	6.9	138	5.1	300	6.0
15-19	125	5.4	126	4.7	251	5.0
15-17	82	3.5	95	3.5	177	3.5
18-19	43	1.8	31	1.2	74	1.5
20-24	108	4.6	92	3.4	199	4.0
25-29	114	4.9	115	4.3	229	4.6
30-34	101	4.4	104	3.9	206	4.1
35-39	99	4.3	151	5.6	250	5.0
40-44	159	6.8	151	5.6	310	6.2
45-49	169	7.2	212	7.9	381	7.6
50-54	173	7.4	251	9.4	424	8.5
55-59	212	9.1	280	10.5	493	9.8
60-64	185	7.9	242	9.0	427	8.5
65-69	156	6.7	197	7.4	354	7.1
70-74	108	4.6	131	4.9	239	4.8
75-79	75	3.2	117	4.4	192	3.8
80-84	59	2.5	71	2.6	130	2.6
85+	29	1.3	58	2.1	87	1.7
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	539	23.1	476	17.8	1,015	20.3
Adults age 18+ years	1,790	76.9	2,203	82.2	3,993	79.7

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Sa Kaeo

	Males Females Total		Males Females		tal	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,100	100.0	2,385	100.0	4,485	100.0
Age						
0-4	183	8.7	159	6.7	342	7.6
5-9	198	9.4	210	8.8	408	9.1
10-14	182	8.7	190	8.0	372	8.3
15-19	135	6.5	108	4.5	243	5.4
15-17	97	4.6	82	3.4	179	4.0
18-19	38	1.8	26	1.1	64	1.4
20-24	84	4.0	81	3.4	164	3.7
25-29	102	4.9	108	4.5	210	4.7
30-34	94	4.5	102	4.3	196	4.4
35-39	129	6.2	152	6.4	281	6.3
40-44	128	6.1	157	6.6	285	6.4
45-49	162	7.7	191	8.0	352	7.9
50-54	169	8.1	219	9.2	389	8.7
55-59	172	8.2	221	9.3	393	8.8
60-64	136	6.5	154	6.4	290	6.5
65-69	93	4.4	123	5.2	216	4.8
70-74	63	3.0	68	2.8	130	2.9
75-79	31	1.5	72	3.0	103	2.3
80-84	23	1.1	35	1.5	58	1.3
85+	15	0.7	37	1.5	52	1.2
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	660	31.4	641	26.9	1,301	29.0
Adults age 18+ years	1,441	68.6	1,744	73.1	3,185	71.0

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Ratchaburi

	Ma	Males Females		Total		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,473	100.0	2,706	100.0	5,179	100.0
Age						
0-4	118	4.8	128	4.7	246	4.8
5-9	156	6.3	150	5.5	306	5.9
10-14	174	7.0	179	6.6	353	6.8
15-19	169	6.9	162	6.0	332	6.4
15-17	102	4.1	96	3.5	198	3.8
18-19	67	2.7	67	2.5	134	2.6
20-24	187	7.5	115	4.2	301	5.8
25-29	146	5.9	154	5.7	300	5.8
30-34	157	6.3	152	5.6	309	6.0
35-39	157	6.3	177	6.6	334	6.5
40-44	190	7.7	182	6.7	372	7.2
45-49	171	6.9	210	7.8	382	7.4
50-54	206	8.3	225	8.3	430	8.3
55-59	174	7.1	246	9.1	420	8.1
60-64	154	6.2	179	6.6	334	6.4
65-69	135	5.4	160	5.9	295	5.7
70-74	78	3.2	112	4.1	190	3.7
75-79	43	1.8	65	2.4	108	2.1
80-84	35	1.4	56	2.1	91	1.8
85+	22	0.9	53	2.0	75	1.4
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	550	22.3	552	20.4	1,103	21.3
Adults age 18+ years	1,923	77.7	2,154	79.6	4,076	78.7

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Kanchanaburi

	Ma	les	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,170	100.0	2,246	100.0	4,416	100.0
Age						
0-4	112	5.2	109	4.8	221	5.0
5-9	176	8.1	120	5.3	296	6.7
10-14	185	8.5	151	6.7	336	7.6
15-19	134	6.2	125	5.5	259	5.9
15-17	96	4.4	93	4.1	189	4.3
18-19	38	1.8	32	1.4	70	1.6
20-24	114	5.3	96	4.3	211	4.8
25-29	116	5.4	116	5.2	232	5.3
30-34	136	6.3	106	4.7	242	5.5
35-39	136	6.3	142	6.3	278	6.3
40-44	135	6.2	192	8.6	327	7.4
45-49	163	7.5	183	8.1	346	7.8
50-54	165	7.6	203	9.0	369	8.3
55-59	161	7.4	193	8.6	353	8.0
60-64	155	7.1	193	8.6	348	7.9
65-69	119	5.5	120	5.3	239	5.4
70-74	67	3.1	88	3.9	155	3.5
75-79	42	1.9	46	2.1	88	2.0
80-84	35	1.6	37	1.7	72	1.6
85+	19	0.9	25	1.1	44	1.0
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	569	26.2	472	21.0	1,041	23.6
Adults age 18+ years	1,601	73.8	1,774	79.0	3,375	76.4

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Mae Hong Son

	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,020	100.0	1,009	100.0	2,029	100.0
Age						
0-4	53	5.2	46	4.5	99	4.9
5-9	62	6.1	51	5.0	113	5.6
10-14	59	5.8	64	6.3	123	6.1
15-19	63	6.2	39	3.9	102	5.0
15-17	45	4.4	32	3.1	77	3.8
18-19	18	1.7	7	0.7	25	1.2
20-24	36	3.5	32	3.2	68	3.4
25-29	50	4.9	60	6.0	111	5.5
30-34	74	7.2	79	7.8	152	7.5
35-39	61	6.0	61	6.0	122	6.0
40-44	76	7.4	76	7.5	152	7.5
45-49	79	7.7	75	7.5	154	7.6
50-54	98	9.6	131	13.0	229	11.3
55-59	80	7.8	82	8.1	162	8.0
60-64	84	8.2	68	6.7	152	7.5
65-69	56	5.5	64	6.4	120	5.9
70-74	40	3.9	30	3.0	70	3.5
75-79	18	1.8	20	2.0	38	1.9
80-84	21	2.1	24	2.4	45	2.2
85+	9	0.8	8	0.8	17	0.8
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	220	21.6	192	19.0	412	20.3
Adults age 18+ years	800	78.4	817	81.0	1,617	79.7

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Tak

	Ma	iles	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,091	100.0	1,161	100.0	2,252	100.0
Age						
0-4	72	6.6	54	4.6	125	5.6
5-9	115	10.5	72	6.2	186	8.3
10-14	81	7.4	91	7.8	172	7.6
15-19	65	6.0	90	7.8	156	6.9
15-17	45	4.1	54	4.7	99	4.4
18-19	21	1.9	36	3.1	57	2.5
20-24	41	3.7	54	4.7	95	4.2
25-29	78	7.2	51	4.4	129	5.7
30-34	66	6.0	71	6.1	137	6.1
35-39	65	6.0	71	6.2	137	6.1
40-44	62	5.7	73	6.3	135	6.0
45-49	81	7.4	85	7.3	165	7.3
50-54	77	7.1	108	9.3	185	8.2
55-59	106	9.7	93	8.0	198	8.8
60-64	52	4.8	98	8.5	151	6.7
65-69	50	4.6	56	4.8	106	4.7
70-74	43	3.9	41	3.6	84	3.7
75-79	20	1.8	17	1.5	37	1.6
80-84	10	0.9	19	1.6	29	1.3
85+	8	0.7	16	1.4	24	1.1
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	312	28.6	271	23.3	582	25.9
Adults age 18+ years	779	71.4	890	76.7	1,670	74.1

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Buriram

	Ma	les	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,341	100.0	2,584	100.0	4,924	100.0
Age						
0-4	140	6.0	132	5.1	272	5.5
5-9	180	7.7	209	8.1	389	7.9
10-14	210	9.0	183	7.1	393	8.0
15-19	122	5.2	118	4.6	240	4.9
15-17	76	3.3	77	3.0	153	3.1
18-19	46	2.0	41	1.6	87	1.8
20-24	106	4.5	71	2.8	177	3.6
25-29	60	2.6	68	2.6	128	2.6
30-34	67	2.9	82	3.2	149	3.0
35-39	130	5.6	105	4.1	236	4.8
40-44	129	5.5	177	6.8	306	6.2
45-49	183	7.8	217	8.4	400	8.1
50-54	231	9.9	279	10.8	510	10.3
55-59	212	9.1	212	8.2	424	8.6
60-64	177	7.6	206	8.0	383	7.8
65-69	161	6.9	196	7.6	357	7.3
70-74	111	4.7	145	5.6	256	5.2
75-79	66	2.8	58	2.2	124	2.5
80-84	36	1.6	72	2.8	108	2.2
85+	19	0.8	52	2.0	71	1.4
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	606	25.9	602	23.3	1,208	24.5
Adults age 18+ years	1,734	74.1	1,982	76.7	3,717	75.5

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Sisaket

	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,274	100.0	2,462	100.0	4,736	100.0
Age						
0-4	141	6.2	143	5.8	284	6.0
5-9	190	8.4	173	7.0	364	7.7
10-14	202	8.9	154	6.2	356	7.5
15-19	124	5.4	128	5.2	252	5.3
15-17	82	3.6	106	4.3	188	4.0
18-19	42	1.8	23	0.9	64	1.4
20-24	75	3.3	67	2.7	142	3.0
25-29	100	4.4	80	3.2	180	3.8
30-34	70	3.1	71	2.9	141	3.0
35-39	101	4.4	108	4.4	209	4.4
40-44	137	6.0	184	7.5	322	6.8
45-49	178	7.8	197	8.0	375	7.9
50-54	225	9.9	247	10.0	472	10.0
55-59	196	8.6	223	9.0	419	8.8
60-64	188	8.3	204	8.3	392	8.3
65-69	121	5.3	173	7.0	295	6.2
70-74	94	4.1	125	5.1	219	4.6
75-79	77	3.4	83	3.4	160	3.4
80-84	27	1.2	62	2.5	89	1.9
85+	28	1.2	39	1.6	67	1.4
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	616	27.1	575	23.4	1,191	25.1
Adults age 18+ years	1,658	72.9	1,887	76.6	3,545	74.9

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Yasothon

	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,440	100.0	2,634	100.0	5,074	100.0
Age						
0-4	146	6.0	124	4.7	269	5.3
5-9	190	7.8	163	6.2	353	7.0
10-14	160	6.5	180	6.8	339	6.7
15-19	138	5.7	112	4.3	251	4.9
15-17	90	3.7	86	3.2	175	3.5
18-19	49	2.0	27	1.0	75	1.5
20-24	75	3.1	68	2.6	144	2.8
25-29	85	3.5	75	2.8	160	3.2
30-34	98	4.0	78	3.0	176	3.5
35-39	116	4.7	123	4.7	239	4.7
40-44	152	6.2	198	7.5	350	6.9
45-49	242	9.9	232	8.8	474	9.3
50-54	221	9.0	298	11.3	518	10.2
55-59	222	9.1	237	9.0	459	9.0
60-64	205	8.4	216	8.2	421	8.3
65-69	130	5.3	193	7.3	323	6.4
70-74	118	4.8	141	5.4	259	5.1
75-79	79	3.2	101	3.8	180	3.5
80-84	50	2.0	55	2.1	105	2.1
85+	14	0.6	39	1.5	54	1.1
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	585	24.0	552	21.0	1,137	22.4
Adults age 18+ years	1,855	76.0	2,082	79.0	3,936	77.6

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Kalasin

	Ma	iles	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,594	100.0	2,855	100.0	5,449	100.0
Age						
0-4	150	5.8	135	4.7	285	5.2
5-9	204	7.9	206	7.2	410	7.5
10-14	197	7.6	193	6.8	390	7.2
15-19	131	5.0	144	5.0	275	5.0
15-17	86	3.3	115	4.0	200	3.7
18-19	45	1.7	29	1.0	74	1.4
20-24	93	3.6	75	2.6	168	3.1
25-29	109	4.2	79	2.8	188	3.5
30-34	91	3.5	89	3.1	180	3.3
35-39	134	5.2	137	4.8	271	5.0
40-44	170	6.5	171	6.0	341	6.3
45-49	200	7.7	226	7.9	426	7.8
50-54	307	11.8	343	12.0	649	11.9
55-59	232	8.9	301	10.5	532	9.8
60-64	206	8.0	231	8.1	438	8.0
65-69	139	5.4	212	7.4	351	6.4
70-74	127	4.9	131	4.6	259	4.7
75-79	58	2.2	101	3.5	159	2.9
80-84	30	1.2	39	1.4	69	1.3
85+	16	0.6	42	1.5	58	1.1
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	637	24.5	648	22.7	1,285	23.6
Adults age 18+ years	1,957	75.5	2,207	77.3	4,164	76.4

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Nakhon Phanom

	Ma	iles	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,076	100.0	2,179	100.0	4,255	100.0
Age						
0-4	133	6.4	142	6.5	275	6.5
5-9	174	8.4	147	6.8	322	7.6
10-14	186	9.0	180	8.3	366	8.6
15-19	147	7.1	124	5.7	271	6.4
15-17	104	5.0	96	4.4	200	4.7
18-19	43	2.1	28	1.3	71	1.7
20-24	94	4.5	83	3.8	178	4.2
25-29	73	3.5	88	4.0	161	3.8
30-34	94	4.5	93	4.3	187	4.4
35-39	118	5.7	102	4.7	220	5.2
40-44	147	7.1	168	7.7	316	7.4
45-49	174	8.4	204	9.3	377	8.9
50-54	203	9.8	204	9.3	407	9.6
55-59	152	7.3	167	7.7	319	7.5
60-64	152	7.3	160	7.3	312	7.3
65-69	103	5.0	108	5.0	211	5.0
70-74	46	2.2	87	4.0	133	3.1
75-79	43	2.0	61	2.8	103	2.4
80-84	30	1.4	32	1.5	62	1.5
85+	6	0.3	30	1.4	36	0.8
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	598	28.8	565	25.9	1,163	27.3
Adults age 18+ years	1,478	71.2	1,614	74.1	3,092	72.7

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Songkhla

	Ma	les	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,966	100.0	2,102	100.0	4,068	100.0
Age						
0-4	101	5.1	100	4.8	201	4.9
5-9	149	7.6	139	6.6	288	7.1
10-14	158	8.0	142	6.8	300	7.4
15-19	131	6.7	119	5.7	250	6.1
15-17	78	4.0	67	3.2	145	3.6
18-19	53	2.7	52	2.5	105	2.6
20-24	107	5.5	111	5.3	218	5.4
25-29	119	6.1	92	4.4	211	5.2
30-34	112	5.7	124	5.9	236	5.8
35-39	139	7.1	159	7.6	298	7.3
40-44	161	8.2	164	7.8	325	8.0
45-49	170	8.7	136	6.5	306	7.5
50-54	140	7.1	196	9.3	336	8.3
55-59	129	6.6	156	7.4	285	7.0
60-64	95	4.9	134	6.4	229	5.6
65-69	97	4.9	111	5.3	207	5.1
70-74	53	2.7	81	3.8	134	3.3
75-79	58	3.0	59	2.8	117	2.9
80-84	26	1.3	39	1.8	65	1.6
85+	19	1.0	42	2.0	61	1.5
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	486	24.7	447	21.3	934	23.0
Adults age 18+ years	1,480	75.3	1,654	78.7	3,134	77.0

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Satun

	Ma	les	Fem	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	1,408	100.0	1,461	100.0	2,869	100.0	
Age							
0-4	109	7.8	110	7.5	219	7.6	
5-9	139	9.9	123	8.4	262	9.1	
10-14	120	8.5	128	8.8	248	8.6	
15-19	131	9.3	81	5.5	212	7.4	
15-17	93	6.6	61	4.2	154	5.4	
18-19	37	2.7	20	1.4	57	2.0	
20-24	60	4.2	59	4.0	118	4.1	
25-29	84	5.9	73	5.0	157	5.5	
30-34	80	5.7	99	6.8	179	6.2	
35-39	93	6.6	97	6.6	190	6.6	
40-44	91	6.4	109	7.5	200	7.0	
45-49	112	7.9	115	7.8	226	7.9	
50-54	109	7.8	118	8.1	228	7.9	
55-59	76	5.4	98	6.7	174	6.1	
60-64	65	4.6	74	5.1	139	4.8	
65-69	52	3.7	52	3.6	105	3.6	
70-74	24	1.7	46	3.1	70	2.4	
75-79	31	2.2	33	2.3	64	2.2	
80-84	24	1.7	29	2.0	54	1.9	
85+	8	0.6	17	1.2	25	0.9	
Child and adult populations							
Children age 0-17 years	461	32.8	421	28.8	883	30.8	
Adults age 18+ years	947	67.2	1,040	71.2	1,987	69.2	

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Phatthalung

	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,952	100.0	2,239	100.0	4,190	100.0
Age						
0-4	103	5.3	115	5.1	218	5.2
5-9	158	8.1	144	6.5	303	7.2
10-14	130	6.6	162	7.3	292	7.0
15-19	109	5.6	98	4.4	207	4.9
15-17	67	3.4	75	3.4	142	3.4
18-19	42	2.2	23	1.0	65	1.6
20-24	76	3.9	54	2.4	130	3.1
25-29	94	4.8	96	4.3	190	4.5
30-34	99	5.1	81	3.6	180	4.3
35-39	99	5.1	124	5.5	222	5.3
40-44	143	7.3	150	6.7	293	7.0
45-49	157	8.0	193	8.6	350	8.4
50-54	148	7.6	218	9.7	366	8.7
55-59	168	8.6	182	8.1	351	8.4
60-64	124	6.4	145	6.5	269	6.4
65-69	102	5.2	157	7.0	259	6.2
70-74	90	4.6	120	5.3	210	5.0
75-79	89	4.6	90	4.0	178	4.3
80-84	31	1.6	53	2.4	84	2.0
85+	32	1.6	56	2.5	88	2.1
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	457	23.4	497	22.2	955	22.8
Adults age 18+ years	1,494	76.6	1,741	77.8	3,235	77.2

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Pattani

	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,389	100.0	1,563	100.0	2,952	100.0
Age						
0-4	129	9.3	109	7.0	239	8.1
5-9	176	12.7	142	9.1	318	10.8
10-14	133	9.6	127	8.1	260	8.8
15-19	101	7.3	158	10.1	259	8.8
15-17	72	5.2	112	7.2	184	6.2
18-19	29	2.1	46	2.9	75	2.6
20-24	114	8.2	102	6.5	216	7.3
25-29	75	5.4	91	5.8	166	5.6
30-34	82	5.9	100	6.4	182	6.2
35-39	78	5.6	91	5.8	168	5.7
40-44	70	5.0	116	7.4	185	6.3
45-49	89	6.4	111	7.1	200	6.8
50-54	97	7.0	68	4.3	165	5.6
55-59	55	4.0	74	4.7	129	4.4
60-64	61	4.4	87	5.6	149	5.0
65-69	39	2.8	75	4.8	113	3.8
70-74	33	2.4	39	2.5	73	2.5
75-79	29	2.1	21	1.3	50	1.7
80-84	19	1.4	33	2.1	52	1.8
85+	9	0.6	19	1.2	28	0.9
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	511	36.8	491	31.4	1,002	33.9
Adults age 18+ years	878	63.2	1,073	68.6	1,950	66.1

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Yala

Percent and frequency distribution of the household population<sup>A</sup> in five-year age groups and child (age 0-17 years) and adult populations (age 18 or more), by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Ma	iles	Fem	ales	Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,109	100.0	1,206	100.0	2,315	100.0
Age						
0-4	54	4.9	66	5.5	120	5.2
5-9	86	7.7	95	7.8	180	7.8
10-14	99	8.9	83	6.9	182	7.9
15-19	88	7.9	81	6.7	169	7.3
15-17	58	5.2	55	4.6	113	4.9
18-19	30	2.7	26	2.1	56	2.4
20-24	54	4.8	108	9.0	162	7.0
25-29	55	5.0	61	5.1	116	5.0
30-34	86	7.7	86	7.1	172	7.4
35-39	70	6.3	75	6.3	145	6.3
40-44	70	6.3	79	6.6	150	6.5
45-49	70	6.3	75	6.3	146	6.3
50-54	106	9.5	102	8.5	208	9.0
55-59	84	7.6	87	7.2	171	7.4
60-64	83	7.5	75	6.2	157	6.8
65-69	39	3.5	60	5.0	99	4.3
70-74	35	3.1	37	3.1	72	3.1
75-79	17	1.5	15	1.3	32	1.4
80-84	14	1.2	13	1.1	27	1.2
85+	1	0.1	6	0.5	7	0.3
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	296	26.7	299	24.8	596	25.7
Adults age 18+ years	813	73.3	907	75.2	1,720	74.3

^ As this table includes all household members listed in interviewed households, the numbers and distributions by sex do not match those found for individuals in tables SR.5.1W/M, SR.5.2 and SR.5.3. These tables describe the interviewed individuals and are weighted with individual sample weights.

Table SR.8.1: Age distribution of household population by sex: Narathiwat

Percent and frequency distribution of the household population<sup>A</sup> in five-year age groups and child (age 0-17 years) and adult populations (age 18 or more), by sex, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Ma	iles	Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,369	100.0	1,430	100.0	2,799	100.0
Age						
0-4	114	8.3	131	9.2	245	8.8
5-9	158	11.5	140	9.8	298	10.6
10-14	112	8.2	124	8.7	236	8.4
15-19	119	8.7	89	6.2	208	7.4
15-17	79	5.8	65	4.5	144	5.1
18-19	40	2.9	25	1.7	64	2.3
20-24	82	6.0	93	6.5	175	6.3
25-29	97	7.1	86	6.0	183	6.5
30-34	70	5.1	94	6.6	164	5.9
35-39	120	8.8	109	7.6	229	8.2
40-44	78	5.7	99	7.0	178	6.3
45-49	83	6.0	78	5.5	161	5.7
50-54	96	7.0	99	6.9	195	7.0
55-59	77	5.7	84	5.8	161	5.8
60-64	48	3.5	61	4.3	109	3.9
65-69	43	3.1	62	4.4	105	3.7
70-74	28	2.1	31	2.1	59	2.1
75-79	17	1.2	22	1.5	38	1.4
80-84	16	1.2	19	1.4	36	1.3
85+	11	0.8	8	0.5	19	0.7
Child and adult populations						
Children age 0-17 years	463	33.8	461	32.2	923	33.0
Adults age 18+ years	907	66.2	970	67.8	1,876	67.0

^ As this table includes all household members listed in interviewed households, the numbers and distributions by sex do not match those found for individuals in tables SR.5.1W/M, SR.5.2 and SR.5.3. These tables describe the interviewed individuals and are weighted with individual sample weights.

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Chai Nat

		Number	of women
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	1,261	1,261
Age			
15-19	13.4	169	147
15-17	10.1	127	100
18-19	3.3	42	47
20-24	9.7	122	165
25-29	11.8	149	203
30-34	11.1	140	178
35-39	15.6	196	205
40-44	16.0	202	162
45-49	22.4	283	201
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.0	13	10
Primary	22.4	283	253
Lower secondary	18.2	229	267
Upper secondary	27.0	340	366
Higher	31.4	396	365
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	63.4	799	906
Widowed	1.8	23	21
Divorced	3.5	44	32
Separated	5.0	63	69
Never married/in union	26.3	332	233
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	35.7	451	303
Ever gave birth	63.8	804	955
Gave birth in last two years	8.1	103	235
No birth in last two years	55.6	701	720
Missing	0.5	6	3
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.5	1,255	1,258
Has no coverage	0.5	6	3
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.2	1,251	1,252
Non-Thai	0.8	10	9

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Sa Kaeo

	_	Number	Number of women		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted		
Total	100.0	1,075	1,075		
Age					
15-19	12.0	129	132		
15-17	9.1	98	92		
18-19	2.9	31	40		
20-24	8.8	94	122		
25-29	12.1	130	150		
30-34	11.5	123	156		
35-39	17.0	183	176		
40-44	17.1	183	152		
45-49	21.6	232	187		
Education					
Pre-primary or none	3.0	32	28		
Primary	26.6	285	269		
Lower secondary	23.3	250	247		
Upper secondary	27.7	298	317		
Higher	19.5	209	214		
Marital/Union status					
Currently married/in union	73.5	790	818		
Widowed	1.0	11	12		
Divorced	1.5	16	17		
Separated	3.9	42	52		
Never married/in union	20.1	217	176		
Motherhood and recent births					
Never gave birth	27.3	294	231		
Ever gave birth	72.7	781	844		
Gave birth in last two years	10.0	108	198		
No birth in last two years	62.6	673	646		
Health insurance					
Has coverage	97.2	1,045	1,039		
Has no coverage	2.6	28	35		
DK/Missing	0.1	2	1		
Native language of household head					
Thai	89.9	966	969		
Non-Thai	10.1	109	106		

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Ratchaburi

	_	Number of women		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,393	1,393	
Age				
15-19	13.6	190	158	
15-17	8.0	112	90	
18-19	5.6	78	68	
20-24	9.8	136	177	
25-29	13.6	189	220	
30-34	13.3	186	219	
35-39	15.4	214	222	
40-44	15.6	218	180	
45-49	18.7	260	217	
Education				
Pre-primary or none	3.2	44	45	
Primary	23.4	326	311	
Lower secondary	18.5	257	277	
Upper secondary	24.5	342	359	
Higher	30.4	424	401	
Marital/Union status				
Currently married/in union	59.1	823	931	
Widowed	2.3	32	23	
Divorced	3.3	47	38	
Separated	5.9	82	111	
Never married/in union	29.3	409	290	
Motherhood and recent births				
Never gave birth	38.3	533	371	
Ever gave birth	61.6	857	1,019	
Gave birth in last two years	6.9	96	216	
No birth in last two years	54.7	762	803	
Missing	0.2	3	3	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	97.3	1,356	1,351	
Has no coverage	2.7	37	42	
Native language of household head				
Thai	97.7	1,361	1,355	
Non-Thai	2.3	32	38	

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Kanchanaburi

	_	Number of wo		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,088	1,088	
Age				
15-19	12.9	140	124	
15-17	9.7	105	83	
18-19	3.2	35	41	
20-24	10.2	111	133	
25-29	11.9	130	164	
30-34	10.9	118	138	
35-39	14.9	162	176	
40-44	19.8	216	180	
45-49	19.4	211	173	
Education				
Pre-primary or none	5.6	60	56	
Primary	32.2	350	325	
Lower secondary	21.5	234	238	
Upper secondary	23.5	256	265	
Higher	17.3	188	204	
Marital/Union status				
Currently married/in union	64.2	698	741	
Widowed	1.6	18	15	
Divorced	3.3	36	37	
Separated	6.8	74	79	
Never married/in union	24.1	262	216	
Motherhood and recent births				
Never gave birth	33.4	364	291	
Ever gave birth	66.4	723	795	
Gave birth in last two years	6.9	75	148	
No birth in last two years	59.5	647	647	
Missing	0.1	2	2	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	97.7	1,063	1,062	
Has no coverage	2.1	22	25	
DK/Missing	0.2	2	1	
Native language of household head				
Thai	96.2	1,047	1,048	
Non-Thai	3.8	41	40	

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Mae Hong Son

	_	Number	of women
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	524	524
Age			
15-19	9.1	48	42
15-17	7.4	39	33
18-19	1.7	9	9
20-24	7.5	39	54
	14.4	75	92
25-29 30-34	18.7	98	105
35-39	14.5	76	86
40-44	17.9	94	69 76
45-49	18.0	94	76
Education	22.7	424	120
Pre-primary or none	23.7	124	120
Primary	23.7	124	120
Lower secondary	12.2	64	66
Upper secondary	18.7	98	104
Higher  Marital/Union status	21.7	114	114
	76.2	399	424
Currently married/in union Widowed	2.0	399 11	9
Divorced	2.7	14	15
Separated	0.8	4	7
Never married/in union  Motherhood and recent births	18.2	96	69
	22.0	425	0.5
Never gave birth	23.8 76.2	125	86
Ever gave birth	9.0	399 47	438 98
Gave birth in last two years			
No birth in last two years  Health insurance	67.1	352	340
	98.4	516	F4F
Has no coverage		8	515 9
Has no coverage	1.6	8	9
Native language of household head  Thai	31.7	166	151
Non-Thai	68.3	358	373

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Tak

	_	Number of women		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	500	500	
Total	100.0	569	569	
Age				
15-19	18.3	104	83	
15-17	11.0	62	53	
18-19	7.3	42	30	
20-24	11.0	63	77	
25-29	10.3	59	75	
30-34	14.5	82	88	
35-39	14.3	82	93	
40-44	14.4	82	72	
45-49	17.1	97	81	
Education				
Pre-primary or none	17.1	97	93	
Primary	18.6	106	115	
Lower secondary	15.4	88	96	
Upper secondary	24.7	141	131	
Higher	22.5	128	123	
DK/Missing	1.7	9	11	
Marital/Union status				
Currently married/in union	64.2	365	401	
Widowed	2.1	12	14	
Divorced	2.2	13	12	
Separated	3.8	22	30	
Never married/in union	27.7	157	112	
Motherhood and recent births				
Never gave birth	34.6	197	143	
Ever gave birth	64.2	365	424	
Gave birth in last two years	9.4	54	92	
No birth in last two years	54.8	312	332	
Missing	1.2	7	2	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	84.2	479	477	
Has no coverage	15.7	89	91	
DK/Missing	0.1	0	1	
Native language of household head				
Thai	74.3	423	427	
Non-Thai	25.7	146	142	

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Buriram

	_	Number of women		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	979	979	
Age				
15-19	13.9	136	135	
15-17	9.0	88	88	
18-19	4.9	48	47	
20-24	8.5	83	101	
25-29	8.2	80	103	
30-34	9.9	97	118	
35-39	12.4	121	143	
40-44	21.2	207	171	
45-49	26.0	254	208	
Education				
Pre-primary or none	1.7	16	13	
Primary	37.4	367	322	
Lower secondary	22.1	217	230	
Upper secondary	24.8	242	255	
Higher	14.0	137	159	
Marital/Union status				
Currently married/in union	66.7	653	697	
Widowed	0.2	2	3	
Divorced	2.7	26	24	
Separated	4.5	44	41	
Never married/in union	25.8	253	214	
Motherhood and recent births				
Never gave birth	32.9	322	267	
Ever gave birth	67.1	657	712	
Gave birth in last two years	8.1	80	143	
No birth in last two years	59.0	577	569	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	86.4	845	845	
Has no coverage	13.6	134	134	
Native language of household head				
Thai	93.7	918	922	
Non-Thai	6.3	61	57	

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Sisaket

	_	Number	of women
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	964	964
Age			
15-19	15.1	146	124
15-17	12.4	120	95
18-19	2.7	26	29
20-24	8.0	77	95
25-29	9.6	92	124
30-34	8.5	82	111
35-39	13.0	125	135
40-44	22.1	213	174
45-49	23.6	228	201
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.2	11	9
Primary	38.3	369	328
Lower secondary	18.5	178	184
Upper secondary	27.3	263	298
Higher	14.7	142	145
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	63.6	613	678
Widowed	2.4	23	17
Divorced	3.7	36	30
Separated	2.8	27	32
Never married/in union	27.5	265	207
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	32.5	314	249
Ever gave birth	67.5	650	715
Gave birth in last two years	7.2	70	130
No birth in last two years	60.2	581	585
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.7	961	961
Has no coverage	0.3	3	3
Native language of household head			
Thai	98.6	951	950
Non-Thai	1.4	13	14

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Yasothon

	_	Number of women		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,103	1,103	
Age				
15-19	12.6	139	118	
15-17	9.7	107	84	
18-19	2.9	32	34	
20-24	7.8	86	106	
25-29	8.5	94	141	
30-34	8.9	98	133	
35-39	13.6	150	168	
40-44	22.5	248	191	
45-49	26.2	289	246	
Education				
Pre-primary or none	0.9	10	7	
Primary	33.3	367	327	
Lower secondary	17.5	193	211	
Upper secondary	28.6	315	332	
Higher	19.7	217	226	
Marital/Union status				
Currently married/in union	67.1	740	802	
Widowed	2.5	27	18	
Divorced	1.5	16	14	
Separated	5.1	56	74	
Never married/in union	23.9	264	195	
Motherhood and recent births				
Never gave birth	26.8	295	216	
Ever gave birth	73.2	808	887	
Gave birth in last two years	6.1	67	153	
No birth in last two years	67.1	741	734	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.6	1,098	1,099	
Has no coverage	0.4	5	4	
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.6	1,098	1,100	
Non-Thai	0.4	5	3	

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Kalasin

	_	Number of women		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	1,094	1,094	
Age				
15-19	15.4	168	130	
15-17	12.1	133	98	
18-19	3.2	35	32	
20-24	8.0	87	104	
25-29	8.2	90	139	
30-34	9.8	107	144	
35-39	15.1	165	160	
40-44	18.8	205	182	
45-49	24.8	271	235	
Education				
Pre-primary or none	0.2	2	3	
Primary	34.1	373	337	
Lower secondary	17.6	193	208	
Upper secondary	30.0	328	326	
Higher	18.1	198	220	
Marital/Union status				
Currently married/in union	71.2	779	840	
Widowed	1.3	14	12	
Divorced	2.1	23	31	
Separated	4.3	47	44	
Never married/in union	21.1	231	167	
Motherhood and recent births				
Never gave birth	27.2	297	214	
Ever gave birth	72.8	797	879	
Gave birth in last two years	7.7	85	187	
No birth in last two years	65.1	712	692	
Missing	0.0	0	1	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.7	1,091	1,085	
Has no coverage	0.3	3	9	
Native language of household head				
Thai	100.0	1,094	1,093	
Non-Thai	0.0	0	1	

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Nakhon Phanom

		Number of women	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	1,047	1,047
Age			
15-19	14.3	150	130
15-17	11.1	116	98
18-19	3.3	34	32
20-24	9.4	98	124
25-29	10.3	108	137
30-34	10.8	113	139
35-39	11.7	123	132
40-44	19.6	206	172
45-49	23.8	249	213
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.1	12	9
Primary	32.5	340	320
Lower secondary	16.9	177	203
Upper secondary	30.8	323	313
Higher	18.7	195	202
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	69.1	723	767
Widowed	0.9	10	9
Divorced	5.7	60	61
Separated	2.2	23	22
Never married/in union	22.0	230	186
Missing	0.1	1	2
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	27.1	284	223
Ever gave birth	72.8	762	822
Gave birth in last two years	9.7	102	180
No birth in last two years	63.1	660	642
Missing	0.1	1	2
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.2	1,017	1,017
Has no coverage	2.7	29	29
DK/Missing	0.1	1	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.7	1,044	1,043
Non-Thai	0.3	3	4

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Songkhla

	Number of women		of women
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	937	937
Age			
15-19	14.9	139	94
15-17	8.1	76	57
18-19	6.7	63	37
20-24	10.3	97	109
25-29	10.2	96	154
30-34	12.2	115	145
35-39	17.5	164	180
40-44	18.3	171	132
45-49	16.6	156	123
Education			
Pre-primary or none	2.6	24	19
Primary	22.0	206	205
Lower secondary	15.5	146	179
Upper secondary	27.5	257	264
Higher	32.4	304	270
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	64.4	603	691
Widowed	0.9	9	9
Divorced	1.3	12	15
Separated	3.7	35	52
Never married/in union	29.8	279	170
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	35.7	335	206
Ever gave birth	64.0	600	730
Gave birth in last two years	9.2	86	201
No birth in last two years	54.8	514	529
Missing	0.2	2	1
Health insurance			
Has coverage	98.6	924	927
Has no coverage	1.4	13	10
Native language of household head			
Thai	97.8	916	916
Non-Thai	2.2	21	21

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Satun

	_	Number of women	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	705	705
Age			
15-19	12.6	89	76
15-17	9.8	69	53
18-19	2.7	19	23
20-24	9.5	67	80
25-29	11.4	80	97
30-34	15.8	111	138
35-39	15.1	106	110
40-44	17.6	124	108
45-49	18.2	128	96
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.0	7	7
Primary	26.4	186	169
Lower secondary	16.4	115	131
Upper secondary	28.4	200	200
Higher	27.8	196	198
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	71.6	505	541
Widowed	1.7	12	11
Divorced	2.0	14	14
Separated	3.5	25	27
Never married/in union	21.2	149	112
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	26.7	188	143
Ever gave birth	73.3	517	562
Gave birth in last two years	13.5	95	146
No birth in last two years	59.9	422	416
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.9	704	702
Has no coverage	0.1	1	3
Native language of household head			
Thai	94.8	669	669
Non-Thai	5.2	36	36

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Phatthalung

	_	Number of women	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	1,038	1,038
Age			
15-19	12.3	127	123
15-17	9.2	96	84
18-19	3.0	32	39
20-24	6.7	69	96
25-29	12.1	126	152
30-34	10.1	105	146
35-39	15.8	164	177
40-44	18.8	195	155
45-49	24.3	252	189
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.3	4	4
Primary	24.1	250	225
Lower secondary	17.1	177	185
Upper secondary	25.5	265	273
Higher	33.0	343	351
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	66.9	694	741
Widowed	1.8	19	17
Divorced	4.1	42	32
Separated	5.0	52	57
Never married/in union	22.0	229	190
Missing	0.2	2	1
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	30.1	312	242
Ever gave birth	69.9	726	796
Gave birth in last two years	8.6	89	166
No birth in last two years	61.4	637	630
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.7	1,035	1,033
Has no coverage	0.3	3	5
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.6	1,033	1,034
Non-Thai	0.4	5	4

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Pattani

	<u>-</u>	Number of women	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	798	798
Age			
15-19	20.6	164	148
15-17	14.5	116	102
18-19	6.0	48	46
20-24	13.1	104	109
25-29	12.0	95	110
30-34	13.1	105	112
35-39	11.6	93	100
40-44	15.0	120	116
45-49	14.6	117	103
Education			
Pre-primary or none	3.9	31	36
Primary	26.7	213	205
Lower secondary	18.6	149	147
Upper secondary	30.0	240	234
Higher	20.7	166	176
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	56.7	452	487
Widowed	2.2	17	16
Divorced	6.1	49	47
Separated	0.7	6	7
Never married/in union	34.3	274	241
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	40.4	323	283
Ever gave birth	59.6	475	515
Gave birth in last two years	10.7	85	115
No birth in last two years	48.9	390	400
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.7	796	794
Has no coverage	0.3	2	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	16.7	133	151
Non-Thai	83.3	665	647

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Yala

	<u>-</u>	Number of women	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	646	646
Age			
15-19	14.3	93	79
15-17	9.8	63	58
18-19	4.5	29	21
20-24	19.1	123	91
25-29	10.8	70	82
30-34	15.1	98	122
35-39	13.3	86	109
40-44	14.0	91	87
45-49	13.3	86	76
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.3	2	3
Primary	13.6	88	75
Lower secondary	19.9	129	150
Upper secondary	34.9	226	241
Higher	31.3	202	177
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	52.0	336	413
Widowed	0.8	5	3
Divorced	1.8	12	14
Separated	0.9	6	5
Never married/in union	44.5	288	211
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	48.1	311	228
Ever gave birth	51.9	335	418
Gave birth in last two years	6.1	39	86
No birth in last two years	45.8	296	332
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.8	645	645
Has no coverage	0.2	1	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	22.2	144	146
Non-Thai	77.8	502	500

# Table SR.9.1W: Women's background characteristics: Narathiwat

	_	Number	of women
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	686	686
Age			
15-19	14.0	96	87
15-17	10.1	69	61
18-19	3.9	27	26
20-24	14.3	98	107
25-29	13.4	92	95
30-34	14.5	99	105
35-39	16.6	114	119
40-44	15.2	104	99
45-49	12.0	82	74
Education			
Pre-primary or none	5.4	37	40
Primary	30.5	209	203
Lower secondary	18.5	127	132
Upper secondary	26.8	184	179
Higher	18.8	129	132
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	68.5	470	493
Widowed	2.5	17	17
Divorced	2.0	14	16
Separated	0.3	2	2
Never married/in union	26.8	184	158
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	34.1	234	199
Ever gave birth	65.5	449	485
Gave birth in last two years	15.2	104	138
No birth in last two years	50.3	345	347
Missing	0.4	3	2
Health insurance			
Has coverage	98.0	673	677
Has no coverage	2.0	13	9
Native language of household head			
Thai	13.1	90	87
Non-Thai	86.9	596	599

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Chai Nat

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	525	525
Age			
15-19	13.5	71	58
15-17	10.2	53	40
18-19	3.3	17	18
20-24	13.6	71	69
25-29	12.4	65	75
30-34	10.5	55	79
35-39	10.4	55	75
40-44	18.9	99	83
45-49	20.6	108	86
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.3	2	2
Primary	27.7	146	120
Lower secondary	27.1	142	148
Upper secondary	23.8	125	148
Higher	21.0	110	107
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	58.4	307	353
Widowed	0.3	2	3
Divorced	0.9	5	3
Separated	6.4	34	30
Never married/in union	33.9	178	136
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	52.6	276	348
Has no living children	47.4	249	177
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	525	525
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.1	520	521
Non-Thai	0.9	5	4

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Sa Kaeo

	<u>_</u>	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	425	425
Age			
15-19	17.4	74	64
15-17	11.5	49	41
18-19	5.9	25	23
20-24	7.0	30	41
25-29	10.1	43	49
30-34	12.8	54	60
35-39	15.9	68	75
40-44	16.4	70	60
45-49	20.4	87	76
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.7	7	6
Primary	32.4	138	122
Lower secondary	27.6	117	126
Upper secondary	28.1	119	116
Higher	10.2	43	55
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	58.0	246	275
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	2.3	10	9
Separated	5.9	25	21
Never married/in union	33.9	144	120
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	59.4	252	276
Has no living children	40.6	173	149
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.8	416	417
Has no coverage	1.9	8	7
DK/Missing	0.3	1	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	86.4	367	374
Non-Thai	13.6	58	51

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Ratchaburi

	<u> </u>	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	635	635
Age			
15-19	13.2	84	77
15-17	7.9	50	50
18-19	5.3	33	27
20-24	16.5	105	100
25-29	13.2	84	102
30-34	13.0	83	90
35-39	13.5	86	102
40-44	16.4	104	87
45-49	14.2	90	77
Education			
Pre-primary or none	4.2	27	22
Primary	23.2	148	148
Lower secondary	27.6	175	183
Upper secondary	27.3	173	173
Higher	17.7	112	109
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	55.4	352	406
Widowed	0.2	1	2
Divorced	3.6	23	16
Separated	4.5	29	30
Never married/in union	36.3	231	181
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	50.3	319	394
Has no living children	49.7	316	240
DK/Missing	0.0	0	1
Health insurance			
Has coverage	95.9	609	612
Has no coverage	4.1	26	23
Native language of household head			
Thai	95.6	607	610
Non-Thai	4.4	28	25

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Kanchanaburi

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	535	535
Age			
15-19	13.5	72	67
15-17	9.3	50	43
18-19	4.2	22	24
20-24	12.1	65	61
25-29	14.3	76	81
30-34	13.5	72	80
35-39	12.4	67	74
40-44	17.5	94	85
45-49	16.7	90	87
Education			
Pre-primary or none	4.9	26	24
Primary	32.9	176	171
Lower secondary	21.1	113	130
Upper secondary	25.3	136	145
Higher	15.8	85	65
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	52.9	283	313
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	3.0	16	17
Separated	5.8	31	29
Never married/in union	38.4	205	176
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	49.4	264	305
Has no living children	50.6	271	230
Health insurance			
Has coverage	95.3	510	517
Has no coverage	4.7	25	18
Native language of household head			
Thai	95.7	512	514
Non-Thai	4.3	23	21

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Mae Hong Son

	Weighted percent	Number of men	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	263	263
Age			
15-19	14.3	38	33
15-17	11.2	29	27
18-19	3.1	8	6
20-24	9.0	24	22
25-29	11.8	31	37
30-34	16.4	43	45
35-39	10.9	29	37
40-44	19.6	52	42
45-49	17.9	47	47
Education			
Pre-primary or none	17.3	46	47
Primary	22.2	58	61
Lower secondary	19.4	51	49
Upper secondary	24.0	63	63
Higher	17.2	45	43
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	60.2	158	187
Widowed	0.7	2	1
Divorced	2.1	6	3
Separated	1.4	4	3
Never married/in union	35.6	94	69
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	54.4	143	180
Has no living children	45.6	120	83
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.8	257	257
Has no coverage	2.2	6	6
Native language of household head			
Thai	31.4	83	73
Non-Thai	68.6	180	190

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Tak

	_	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	253	253
Age			
15-19	14.7	37	27
15-17	9.9	25	18
18-19	4.8	12	9
20-24	10.0	25	21
25-29	16.3	41	48
30-34	14.8	38	43
35-39	15.4	39	39
40-44	13.7	35	37
45-49	15.1	38	38
Education			
Pre-primary or none	15.0	38	40
Primary	30.4	77	67
Lower secondary	18.8	48	52
Upper secondary	21.0	53	52
Higher	12.9	33	34
DK/Missing	1.9	5	8
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	55.8	141	169
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	1.3	3	3
Separated	6.0	15	12
Never married/in union	36.8	93	69
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	50.5	128	161
Has no living children	48.7	123	91
DK/Missing	0.8	2	1
Health insurance			
Has coverage	82.4	209	205
Has no coverage	17.4	44	47
DK/Missing	0.2	0	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	74.4	188	190
Non-Thai	25.6	65	63

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Buriram

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	417	417
Age			
15-19	17.6	73	66
15-17	11.1	46	43
18-19	6.5	27	23
20-24	12.6	53	46
25-29	7.4	31	32
30-34	9.9	41	49
35-39	16.3	68	83
40-44	15.3	64	63
45-49	20.9	87	78
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.8	3	4
Primary	32.1	134	141
Lower secondary	23.0	96	104
Upper secondary	24.9	104	92
Higher	19.2	80	76
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	46.1	192	226
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	2.2	9	5
Separated	6.3	26	23
Never married/in union	45.5	190	163
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	48.3	201	232
Has no living children	51.7	216	185
Health insurance			
Has coverage	86.0	359	355
Has no coverage	14.0	58	62
Native language of household head			
Thai	94.2	393	387
Non-Thai	5.8	24	30

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Sisaket

	_	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	399	399
Age			
15-19	16.1	64	52
15-17	10.5	42	34
18-19	5.7	23	18
20-24	8.9	35	33
25-29	13.4	53	62
30-34	10.3	41	51
35-39	14.7	59	60
40-44	16.9	67	69
45-49	19.7	78	72
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.2	5	3
Primary	37.2	148	145
Lower secondary	24.6	98	100
Upper secondary	25.3	101	100
Higher	11.7	47	51
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	50.3	201	238
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	1.6	6	6
Separated	2.1	8	6
Never married/in union	46.0	183	149
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	47.3	189	223
Has no living children	52.3	209	175
DK/Missing	0.4	2	1
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.7	398	398
Has no coverage	0.3	1	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	98.8	394	395
Non-Thai	1.2	5	4

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Yasothon

	_	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	494	494
Age			
15-19	15.1	74	69
15-17	9.6	47	41
18-19	5.5	27	28
20-24	6.5	32	39
25-29	10.1	50	62
30-34	9.5	47	64
35-39	11.4	56	72
40-44	18.8	93	83
45-49	28.6	142	105
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.0	0	1
Primary	37.9	187	154
Lower secondary	22.6	111	128
Upper secondary	24.1	119	133
Higher	15.4	76	78
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	53.8	266	304
Widowed	0.4	2	1
Divorced	0.4	2	1
Separated	4.7	23	21
Never married/in union	40.6	201	167
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	54.5	269	303
Has no living children	45.5	225	191
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	494	494
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0
Native language of household head			
Thai	100.0	494	494
Non-Thai	0.0	0	0

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Kalasin

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	513	513
Age			
15-19	11.9	61	53
15-17	8.8	45	37
18-19	3.1	16	16
20-24	9.1	46	50
25-29	12.1	62	71
30-34	9.9	51	61
35-39	15.7	80	83
40-44	21.2	109	100
45-49	20.1	103	95
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.0	0	0
Primary	37.5	193	175
Lower secondary	18.4	94	104
Upper secondary	28.8	148	150
Higher	15.2	78	84
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	51.4	264	308
Widowed	0.7	3	2
Divorced	2.4	12	12
Separated	3.2	17	18
Never married/in union	42.3	217	173
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	51.7	265	316
Has no living children	48.3	248	197
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	513	513
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0
Native language of household head			
Thai	100.0	513	512
Non-Thai	0.0	0	1

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Nakhon Phanom

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	450	450
Age			
15-19	18.2	82	68
15-17	12.8	58	45
18-19	5.4	24	23
20-24	13.5	61	57
25-29	7.2	32	43
30-34	9.0	41	49
35-39	13.3	60	73
40-44	20.6	93	84
45-49	18.2	82	76
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.6	3	4
Primary	32.2	145	141
Lower secondary	24.0	108	108
Upper secondary	29.3	132	126
Higher	14.0	63	71
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	48.5	218	258
Widowed	0.3	1	2
Divorced	5.3	24	21
Separated	1.6	7	5
Never married/in union	44.2	199	164
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	50.2	226	266
Has no living children	49.8	224	184
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.7	440	440
Has no coverage	2.3	10	10
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.7	449	448
Non-Thai	0.3	1	2

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Songkhla

	_	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	402	402
Age			
15-19	11.8	47	46
15-17	5.1	20	23
18-19	6.7	27	23
20-24	12.2	49	49
25-29	14.7	59	46
30-34	10.6	43	67
35-39	13.4	54	63
40-44	13.8	56	59
45-49	23.5	95	72
Education			
Pre-primary or none	3.2	13	9
Primary	22.7	91	98
Lower secondary	23.1	93	81
Upper secondary	27.4	110	126
Higher	23.6	95	88
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	52.5	211	257
Widowed	1.0	4	1
Divorced	1.0	4	2
Separated	5.5	22	23
Never married/in union	40.1	161	119
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	49.4	199	253
Has no living children	50.5	203	147
DK/Missing	0.1	0	2
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.8	401	398
Has no coverage	0.2	1	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	96.0	386	390
Non-Thai	4.0	16	12

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Satun

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	337	337
Age			
15-19	20.4	69	60
15-17	14.5	49	43
18-19	5.9	20	17
20-24	11.9	40	39
25-29	11.9	40	48
30-34	11.6	39	49
35-39	15.1	51	56
40-44	12.1	41	37
45-49	17.1	58	48
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.9	7	3
Primary	30.7	103	105
Lower secondary	18.5	62	68
Upper secondary	30.2	102	102
Higher	18.6	63	59
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	51.3	173	198
Widowed	0.9	3	2
Divorced	2.1	7	7
Separated	5.2	17	11
Never married/in union	40.5	136	119
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	52.6	177	203
Has no living children	47.4	160	134
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.7	329	333
Has no coverage	2.3	8	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	95.8	323	319
Non-Thai	4.2	14	18

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Phatthalung

	_	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	465	465
Age			
15-19	12.7	59	51
15-17	7.1	33	31
18-19	5.5	26	20
20-24	7.2	33	42
25-29	12.7	59	71
30-34	12.6	58	73
35-39	14.2	66	74
40-44	19.0	88	74
45-49	21.8	101	80
Education			
Pre-primary or none	0.0	0	1
Primary	22.1	103	95
Lower secondary	23.6	110	110
Upper secondary	33.8	157	165
Higher	20.5	95	94
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	57.4	267	314
Widowed	0.5	2	2
Divorced	1.2	6	3
Separated	4.3	20	13
Never married/in union	36.0	168	131
Missing	0.6	3	2
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	54.9	255	305
Has no living children	44.6	208	159
DK/Missing	0.5	2	1
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	465	464
Has no coverage	0.0	0	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	100.0	465	464
Non-Thai	0.0	0	1

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Pattani

		Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	288	288
Age			
15-19	15.8	45	42
15-17	11.7	34	32
18-19	4.0	12	10
20-24	17.5	51	47
25-29	15.4	44	43
30-34	13.6	39	49
35-39	11.0	32	35
40-44	13.0	37	38
45-49	13.6	39	34
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.5	4	5
Primary	34.2	99	95
Lower secondary	18.2	52	57
Upper secondary	31.1	90	88
Higher	15.0	43	43
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	53.1	153	164
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	5.2	15	14
Separated	0.5	2	2
Never married/in union	41.2	119	108
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	50.4	145	159
Has no living children	49.6	143	129
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	288	288
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0
Native language of household head			
Thai	17.2	50	56
Non-Thai	82.8	238	232

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Yala

	<u>-</u>	Numbe	er of men
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	282	282
Age			
15-19	18.2	51	44
15-17	12.3	35	28
18-19	5.9	17	16
20-24	12.2	34	26
25-29	11.2	32	32
30-34	19.0	54	46
35-39	11.4	32	45
40-44	14.7	42	48
45-49	13.4	38	41
Education			
Pre-primary or none	1.6	5	4
Primary	12.1	34	34
Lower secondary	20.8	59	78
Upper secondary	41.6	117	110
Higher	23.9	67	56
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	42.1	119	160
Widowed	0.0	0	0
Divorced	0.5	2	2
Separated	0.0	0	0
Never married/in union	57.3	162	120
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	39.8	112	156
Has no living children	60.2	170	126
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	282	282
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0
Native language of household head			
Thai	24.5	69	73
Non-Thai	75.5	213	209

# Table SR.9.1M: Men's background characteristics: Narathiwat

	_	Number of men	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	314	314
Age			
15-19	18.4	58	56
15-17	12.4	39	39
18-19	5.9	19	17
20-24	13.1	41	41
25-29	15.2	48	47
30-34	9.1	28	32
35-39	17.4	55	50
40-44	13.8	43	41
45-49	13.0	41	47
Education			
Pre-primary or none	4.4	14	16
Primary	39.5	124	131
Lower secondary	23.0	72	70
Upper secondary	21.9	69	66
Higher	11.2	35	31
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	54.1	170	181
Widowed	0.2	1	1
Divorced	2.4	8	7
Separated	0.2	1	1
Never married/in union	43.1	135	124
Fatherhood status			
Has at least one living child	51.0	160	174
Has no living children	48.6	152	139
DK/Missing	0.4	1	1
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.0	311	312
Has no coverage	1.0	3	2
Native language of household head			
Thai	11.1	35	31
Non-Thai	88.9	279	283

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Chai Nat

		Number of ur	nder-5 children
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	792	792
Sex			
Male	54.4	430	429
Female	45.6	362	363
Age in months			
0-5	7.9	63	42
6-11	9.6	76	70
12-23	19.0	150	169
24-35	22.0	174	178
36-47	21.4	170	186
48-59	20.1	159	147
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	2.2	17	18
Primary	28.0	222	202
Lower secondary	22.2	176	176
Upper secondary	24.6	195	202
Higher	23.0	183	194
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	71.1	563	578
Other primary caretaker	28.9	229	214
Health insurance			
Has coverage	100.0	792	792
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.4	787	787
Non-Thai	0.6	5	5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Sa Kaeo

		Number of under-5 child	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	735	735
Sex			
Male	53.5	393	390
Female	46.5	342	345
Age in months			
0-5	7.0	52	40
6-11	11.0	81	78
12-23	19.3	142	157
24-35	20.8	153	166
36-47	20.7	152	152
48-59	21.2	156	142
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	5.1	37	37
Primary	35.1	258	253
Lower secondary	22.8	167	156
Upper secondary	22.3	164	169
Higher	14.8	109	120
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	60.9	448	458
Other primary caretaker	39.1	287	277
Health insurance			
Has coverage	98.3	722	724
Has no coverage	1.7	13	11
Native language of household head			
Thai	90.2	663	658
Non-Thai	9.8	72	77

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Ratchaburi

	_	Number of under-5 children	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	723	723
Sex			
Male	48.1	348	355
Female	51.9	375	368
Age in months			
0-5	8.1	59	39
6-11	9.9	71	68
12-23	16.0	116	134
24-35	18.5	134	156
36-47	21.6	156	167
48-59	26.0	188	159
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	5.6	41	33
Primary	27.3	198	179
Lower secondary	23.4	169	168
Upper secondary	22.0	159	167
Higher	21.5	155	175
DK/Missing	0.1	1	1
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	80.5	582	589
Other primary caretaker	19.5	141	134
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.3	704	701
Has no coverage	2.7	19	22
Native language of household head			
Thai	96.3	696	696
Non-Thai	3.7	27	27

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Kanchanaburi

	_	Number of unc	ler-5 children
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	500	500
Sex			
Male	50.3	251	252
Female	49.7	249	248
Age in months			
0-5	7.6	38	32
6-11	11.8	59	53
12-23	18.2	91	102
24-35	22.6	113	106
36-47	17.2	86	100
48-59	22.5	113	107
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	13.3	66	47
Primary	28.0	140	141
Lower secondary	23.6	118	110
Upper secondary	19.9	99	117
Higher	15.2	76	85
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	79.0	395	394
Other primary caretaker	21.0	105	106
Health insurance			
Has coverage	97.3	487	492
Has no coverage	2.7	13	8
Native language of household head			
Thai	93.6	468	476
Non-Thai	6.4	32	24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Mae Hong Son

		Number of unc	ler-5 children
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	268	268
Sex			
Male	53.7	144	152
Female	46.3	124	116
Age in months			
0-5	4.7	13	12
6-11	11.6	31	29
12-23	21.3	57	56
24-35	19.2	52	50
36-47	27.1	73	72
48-59	16.0	43	49
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	21.2	57	55
Primary	16.7	45	48
Lower secondary	17.1	46	45
Upper secondary	18.4	49	52
Higher	26.6	71	68
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	88.9	238	237
Other primary caretaker	11.1	30	31
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.5	267	266
Has no coverage	0.5	1	2
Native language of household head			
Thai	26.5	71	78
Non-Thai	73.5	197	190

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Tak

	_	Number of under-5 children	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	281	281
Sex			
Male	57.2	161	164
Female	42.8	120	117
Age in months			
0-5	12.4	35	24
6-11	5.1	14	17
12-23	21.1	59	56
24-35	18.0	51	58
36-47	22.7	64	68
48-59	20.7	58	58
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	20.9	59	45
Primary	25.3	71	74
Lower secondary	18.8	53	47
Upper secondary	14.1	40	54
Higher	18.8	53	57
DK/Missing	2.1	6	4
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	79.4	223	220
Other primary caretaker	20.6	58	61
Health insurance			
Has coverage	88.0	247	253
Has no coverage	12.0	34	28
Native language of household head			
Thai	62.5	176	211
Non-Thai	37.5	105	70

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Buriram

		Number of under-5 children	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	591	591
Sex			
Male	51.4	304	296
Female	48.6	287	295
Age in months			
0-5	6.1	36	27
6-11	7.2	43	50
12-23	27.4	162	157
24-35	22.2	131	129
36-47	18.8	111	126
48-59	18.2	108	102
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	3.4	20	17
Primary	50.5	299	280
Lower secondary	18.1	107	98
Upper secondary	18.0	106	116
Higher	10.0	59	80
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	52.1	308	316
Other primary caretaker	47.9	283	275
Health insurance			
Has coverage	87.9	519	512
Has no coverage	12.1	72	79
Native language of household head			
Thai	93.4	552	557
Non-Thai	6.6	39	34

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Sisaket

	_	Number of under-5 ch	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	649	649
Sex			
Male	49.7	323	343
Female	50.3	326	306
Age in months			
0-5	7.6	49	34
6-11	9.1	59	57
12-23	20.8	135	133
24-35	21.8	142	156
36-47	23.5	153	151
48-59	17.1	111	118
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	1.7	11	7
Primary	51.4	334	333
Lower secondary	16.8	109	103
Upper secondary	20.2	131	133
Higher	9.8	64	73
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	51.1	331	327
Other primary caretaker	48.9	318	322
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.5	646	645
Has no coverage	0.5	3	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	98.7	640	637
Non-Thai	1.3	9	12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Yasothon

	_	Number of under-5 children	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	757	757
Sex			
Male	54.1	409	407
Female	45.9	348	350
Age in months			
0-5	6.6	50	26
6-11	8.8	66	69
12-23	16.6	126	164
24-35	23.6	178	193
36-47	25.5	193	184
48-59	19.0	144	121
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	1.2	9	4
Primary	45.0	341	318
Lower secondary	15.4	117	132
Upper secondary	23.5	178	179
Higher	14.9	112	124
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	54.5	412	430
Other primary caretaker	45.5	345	327
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.6	754	753
Has no coverage	0.4	3	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.7	755	754
Non-Thai	0.3	2	3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Kalasin

	Number of under-		der-5 children
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	758	758
Sex			
Male	52.6	399	396
Female	47.4	359	362
Age in months			
0-5	5.1	39	29
6-11	9.2	70	68
12-23	22.9	173	185
24-35	21.2	161	174
36-47	22.9	174	182
48-59	18.7	141	120
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	0.8	6	3
Primary	41.9	318	329
Lower secondary	17.5	132	118
Upper secondary	21.1	160	168
Higher	18.6	141	140
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	55.7	423	425
Other primary caretaker	44.3	335	333
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.8	757	757
Has no coverage	0.2	1	1
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.9	757	757
Non-Thai	0.1	1	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Nakhon Phanom

		Number of under-5 children	
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	650	650
Sex			
Male	48.4	315	321
Female	51.6	335	329
Age in months			
0-5	8.6	56	43
6-11	13.1	85	78
12-23	18.6	121	136
24-35	20.1	130	149
36-47	20.8	135	127
48-59	18.9	123	117
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	0.5	3	4
Primary	41.5	270	260
Lower secondary	19.1	124	136
Upper secondary	23.5	152	135
Higher	15.4	100	115
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	60.8	395	410
Other primary caretaker	39.2	255	240
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.4	646	646
Has no coverage	0.6	4	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	99.5	647	647
Non-Thai	0.5	3	3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Songkhla

	_	Number of unc	ler-5 children
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	591	591
Sex			
Male	50.0	295	288
Female	50.0	296	303
Age in months			
0-5	7.3	43	35
6-11	7.7	45	60
12-23	27.0	160	137
24-35	18.3	108	131
36-47	17.8	105	115
48-59	21.9	129	113
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>			
Pre-primary or none	1.2	7	8
Primary	23.8	141	147
Lower secondary	17.2	102	120
Upper secondary	24.2	143	142
Higher	33.6	199	174
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire			
Mother	89.6	530	523
Other primary caretaker	10.4	61	68
Health insurance			
Has coverage	99.5	588	587
Has no coverage	0.5	3	4
Native language of household head			
Thai	96.7	572	578
Non-Thai	3.3	19	13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Satun

		Number of under-5 children			
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted		
Total	100.0	418	418		
Sex					
Male	50.2	210	207		
Female	49.8	208	211		
Age in months					
0-5	8.7	36	34		
6-11	9.8	41	36		
12-23	22.0	92	92		
24-35	24.0	100	100		
36-47	18.1	76	83		
48-59	17.4	73	73		
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>					
Pre-primary or none	1.9	8	6		
Primary	23.6	99	93		
Lower secondary	20.5	86	87		
Upper secondary	22.3	93	99		
Higher	31.6	132	133		
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire					
Mother	91.2	381	380		
Other primary caretaker	8.8	37	38		
Health insurance					
Has coverage	100.0	418	418		
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0		
Native language of household head					
Thai	94.9	397	399		
Non-Thai	5.1	21	19		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Phatthalung

	_	Number of under-5 children			
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted		
Total	100.0	555	555		
Sex					
Male	46.9	261	269		
Female	53.1	294	286		
Age in months					
0-5	7.7	42	24		
6-11	10.6	59	59		
12-23	17.0	94	106		
24-35	20.8	115	126		
36-47	20.4	113	115		
48-59	23.6	131	125		
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>					
Pre-primary or none	1.4	8	4		
Primary	23.2	129	129		
Lower secondary	16.6	92	92		
Upper secondary	20.0	111	123		
Higher	38.8	216	207		
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire					
Mother	78.3	435	445		
Other primary caretaker	21.7	120	110		
Health insurance					
Has coverage	99.5	552	551		
Has no coverage	0.5	3	4		
Native language of household head					
Thai	99.7	553	553		
Non-Thai	0.3	2	2		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Pattani

		Number of under-5 children		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	350	350	
Sex				
Male	54.3	190	196	
Female	45.7	160	154	
Age in months				
0-5	8.6	30	29	
6-11	8.1	29	29	
12-23	20.0	70	67	
24-35	20.2	71	70	
36-47	22.4	78	84	
48-59	20.8	73	71	
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>				
Pre-primary or none	5.1	18	19	
Primary	37.2	130	112	
Lower secondary	17.7	62	60	
Upper secondary	22.4	79	81	
Higher	17.5	61	78	
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire				
Mother	88.4	309	306	
Other primary caretaker	11.6	41	44	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.3	347	345	
Has no coverage	0.7	3	5	
Native language of household head				
Thai	13.8	48	87	
Non-Thai	86.2	302	263	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Yala

		Number of under-5 children		
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	300	300	
Sex				
Male	44.9	135	135	
Female	55.1	165	165	
Age in months				
0-5	3.5	10	9	
6-11	8.3	25	27	
12-23	20.4	61	61	
24-35	19.9	60	61	
36-47	25.3	76	80	
48-59	22.6	68	62	
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>				
Pre-primary or none	2.2	7	7	
Primary	14.8	44	43	
Lower secondary	20.2	61	67	
Upper secondary	39.3	118	113	
Higher	23.5	70	70	
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire				
Mother	93.5	281	280	
Other primary caretaker	6.5	19	20	
Health insurance				
Has coverage	92.2	277	283	
Has no coverage	7.8	23	17	
Native language of household head				
Thai	18.4	55	80	
Non-Thai	81.6	245	220	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.2: Children under 5's background characteristics: Narathiwat

	<u>_</u>	Number of under-5 children				
	Weighted percent	Weighted	Unweighted			
Total	100.0	354	354			
Sex						
Male	46.3	164	173			
Female	53.7	190	181			
Age in months						
0-5	11.6	41	34			
6-11	9.0	32	30			
12-23	20.7	73	80			
24-35	15.7	56	60			
36-47	23.0	81	79			
48-59	20.0	71	71			
Mother's education <sup>A</sup>						
Pre-primary or none	7.5	26	28			
Primary	30.5	108	103			
Lower secondary	21.8	77	74			
Upper secondary	23.0	81	86			
Higher	17.3	61	63			
Respondent to the under-5 questionnaire						
Mother	93.5	331	329			
Other primary caretaker	6.5	23	25			
Health insurance						
Has coverage	97.1	344	344			
Has no coverage	2.9	10	10			
Native language of household head						
Thai	7.1	25	39			
Non-Thai	92.9	329	315			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Chai Nat

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		holds with at least se 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	770	631	631
Sex				
Male	54.0	416	343	341
Female	46.0	355	288	290
Age				
5-9	50.3	387	321	372
10-14	49.7	383	310	259
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	2.8	22	16	20
Primary	43.5	335	270	233
Lower secondary	15.7	121	103	119
Upper secondary	19.6	151	124	139
Higher	18.3	141	118	120
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	63.3	487	402	414
Other primary caretaker	36.7	283	229	217
Health insurance				
Has coverage	100.0	770	631	630
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0	1
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.2	764	625	627
Non-Thai	0.8	6	6	4

<sup>^</sup>As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Sa Kaeo

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	915	668	668
Sex				
Male	48.7	446	326	330
Female	51.3	469	342	338
Age				
5-9	53.9	493	344	377
10-14	46.1	422	324	291
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	8.9	82	51	44
Primary	47.9	438	321	313
Lower secondary	16.8	154	121	115
Upper secondary	16.1	147	106	114
Higher	10.3	94	70	82
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	56.8	520	395	396
Other primary caretaker	43.2	395	273	272
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.5	911	664	663
Has no coverage	0.5	4	4	5
Native language of household head				
Thai	88.9	813	593	591
Non-Thai	11.1	102	75	77

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Ratchaburi

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	840	611	611
Sex				
Male	49.9	419	303	303
Female	50.1	421	308	308
Age				
5-9	45.8	384	287	347
10-14	54.2	455	324	264
Mother's education <sup>8</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	5.2	44	32	29
Primary	37.5	315	226	210
Lower secondary	17.3	145	102	120
Upper secondary	17.8	149	106	108
Higher	22.2	187	145	143
DK/Missing	0.0	0	0	1
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	67.8	569	414	432
Other primary caretaker	32.2	270	197	179
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.5	836	607	604
Has no coverage	0.5	4	4	7
Native language of household head				
Thai	98.2	825	604	599
Non-Thai	0.5	4	7	12

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Kanchanaburi

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	715	533	533
Sex				
Male	58.0	415	308	295
Female	42.0	300	225	238
Age				
5-9	48.1	344	253	279
10-14	51.9	371	280	254
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	11.6	83	56	53
Primary	44.1	315	241	227
Lower secondary	16.6	118	87	94
Upper secondary	16.6	119	83	97
Higher	11.0	79	65	62
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	69.3	496	373	378
Other primary caretaker	30.7	219	160	155
Health insurance				
Has coverage	98.5	704	524	525
Has no coverage	1.5	11	9	8
Native language of household head				
Thai	94.9	679	509	511
Non-Thai	5.1	36	24	22

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Mae Hong Son

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	308	240	240
Sex				
Male	49.9	154	117	127
Female	50.1	154	123	113
Age				
5-9	51.6	159	118	141
10-14	48.4	149	122	99
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	29.7	92	66	62
Primary	28.6	88	68	73
Lower secondary	12.7	39	29	33
Upper secondary	16.7	52	42	41
Higher	12.3	38	35	31
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	80.3	248	201	195
Other primary caretaker	19.7	61	39	45
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.9	308	240	239
Has no coverage	0.1	0	0	1
Native language of household head				
Thai	26.4	81	67	66
Non-Thai	73.6	227	173	174

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Tak

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	428	291	291
Sex				
Male	55.8	239	164	152
Female	44.2	189	127	139
Age				
5-9	56.4	241	161	165
10-14	43.6	187	130	126
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	33.2	142	84	71
Primary	37.4	160	116	104
Lower secondary	13.0	56	41	39
Upper secondary	8.3	36	27	39
Higher	7.7	33	21	35
DK/Missing	0.3	1	1	3
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	69.1	296	192	200
Other primary caretaker	30.9	132	99	91
Health insurance				
Has coverage	88.4	378	261	259
Has no coverage	11.6	49	30	32
Native language of household head				
Thai	64.4	276	213	223
Non-Thai	35.6	152	78	68

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Buriram

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	923	686	686
Sex				
Male	50.8	469	350	349
Female	49.2	454	336	337
Age				
5-9	50.8	469	349	380
10-14	49.2	454	337	306
Mother's education <sup>8</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	3.1	29	23	22
Primary	65.1	601	449	425
Lower secondary	12.8	119	88	96
Upper secondary	13.1	121	90	93
Higher	5.8	54	36	50
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	45.7	422	315	325
Other primary caretaker	54.3	501	371	361
Health insurance				
Has coverage	81.7	755	569	568
Has no coverage	18.3	169	117	118
Native language of household head				
Thai	92.9	857	641	636
Non-Thai	7.1	66	45	50

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Sisaket

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	844	631	631
Sex				
Male	54.0	456	336	348
Female	46.0	388	295	283
Age				
5-9	48.9	413	313	353
10-14	51.1	431	318	278
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	2.9	24	20	14
Primary	61.2	516	397	375
Lower secondary	14.2	120	81	86
Upper secondary	15.5	131	93	109
Higher	6.2	52	39	47
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	58.0	489	369	363
Other primary caretaker	42.0	355	262	268
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.7	841	629	629
Has no coverage	0.3	3	2	2
Native language of household head				
Thai	98.1	828	618	622
Non-Thai	1.9	16	13	9

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Yasothon

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children	Number of households with at least one child age 5-14 years		
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	838	662	662	
Sex					
Male	55.4	465	358	365	
Female	44.6	374	304	297	
Age					
5-9	53.5	448	344	390	
10-14	46.5	390	318	272	
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>					
Pre-Primary or none	0.1	1	1	2	
Primary	55.7	467	367	342	
Lower secondary	13.3	111	94	103	
Upper secondary	16.6	139	110	118	
Higher	14.4	121	90	97	
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire					
Mother	56.0	469	387	391	
Other primary caretaker	44.0	369	275	271	
Health insurance					
Has coverage	99.8	837	661	661	
Has no coverage	0.2	1	1	1	
Native language of household head					
Thai	100.0	838	662	661	
Non-Thai	0.0	0	0	1	

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Kalasin

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	915	690	690
Sex				
Male	50.3	460	345	344
Female	49.7	455	345	346
Age				
5-9	52.5	480	354	396
10-14	47.5	434	336	294
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	0.6	5	5	5
Primary	59.3	543	421	396
Lower secondary	12.2	111	84	94
Upper secondary	15.8	144	99	106
Higher	12.2	111	81	89
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	50.4	461	345	341
Other primary caretaker	49.6	453	345	349
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.7	912	687	689
Has no coverage	0.3	3	3	1
Native language of household head				
Thai	100.0	914	690	689
Non-Thai	0.0	0	0	1

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Nakhon Phanom

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	787	611	611
Sex				
Male	52.6	414	325	307
Female	47.4	373	286	304
Age				
5-9	45.4	358	277	320
10-14	54.6	429	334	291
Mother's education <sup>8</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	1.8	14	11	6
Primary	55.2	435	342	317
Lower secondary	13.3	105	80	98
Upper secondary	18.6	146	118	119
Higher	11.1	88	60	71
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	59.5	468	366	382
Other primary caretaker	40.5	319	245	229
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.5	783	607	608
Has no coverage	0.5	4	4	3
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.7	785	609	609
Non-Thai	0.3	2	2	2

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Songkhla

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children	Number of households with at least one child age 5-14 years		
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	716	496	496	
Sex					
Male	50.3	361	250	244	
Female	49.7	356	246	252	
Age					
5-9	44.9	322	225	279	
10-14	55.1	395	271	217	
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>					
Pre-Primary or none	2.0	14	12	10	
Primary	30.1	215	153	150	
Lower secondary	15.9	114	85	93	
Upper secondary	22.9	164	111	125	
Higher	28.7	206	132	117	
DK/Missing	0.4	3	3	1	
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire					
Mother	80.7	578	400	409	
Other primary caretaker	19.3	138	96	87	
Health insurance					
Has coverage	99.0	709	491	492	
Has no coverage	1.0	7	5	4	
Native language of household head					
Thai	97.8	701	488	486	
Non-Thai	2.2	15	8	10	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Satun

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children	Number of households with at least one child age 5-14 years		
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	586	401	401	
Sex					
Male	53.3	312	213	220	
Female	46.7	274	188	181	
Age					
5-9	48.1	282	193	220	
10-14	51.9	304	208	181	
Mother's education <sup>8</sup>					
Pre-Primary or none	3.4	20	14	13	
Primary	41.6	244	162	144	
Lower secondary	12.7	75	51	64	
Upper secondary	21.3	125	81	91	
Higher	21.0	123	92	89	
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire					
Mother	81.9	480	324	336	
Other primary caretaker	18.1	106	77	65	
Health insurance					
Has coverage	99.9	586	400	400	
Has no coverage	0.0	1	0	0	
DK/Missing	0.1	1	1	1	
Native language of household head					
Thai	95.2	558	382	382	
Non-Thai	4.8	2.8	19	19	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Phatthalung

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	738	533	533
Sex				
Male	49.7	367	261	284
Female	50.3	371	272	249
Age				
5-9	53.2	392	282	306
10-14	46.8	346	251	227
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	0.8	6	2	4
Primary	39.1	288	226	199
Lower secondary	12.8	95	67	82
Upper secondary	16.6	123	88	93
Higher	30.7	227	149	155
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	75.2	555	388	408
Other primary caretaker	24.8	183	145	125
Health insurance				
Has coverage	98.7	728	526	527
Has no coverage	1.3	10	7	6
Native language of household head				
Thai	99.3	733	531	531
Non-Thai	0.7	5	2	2

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Pattani

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children	Number of households with at least one child age 5-14 years		
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted	
Total	100.0	637	395	395	
Sex					
Male	53.2	339	218	217	
Female	46.8	298	177	178	
Age					
5-9	53.6	342	219	233	
10-14	46.4	296	176	162	
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>					
Pre-Primary or none	10.2	65	43	43	
Primary	48.0	306	178	169	
Lower secondary	17.1	109	69	66	
Upper secondary	14.4	92	61	68	
Higher	10.2	65	45	49	
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire					
Mother	80.2	511	316	322	
Other primary caretaker	19.8	126	79	73	
Health insurance					
Has coverage	99.9	637	395	394	
Has no coverage	0.1	0	0	1	
Native language of household head					
Thai	9.9	63	49	61	
Non-Thai	90.1	574	346	334	

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Yala

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	453	316	316
Sex				
Male	52.8	239	157	157
Female	47.2	214	159	159
Age				
5-9	50.1	227	152	182
10-14	49.9	226	164	134
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	2.0	9	7	5
Primary	31.2	141	101	79
Lower secondary	22.9	104	71	77
Upper secondary	30.8	139	95	105
Higher	13.1	59	41	50
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	94.1	426	294	297
Other primary caretaker	5.9	27	22	19
Health insurance				
Has coverage	100.0	453	316	316
Has no coverage	0.0	0	0	0
Native language of household head				
Thai	18.3	83	60	70
Non-Thai	81.7	370	256	246

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

Table SR.9.3: Children age 5-14 year's background characteristics: Narathiwat

	Weighted	Weighted total number of children		eholds with at least ge 5-14 years
	percent	age 5-14 years <sup>A</sup>	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	553	360	360
Sex				
Male	49.6	274	191	186
Female	50.4	279	169	174
Age				
5-9	53.5	296	195	194
10-14	46.5	257	165	166
Mother's education <sup>B</sup>				
Pre-Primary or none	7.3	40	32	34
Primary	44.2	245	164	158
Lower secondary	16.4	91	60	64
Upper secondary	14.6	81	53	53
Higher	17.5	97	51	51
Respondent to the children age 5-14 questionnaire				
Mother	90.8	502	323	330
Other primary caretaker	9.2	51	37	30
Health insurance				
Has coverage	99.4	549	357	357
Has no coverage	0.6	3	3	3
Native language of household head				
Thai	9.9	55	35	34
Non-Thai	90.1	498	325	326

As one child is randomly selected in each household with at least one child age 5-14 years, the final weight of each child is the weight of the household multiplied with the number of children age 5-14 years in the household. This column is the basis for the weighted percent distribution, i.e. the distribution of all children age 5-14 years in sampled households.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In this table and throughout the report where applicable, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children age 5-14, who are the respondents to the children age 5-14 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere. For emancipated children this is the education status of the selected child.

## APPENDIX B SAMPLE DESIGN

The major features of the sample design are described in this appendix. Sample design features include defining the sampling frame, target sample size, sample allocation, listing in sample clusters, choice of domains, sampling stages, stratification, and the calculation of sample weights.

The primary objective of the sample design for the Thailand MICS 2019 was to produce statistically reliable estimates of most indicators, at the national level, for municipal and non-municipal areas (urban and rural areas), and for the five regions (Bangkok, Central, North, Northeast and South) of the country. Urban and rural areas in each of the provinces were defined as sampling strata. In designing the sample for the Thailand MICS 2019, it was useful to review the sample design and results of the MICS conducted in 2015-2016, documented in the Final Report of that survey.

The Thailand MICS 2019 sample also included oversampling for 17 specific provinces. The first five provinces (Songkhla, Satun, Pattani, Yala and Narathiwat) were identified as survey domains due to the prolonged unrest situation in the predominantly Muslim population and the lack of access to and quality of social and healthcare services. The following eight provinces (Chainat, Sakaeo, Mae Hong Son, Tak, Buri Ram, Kalasin, Nakhon Phanom and Phattalung) were identified as survey domains since they were the poorest provinces with an equity focus in each region according to the national poverty rate in 2017. The other four provinces (Ratchaburi, Kanchanaburi, Si Sa Ket and Yasothon) were equity provinces from the previous round. Data for these selected provinces will be treated separately and analysed to produce an equity provinces' report.

A multi-stage, stratified cluster sampling approach was used for the selection of the survey sample. The sampling frame was based on the 2019 Household Basic Information Survey (HBIS). The primary sampling units (PSUs) selected at the first stage were the enumeration areas (EAs) defined for the census enumeration. A listing of households was conducted in each sample EA, and a sample of households was selected at the second stage.

## **B.1 SAMPLE SIZE AND SAMPLE ALLOCATION**

Since the overall sample size for the Thailand MICS 2019 partly depends on the geographic domains of analysis that are defined for the survey tables, the distribution of EAs and households in Thailand from the 2019 HBIS sampling frame was first examined by region, selected province, urban and rural strata, shown in Table SD.1.

	Number of _	Numb	er of EAs (2019	HBIS)	Number (	of Households (20	19 HBIS)
	provinces	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	77	2,985	1,530	1,455	423,526	196,136	227,336
Region/Selected Provin	ces						
Bangkok	1	150	150	-	16,174	16,174	-
Central	25	951	450	501	136,463	56,872	79,591
Chainat		33	15	18	4,694	2,096	2,598
Sakaeo		33	15	18	4,852	1,844	3,008
Ratchaburi		33	15	18	5,326	2,096	3,230
Kanchanaburi		42	18	24	5,481	1,636	3,845
North	17	639	315	324	95,191	42,959	52,232
Mae Hong Son		39	18	21	4,969	2,354	2,615
Tak		33	18	15	6,335	2,840	3,495

Table SD.1: Distribution of Enumeration Areas and households in sampling frame (continued)

Distribution of EAs and households, by region, selected province, urban and rural, 2019 HBIS

	Number of	Numb	Number of EAs (2019 HBIS)		Number o	of Households (20:	L9 HBIS)
	provinces	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Northeast	20	738	366	372	97,167	45,731	51,436
Buri Ram		36	18	18	4,724	2,371	2,353
Si Sa Ket		36	18	18	4,467	2,093	2,374
Yasothon		36	18	18	4,274	2,259	2,015
Kalasin		45	21	24	5,370	2,234	3,136
Nakhon Phanom		33	18	15	3,972	2,126	1,846
South	14	507	249	258	78,531	34,400	44,131
Songkhla		39	21	18	6,003	2,577	3,426
Satun		33	15	18	5,265	1,834	3,431
Phattalung		36	18	18	5,394	2,781	2,613
Pattani		33	15	18	4,728	1,960	2,768
Yala		36	18	18	6,605	3,246	3,359
Narathiwat		33	15	18	5,408	1,925	3,483

The overall sample size for the Thailand MICS 2019 was calculated as 40,660 households. For the calculation of the sample size, the key indicator used was the stunting prevalence among children age 0-4 years. Since the survey results are tabulated at the regional level, it was necessary to determine the minimum sample size for each domain. The following formula was used to estimate the required sample size for this indicator:

$$n = \frac{[4(r)(1-r)(deff)]}{[(RME \times r)^{2}(pb)(AveSize)(RR)]},$$

where:

*n* = the required sample size, expressed as number of households

4 = a factor to achieve the 95 percent level of confidence

r = the predicted or anticipated value of the indicator, expressed in the form of a proportion

deff = the design effect for the indicator, estimated from a previous survey or using a default value of

1.5

RME = the relative margin of error of r to be tolerated at the 95 percent level of confidence; it is

generally not more than 0.12 (12 percent) for national-level estimates

*pb* = the proportion of the total population upon which the indicator, *r*, is based

AveSize = the average household size (mean number of persons per household)

RR = the predicted response rate

For the calculation, *r* (stunting prevalence) was assumed to be 10.5 percent based on the national estimate from the MICS 2015-2016. The value of *deff* (design effect) was taken as 5.1 based on the estimate from the MICS 2015-2016;

pb (percentage of children age 0-4 years in the total population) was taken as 13 percent<sup>1</sup>; AveSize (mean household size) was taken as 3.1 persons per household; and the response rate was assumed to be 90 percent, based on experience from the MICS 2015-2016. The resulting number of sample households from this exercise was rounded to 33,300 households for national-level estimates. With this sample size the RME would be around 12 percent.

The survey also provided estimates for 5 regions and 17 provinces (out of 77 provinces). The 17 provinces were allocated between 820 and 1,900 sample households. The overall sample size for the Thailand MICS 2019 became 40,660 households, and the number of households selected per cluster for the Thailand MICS 2019 was determined as 20 households (30 for Bangkok), based on several considerations, including the design effect, the budget available, and the time that would be needed per team to complete one cluster. Table SD.2 shows the allocation of the clusters and households to the domains. Based on results from the MICS 2015-2016, it was estimated that the RME's for the provinces would be approximately between 15 and 23 percent, except for Bangkok where the RME would be higher due to the smaller sample size.

Allocation of sample clusters	s (EAs) and sample	households by re	egion, selected provi	ince, urban and rural,	Thailand 2019	
	Total   Urban	Sample Clusters		s	ample Households	
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	1,958	789	1,169	40,660	17,280	23,380
Region/Selected Provinces						
Bangkok	150	150	-	4,500	4,500	-
Central	513	227	286	10,260	4,540	5,720
Chainat	95	64	31	1,900	1,280	620
Sakaeo	81	20	61	1,620	400	1,220
Ratchaburi	95	38	57	1,900	760	1,140
Kanchanaburi	82	30	52	1,640	600	1,040
North	304	95	209	6,080	1,900	4,180
Mae Hong Son	42	6	36	840	120	720
Tak	41	11	30	820	220	600
Northeast	587	172	415	11,740	3,440	8,300
Buri Ram	95	28	67	1,900	560	1,340
Si Sa Ket	91	14	77	1,820	280	1,540
Yasothon	95	25	70	1,900	500	1,400
Kalasin	95	49	46	1,900	980	920
Nakhon Phanom	73	16	57	1,460	320	1,140
South	404	145	259	8,080	2,900	5,180
Songkhla	92	50	42	1,840	1,000	840
Satun	46	9	37	920	180	740
Phattalung	83	42	41	1,660	840	820
Pattani	41	7	34	820	140	680
Yala	41	11	30	820	220	600
Narathiwat	41	8	33	820	160	660

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The actual proportion of children under 5 years in the population is 5%, but because of oversampling of children under 5 (see section A.3) the sample proportion will be approximately 13%.

## **B.2 SELECTION OF ENUMERATION AREAS (CLUSTERS) AND LISTING ACTIVITIES**

The sampling frame which was used for the selection of PSUs was from the 2019 HBIS which was conducted in October to December 2018. This survey is carried out annually, and provided an up-to-date listing of 2,985 PSUs per year, selected from all EAs of the 2010 Population and Housing Census. This master sampling frame is used as the sampling frame for several national surveys (e.g. Labour Force Survey and Socio-Economic Survey). The sample design for the HBIS is stratified, single-stage cluster sampling. The Enumeration Area (EA) is the sampling unit and Probability proportional to size (PPS) is applied for selecting the EAs in each stratum. The measure of size is the number of households in each EA from the 2010 Census.

In the 17 selected provinces where provincial estimates were required the sample of EAs from the HBIS sample was not sufficient, so additional EAs were selected from the EAs sampling frame, which was derived from the 2010 Population and Housing Census. Before selecting the additional EAs, the selected EAs from the HBIS were excluded from the sampling frame and then the Probability Proportional to Size (PPS) systematic sampling was applied for the selection of additional EAs in each province by administrative area. This additional listing was conducted in January to March 2019.

## **B.3 SELECTION OF HOUSEHOLDS**

Lists of households were prepared by the listing teams of Provincial Statistical Offices and Field Administration Division (for Bangkok) in the field for each enumeration area. The households listed in each EA were then sequentially numbered separately for the households with and without children under 5 years, and a sample of households was selected separately from each group using random systematic selection procedures. A total of 20 households (30 for Bangkok) were selected in each enumeration area. The household selection software developed by NSO for systematic random selection of households was distributed to Provincial Statistical Offices for this purpose.

The survey also included a questionnaire for individual men that was to be administered in half of the sample of households. The household selection software automatically selected the corresponding subsample of households. All men age 15 to 49 years in the selected households were eligible for interview.

The households listed in each sample cluster were divided into two strata for the second stage selection: households with children under age 5 and households without children under age 5. A separate sample of households was selected from each group, using a higher sampling rate for households with children under 5. This sampling strategy increased the number of children under 5 in the sample to increase the precision of the indicators based on under-5 children.

Of the 20 households (30 for Bangkok) selected in each cluster, the target number of sample households with children under age 5 years was 10 (15 for Bangkok). Therefore, in sample clusters where more than 10 households (15 for Bangkok) with children under age 5 were listed, 10 (15 for Bangkok) of these households were selected using random systematic sampling; and 10 (15 for Bangkok) households without children under age 5 were selected from the other stratum. In sample clusters where 10 or less (15 or less for Bangkok) households with children under 5 were listed, all of these households were selected for the survey. In these clusters, the number of households without children under 5 to be selected was equal to 20 (30 for Bangkok) minus the number of households with children.

## **B.4 CALCULATION OF SAMPLE WEIGHTS**

The Thailand MICS 2019 sample is not self-weighting. For this reason, sample weights were calculated and used in the subsequent analyses of the survey data.

The major component of the weight is the reciprocal of the sampling fraction employed in selecting the number of sample households in that particular sampling stratum (h) and PSU (i):

$$W_{hi} = \frac{1}{f_{hi}}$$

The term  $f_{hi}$ , the sampling probability for the i-th sample PSU in the h-th stratum, is the product of the probabilities of selection at every stage in each sampling stratum:

$$f_{hi} = p_{1hi} \times p_{2hi} \times p_{3hi} ,$$

where  $p_{shi}$  is the probability of selection of the sampling unit at stage s for the i-th sample PSU in the h-th sampling stratum. Based on the sample design, these probabilities were calculated as follows:

$$p_{1hi} = \frac{n_h \times M_{hi}}{M_h}$$

 $n_h$  = number of sample PSUs selected in stratum h

 $M_{hi}$  = number of households in the sampling frame for the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

 $M_h$  = total number of households in the sampling frame for stratum h

 $p_{2hi}$  = proportion of the PSU listed in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum *h*; for Thailand MICS 2019,  $p_{2hi}$  = 1 for all sample PSUs, since no PSU was segmented

 $p_{3hi}$  = final stage probability of selecting households from the listing in the i-th sample PSU, separately for households with and without children under 5, as explained below.

The last stage probability of selection in each sample EA is different for households with and without children under 5. For this reason, separate weights were calculated for each group of households in the sample EA.

Based on the stratified two-stage sample design, the probability of selection for the sample households with children under 5 within a sample EA was calculated as follows:

$$f_{hi(wc)} = \frac{n_h \times M_{hi}}{M_h} \times p_{2hi} \times \frac{m_{hi(wc)}}{M'_{hi(wc)}} ,$$

where:

 $f_{hi(wc)}$  = probability of selection for the sample households with children under 5 in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

 $n_h$ ,  $M_{hi}$ ,  $M_h$  and  $p_{2hi}$  are identical to the earlier definition

 $m_{hi(wc)}$  = number of sample households with children under 5 selected in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

 $M'_{hi(wc)}$  = total number of households with children under 5 listed in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

The corresponding overall probability of selection for the households without children was calculated as follows:

$$f_{hi(woc)} = \frac{n_h \times M_{hi}}{M_h} \times p_{2hi} \times \frac{m_{hi(woc)}}{M'_{hi(woc)}},$$

where:

 $f_{hi(woc)}$  = probability of selection for the sample households without children under 5 in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

 $m_{hi(woc)}$  = number of sample households without children under 5 selected in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

 $M'_{hi(woc)}$  = total number of households without children under 5 listed in the *i*-th sample PSU in stratum h

Since the number of households in each enumeration area (PSU) from the sampling frame used for the first stage selection and the updated number of households with and without children under 5 in the EA from the listing are generally different, individual overall probabilities of selection for households with and without children under 5 years in each sample EA (cluster) were calculated.

A final component in the calculation of sample weights takes into account the level of non-response for the household and individual interviews. The adjustment for household non-response in each stratum is equal to:

$$\frac{1}{RR_h}$$

where  $RR_h$  is the response rate for the sample households in stratum h, defined as the proportion of the number of interviewed households in stratum h out of the number of selected households found to be occupied during the fieldwork in stratum h.

Similarly, adjustment for non-response at the individual level (women, men, and under-5 children) for each stratum is equal to:

$$\frac{1}{RR_{qh}}$$

where  $RR_{qh}$  is the response rate for the individual questionnaires in stratum h, defined as the proportion of eligible individuals (women, men, and under-5 children) in the sample households in stratum h who were successfully interviewed.

After the completion of fieldwork, response rates were calculated for each sampling stratum, separately for the groups of households with and without children under age 5. These were used to adjust the sample weights calculated for each cluster. Response rates for the Thailand MICS 2019 are shown in Table SR.1.1 in this report.

The non-response adjustment factors for the individual women and under-5 questionnaires were applied to the adjusted household weights. Numbers of eligible women and under-5 children were obtained from the list of household members in the Household Questionnaire for households where interviews were completed.

The weights for the questionnaire for individual men were calculated in a similar way. In this case the number of eligible men in the list of household members in all the MICS sample households in the stratum was used as the numerator of the non-response adjustment factor, while the number of completed questionnaires for men in the stratum was obtained from the 50 percent subsample of households. Therefore, this adjustment factor includes an implicit subsampling weighting factor of 2 in addition to the adjustment for the non-response to the individual questionnaire for men.

In the case of the questionnaire for children age 5-14 years, in each sample household, one child was randomly selected from all the children in this age group recorded in the list of household members. The household weight for the children age 5-14 years is first adjusted based on the response rate for this questionnaire at the stratum level. Once this adjusted household weight is normalised as described below, it is multiplied by the number of children age 5-14 years recorded in the list of household members. Therefore, the weights for the individual children age 5-14 years will vary by sample household. This weighting of the data for the children age 5-14 years old is implemented in the tabulation programs for the corresponding tables.

The Thailand MICS 2019 full (raw) weights for the households were calculated by multiplying the inverse of the probabilities of selection by the non-response adjustment factor for each enumeration area, separately for the groups of households with and without children. These weights were then standardised (or normalised), one purpose of which is to make the weighted sum of the interviewed sample units equal to the total sample size at the national level. Normalisation is achieved by dividing the full sample weights (adjusted for nonresponse) by the average of these weights across all households at the national level. This is performed by multiplying the sample weights by a constant factor equal to the unweighted number of households at the national level divided by the weighted total number of households (using the full sample weights adjusted for non-response). A similar standardisation procedure was followed in obtaining standardised weights for the individual women, men and under-5 questionnaires. Adjusted (normalised) household weights varied between 0.009261 and 17.872195 in the 1,958 sample enumeration areas (clusters).

Sample weights were appended to all data sets and analyses were performed by weighting the data for households, women, men, under-5s and 5-14-year olds with these sample weights.

## APPENDIX C ESTIMATES OF SAMPLING ERRORS

The sample of respondents selected in the Thailand MICS 2019 is only one of the samples that could have been selected from the same population, using the same design and size. Each of these samples would yield results that differ somewhat from the results based on the actual sample selected. Sampling errors are a measure of the variability between the estimates from all possible samples. The extent of variability is not known exactly but can be estimated statistically from the survey data.

The following sampling error measures are presented in this appendix for each of the selected indicators:

- Standard error (se): Standard error is the square root of the variance of the estimate. For survey indicators that
  are means, proportions or ratios, the Taylor series linearization method is used for the estimation of standard
  errors. For more complex statistics, such as fertility rate, the Jackknife repeated replication method is used for
  standard error estimation.
- Coefficient of variation (se/r) is the ratio of the standard error to the value (r) of the indicator and is a measure of the relative sampling error.
- Design effect (deff) is the ratio of the actual variance of an indicator, under the sampling method used in the survey, to the variance calculated under the assumption of simple random sampling based on the same sample size. The square root of the design effect (deft) is used to show the efficiency of the sample design in relation to the precision. A deft value of 1.0 indicates that the sample design of the survey is as efficient as a simple random sample for a particular indicator, while a deft value above 1.0 indicates an increase in the standard error due to the use of a more complex sample design.
- Confidence limits are calculated to show the interval which contains the true value of the indicator for the population, with a specified level of confidence. For MICS results 95% confidence intervals\_are used, which is the standard for this type of survey. The concept of the 95% confidence interval can be understood in this way: if many repeated samples of identical size and design were taken and the confidence interval computed for each sample, then 95% of these intervals would contain the true value of the indicator.

For the calculation of sampling errors from MICS data, programs developed in SPSS Version 24 Complex Samples module have been used.

The results are shown in the tables that follow. Sampling errors are calculated for SDG indicators for which SEs can be calculated, and several other MICS indicators. Definitions of each of these indicators are provided in Appendix E. Results are presented for each of 17 provinces.

In addition to the sampling error measures described above, the tables also include weighted and unweighted counts of denominators for each indicator. Given the use of normalized weights, by comparing the weighted and unweighted counts it is possible to determine whether a particular domain has been under-sampled or over-sampled compared to the average sampling rate. If the weighted count is smaller than the unweighted count, this means that the domain had been over-sampled.

For the following indicators, however, the unweighted count represents the number of sample households, and the weighted counts reflect the total population living in these households.

- Use of basic drinking water services
- Handwashing facility with water and soap
- Use of improved sanitation facilities
- Use of basic sanitation services
- Population covered by social transfers

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects (deft), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Tha	iland MICS, 2	019		
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect (deff)	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9993	0.0007	0.001	1.257	1.121	5,008	1792	0.998	1.00
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.5264	0.0223	0.042	3.579	1.892	1,792	1,792	0.482	0.57
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9451	0.0076	0.008	2.018	1.420	1,792	1,792	0.930	0.96
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.5774	0.2304	0.146	na	na	na	na	1.117	2.03
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	39.7485	17.2025	0.433	na	na	na	na	5.344	74.15
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1541	0.0249	0.161	0.779	0.883	122	165	0.104	0.20
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7973	0.0209	0.026	2.457	1.567	799	906	0.755	0.83
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0636	0.0134	0.211	2.746	1.657	799	906	0.037	0.09
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.9133	0.0156	0.017	2.487	1.577	688	813	0.882	0.94
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9816	0.0056	0.006	0.414	0.643	103	235	0.970	0.99
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9498	0.0123	0.013	0.740	0.860	103	235	0.925	0.97
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9881	0.0036	0.004	0.255	0.505	103	235	0.981	0.99
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.4054	0.0275	0.068	0.977	0.988	291	312	0.350	0.46
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.4771	0.0287	0.060	0.415	0.644	142	127	0.420	0.53
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.3353	0.0233	0.069	2.991	1.730	1,232	1,234	0.289	0.38
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2508	0.0214	0.086	1.244	1.115	508	509	0.208	0.29
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9322	0.0193	0.021	0.986	0.993	150	169	0.894	0.97
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9279	0.0201	0.022	1.012	1.006	150	169	0.888	0.96
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9158	0.0211	0.023	0.969	0.985	150	169	0.874	0.95
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.7791	0.0156	0.020	2.543	1.595	5,008	1,792	0.748	0.81
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.2314	0.0356	0.154	1.669	1.292	103	235	0.160	0.30
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.0801)	(0.0191)	(0.239)	(0.203)	(0.451)	63	42	(0.042)	(0.118

Safety (women)

Safety (men)

**Table SE.1: Sampling errors: Chai Nat (continued)** 

PR.14

PR.14

16.1.4

16.1.4

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019 Coefficient Confidence limits Standard Design Square root Weighted Unweighted MICS of Lower Upper effect SDG Indicator Value (r) error of design Indicator variation count count bound bound (se) (deff) effect (deft) (se/r)r - 2se r + 2se Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months TC.33 (0.2727)(0.0190)(0.070)(0.075)(0.274)42 (0.235)(0.311)63 TC.37 0.2139 0.0196 0.092 0.800 289 281 0.175 0.253 Age-appropriate breastfeeding 0.640 0.0077 0.092 Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.44a 0.0772 0.099 0.623 0.789 750 756 0.062 Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.45a 2.2.1 0.0810 0.0095 0.118 0.910 0.954 742 745 0.062 0.100 2.2.2 0.0057 0.106 0.463 0.042 0.065 Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.46a 0.0538 0.681 725 731 Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.47a 2.2.2 0.1090 0.0159 0.146 1.907 1.381 725 731 0.077 0.141 TC.S4 0.0219 0.732 Minimum iodised salt consumption 0.6881 0.032 3.950 1.987 1,778 1,776 0.644 Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member TC.49a 0.8461 0.0155 0.018 0.942 0.971 506 514 0.815 0.877 Early stimulation and responsive care by father TC.49b 0.2134 0.0197 0.092 1.182 1.087 506 514 0.174 0.253 Early stimulation and responsive care by mother TC.49c 0.4871 0.0204 0.042 0.858 0.926 0.446 0.528 506 514 Availability of children's books TC.50 0.3214 0.0191 0.060 1.329 1.153 792 792 0.283 0.360 0.0125 0.838 Availability of playthings TC.51 0.8125 0.015 0.817 0.904 792 792 0.787 Availability of electronic device as playthings TC.S7 -0.5685 0.0174 0.031 0.974 0.987 792 792 0.534 0.603 4.2.1 0.0181 Early child development index TC.53 0.8889 0.020 1.104 1.051 329 333 0.853 0.925 Learn Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted) LN.2 4.2.2 0.9692 0.0008 0.001 0.002 0.046 107 0.968 0.971 56 Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, 0.495 LN.22c 4.1.1 0.3884 0.0531 0.137 1.486 1.219 153 126 0.282 attending grade 2/3) Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, LN.22f 4.1.1 0.3667 0.0557 0.152 1.673 1.293 153 126 0.255 0.478 attending grade 2/3) Protected from violence and exploitation Birth registration PR.1 16.9.1 1.0000 0.0000 0.000 792 792 1.000 1.000 na na Violent discipline PR.2 16.2.1 0.6057 0.0069 0.011 3.358 1.833 19,695 16,677 0.592 0.620 5.3.1 0.0236 Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24) PR.4a 0.1222 0.193 0.852 0.923 122 165 0.075 0.169 Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24) PR.4b 5.3.1 0.3165 0.0274 0.087 0.569 0.754 122 165 0.262 0.371

0.0302

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0.5474

0.7889

Table SE.1: Sampling errors: Chai Nat (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for s	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9726	0.0093	0.010	5.795	2.407	5,008	1,792	0.954	0.991
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9237	0.0096	0.010	2.337	1.529	5,008	1,791	0.905	0.943
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9965	0.0017	0.002	1.501	1.225	5,008	1,792	0.993	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9704	0.0041	0.004	1.074	1.036	5,008	1,792	0.962	0.979
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.7953	0.0128	0.016	1.790	1.338	5,008	1,792	0.770	0.821
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.8888	0.0088	0.010	1.401	1.183	5,008	1,792	0.871	0.906
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0934	0.0136	0.145	2.733	1.653	1,261	1,261	0.066	0.120
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0925	0.0181	0.196	2.052	1.433	525	525	0.056	0.129
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Table SE.2: Sampling errors: Sa Kaeo											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound	Upper bound
				(36)	(se/r)	(uejj)	enect (dejt)			r - 2se	r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9983	0.0011	0.001	1.080	1.039	4,485	1,465	0.996	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.6849	0.0155	0.023	1.634	1.278	1,465	1,465	0.654	0.716
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9480	0.0078	0.008	1.829	1.352	1,465	1,465	0.932	0.964
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.9226	0.2475	0.129	na	na	na	na	1.428	2.418
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	39.7485	17.2025	0.433	na	na	na	na	12.189	59.909
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1634	0.0386	0.237	1.322	1.150	94	122	0.086	0.241
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7590	0.0211	0.028	1.992	1.411	790	818	0.717	0.801
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.1035	0.0140	0.135	1.728	1.314	790	818	0.075	0.131
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8710	0.0168	0.019	1.821	1.349	681	729	0.837	0.905
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9582	0.0092	0.010	0.414	0.643	108	198	0.940	0.977
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.8919	0.0265	0.030	1.439	1.200	108	198	0.839	0.945
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9912	0.0066	0.007	0.991	0.995	108	198	0.978	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.2724	0.0321	0.118	1.314	1.146	223	254	0.208	0.337
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.2538	0.0400	0.158	0.878	0.937	104	105	0.174	0.334
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2887	0.0210	0.073	2.226	1.492	1,038	1,041	0.247	0.331
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2587	0.0272	0.105	1.546	1.243	398	402	0.204	0.313
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9429	0.0094	0.010	0.259	0.508	142	157	0.924	0.962
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9429	0.0094	0.010	0.259	0.508	142	157	0.924	0.962
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9435	0.0072	0.008	0.152	0.390	142	157	0.929	0.958
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.7402	0.0158	0.021	1.892	1.376	4,485	1,465	0.709	0.772
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.3850	0.0353	0.092	1.038	1.019	108	198	0.314	0.456
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.2630)	(0.0218)	(0.083)	(0.096)	(0.309)	52	40	(0.219)	(0.307)

Table SE.2: Sampling errors: Sa Kaeo (continued)

	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value ( <i>r</i> )	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound	Upper bound
	TO 22		(0.4007)	(0.0407)	(se/r)	(0.055)	(0.004)			r - 2se	r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.4997)	(0.0187)	(0.037)	(0.055)	(0.234)	52	40	(0.462)	(0.537)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2149	0.0190	0.088	0.585	0.765	275	275	0.177	0.253
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.0819	0.0098	0.119	0.923	0.961	730	726	0.062	0.101
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.0733	0.0086	0.117	0.784	0.885	726	722	0.056	0.091
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0568	0.0060	0.106	0.486	0.697	715	713	0.045	0.069
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.0574	0.0079	0.137	0.811	0.901	715	713	0.042	0.073
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.7549	0.0149	0.020	1.718	1.311	1,436	1,440	0.725	0.785
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.7558	0.0200	0.027	1.002	1.001	462	462	0.716	0.796
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.1078	0.0125	0.116	0.754	0.868	462	462	0.083	0.133
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.3367	0.0243	0.072	1.221	1.105	462	462	0.288	0.385
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.1660	0.0117	0.071	0.727	0.853	735	735	0.143	0.189
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8023	0.0152	0.019	1.069	1.034	735	735	0.772	0.833
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.5185	0.0213	0.041	1.340	1.157	735	735	0.476	0.561
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.8906	0.0179	0.020	0.968	0.984	308	294	0.855	0.927
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	69	111	1.000	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.5826	0.0344	0.059	0.685	0.828	214	142	0.514	0.651
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.2939	0.0384	0.131	1.004	1.002	214	142	0.217	0.371
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	0.9988	0.0012	0.001	0.897	0.947	735	735	0.996	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.1174	0.0330	0.281	1.270	1.127	94	122	0.051	0.183
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.3872	0.0434	0.112	0.959	0.979	94	122	0.300	0.474
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.4529	0.0339	0.075	4.976	2.231	1,075	1,075	0.385	0.521
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.7840	0.0270	0.034	1.822	1.350	425	425	0.730	0.838

Table SE.2: Sampling errors: Sa Kaeo (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design e	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for s	selected SDG	and MICS i	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9981	0.0015	0.002	1.859	1.364	4,485	1,465	0.995	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9050	0.0100	0.011	1.641	1.281	4,289	1,415	0.885	0.925
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9945	0.0021	0.002	1.173	1.083	4,485	1,465	0.990	0.999
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9737	0.0058	0.006	1.897	1.377	4,485	1,465	0.962	0.985
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.7006	0.0156	0.022	1.709	1.307	4,485	1,465	0.669	0.732
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.8921	0.0077	0.009	0.911	0.954	4,485	1,465	0.877	0.908
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.2242	0.0164	0.073	1.663	1.290	1,075	1,075	0.191	0.257
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1683	0.0276	0.164	2.305	1.518	425	425	0.113	0.223
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design et	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
					Coefficient					Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9992	0.0008	0.001	1.340	1.158	5,179	1,672	0.998	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.6888	0.0255	0.037	5.057	2.249	1,672	1,672	0.638	0.740
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9531	0.0078	0.008	2.269	1.506	1,672	1,672	0.937	0.969
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.4701	0.2029	0.138	na	na	na	na	1.064	1.876
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	40.2395	14.9306	0.371	na	na	na	na	10.378	70.101
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1446	0.0225	0.155	0.719	0.848	136	177	0.100	0.190
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7483	0.0220	0.029	2.396	1.548	823	931	0.704	0.792
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0902	0.0124	0.138	1.745	1.321	823	931	0.065	0.115
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8582	0.0168	0.020	1.891	1.375	690	815	0.825	0.892
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9885	0.0059	0.006	0.665	0.816	96	216	0.977	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9543	0.0129	0.013	0.814	0.902	96	216	0.929	0.980
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9885	0.0059	0.006	0.665	0.816	96	216	0.977	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.3624	0.0373	0.103	2.008	1.417	326	335	0.288	0.437
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.4168	0.0385	0.092	1.072	1.036	189	177	0.340	0.494
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.3658	0.0235	0.064	3.204	1.790	1,346	1,345	0.319	0.413
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.3926	0.0317	0.081	2.531	1.591	597	601	0.329	0.456
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9751	0.0146	0.015	1.177	1.085	116	134	0.946	1.000
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9643	0.0150	0.016	0.871	0.933	116	134	0.934	0.994
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9521	0.0193	0.020	1.084	1.041	116	134	0.914	0.991
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9678	0.0063	0.006	2.112	1.453	5,179	1,672	0.955	0.980
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.3389	0.0347	0.102	1.153	1.074	96	216	0.270	0.408
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.1770)	(0.0141)	(0.080)	(0.052)	(0.228)	59	39	(0.149)	(0.205)

Safety (women)

Safety (men)

Table SE.3: Sampling errors: Ratchaburi (continued)

PR.14

PR.14

16.1.4

16.1.4

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019 Coefficient Confidence limits Standard Design Square root MICS Weighted Unweighted of Lower Upper SDG Indicator Value (r) error effect of design Indicator variation count count bound bound (se) (deff) effect (deft) (se/r)r - 2se r + 2se Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months TC.33 (0.4234)(0.0148)(0.035)(0.034)(0.185)59 39 (0.394)(0.453)TC.37 0.2583 0.0174 0.067 0.379 0.615 245 241 0.223 0.293 Age-appropriate breastfeeding 0.0112 0.069 Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.44a 0.0463 0.241 1.768 1.330 620 628 0.024 Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.45a 2.2.1 0.0830 0.0120 0.145 1.182 1.087 625 625 0.059 0.107 2.2.2 0.0089 0.280 1.583 0.049 Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.46a 0.0317 1.258 613 619 0.014 Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.47a 2.2.2 0.0845 0.0122 0.145 1.197 1.094 613 619 0.060 0.109 TC.S4 0.0171 0.843 Minimum iodised salt consumption 0.8087 0.021 3.097 1.760 1,638 1,644 0.775 Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member TC.49a 0.9219 0.0206 0.022 2.865 1.693 479 485 0.881 0.963 Early stimulation and responsive care by father TC.49b 0.4524 0.0269 0.060 1.419 1.191 479 485 0.398 0.506 Early stimulation and responsive care by mother TC.49c 0.0275 0.043 1.598 485 0.591 0.701 0.6464 1.264 479 0.0253 Availability of children's books TC.50 0.4124 0.061 1.907 1.381 723 723 0.362 0.463 0.0142 0.857 Availability of playthings TC.51 0.8289 0.017 1.021 1.010 723 723 0.801 Availability of electronic device as playthings TC.S7 -0.4963 0.0278 0.056 2.238 1.496 723 723 0.441 0.552 4.2.1 0.0131 Early child development index TC.53 0.9547 0.014 1.285 1.133 344 326 0.929 0.981 Learn Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted) LN.2 4.2.2 0.9964 0.0001 0.000 0.000 0.014 71 119 0.996 0.997 Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, LN.22c 4.1.1 0.5946 0.0377 0.063 0.625 0.791 143 107 0.519 0.670 attending grade 2/3) Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, LN.22f 4.1.1 0.6336 0.0297 0.047 0.402 0.634 143 107 0.574 0.693 attending grade 2/3) Protected from violence and exploitation Birth registration PR.1 16.9.1 0.9978 0.0016 0.002 0.857 0.926 723 723 0.995 1.000 Violent discipline PR.2 16.2.1 0.6057 0.0069 0.011 3.358 1.833 19,695 16,677 0.592 0.620 5.3.1 0.0189 0.108 Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24) PR.4a 0.0705 0.268 0.960 0.980 136 177 0.033 Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24) 5.3.1 0.3110 0.0285 0.092 0.667 0.817 0.254 0.368 PR.4b 136 177

0.0278

0.0245

0.042

0.029

4.811

2.878

2.193

1.696

1,393

635

1,393

635

0.609

0.794

0.720

0.892

0.6646

0.8433

Table SE.3: Sampling errors: Ratchaburi (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square roo	ot of design e	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	5,179	1,672	1.000	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9715	0.0049	0.005	1.440	1.200	5,091	1,645	0.962	0.981
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9972	0.0016	0.002	1.535	1.239	5,179	1,672	0.994	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9723	0.0054	0.006	1.776	1.333	5,179	1,672	0.962	0.983
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.5799	0.0303	0.052	6.300	2.510	5,179	1,672	0.519	0.640
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.7282	0.0197	0.027	3.261	1.806	5,179	1,672	0.689	0.767
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1170	0.0209	0.179	5.902	2.429	1,393	1,393	0.075	0.159
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1174	0.0223	0.190	3.039	1.743	635	635	0.073	0.162
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Table SE.4: Sampling errors: Kanchanaburi											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect (deff)	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents										1 230	1 - 230
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9964	0.0025	0.003	2.610	1.616	4,416	1,441	0.991	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.4926	0.0342	0.069	6.735	2.595	1,441	1,441	0.424	0.561
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9613	0.0058	0.006	1.285	1.134	1,441	1,441	0.950	0.973
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.4497	0.2106	0.145	na	na	na	na	1.028	1.871
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	4.9359	3.7349	0.757	na	na	na	na	0.000	12.406
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1661	0.0390	0.235	1.452	1.205	111	133	0.088	0.244
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.8221	0.0203	0.025	2.081	1.443	698	741	0.782	0.863
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0734	0.0113	0.154	1.385	1.177	698	741	0.051	0.096
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.9032	0.0145	0.016	1.606	1.267	625	673	0.874	0.932
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9838	0.0061	0.006	0.344	0.587	75	148	0.972	0.996
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.7249	0.0428	0.059	1.350	1.162	75	148	0.639	0.810
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9931	0.0031	0.003	0.200	0.448	75	148	0.987	0.999
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.5773	0.0406	0.070	1.725	1.314	252	257	0.496	0.658
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.5092	0.0363	0.071	0.671	0.819	137	128	0.437	0.582
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2552	0.0237	0.093	3.084	1.756	1,032	1,043	0.208	0.303
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.1809	0.0216	0.119	1.569	1.253	498	501	0.138	0.224
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.8869	0.0134	0.015	0.181	0.426	91	102	0.860	0.914
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.8869	0.0134	0.015	0.181	0.426	91	102	0.860	0.914
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9219	0.0141	0.015	0.280	0.529	91	102	0.894	0.950
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.8853	0.0141	0.016	2.815	1.678	4,416	1,441	0.857	0.913
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.4160	0.0401	0.096	0.972	0.986	75	148	0.336	0.496
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.2041)	(0.0051)	(0.025)	(0.005)	(0.070)	38	32	(0.194)	(0.214)

Table SE.4: Sampling errors: Kanchanaburi (continued)

	MICS			Standard	Coefficient of	Design	Square root	Weighted	Unweighted <sup>-</sup>	Confiden	
	Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	count	count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.5121)	(0.0219)	(0.043)	(0.060)	(0.244)	38	32	(0.468)	(0.556)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2532	0.0206	0.081	0.418	0.647	188	187	0.212	0.294
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.1257	0.0210	0.167	1.738	1.318	441	433	0.084	0.168
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.2050	0.0230	0.112	1.345	1.160	433	417	0.159	0.251
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.1404	0.0193	0.137	1.270	1.127	429	414	0.102	0.179
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1287	0.0180	0.140	1.197	1.094	429	414	0.093	0.165
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.8145	0.0239	0.029	5.423	2.329	1,438	1,436	0.767	0.862
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9076	0.0172	0.019	1.108	1.053	315	316	0.873	0.942
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.2775	0.0339	0.122	1.806	1.344	315	316	0.210	0.345
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.6795	0.0288	0.042	1.196	1.094	315	316	0.622	0.737
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.2496	0.0219	0.088	1.273	1.128	500	500	0.206	0.293
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8414	0.0220	0.026	1.812	1.346	500	500	0.797	0.885
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.4653	0.0315	0.068	1.994	1.412	500	500	0.402	0.528
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9578	0.0118	0.012	0.714	0.845	199	207	0.934	0.981
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9882	0.0037	0.004	0.099	0.315	53	84	0.981	0.996
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.5804	0.0538	0.093	0.985	0.993	124	84	0.473	0.688
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.4811	0.0578	0.120	1.110	1.054	124	84	0.366	0.597
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	500	500	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0716	0.0137	0.192	0.374	0.611	111	133	0.044	0.099
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.3116	0.0502	0.161	1.550	1.245	111	133	0.211	0.412
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.6553	0.0369	0.056	6.569	2.563	1,088	1,088	0.581	0.729
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.7982	0.0294	0.037	2.858	1.691	535	535	0.739	0.857

Table SE.4: Sampling errors: Kanchanaburi (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design et	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS i	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9907	0.0062	0.006	6.106	2.471	4,416	1,441	0.978	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8641	0.0232	0.027	6.500	2.549	4,355	1,423	0.818	0.910
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9987	0.0010	0.001	1.029	1.015	4,416	1,441	0.997	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9737	0.0055	0.006	1.684	1.298	4,416	1,441	0.963	0.985
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.5069	0.0352	0.070	7.156	2.675	4,416	1,441	0.436	0.577
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.7761	0.0235	0.030	4.590	2.142	4,416	1,441	0.729	0.823
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1757	0.0377	0.215	10.663	3.265	1,088	1,088	0.100	0.251
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1404	0.0305	0.217	4.126	2.031	535	535	0.079	0.201
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Table SE.5: Sampling errors: Mae Hong Son											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound	ce limits Upper bound
				(/	(se/r)	(				r - 2se	r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9542	0.0227	0.024	8.988	2.998	2,029	762	0.909	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.4153	0.0458	0.110	6.565	2.562	762	762	0.324	0.507
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9028	0.0240	0.027	4.987	2.233	762	762	0.855	0.951
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.7116	0.3160	0.185	na	na	na	na	1.080	2.344
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	39.0804	20.0837	0.514	na	na	na	na	0.000	79.248
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.2711	0.0410	0.151	0.451	0.671	39	54	0.189	0.353
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7308	0.0380	0.052	3.097	1.760	399	424	0.655	0.807
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0976	0.0247	0.253	2.934	1.713	399	424	0.048	0.147
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8739	0.0259	0.030	2.221	1.490	331	365	0.822	0.926
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	47	98	1.000	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.6722	0.0772	0.115	2.624	1.620	47	98	0.518	0.827
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9923	0.0081	0.008	0.830	0.911	47	98	0.976	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.4065	0.0563	0.139	1.249	1.118	87	96	0.294	0.519
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.4396	0.0672	0.153	0.989	0.995	61	55	0.305	0.574
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.3567	0.0648	0.182	8.872	2.979	489	486	0.227	0.486
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.3369	0.0543	0.161	3.371	1.836	260	256	0.228	0.446
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.8463	0.0476	0.056	0.957	0.978	57	56	0.751	0.941
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.7936	0.0393	0.050	0.520	0.721	57	56	0.715	0.872
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9046	0.0346	0.038	0.765	0.875	57	56	0.835	0.974
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.6017	0.0368	0.061	4.297	2.073	2,029	762	0.528	0.675
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.2321	0.0518	0.223	1.458	1.207	47	98	0.129	0.336
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	13	12	(*)	(*)

Table SE.5: Sampling errors: Mae Hong Son (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019												
	NAICC			Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root	Marie le se el	The contains of the	Confiden	ce limits	
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se	
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	13	12	(*)	(*)	
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.6006	0.0426	0.071	0.726	0.852	101	97	0.515	0.686	
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.1178	0.0353	0.299	3.162	1.778	264	265	0.047	0.188	
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.2645	0.0386	0.146	1.808	1.344	240	237	0.187	0.342	
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0777	0.0184	0.237	1.159	1.077	247	247	0.041	0.114	
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1195	0.0184	0.154	0.793	0.890	247	247	0.083	0.156	
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.7141	0.0446	0.062	7.397	2.720	760	760	0.625	0.803	
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.8220	0.0421	0.051	2.066	1.438	168	172	0.738	0.906	
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.4391	0.0515	0.117	1.842	1.357	168	172	0.336	0.542	
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.6240	0.0460	0.074	1.541	1.241	168	172	0.532	0.716	
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.2426	0.0280	0.115	1.140	1.068	268	268	0.187	0.299	
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8683	0.0366	0.042	3.135	1.771	268	268	0.795	0.942	
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.3180	0.0439	0.138	2.375	1.541	268	268	0.230	0.406	
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.8358	0.0657	0.079	3.777	1.943	116	121	0.704	0.967	
Learn												
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	(0.9823)	(0.0172)	(0.018)	(0.751)	(0.867)	28	45	(0.948)	(1.000)	
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	(0.6049)	(0.0230)	(0.038)	(0.075)	(0.274)	56	35	(0.559)	(0.651)	
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	(0.3835)	(0.0179)	(0.047)	(0.046)	(0.215)	56	35	(0.348)	(0.419)	
Protected from violence and exploitation												
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	268	268	1.000	1.000	
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620	
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.1616	0.0136	0.084	0.073	0.270	39	54	0.134	0.189	
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.4306	0.0550	0.128	0.653	0.808	39	54	0.321	0.541	
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9875	0.0082	0.008	2.853	1.689	524	524	0.971	1.000	
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9821	0.0109	0.011	1.758	1.326	263	263	0.960	1.000	

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	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9691	0.0180	0.019	8.272	2.876	2,029	762	0.933	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.7037	0.0490	0.070	8.749	2.958	2,027	761	0.606	0.802
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9968	0.0018	0.002	0.733	0.856	2,029	762	0.993	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9968	0.0018	0.002	0.733	0.856	2,029	762	0.993	1.000
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.3222	0.0553	0.172	10.651	3.264	2,029	762	0.212	0.433
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.7597	0.0312	0.041	4.070	2.017	2,029	762	0.697	0.822
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0065	0.0043	0.662	1.509	1.229	524	524	0.000	0.015
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0057	0.0036	0.623	0.583	0.763	263	263	0.000	0.013

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

na: not applicable

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects (deft), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
					Coefficient					Confidor	ice limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9700	0.0114	0.012	3.369	1.835	2,252	752	0.947	0.993
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.6457	0.0257	0.040	2.172	1.474	752	752	0.594	0.697
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9300	0.0127	0.014	1.852	1.361	752	752	0.905	0.955
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.6995	0.5160	0.304	na	na	na	na	0.667	2.732
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	78.4684	35.0191	0.446	na	na	na	na	8.430	148.507
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0632	0.0186	0.294	0.444	0.666	63	77	0.026	0.100
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7379	0.0287	0.039	1.705	1.306	365	401	0.680	0.795
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.1001	0.0157	0.157	1.093	1.045	365	401	0.069	0.131
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8755	0.0169	0.019	0.900	0.948	306	343	0.842	0.909
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9478	0.0208	0.022	0.792	0.890	54	92	0.906	0.989
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9478	0.0208	0.022	0.792	0.890	54	92	0.906	0.989
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9556	0.0410	0.043	3.614	1.901	54	92	0.874	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.4900	0.0733	0.150	3.423	1.850	167	160	0.343	0.637
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	(0.6237)	(0.0777)	(0.125)	(1.208)	(1.099)	63	48	(0.468)	(0.779)
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.3220	0.0206	0.064	1.038	1.019	532	536	0.281	0.363
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.3013	0.0436	0.145	2.070	1.439	231	230	0.214	0.389
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.8554	0.0964	0.113	4.130	2.032	59	56	0.663	1.000
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.8554	0.0964	0.113	4.130	2.032	59	56	0.663	1.000
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.8838	0.0655	0.074	2.294	1.514	59	56	0.753	1.000
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.6358	0.0287	0.045	2.671	1.634	2,252	752	0.578	0.693
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.3463	0.0384	0.111	0.592	0.769	54	92	0.270	0.423
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	35	24	(*)	(*)

Table SE.6: Sampling errors: Tak (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019											
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	35	24	(*)	(*)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.4301	0.0525	0.122	1.079	1.039	108	97	0.325	0.535
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.1366	0.0227	0.166	1.204	1.097	279	277	0.091	0.182
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.1660	0.0102	0.061	0.207	0.455	279	277	0.146	0.186
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0636	0.0171	0.269	1.340	1.158	278	274	0.029	0.098
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.0418	0.0114	0.273	0.886	0.941	278	274	0.019	0.065
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.8635	0.0166	0.019	1.751	1.323	748	747	0.830	0.897
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.8662	0.0255	0.029	1.024	1.012	173	184	0.815	0.917
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.3302	0.0315	0.096	0.823	0.907	173	184	0.267	0.393
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.5914	0.0301	0.051	0.687	0.829	173	184	0.531	0.652
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.2455	0.0268	0.109	1.083	1.041	281	281	0.192	0.299
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8652	0.0188	0.022	0.848	0.921	281	281	0.828	0.903
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.5547	0.0291	0.052	0.961	0.980	281	281	0.496	0.613
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9027	0.0269	0.030	1.030	1.015	122	126	0.849	0.957
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9848	0.0005	0.001	0.001	0.032	37	55	0.984	0.986
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.5642	0.0659	0.117	1.165	1.079	111	67	0.432	0.696
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.3290	0.0655	0.199	1.282	1.132	111	67	0.198	0.460
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	0.9942	0.0039	0.004	0.742	0.861	281	281	0.986	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0414	0.0166	0.402	0.530	0.728	63	77	0.008	0.075
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.3015	0.0501	0.166	0.905	0.952	63	77	0.201	0.402
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.6984	0.0253	0.036	1.720	1.312	569	569	0.648	0.749
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.8229	0.0361	0.044	2.247	1.499	253	253	0.751	0.895

Table SE.6: Sam	oling errors: Tak	(continued)

	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9915	0.0049	0.005	2.096	1.448	2,252	752	0.982	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9465	0.0086	0.009	1.099	1.049	2,252	752	0.929	0.964
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9879	0.0055	0.006	1.878	1.371	2,252	752	0.977	0.999
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9345	0.0097	0.010	1.159	1.077	2,252	752	0.915	0.954
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.2565	0.0271	0.106	2.891	1.700	2,252	752	0.202	0.311
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.7391	0.0190	0.026	1.408	1.187	2,252	752	0.701	0.777
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.3054	0.0248	0.081	1.642	1.281	569	569	0.256	0.355
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.2854	0.0420	0.147	2.178	1.476	253	253	0.201	0.369

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

na: not applicable

Table SE.7: Sampling errors: Buriram											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Tha	iland MICS, 2	019		
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	4,924	1,744	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.1394	0.0175	0.126	4.473	2.115	1,744	1,744	0.104	0.174
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9265	0.0096	0.010	2.350	1.533	1,744	1,744	0.907	0.946
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.6178	0.3010	0.186	na	na	na	na	1.016	2.220
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	28.3042	17.4909	0.618	na	na	na	na	0.000	63.286
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0617	0.0138	0.223	0.326	0.571	83	101	0.034	0.089
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7739	0.0186	0.024	1.383	1.176	653	697	0.737	0.811
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0555	0.0095	0.171	1.202	1.097	653	697	0.036	0.075
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.9330	0.0113	0.012	1.203	1.097	542	589	0.910	0.956
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9938	0.0046	0.005	0.495	0.703	80	143	0.984	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.8879	0.0323	0.036	1.487	1.219	80	143	0.823	0.952
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9979	0.0021	0.002	0.304	0.551	80	143	0.994	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.6260	0.0399	0.064	1.594	1.263	219	236	0.546	0.706
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.5542	0.0436	0.079	0.853	0.924	126	112	0.467	0.641
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.3212	0.0329	0.102	3.955	1.989	783	798	0.255	0.387
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2940	0.0282	0.096	1.232	1.110	325	322	0.238	0.350
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9597	0.0142	0.015	0.809	0.900	162	157	0.931	0.988
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9597	0.0142	0.015	0.809	0.900	162	157	0.931	0.988
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9569	0.0140	0.015	0.745	0.863	162	157	0.929	0.985
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.7067	0.0268	0.038	6.052	2.460	4,924	1,744	0.653	0.760
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.4732	0.0411	0.087	0.962	0.981	80	143	0.391	0.555
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32		(0.1186)	(0.0011)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.017)	36	27	(0.116)	(0.121)

Table SE.7: Sampling errors: Buriram (continued)

				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.1947)	(0.0231)	(0.119)	(0.089)	(0.298)	36	27	(0.148)	(0.241)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2321	0.0235	0.101	0.723	0.850	241	234	0.185	0.279
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.0799	0.0100	0.125	0.784	0.886	579	579	0.060	0.100
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.1570	0.0173	0.110	1.300	1.140	574	573	0.122	0.192
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0809	0.0090	0.112	0.617	0.785	559	563	0.063	0.099
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1155	0.0122	0.106	0.819	0.905	559	563	0.091	0.140
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.3194	0.0271	0.085	5.748	2.398	1,705	1,704	0.265	0.374
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.8913	0.0235	0.026	2.048	1.431	355	359	0.844	0.938
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.1714	0.0162	0.094	0.658	0.811	355	359	0.139	0.204
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.3789	0.0320	0.084	1.559	1.249	355	359	0.315	0.443
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.1969	0.0220	0.112	1.807	1.344	591	591	0.153	0.241
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.7098	0.0273	0.038	2.136	1.461	591	591	0.655	0.764
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.2063	0.0313	0.151	3.519	1.876	591	591	0.144	0.269
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9481	0.0146	0.015	0.990	0.995	219	228	0.919	0.977
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9729	0.0228	0.023	2.052	1.432	65	105	0.927	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.7377	0.0384	0.052	1.128	1.062	219	149	0.661	0.815
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.5309	0.0472	0.089	1.325	1.151	219	149	0.436	0.625
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	591	591	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0361	0.0079	0.218	0.179	0.423	83	101	0.020	0.052
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.1399	0.0269	0.192	0.601	0.775	83	101	0.086	0.194
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.8979	0.0216	0.024	4.958	2.227	979	979	0.855	0.941
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9181	0.0196	0.021	2.128	1.459	417	417	0.879	0.957

Table SE.7: Sampling errors: Buriram (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design et	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for s	selected SDG	and MICS i	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9983	0.0010	0.001	1.086	1.042	4,924	1,744	0.996	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8381	0.0193	0.023	4.777	2.186	4,906	1,739	0.799	0.877
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	4,924	1,744	1.000	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9967	0.0019	0.002	1.837	1.355	4,924	1,744	0.993	1.000
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.8264	0.0220	0.027	5.854	2.420	4,924	1,744	0.782	0.870
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.8705	0.0109	0.013	1.852	1.361	4,924	1,744	0.849	0.892
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0939	0.0177	0.188	3.581	1.892	979	979	0.059	0.129
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1022	0.0207	0.203	1.952	1.397	417	417	0.061	0.144
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Table SE.8: Sampling errors: Sisaket											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value ( <i>r</i> )	Standard error	Coefficient of variation	Design effect	Square root of design	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden	Upper
	maicator			(se)	(se/r)	(deff)	effect ( <i>deft</i> )	count	Count	bound r - 2se	bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9989	0.0006	0.001	0.530	0.728	4,736	1,597	0.998	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.2041	0.0209	0.103	4.306	2.075	1,597	1,597	0.162	0.246
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9027	0.0092	0.010	1.548	1.244	1,597	1,597	0.884	0.921
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											ļ
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.7743	0.3157	0.178	na	na	na	na	1.143	2.406
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	28.6150	17.1365	0.599	na	na	na	na	0.000	62.888
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1199	0.0362	0.302	1.170	1.082	77	95	0.047	0.192
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7806	0.0191	0.024	1.435	1.198	613	678	0.743	0.819
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0404	0.0087	0.216	1.332	1.154	613	678	0.023	0.058
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.9488	0.0106	0.011	1.334	1.155	504	579	0.928	0.970
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9932	0.0068	0.007	0.876	0.936	70	130	0.980	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9394	0.0237	0.025	1.270	1.127	70	130	0.892	0.987
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9932	0.0068	0.007	0.876	0.936	70	130	0.980	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.5530	0.0295	0.053	0.769	0.877	223	219	0.494	0.612
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.5729	0.0319	0.056	0.350	0.591	100	85	0.509	0.637
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2078	0.0251	0.121	3.586	1.894	931	939	0.158	0.258
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.1582	0.0251	0.159	1.826	1.351	382	386	0.108	0.208
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											ļ
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9739	0.0165	0.017	1.406	1.186	135	133	0.941	1.000
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9373	0.0190	0.020	0.811	0.901	135	133	0.899	0.975
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9675	0.0145	0.015	0.886	0.941	135	133	0.938	0.997
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.5529	0.0237	0.043	3.627	1.905	4,736	1,597	0.505	0.600
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.2536	0.0392	0.155	1.047	1.023	70	130	0.175	0.332
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	_	(0.2022)	(0.0027)	(0.013)	(0.001)	(0.038)	49	34	(0.197)	(0.208)

Table SE.8: Sampling errors: Sisaket (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019												
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits	
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se	
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.2796)	(0.0037)	(0.013)	(0.002)	(0.048)	49	34	(0.272)	(0.287)	
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.1042	0.0236	0.227	1.336	1.156	244	224	0.057	0.151	
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.1059	0.0149	0.141	1.496	1.223	638	639	0.076	0.136	
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.1770	0.0181	0.102	1.404	1.185	629	627	0.141	0.213	
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.1159	0.0148	0.127	1.317	1.148	621	621	0.086	0.145	
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1090	0.0132	0.121	1.116	1.056	621	621	0.083	0.135	
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.8290	0.0238	0.029	6.379	2.526	1,593	1,592	0.781	0.877	
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9277	0.0166	0.018	1.749	1.322	411	429	0.895	0.961	
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.1428	0.0214	0.150	1.595	1.263	411	429	0.100	0.185	
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.4261	0.0221	0.052	0.852	0.923	411	429	0.382	0.470	
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.0892	0.0196	0.220	3.059	1.749	649	649	0.050	0.128	
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.9009	0.0111	0.012	0.894	0.946	649	649	0.879	0.923	
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.3726	0.0241	0.065	1.608	1.268	649	649	0.324	0.421	
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.8864	0.0297	0.034	2.350	1.533	264	269	0.827	0.946	
Learn												
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	82	115	1.000	1.000	
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.7404	0.0227	0.031	0.276	0.525	128	104	0.695	0.786	
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.5089	0.0258	0.051	0.275	0.524	128	104	0.457	0.561	
Protected from violence and exploitation												
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	649	649	1.000	1.000	
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620	
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0279	0.0072	0.258	0.180	0.424	77	95	0.013	0.042	
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.2321	0.0257	0.111	0.348	0.590	77	95	0.181	0.283	
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9573	0.0105	0.011	2.577	1.605	964	964	0.936	0.978	
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9691	0.0127	0.013	2.153	1.467	399	399	0.944	0.995	

Table SE.8: Sampling errors: Sisaket (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019											
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Ce limits Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	4,736	1,597	1.000	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9587	0.0068	0.007	1.842	1.357	4,736	1,597	0.945	0.972
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9987	0.0009	0.001	1.042	1.021	4,736	1,597	0.997	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9866	0.0044	0.004	2.316	1.522	4,736	1,597	0.978	0.995
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.8178	0.0294	0.036	9.256	3.042	4,736	1,597	0.759	0.877
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.9322	0.0085	0.009	1.834	1.354	4,736	1,597	0.915	0.949
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1258	0.0167	0.133	2.433	1.560	964	964	0.092	0.159
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1544	0.0260	0.168	2.061	1.436	399	399	0.102	0.206
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Table SE.9: Sampling errors: Yasothon											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Tha	iland MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	ce limits Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	5,074	1,764	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.5934	0.0167	0.028	2.045	1.430	1,764	1,764	0.560	0.627
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9292	0.0092	0.010	2.275	1.508	1,764	1,764	0.911	0.948
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.9195	0.3417	0.178	na	na	na	na	1.236	2.603
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	30.3570	15.1570	0.499	na	na	na	na	0.043	60.671
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1041	0.0087	0.084	0.085	0.292	86	106	0.087	0.121
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.8785	0.0208	0.024	3.241	1.800	740	802	0.837	0.920
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0394	0.0103	0.261	2.244	1.498	740	802	0.019	0.060
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.9362	0.0156	0.017	3.072	1.753	679	759	0.905	0.967
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9976	0.0024	0.002	0.372	0.610	67	153	0.993	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9391	0.0105	0.011	0.292	0.540	67	153	0.918	0.960
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9935	0.0048	0.005	0.536	0.732	67	153	0.984	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.5603	0.0436	0.078	1.724	1.313	225	224	0.473	0.648
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.6610	0.0352	0.053	0.591	0.769	106	108	0.591	0.731
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2831	0.0265	0.094	3.800	1.949	1,097	1,097	0.230	0.336
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2517	0.0282	0.112	2.058	1.434	487	490	0.195	0.308
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9592	0.0174	0.018	1.266	1.125	126	164	0.924	0.994
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9592	0.0174	0.018	1.266	1.125	126	164	0.924	0.994
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9748	0.0148	0.015	1.452	1.205	126	164	0.945	1.000
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.3267	0.0168	0.051	2.267	1.506	5,074	1,764	0.293	0.360
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.4467	0.0463	0.104	1.320	1.149	67	153	0.354	0.539
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.1709)	(0.0010)	(0.006)	(0.000)	(0.014)	50	26	(0.169)	(0.173)

Table SE.9: Sampling errors: Yasothon (continued)

				Standard	Coefficient	Dosiar	Carrage sast			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDC Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.3945)	(0.1049)	(0.266)	(1.152)	(1.073)	50	26	(0.185)	(0.604)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2236	0.0275	0.123	1.126	1.061	242	259	0.169	0.279
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.0883	0.0131	0.148	1.593	1.262	752	749	0.062	0.114
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.0856	0.0108	0.126	1.107	1.052	738	743	0.064	0.107
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0782	0.0110	0.141	1.226	1.107	729	728	0.056	0.100
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.0939	0.0093	0.099	0.734	0.857	729	728	0.075	0.112
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.6814	0.0189	0.028	2.905	1.704	1,764	1,764	0.644	0.719
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9849	0.0027	0.003	0.237	0.487	516	500	0.980	0.990
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.3235	0.0230	0.071	1.207	1.099	516	500	0.278	0.370
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.4980	0.0266	0.053	1.414	1.189	516	500	0.445	0.551
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.2807	0.0263	0.094	2.588	1.609	757	757	0.228	0.333
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8627	0.0154	0.018	1.505	1.227	757	757	0.832	0.893
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.3604	0.0229	0.063	1.715	1.310	757	757	0.315	0.406
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9578	0.0070	0.007	0.363	0.603	337	305	0.944	0.972
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9527	0.0045	0.005	0.056	0.236	75	126	0.944	0.962
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.6035	0.0398	0.066	0.886	0.941	172	135	0.524	0.683
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.3857	0.0379	0.098	0.812	0.901	172	135	0.310	0.461
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	757	757	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0796	0.0075	0.094	0.080	0.283	86	106	0.065	0.095
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.3103	0.0379	0.122	0.705	0.839	86	106	0.234	0.386
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9869	0.0056	0.006	2.703	1.644	1,103	1,103	0.976	0.998
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9948	0.0012	0.001	0.137	0.371	494	494	0.992	0.997

Table SE.9: Sampling errors: Yasothon (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019											
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	5,074	1,764	1.000	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9676	0.0053	0.005	1.582	1.258	5,072	1,763	0.957	0.978
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	5,074	1,764	1.000	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9984	0.0011	0.001	1.309	1.144	5,074	1,764	0.996	1.000
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.9889	0.0031	0.003	1.591	1.261	5,074	1,764	0.983	0.995
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.9408	0.0074	0.008	1.729	1.315	5,074	1,764	0.926	0.956
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0520	0.0124	0.238	3.433	1.853	1,103	1,103	0.027	0.077
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0388	0.0199	0.514	5.256	2.293	494	494	0.000	0.079
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases na: not applicable											

Table SE.10: Sampling errors: Kalasin	of docing of	facts (deft) = 1	onfida	tomusla fa	colocted CDC	and MCC	indicate The	land MICC 2	010		
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	or design er	rects ( <i>aejt</i> ), and c	confidence in	tervais for		and MICS	indicators, Thai	iand MICS, 2	019		
	MICS			Standard	Coefficient of	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root	Weighted	Unweighted	Confiden	
	Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error ( <i>se</i> )	variation		of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	count	count	Lower bound	Upper bound
				( /	(se/r)	(337				r - 2se	r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9993	0.0007	0.001	1.198	1.095	5,449	1,819	0.998	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.3782	0.0185	0.049	2.653	1.629	1,819	1,819	0.341	0.415
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9514	0.0074	0.008	2.148	1.466	1,819	1,819	0.937	0.966
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health								_,	_,		
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	_	_	1.7468	0.3285	0.188	na	na	na	na	1.090	2.404
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	23.5980	13.8932	0.589	na	na	na	na	0.000	51.384
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0506	0.0092	0.181	0.180	0.425	87	104	0.032	0.069
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.8324	0.0155	0.019	1.439	1.200	779	840	0.801	0.863
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0541	0.0090	0.167	1.342	1.159	779	840	0.036	0.072
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.9322	0.0105	0.011	1.338	1.157	691	765	0.911	0.953
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9975	0.0025	0.002	0.464	0.681	85	187	0.993	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9131	0.0210	0.023	1.031	1.015	85	187	0.871	0.955
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	85	187	1.000	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.7667	0.0253	0.033	0.836	0.915	256	234	0.716	0.817
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.7599	0.0287	0.038	0.461	0.679	108	103	0.702	0.817
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2785	0.0197	0.071	2.105	1.451	1,084	1,087	0.239	0.318
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2422	0.0277	0.114	2.120	1.456	509	509	0.187	0.298
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9369	0.0108	0.012	0.364	0.603	173	185	0.915	0.959
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.8952	0.0150	0.017	0.443	0.665	173	185	0.865	0.925
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9555	0.0034	0.004	0.049	0.222	173	185	0.949	0.962
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.5777	0.0250	0.043	4.649	2.156	5,449	1,819	0.528	0.628
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.2645	0.0447	0.169	1.911	1.382	85	187	0.175	0.35
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.2040)	(0.0185)	(0.090)	(0.059)	(0.242)	39	29	(0.167)	(0.241

Table SE.10: Sampling errors: Kalasin (continued)

					Coefficient						
	MICS	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard	of	Design effect	Square root of design	Weighted	Unweighted	Confiden Lower	Upper
	Indicator	SDG Malcator	value (r)	error ( <i>se</i> )	variation	(deff)	effect ( <i>deft</i> )	count	count	bound	bound
					(se/r)					r - 2se	r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.2910)	(0.0181)	(0.062)	(0.044)	(0.211)	39		(0.255)	(0.327)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2277	0.0193	0.085	0.597	0.772	282	282	0.189	0.266
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.0876	0.0107	0.122	1.067	1.033	745	744	0.066	0.109
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.1745	0.0162	0.093	1.336	1.156	735	731	0.142	0.207
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0929	0.0126	0.136	1.357	1.165	720	720	0.068	0.118
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1018	0.0103	0.101	0.839	0.916	720	720	0.081	0.123
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.3355	0.0213	0.064	3.661	1.913	1,795	1,795	0.293	0.378
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9338	0.0135	0.014	1.416	1.190	481	480	0.907	0.961
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.2365	0.0166	0.070	0.730	0.854	481	480	0.203	0.270
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.4465	0.0196	0.044	0.742	0.862	481	480	0.407	0.486
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.1719	0.0126	0.073	0.841	0.917	758	758	0.147	0.197
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.7662	0.0204	0.027	1.755	1.325	758	758	0.725	0.807
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.5237	0.0189	0.036	1.088	1.043	758	758	0.486	0.562
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9459	0.0119	0.013	0.837	0.915	315	302	0.922	0.970
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	74	115	1.000	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.5479	0.0489	0.089	1.562	1.250	194	163	0.450	0.646
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.5465	0.0490	0.090	1.570	1.253	194	163	0.448	0.645
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	758	758	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0207	0.0007	0.035	0.003	0.052	87	104	0.019	0.022
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.1776	0.0230	0.130	0.374	0.611	87	104	0.132	0.224
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.7176	0.0270	0.038	3.939	1.985	1,094	1,094	0.664	0.772
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9536	0.0162	0.017	3.036	1.742	513	513	0.921	0.986

Table SE.10: Sampling errors: Kalasin (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019											
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9991	0.0009	0.001	1.714	1.309	5,449	1,819	0.997	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8250	0.0135	0.016	2.285	1.512	5,441	1,816	0.798	0.852
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9993	0.0001	0.000	0.032	0.179	5,449	1,819	0.999	0.999
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9988	0.0003	0.000	0.146	0.382	5,449	1,819	0.998	0.999
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.9300	0.0143	0.015	5.729	2.394	5,449	1,819	0.901	0.959
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.9270	0.0088	0.009	2.065	1.437	5,449	1,819	0.909	0.944
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1295	0.0198	0.153	3.794	1.948	1,094	1,094	0.090	0.169
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1677	0.0269	0.160	2.657	1.630	513	513	0.114	0.222
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

na: not applicable

Table SE.11: Sampling errors: Nakhon Phanom											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence ir	ntervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	ndicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9997	0.0003	0.000	0.388	0.623	4,255	1,380	0.999	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.6318	0.0191	0.030	2.168	1.473	1,380	1,380	0.594	0.670
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9281	0.0099	0.011	2.038	1.428	1,380	1,380	0.908	0.948
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	2.6883	0.3662	0.136	na	na	na	na	1.956	3.421
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	60.0177	497.6589	8.292	na	na	na	na	15.401	104.634
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1387	0.0254	0.183	0.666	0.816	98	124	0.088	0.190
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7732	0.0200	0.026	1.739	1.319	723	767	0.733	0.813
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0792	0.0099	0.126	1.040	1.020	723	767	0.059	0.099
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8975	0.0129	0.014	1.215	1.102	616	668	0.872	0.923
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9649	0.0137	0.014	0.988	0.994	102	180	0.938	0.992
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.8745	0.0285	0.033	1.321	1.149	102	180	0.818	0.931
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9811	0.0085	0.009	0.690	0.831	102	180	0.964	0.998
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.5125	0.0433	0.085	1.900	1.378	248	254	0.426	0.599
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.4558	0.0312	0.069	0.488	0.698	143	125	0.393	0.518
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2747	0.0197	0.072	1.987	1.409	1,025	1,024	0.235	0.314
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2328	0.0257	0.110	1.605	1.267	433	435	0.181	0.284
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.8730	0.0346	0.040	1.458	1.208	121	136	0.804	0.942
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.8638	0.0347	0.040	1.383	1.176	121	136	0.794	0.933
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9102	0.0190	0.021	0.599	0.774	121	136	0.872	0.948
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.4014	0.0214	0.053	2.638	1.624	4,255	1,380	0.359	0.444
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.5784	0.0347	0.060	0.883	0.940	102	180	0.509	0.648
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	<u>-</u>	(0.1930)	(0.0055)	(0.029)	(0.008)	(0.091)	56	43	(0.182)	(0.204)

Table SE.11: Sampling errors: Nakhon Phanom (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019

	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect (deft)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound	ce limits Upper bound
					(se/r)		. , ,			r - 2se	r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.4292)	(0.0123)	(0.029)	(0.026)	(0.161)	56	43	(0.405)	(0.454)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2135	0.0245	0.115	0.916	0.957	262	257	0.164	0.262
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.1148	0.0108	0.094	0.737	0.858	639	638	0.093	0.136
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.1665	0.0137	0.082	0.855	0.924	635	633	0.139	0.194
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0855	0.0103	0.120	0.849	0.921	634	631	0.065	0.106
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.0521	0.0103	0.197	1.350	1.162	634	631	0.032	0.073
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.2599	0.0209	0.080	3.118	1.766	1,378	1,378	0.218	0.302
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.8293	0.0272	0.033	2.062	1.436	389	395	0.775	0.884
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.2178	0.0192	0.088	0.854	0.924	389	395	0.179	0.256
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.4372	0.0314	0.072	1.582	1.258	389	395	0.374	0.500
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.1913	0.0165	0.086	1.140	1.068	650	650	0.158	0.224
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8076	0.0185	0.023	1.427	1.195	650	650	0.771	0.845
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.4118	0.0237	0.057	1.502	1.225	650	650	0.364	0.459
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9047	0.0147	0.016	0.606	0.778	258	244	0.875	0.934
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9848	0.0107	0.011	0.851	0.923	67	113	0.964	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.5260	0.0623	0.119	1.465	1.210	128	95	0.401	0.651
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.5781	0.0540	0.093	1.123	1.060	128	95	0.470	0.686
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	650	650	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0079	0.0040	0.511	0.256	0.506	98	124	0.000	0.016
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.2758	0.0303	0.110	0.565	0.752	98	124	0.215	0.336
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.6608	0.0244	0.037	2.774	1.666	1,047	1,047	0.612	0.710
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.8978	0.0190	0.021	1.774	1.332	450	450	0.860	0.936

Table SE.11: Sampling errors: Nakhon Phanom (continued	)										
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square roo	t of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	itervals for	selected SDG	and MICS i	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9960	0.0023	0.002	1.853	1.361	4,255	1,380	0.991	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8081	0.0233	0.029	4.820	2.196	4,232	1,376	0.762	0.855
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9962	0.0007	0.001	0.202	0.450	4,255	1,380	0.995	0.998
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9816	0.0042	0.004	1.344	1.159	4,255	1,380	0.973	0.990
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.7623	0.0200	0.026	3.031	1.741	4,255	1,380	0.722	0.802
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.7534	0.0262	0.035	5.080	2.254	4,255	1,380	0.701	0.806
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0980	0.0134	0.137	2.129	1.459	1,047	1,047	0.071	0.125
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1042	0.0196	0.188	1.850	1.360	450	450	0.065	0.143

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

na: not applicable

Table SE.12: Sampling errors: Songkhla											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect (deff)	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	4,068	1,391	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.5744	0.0319	0.056	5.784	2.405	1,391	1,391	0.511	0.638
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9571	0.0067	0.007	1.541	1.241	1,391	1,391	0.944	0.971
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.5968	0.3061	0.192	na	na	na	na	0.985	2.209
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	12.2482	6.8089	0.556	na	na	na	na	0.000	25.866
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0464	0.0173	0.374	0.734	0.857	97	109	0.012	0.081
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7375	0.0251	0.034	2.244	1.498	603	691	0.687	0.788
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0934	0.0174	0.186	2.469	1.571	603	691	0.059	0.128
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8345	0.0227	0.027	2.239	1.496	501	602	0.789	0.880
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9582	0.0213	0.022	2.258	1.503	86	201	0.916	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9415	0.0214	0.023	1.669	1.292	86	201	0.899	0.984
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9966	0.0034	0.003	0.677	0.823	86	201	0.990	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.3918	0.0445	0.114	1.681	1.296	236	203	0.303	0.481
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.4973	0.0454	0.091	0.774	0.880	96	95	0.407	0.588
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.4724	0.0376	0.080	5.232	2.287	918	922	0.397	0.548
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2956	0.0485	0.164	4.442	2.108	391	394	0.199	0.393
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9448	0.0132	0.014	0.454	0.674	160	137	0.918	0.971
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.8865	0.0154	0.017	0.320	0.565	160	137	0.856	0.917
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9470	0.0155	0.016	0.654	0.808	160	137	0.916	0.978
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9868	0.0043	0.004	1.955	1.398	4,068	1,391	0.978	0.995
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.1693	0.0219	0.129	0.681	0.825	86	201	0.126	0.213
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.3673)	(0.0089)	(0.024)	(0.012)	(0.108)	43	35	(0.349)	(0.385)

Protected from violence and exploitation

Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)

Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)

Birth registration

Violent discipline

Safety (women)

Safety (men)

Table SE.12: Sampling errors: Songkhla (continued)

PR.1

PR.2

PR.4a

PR.4b

PR.14

PR.14

16.9.1

16.2.1

5.3.1

5.3.1

16.1.4

16.1.4

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019 Coefficient Confidence limits Standard Design Square root MICS Weighted Unweighted of Lower Upper SDG Indicator Value (r) error effect of design Indicator variation count count bound bound (se) (deff) effect (deft) (se/r)r - 2se r + 2se Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months TC.33 (0.4651)(0.0113)(0.024)(0.017)(0.132)43 35 (0.443)(0.488)TC.37 0.4190 0.0380 0.091 1.371 1.171 248 232 0.343 0.495 Age-appropriate breastfeeding 0.0110 0.081 Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.44a \_ 0.0585 0.188 1.169 1.081 505 531 0.036 Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.45a 2.2.1 0.1225 0.0148 0.121 1.037 1.018 488 511 0.093 0.152 2.2.2 0.0290 0.0052 0.179 0.482 0.694 0.039 Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.46a 484 507 0.019 Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.47a 2.2.2 0.0442 0.0071 0.161 0.608 0.780 484 507 0.030 0.058 TC.S4 0.0194 0.834 Minimum iodised salt consumption 0.7954 0.024 2.949 1.717 1,254 1,280 0.757 Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member TC.49a 0.9321 0.0131 0.014 0.981 0.990 345 362 0.906 0.958 Early stimulation and responsive care by father TC.49b 0.3464 0.0259 0.075 1.068 1.033 345 362 0.295 0.398 Early stimulation and responsive care by mother TC.49c 0.7343 0.0209 0.028 0.807 0.898 0.776 345 362 0.692 Availability of children's books TC.50 0.2652 0.0208 0.078 1.311 1.145 591 591 0.224 0.307 0.0138 0.851 Availability of playthings TC.51 0.8237 0.017 0.769 0.877 591 591 0.796 Availability of electronic device as playthings TC.S7 -0.4615 0.0215 0.047 1.096 1.047 591 591 0.419 0.505 4.2.1 0.0161 Early child development index TC.53 0.9424 0.017 1.084 1.041 235 228 0.910 0.975 Learn Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted) LN.2 4.2.2 0.9960 0.0040 0.004 0.433 0.658 108 0.988 1.000 81 Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, 0.0297 LN.22c 4.1.1 0.4806 0.062 0.236 0.486 82 68 0.421 0.540 attending grade 2/3) Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, LN.22f 4.1.1 0.4621 0.0310 0.067 0.259 0.509 82 68 0.400 0.524 attending grade 2/3)

0.9671

0.6057

0.0112

0.1849

0.7206

0.9102

0.0085

0.0069

0.0006

0.0216

0.0268

0.0204

0.009

0.011

0.057

0.117

0.037

0.022

1.345

3.358

0.004

0.334

3.340

2.037

1.160

1.833

0.063

0.578

1.828

1.427

591

97

97

937

402

19,695

591

109

109

937

402

16,677

0.950

0.592

0.010

0.142

0.667

0.869

0.984

0.620

0.013

0.228

0.774

0.951

Table SE.12: Sampling errors: Songkhla (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square roc	t of design et	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9945	0.0034	0.003	2.863	1.692	4,068	1,391	0.988	1.000
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8694	0.0175	0.020	3.456	1.859	3,780	1,284	0.834	0.904
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9939	0.0025	0.003	1.431	1.196	4,068	1,391	0.989	0.999
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9724	0.0063	0.007	2.080	1.442	4,068	1,391	0.960	0.985
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.4303	0.0361	0.084	7.407	2.722	4,068	1,391	0.358	0.503
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.7954	0.0168	0.021	2.408	1.552	4,068	1,391	0.762	0.829
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1459	0.0274	0.188	5.620	2.371	937	937	0.091	0.201
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1627	0.0383	0.235	4.321	2.079	402	402	0.086	0.239
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases na: not applicable											

Table SE.13: Sampling errors: Satun											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value ( <i>r</i> )	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confider Lower bound	Upper bound
					(50)1)					r - 2se	r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	2,869	831	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.5714	0.0330	0.058	3.701	1.924	831	831	0.505	0.638
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9422	0.0088	0.009	1.193	1.092	831	831	0.924	0.960
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	2.3747	0.3883	0.164	na	na	na	na	1.598	3.151
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	23.1316	11.4291	0.494	na	na	na	na	0.273	45.990
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.1066	0.0277	0.259	0.635	0.797	67	80	0.051	0.162
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7341	0.0249	0.034	1.719	1.311	505	541	0.684	0.784
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.0854	0.0157	0.184	1.704	1.305	505	541	0.054	0.117
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8009	0.0246	0.031	1.741	1.319	413	459	0.752	0.850
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9770	0.0071	0.007	0.321	0.567	95	146	0.963	0.991
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9770	0.0071	0.007	0.321	0.567	95	146	0.963	0.991
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	95	146	1.000	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.4218	0.0482	0.114	1.479	1.216	155	156	0.325	0.518
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.4176	0.0402	0.096	0.651	0.807	109	99	0.337	0.498
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.2713	0.0242	0.089	2.073	1.440	700	700	0.223	0.320
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2350	0.0265	0.113	1.297	1.139	332	333	0.182	0.288
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.9389	0.0177	0.019	0.497	0.705	92	92	0.903	0.974
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.9204	0.0188	0.020	0.437	0.661	92	92	0.883	0.958
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.8992	0.0308	0.034	0.952	0.976	92	92	0.838	0.961
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9824	0.0048	0.005	1.101	1.049	2,869	831	0.973	0.992
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.4322	0.0504	0.117	1.499	1.224	95	146	0.332	0.533
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.5026)	(0.0594)	(0.118)	(0.466)	(0.682)	36	34	(0.384)	(0.621)

Table SE.13: Sampling errors: Satun (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	ce limits Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.5921)	(0.0735)	(0.124)	(0.738)	(0.859)	36	34	(0.445)	(0.739)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.4289	0.0428	0.100	1.204	1.097	169	162	0.343	0.514
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.0786	0.0146	0.185	1.186	1.089	407	406	0.049	0.108
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.1579	0.0193	0.122	1.115	1.056	396	398	0.119	0.197
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0802	0.0137	0.170	0.992	0.996	393	393	0.053	0.108
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1236	0.0127	0.103	0.586	0.766	393	393	0.098	0.149
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.9691	0.0132	0.014	4.796	2.190	825	827	0.943	0.995
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.7930	0.0392	0.049	2.382	1.543	249	256	0.715	0.871
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.3095	0.0456	0.147	2.477	1.574	249	256	0.218	0.401
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.6362	0.0443	0.070	2.161	1.470	249	256	0.548	0.725
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.2182	0.0244	0.112	1.456	1.207	418	418	0.169	0.267
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.7587	0.0269	0.035	1.647	1.283	418	418	0.705	0.812
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.5486	0.0345	0.063	2.005	1.416	418	418	0.480	0.618
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.8640	0.0287	0.033	1.089	1.044	148	156	0.807	0.921
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9962	0.0038	0.004	0.294	0.542	62	78	0.989	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.6500	0.0586	0.090	1.283	1.133	107	86	0.533	0.767
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.5215	0.0434	0.083	0.643	0.802	107	86	0.435	0.608
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	418	418	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0342	0.0147	0.429	0.515	0.717	67	80	0.005	0.063
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.2808	0.0472	0.168	0.872	0.934	67	80	0.186	0.375
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.7124	0.0311	0.044	3.314	1.821	705	705	0.650	0.774
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9071	0.0203	0.022	1.644	1.282	337	337	0.867	0.948

Table SE.13: Sampling errors: Satun (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square ro	oot of design ef	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confider Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9745	0.0071	0.007	1.682	1.297	2,869	831	0.960	0.989
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.7727	0.0313	0.041	4.592	2.143	2,846	822	0.710	0.835
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9937	0.0030	0.003	1.197	1.094	2,869	831	0.988	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9619	0.0068	0.007	1.055	1.027	2,869	831	0.948	0.976
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.2393	0.0222	0.093	2.239	1.496	2,869	831	0.195	0.284
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.9096	0.0138	0.015	1.914	1.383	2,869	831	0.882	0.937
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.2405	0.0317	0.132	3.873	1.968	705	705	0.177	0.304
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.2458	0.0419	0.171	3.188	1.785	337	337	0.162	0.330
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

na: not applicable

Table SE.14: Sampling errors: Phatthalung											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Tha	iland MICS, 2	019		
					Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	nce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect (deff)	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	4,190	1,506	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.4493	0.0276	0.061	4.625	2.151	1,506	1,506	0.394	0.504
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9240	0.0088	0.010	1.664	1.290	1,506	1,506	0.906	0.942
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	2.2057	0.3930	0.178	na	na	na	na	1.420	2.992
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	15.4857	10.2502	0.662	na	na	na	na	0.000	35.986
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0907	0.0118	0.130	0.160	0.400	69	96	0.067	0.114
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.7398	0.0226	0.031	1.958	1.399	694	741	0.695	0.785
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.1051	0.0153	0.145	1.834	1.354	694	741	0.075	0.136
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.8042	0.0220	0.027	1.970	1.403	586	643	0.760	0.848
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9842	0.0032	0.003	0.107	0.327	89	166	0.978	0.991
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.8931	0.0120	0.013	0.247	0.497	89	166	0.869	0.917
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9891	0.0031	0.003	0.149	0.386	89	166	0.983	0.995
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.4066	0.0426	0.105	1.642	1.282	196	219	0.321	0.492
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.3802	0.0680	0.179	1.808	1.344	92	93	0.244	0.516
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.3215	0.0217	0.068	2.189	1.479	1,006	1,011	0.278	0.365
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.2846	0.0272	0.096	1.611	1.269	442	443	0.230	0.339
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.8137	0.0286	0.035	0.567	0.753	94	106	0.757	0.871
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.7984	0.0289	0.036	0.545	0.738	94	106	0.741	0.856
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9283	0.0348	0.038	1.912	1.383	94	106	0.859	0.998
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9771	0.0063	0.006	2.652	1.629	4,190	1,506	0.965	0.990
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.3436	0.0373	0.109	1.017	1.008	89	166	0.269	0.418
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	42	24	(*)	(*)

Safety (women)

Safety (men)

PR.14

PR.14

16.1.4

16.1.4

0.8465

0.9470

0.0186

0.0152

0.022

0.016

2.749

2.136

1.658

1.462

1,038

465

1,038

465

0.809

0.917

0.884

0.977

Table SE.14: Sampling errors: Phatthalung (continued) Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019 Coefficient Confidence limits Design Square root MICS Standard of Weighted Unweighted Lower Upper SDG Indicator Value (r) effect of design Indicator error (se) variation count count bound bound (deff) effect (deft) (se/r)r - 2se r + 2se Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months TC.33 (\*) (\*) (\*) 42 24 (\*) (\*) (\*) (\*) TC.37 0.3234 0.0302 0.093 0.782 0.884 195 0.263 0.384 Age-appropriate breastfeeding 189 0.0076 0.063 Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.44a 0.0481 0.159 0.687 0.829 537 540 0.033 Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.45a 2.2.1 0.1356 0.0163 0.120 1.218 1.104 546 541 0.103 0.168 2.2.2 0.0654 0.0111 1.069 0.088 Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.46a 0.170 1.034 531 531 0.043 Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe) TC.47a 2.2.2 0.1018 0.0129 0.127 0.969 0.984 531 531 0.076 0.128 TC.S4 0.0111 0.940 Minimum iodised salt consumption 0.9175 0.012 2.418 1.555 1,490 1,491 0.895 Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member TC.49a 0.9227 0.0122 0.013 0.760 0.872 360 367 0.898 0.947 Early stimulation and responsive care by father TC.49b 0.3224 0.0396 0.123 2.623 1.620 360 367 0.243 0.402 Early stimulation and responsive care by mother TC.49c 0.6772 0.0288 0.042 1.385 1.177 0.620 0.735 360 367 Availability of children's books TC.50 0.2840 0.0264 0.093 1.893 1.376 555 555 0.231 0.337 0.0227 0.904 Availability of playthings TC.51 0.8586 0.026 2.351 1.533 555 555 0.813 Availability of electronic device as playthings TC.S7 -0.5178 0.0301 0.058 2.007 1.417 555 555 0.458 0.578 4.2.1 Early child development index TC.53 0.9773 0.0119 0.012 1.531 1.237 244 240 0.953 1.000 Learn Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted) LN.2 4.2.2 1.0000 0.0000 0.000 52 82 1.000 1.000 na na Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, 0.504 LN.22c 4.1.1 0.4115 0.0464 0.113 1.003 1.002 165 114 0.319 attending grade 2/3) Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, LN.22f 4.1.1 0.5335 0.0475 0.089 1.026 1.013 165 114 0.438 0.629 attending grade 2/3) Protected from violence and exploitation Birth registration PR.1 16.9.1 1.0000 0.0000 0.000 1.000 1.000 na na 555 555 Violent discipline PR.2 16.2.1 0.6057 0.0069 0.011 3.358 1.833 19,695 16,677 0.592 0.620 5.3.1 0.0065 0.030 Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24) PR.4a 0.0173 0.374 0.234 0.484 69 96 0.004 Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24) 5.3.1 0.2055 0.0170 0.083 0.168 0.410 0.172 0.239 PR.4b 69 96

na: not applicable

Table SE.14: Sampling errors: Phatthalung (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design et	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for s	selected SDG	and MICS i	ndicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9900	0.0047	0.005	3.284	1.812	4,190	1,506	0.981	0.999
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.7767	0.0174	0.022	2.635	1.623	4,185	1,505	0.742	0.812
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9966	0.0020	0.002	1.817	1.348	4,190	1,506	0.993	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9869	0.0039	0.004	1.753	1.324	4,190	1,506	0.979	0.995
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.2358	0.0186	0.079	2.893	1.701	4,190	1,506	0.199	0.273
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.8670	0.0139	0.016	2.534	1.592	4,190	1,506	0.839	0.895
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1197	0.0186	0.155	3.398	1.843	1,038	1,038	0.083	0.157
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.1354	0.0238	0.176	2.253	1.501	465	465	0.088	0.183
(*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases											

Table SE.15: Sampling errors: Pattani											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	confidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 20	019		
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	nce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect (deft)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	2,952	773	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.5597	0.0385	0.069	4.651	2.157	773	773	0.483	0.637
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9250	0.0102	0.011	1.152	1.073	773	773	0.905	0.945
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	1.9866	0.3453	0.174	na	na	na	na	1.296	2.677
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	40.3277	17.2218	0.427	na	na	na	na	5.884	74.771
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0582	0.0190	0.326	0.709	0.842	104	109	0.020	0.096
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.3628	0.0329	0.091	2.277	1.509	452	487	0.297	0.429
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.2650	0.0301	0.114	2.267	1.506	452	487	0.205	0.325
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.4593	0.0426	0.093	2.340	1.530	284	321	0.374	0.545
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9678	0.0164	0.017	0.985	0.993	85	115	0.935	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.9178	0.0260	0.028	1.018	1.009	85	115	0.866	0.970
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9724	0.0139	0.014	0.818	0.904	85	115	0.945	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.2707	0.0269	0.100	0.941	0.970	269	257	0.217	0.325
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.2142	0.0362	0.169	0.685	0.827	96	89	0.142	0.287
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.6274	0.0300	0.048	2.623	1.619	681	684	0.567	0.687
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.5778	0.0384	0.066	1.496	1.223	247	249	0.501	0.655
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.6957	0.0554	0.080	0.957	0.978	70	67	0.585	0.807
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.6632	0.0522	0.079	0.807	0.898	70	67	0.559	0.768
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.7821	0.0559	0.071	1.210	1.100	70	67	0.670	0.894
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9696	0.0079	0.008	1.641	1.281	2,952	773	0.954	0.985
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.4408	0.0724	0.164	2.425	1.557	85	115	0.296	0.586
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.3468)	(0.1126)	(0.325)	(1.568)	(1.252)	30	29	(0.122)	(0.572)

Table SE.15: Sampling errors: Pattani (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ice limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect (deft)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.6310)	(0.1049)	(0.166)	(1.324)	(1.151)	30	29	(0.421)	(0.841)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.4006	0.0623	0.156	2.005	1.416	129	125	0.276	0.525
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.2257	0.0271	0.120	1.321	1.150	314	316	0.172	0.280
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.2315	0.0250	0.108	1.053	1.026	301	300	0.181	0.282
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.1042	0.0236	0.226	1.757	1.326	299	296	0.057	0.151
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.0247	0.0088	0.357	0.955	0.977	299	296	0.007	0.042
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.4204	0.0298	0.071	2.805	1.675	768	770	0.361	0.480
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9139	0.0219	0.024	1.369	1.170	223	226	0.870	0.958
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.4192	0.0553	0.132	2.831	1.682	223	226	0.308	0.530
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.7475	0.0357	0.048	1.518	1.232	223	226	0.676	0.819
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.1391	0.0189	0.136	1.042	1.021	350	350	0.101	0.177
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.8412	0.0230	0.027	1.386	1.177	350	350	0.795	0.887
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.4637	0.0390	0.084	2.136	1.462	350	350	0.386	0.542
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9375	0.0112	0.012	0.328	0.572	151	155	0.915	0.960
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9785	0.0166	0.017	1.129	1.063	68	87	0.945	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.1831	0.0333	0.182	0.639	0.799	128	87	0.116	0.250
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.1105	0.0263	0.239	0.608	0.779	128	87	0.058	0.163
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	350	350	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0216	0.0086	0.396	0.375	0.612	104	109	0.004	0.039
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.1143	0.0278	0.244	0.826	0.909	104	109	0.059	0.170
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.6733	0.0320	0.048	3.709	1.926	798	798	0.609	0.737
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9139	0.0192	0.021	1.344	1.159	288	288	0.876	0.952

na: not applicable

Table SE.15: Sampling errors: Pattani (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square ro	ot of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS			Standard	Coefficient of	Design	Square root	Weighted	Unweighted	Confiden	
	Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	variation (se/r)	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	count	count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9789	0.0073	0.007	2.007	1.417	2,952	773	0.964	0.994
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.7769	0.0294	0.038	3.810	1.952	2,928	766	0.718	0.836
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9738	0.0107	0.011	3.453	1.858	2,952	773	0.952	0.995
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9215	0.0128	0.014	1.753	1.324	2,952	773	0.896	0.947
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.2095	0.0361	0.172	6.067	2.463	2,952	773	0.137	0.282
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.8690	0.0208	0.024	2.931	1.712	2,952	773	0.827	0.911
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0928	0.0143	0.154	1.930	1.389	798	798	0.064	0.121
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.0928	0.0156	0.168	0.828	0.910	288	288	0.062	0.124
( ) Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases											

Table SE.16: Sampling errors: Yala											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	iland MICS, 2	019		
	MICS			Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root	Weighted	Unweighted		nce limits
	Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	variation (se/r)	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	count	count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	2,315	787	1.000	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.3683	0.0548	0.149	10.134	3.183	787	787	0.259	0.478
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.9366	0.0138	0.015	2.536	1.592	787	787	0.909	0.964
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	0.8551	0.2148	0.251	na	na	na	na	0.426	1.285
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	3.6462	2.7418	0.752	na	na	na	na	0.000	9.130
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0186	0.0136	0.731	0.912	0.955	123	91	0.000	0.046
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.2600	0.0420	0.161	3.774	1.943	336	413	0.176	0.344
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.1265	0.0211	0.167	1.665	1.291	336	413	0.084	0.169
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.6595	0.0561	0.085	2.976	1.725	130	213	0.547	0.772
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	39	86	1.000	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.8659	0.0492	0.057	1.773	1.331	39	86	0.767	0.964
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	39	86	1.000	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.4005	0.0901	0.225	5.711	2.390	216	170	0.220	0.581
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.2607	0.0774	0.297	2.146	1.465	86	70	0.106	0.416
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.5912	0.0669	0.113	11.840	3.441	642	641	0.457	0.725
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.5988	0.0733	0.122	6.142	2.478	273	276	0.452	0.745
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.8604	0.0837	0.097	3.496	1.870	61	61	0.693	1.000
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.8604	0.0837	0.097	3.496	1.870	61	61	0.693	1.000
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.9922	0.0080	0.008	0.505	0.710	61	61	0.976	1.000
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9934	0.0024	0.002	0.703	0.839	2,315	787	0.989	0.998
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.3026	0.0748	0.247	2.253	1.501	39	86	0.153	0.452
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	9	(*)	(*)

Table SE.16: Sampling errors: Yala (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (*deff*), square root of design effects (*deft*), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019

Standard

Coefficient

Design
Square root

	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confiden Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	9	(*)	(*)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.5751	0.0493	0.086	0.956	0.978	97	97	0.476	0.674
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.1341	0.0380	0.284	3.640	1.908	291	293	0.058	0.210
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.2331	0.0613	0.263	6.011	2.452	287	287	0.111	0.356
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.0706	0.0227	0.321	2.119	1.456	262	271	0.025	0.116
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.1156	0.0327	0.283	2.833	1.683	262	271	0.050	0.181
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.9015	0.0242	0.027	5.184	2.277	786	786	0.853	0.950
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9962	0.0038	0.004	0.773	0.879	204	204	0.989	1.000
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.6293	0.0628	0.100	3.427	1.851	204	204	0.504	0.755
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.9165	0.0244	0.027	1.577	1.256	204	204	0.868	0.965
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.2331	0.0489	0.210	3.991	1.998	300	300	0.135	0.331
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.9498	0.0216	0.023	2.917	1.708	300	300	0.907	0.993
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.4342	0.0810	0.187	7.983	2.825	300	300	0.272	0.596
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.9701	0.0149	0.015	1.075	1.037	144	142	0.940	1.000
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	31	53	1.000	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.3012	0.0813	0.270	1.851	1.361	94	60	0.139	0.464
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.3200	0.0840	0.263	1.915	1.384	94	60	0.152	0.488
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	300	300	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	123	91	0.000	0.000
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.0386	0.0169	0.438	0.692	0.832	123	91	0.005	0.072
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.5732	0.0670	0.117	11.822	3.438	646	646	0.439	0.707
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.8262	0.0446	0.054	3.901	1.975	282	282	0.737	0.916

na: not applicable

Table SE.16: Sampling errors: Yala (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design et	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and c	onfidence in	tervals for s	selected SDG	and MICS i	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.9903	0.0024	0.002	0.486	0.697	2,315	787	0.985	0.995
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8621	0.0228	0.026	3.426	1.851	2,315	787	0.817	0.908
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	2,315	787	1.000	1.000
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9944	0.0039	0.004	2.141	1.463	2,315	787	0.987	1.000
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.2145	0.0454	0.212	9.605	3.099	2,315	787	0.124	0.305
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.4635	0.0313	0.067	3.092	1.758	2,315	787	0.401	0.526
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.2538	0.0577	0.227	11.322	3.365	646	646	0.138	0.369
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.2065	0.0463	0.224	3.678	1.918	282	282	0.114	0.299
(*) Figures that are based on less than 25 unweighted cases											

Table SE.17: Sampling errors: Narathiwat											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root	of design ef	fects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation (se/r)	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Sample coverage and characteristics of the respondents											
Access to electricity	SR.1	7.1.1	0.9995	0.0005	0.000	0.352	0.593	2,799	761	0.999	1.000
Access to the internet at home	SR.8	-	0.2465	0.0366	0.149	5.494	2.344	761	761	0.173	0.320
Ownership of mobile phone	-	-	0.8946	0.0131	0.015	1.385	1.177	761	761	0.868	0.921
Thrive - Reproductive and maternal health											
Total fertility rate (number of live births)	-	-	2.4923	0.2456	0.099	na	na	na	na	2.001	2.984
Adolescent birth rate (per 1,000 adolescent women)	TM.1	3.7.2	25.2879	13.8796	0.549	na	na	na	na	0.000	53.047
Early childbearing	TM.2	-	0.0797	0.0199	0.250	0.572	0.757	98	107	0.040	0.120
Contraceptive prevalence rate	TM.3	-	0.2649	0.0277	0.105	1.940	1.393	470	493	0.209	0.320
Unmet need for family planning	-	-	0.1535	0.0226	0.147	1.932	1.390	470	493	0.108	0.199
Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	TM.4	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	0.6177	0.0369	0.060	1.379	1.174	196	240	0.544	0.692
Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)	TM.5a	-	0.9770	0.0153	0.016	1.436	1.199	104	138	0.946	1.000
Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)	TM.5b	-	0.6695	0.0542	0.081	1.818	1.348	104	138	0.561	0.778
Skilled attendant at delivery	TM.9	3.1.2	0.9846	0.0095	0.010	0.806	0.898	104	138	0.966	1.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Women)	TM.29	-	0.3076	0.0324	0.105	0.950	0.975	194	194	0.243	0.372
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people (Men)	TM.29	-	0.3592	0.0412	0.115	0.707	0.841	99	97	0.277	0.442
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Women)	TM.31	-	0.8430	0.0248	0.029	3.145	1.773	683	680	0.793	0.892
Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV (Men)	TM.31	-	0.8145	0.0316	0.039	2.050	1.432	312	311	0.751	0.878
Thrive - Child health, nutrition and development											
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	0.6276	0.0534	0.085	0.963	0.981	73	80	0.521	0.734
Polio immunization coverage	TC.S1	3.b.1	0.6276	0.0534	0.085	0.963	0.981	73	80	0.521	0.734
Measles immunization coverage	TC.10	3.b.1	0.7795	0.0580	0.074	1.547	1.244	73	80	0.663	0.896
Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting	TC.18	-	0.9863	0.0044	0.004	1.099	1.048	2,799	761	0.977	0.995
Early initiation of breastfeeding	TC.31	-	0.8092	0.0377	0.047	1.261	1.123	104	138	0.734	0.885
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.32	-	(0.0167)	(0.0006)	(0.035)	(0.001)	(0.026)	41	34	(0.016)	(0.018)

Table SE.17: Sampling errors: Narathiwat (continued)

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft), and confidence intervals for selected SDG and MICS indicators, Thailand MICS, 2019

				Standard	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confiden	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	of variation ( <i>se/r</i> )	effect ( <i>deff</i> )	of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	TC.33	-	(0.5359)	(0.0322)	(0.060)	(0.137)	(0.371)	41	34	(0.472)	(0.600)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	TC.37	-	0.2472	0.0412	0.167	1.302	1.141	146	144	0.165	0.330
Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.44a	-	0.2066	0.0242	0.117	1.009	1.004	283	283	0.158	0.255
Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.45a	2.2.1	0.2388	0.0253	0.106	0.979	0.989	277	279	0.188	0.289
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.46a	2.2.2	0.1561	0.0243	0.155	1.207	1.099	267	271	0.108	0.205
Overweight prevalence (moderate and severe)	TC.47a	2.2.2	0.0596	0.0171	0.288	1.416	1.190	267	271	0.025	0.094
Minimum iodised salt consumption	TC.S4	-	0.8569	0.0146	0.017	1.318	1.148	759	760	0.828	0.886
Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member	TC.49a	-	0.9284	0.0203	0.022	1.294	1.137	208	210	0.888	0.969
Early stimulation and responsive care by father	TC.49b	-	0.3657	0.0457	0.125	1.881	1.371	208	210	0.274	0.457
Early stimulation and responsive care by mother	TC.49c	-	0.8040	0.0346	0.043	1.585	1.259	208	210	0.735	0.873
Availability of children's books	TC.50	-	0.0333	0.0111	0.334	1.354	1.164	354	354	0.011	0.056
Availability of playthings	TC.51	-	0.7281	0.0376	0.052	2.519	1.587	354	354	0.653	0.803
Availability of electronic device as playthings	TC.S7	-	0.1557	0.0320	0.206	2.753	1.659	354	354	0.092	0.220
Early child development index	TC.53	4.2.1	0.8611	0.0367	0.043	1.681	1.297	152	150	0.788	0.935
Learn											
Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	LN.2	4.2.2	0.9699	0.0208	0.021	0.992	0.996	56	68	0.928	1.000
Children with foundational reading and number skills (reading, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22c	4.1.1	0.3375	0.0638	0.189	1.164	1.079	117	65	0.210	0.465
Children with foundational reading and number skills (numeracy, attending grade 2/3)	LN.22f	4.1.1	0.5047	0.0633	0.125	1.025	1.012	117	65	0.378	0.631
Protected from violence and exploitation											
Birth registration	PR.1	16.9.1	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	354	354	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	PR.2	16.2.1	0.6057	0.0069	0.011	3.358	1.833	19,695	16,677	0.592	0.620
Child marriage (before age 15, women age 20-24)	PR.4a	5.3.1	0.0368	0.0150	0.407	0.671	0.819	98	107	0.007	0.067
Child marriage (before age 18, women age 20-24)	PR.4b	5.3.1	0.1192	0.0193	0.162	0.377	0.614	98	107	0.081	0.158
Safety (women)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9475	0.0202	0.021	5.638	2.374	686	686	0.907	0.988
Safety (men)	PR.14	16.1.4	0.9818	0.0100	0.010	1.746	1.321	314	314	0.962	1.000

Table SE.17: Sampling errors: Narathiwat (continued)											
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square r	oot of design e	ffects ( <i>deft</i> ), and o	onfidence in	tervals for	selected SDG	and MICS	indicators, Thai	land MICS, 2	019		
	MICS Indicator	SDG Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect ( <i>deff</i> )	Square root of design effect ( <i>deft</i> )	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confident Lower bound r - 2se	Upper bound r + 2se
Live in a safe and clean environment											
Use of basic drinking water services	WS.2	1.4.1	0.7735	0.0249	0.032	2.688	1.640	2,799	761	0.724	0.823
Handwashing facility with water and soap	WS.7	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.8341	0.0262	0.031	3.750	1.937	2,778	756	0.782	0.887
Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS.8	3.8.1	0.9573	0.0083	0.009	1.272	1.128	2,799	761	0.941	0.974
Use of basic sanitation services	WS.9	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	0.9526	0.0087	0.009	1.284	1.133	2,799	761	0.935	0.970
Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS.11	6.2.1	0.0259	0.0102	0.394	3.136	1.771	2,799	761	0.006	0.046
Equitable chance in life											
Population covered by social transfers	EQ.3	1.3.1	0.9120	0.0170	0.019	2.748	1.658	2,799	761	0.878	0.946
Discrimination (women)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.4819	0.0543	0.113	8.092	2.845	686	686	0.373	0.591
Discrimination (men)	EQ.7	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	0.5027	0.0633	0.126	5.023	2.241	314	314	0.376	0.629

<sup>( )</sup> Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

na: not applicable

# APPENDIX D DATA QUALITY

ercent distribution of ho	usehold population	on by complete	ness of date of b	oirth informatio	n, Thailand MICS	5, 2019	
		•	reporting of dat	e of birth and a	age		
	Year and month of birth	Year of birth and age	Year of birth only	Age only	DK/Missing / Other	Total	Number of household members
elected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	84.1	15.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,008
Sa Kaeo	91.2	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4,485
Ratchaburi	88.4	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,179
Kanchanaburi	84.8	13.9	0.0	1.0	0.3	100.0	4,416
North							
Mae Hong Son	77.2	22.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,029
Tak	82.5	17.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,252
Northeast							
Buriram	90.0	9.7	0.0	0.3	0.0	100.0	4,924
Sisaket	91.5	8.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	4,736
Yasothon	97.2	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,074
Kalasin	89.8	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5,449
Nakhon Phanom	94.9	4.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	4,255
South							
Songkhla	85.8	12.3	0.0	1.5	0.3	100.0	4,068
Satun	90.8	7.5	0.0	1.6	0.0	100.0	2,869
Phatthalung	89.8	10.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	4,190
Pattani	91.2	8.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	2,952
Yala	90.9	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2,315
Narathiwat	90.2	9.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	2,799

# Table DQ.1.2W: Birth date and age reporting (women)

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years by completeness of date of birth/age information, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Completeness of	reporting of date	of birth and a	ge		
	Year and month of birth	Year of birth and age	Year of birth only	Age only	DK/Missing/ Other	Total	Number of women
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	99.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,261
Sa Kaeo	99.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,075
Ratchaburi	99.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,393
Kanchanaburi	95.8	4.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	1,088
North							
Mae Hong Son	87.1	12.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	524
Tak	85.6	14.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	569
Northeast							
Buriram	94.6	4.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	100.0	979
Sisaket	99.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	964
Yasothon	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,103
Kalasin	99.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,094
Nakhon Phanom	98.8	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,047
South							
Songkhla	99.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	937
Satun	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	705
Phatthalung	99.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,038
Pattani	98.6	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	798
Yala	99.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	646
Narathiwat	97.9	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	686

# Table DQ.1.2M: Birth date and age reporting (men)

Percent distribution of men age 15-49 years by completeness of date of birth/age information, Thailand MICS, 2019

		Completeness of	reporting of date	of birth and a	ige		
	Year and month of birth	Year of birth and age	Year of birth only	Age only	DK/Missing/ Other	Total	Number of men
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	99.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	525
Sa Kaeo	98.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	425
Ratchaburi	97.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	635
Kanchanaburi	95.5	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0	535
North							
Mae Hong Son	86.4	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	263
Tak	86.9	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	253
Northeast							
Buriram	97.2	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	417
Sisaket	99.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	399
Yasothon	99.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	494
Kalasin	98.8	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	513
Nakhon Phanom	99.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	450
South							
Songkhla	97.6	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	402
Satun	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	337
Phatthalung	99.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	465
Pattani	99.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	288
Yala	99.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	282
Narathiwat	95.7	3.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	314

Table DQ.1.3: Birth date reporting (live births)

Percent distribution of first and most recent live births to women age 15-49 years by completeness of date of birth (unimputed), Thailand MICS, 2019

					Completen	ess of reporting o	f date of birth				
		Date of fir	st live birth				Date	of last live bir	th		
	Year and month of birth	Year of birth only	Completed years since first birth only	DK/Missing/ Other	Total	Number of first live births	Year and month of birth	Year of birth only	DK/Missing/ Other	Total	Number of most recent live births
Selected Provinces											
Central											
Chai Nat	98.2	1.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	804	97.9	2.1	0.0	100.0	463
Sa Kaeo	97.7	2.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	781	98.5	1.5	0.0	100.0	582
Ratchaburi	97.7	2.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	857	98.3	1.7	0.0	100.0	507
Kanchanaburi	94.7	5.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	723	99.5	0.5	0.0	100.0	423
North											
Mae Hong Son	94.6	5.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	399	98.1	1.9	0.0	100.0	259
Tak	95.7	4.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	365	95.1	4.9	0.0	100.0	230
Northeast											
Buriram	97.3	2.5	0.3	0.0	100.0	657	96.9	3.1	0.0	100.0	422
Sisaket	99.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	650	99.5	0.5	0.0	100.0	439
Yasothon	99.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	808	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	523
Kalasin	99.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	797	98.5	1.5	0.0	100.0	559
Nakhon Phanom	95.8	4.1	0.0	0.1	100.0	762	99.5	0.5	0.0	100.0	539
South											
Songkhla	98.2	1.7	0.1	0.0	100.0	600	99.3	0.7	0.0	100.0	416
Satun	96.6	3.0	0.5	0.0	100.0	517	98.0	2.0	0.0	100.0	392
Phatthalung	99.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	726	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	517
Pattani	89.4	10.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	475	94.8	5.2	0.0	100.0	375
Yala	97.9	2.1	0.0	0.1	100.0	335	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	247
Narathiwat	93.7	5.9	0.4	0.0	100.0	449	95.6	4.4	0.0	100.0	318

Table DQ.1.4: Birth date and age reporting (children under age 5 years) Percent distribution children under 5 by completeness of date of birth/age information, Thailand MICS, 2019 Completeness of reporting of date of birth and age Number of Year and month of Year of birth Year of birth DK/Missing/ children birth and age only Age only Other Total under 5 **Selected Provinces** Central 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 792 Chai Nat 100.0 735 Sa Kaeo 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 Ratchaburi 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 723 Kanchanaburi 100.0 500 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 North 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 268 Mae Hong Son 0.0 100.0 Tak 99.7 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 281 Northeast 100.0 0.0 Buriram 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 591 100.0 Sisaket 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 649 100.0 Yasothon 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 757 100.0 Kalasin 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 758 Nakhon Phanom 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 650 South Songkhla 99.9 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 100.0 591 Satun 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 418 Phatthalung 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 555 Pattani 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 350 100.0 Yala 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 300 Narathiwat 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 354

Table DQ.1.5: Birth date and age reporting (children age 5-14 years) Percent distribution of selected children age 5-14 years by completeness of date of birth information, Thailand MICS, 2019 Completeness of reporting of date of birth and age Number of selected Year and month of Year of birth Year of birth DK/Missing/ children age birth and age only Age only Other Total 5-14 years **Selected Provinces** Central 99.6 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 631 Chai Nat Sa Kaeo 99.9 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 668 Ratchaburi 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 611 Kanchanaburi 99.6 100.0 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 533 North 98.8 0.0 0.0 100.0 Mae Hong Son 1.2 0.0 240 99.6 Tak 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 291 Northeast 99.5 0.0 100.0 Buriram 0.5 0.0 0.0 686 100.0 100.0 Sisaket 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 631 100.0 100.0 Yasothon 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 662 100.0 Kalasin 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 690 Nakhon Phanom 99.6 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 611 South Songkhla 99.7 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 496 Satun 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 401 Phatthalung 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 533 Pattani 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 395 100.0 Yala 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 316

Narathiwat

99.3

0.7

0.0

0.0

0.0

100.0

360

Table DQ.2.1: Completeness of salt iodisation testing

Percent distribution of households by completion of test for salt iodisation, Thailand MICS, 2019

				S	alt was tested					Salt was not te	sted, by reason		
	1st test	(iodate)	2nd test	(iodate)	3rd test	(iodide)	4t	h test (iodid	e)				
	>0 and <15 PPM	15+ PPM	Not iodised	No salt in household	Other <sup>A</sup>	Total	Number of households						
Selected Provinces													
Central													
Chai Nat	13.8	68.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	10.5	6.5	0.8	100.0	1,792
Sa Kaeo	11.3	74.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1	8.4	2.0	100.0	1,465
Ratchaburi	2.5	78.7	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.9	13.7	1.9	100.0	1,672
Kanchanaburi	5.7	81.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.7	9.0	0.2	100.0	1,441
North													
Mae Hong Son	0.5	71.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	24.7	2.9	0.2	100.0	762
Tak	6.1	85.8	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.5	0.0	100.0	752
Northeast													
Buriram	63.4	30.7	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.1	1.0	0.8	2.2	100.0	1,744
Sisaket	12.4	82.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	2.7	0.2	100.0	1,597
Yasothon	16.3	68.0	6.2	0.1	6.3	0.1	1.3	0.0	0.7	1.1	0.0	100.0	1,764
Kalasin	37.6	33.1	8.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	18.0	1.2	1.3	100.0	1,819
Nakhon Phanom	35.9	25.5	4.9	0.5	1.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	26.0	5.6	0.1	100.0	1,380
South													
Songkhla	2.7	70.8	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	7.8	7.0	9.2	100.0	1,391
Satun	0.8	95.5	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.3	0.8	100.0	831
Phatthalung	3.5	90.4	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.6	2.4	1.2	100.0	1,506
Pattani	37.5	41.6	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	2.6	0.6	100.0	773
Yala	5.2	89.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	2.2	0.2	100.0	787
Narathiwat	5.2	85.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	3.1	0.0	100.0	761

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Includes those households in which any test indicated no reaction (not iodised) where the following test was not performed

Table DQ.2.2: Completeness of information for anthropometric indicators: Underweight

Percent distribution of children under 5 by completeness of information on date of birth and weight, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Reason for exc					
	Valid weight and date of birth	Weight not measured	Incomplete date of birth	Weight not measured and incomplete date of birth	Flagged cases (outliers)	Total	Percent of children excluded from analysis	Number of children under 5
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	94.7	3.9	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0	5.3	792
Sa Kaeo	99.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0	0.7	735
Ratchaburi	85.7	13.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	14.3	723
Kanchanaburi	88.2	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	100.0	11.8	500
North								
Mae Hong Son	98.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	100.0	1.5	268
Tak	99.3	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	100.0	0.7	281
Northeast								
Buriram	98.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.5	100.0	2.0	591
Sisaket	98.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	1.7	649
Yasothon	99.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	0.7	757
Kalasin	98.3	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1.7	758
Nakhon Phanom	98.4	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	1.6	650
South								
Songkhla	85.5	13.9	0.0	0.1	0.4	100.0	14.5	591
Satun	97.3	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2.7	418
Phatthalung	96.8	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	3.2	555
Pattani	89.9	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	10.1	350
Yala	96.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	100.0	3.1	300
Narathiwat	79.9	17.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	100.0	20.1	354

Table DQ.2.3: Completeness of information for anthropometric indicators: Stunting

Percent distribution of children under 5 by completeness of information on date of birth and length or height, Thailand MICS, 2019

		_	Reason for	exclusion from analysis				
	Valid length/height and date of birth	Length/Height not measured	Incomplete date of birth	Length/Height not measured, incomplete date of birth	Flagged cases (outliers)	Total	Percent of children excluded from analysis	Number of children under 5
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	93.7	5.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	100.0	6.3	792
Sa Kaeo	98.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	100.0	1.3	735
Ratchaburi	86.4	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	13.6	723
Kanchanaburi	86.6	11.2	0.0	0.0	2.2	100.0	13.4	500
North								
Mae Hong Son	89.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.4	100.0	10.4	268
Tak	99.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	100.0	0.9	281
Northeast								
Buriram	97.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	2.4	100.0	2.8	591
Sisaket	96.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	2.2	100.0	3.1	649
Yasothon	97.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.4	100.0	2.6	757
Kalasin	96.9	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.4	100.0	3.1	758
Nakhon Phanom	97.7	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0	2.3	650
South								
Songkhla	82.6	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.7	100.0	17.4	591
Satun	94.8	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.3	100.0	5.2	418
Phatthalung	98.4	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	1.6	555
Pattani	85.9	14.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	14.1	350
Yala	95.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	100.0	4.3	300
Narathiwat	78.3	19.4	0.0	0.0	2.3	100.0	21.7	354

Table DQ.2.4: Completeness of information for anthropometric indicators: Wasting and overweight

Percent distribution of children under 5 by completeness of information on weight and length or height, Thailand MICS, 2019

			Reason for exclu	ision from analysis				
	Valid weight and length/height	Weight not measured	Length/Height not measured	Weight and length/height not measured	Flagged cases (outliers)	Total	Percent of children excluded from analysis	Number of children under 5
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	91.6	0.0	1.2	3.9	3.3	100.0	8.4	792
Sa Kaeo	97.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	2.4	100.0	2.8	735
Ratchaburi	84.7	1.0	0.8	12.3	1.1	100.0	15.3	723
Kanchanaburi	85.9	0.6	0.6	10.6	2.4	100.0	14.1	500
North								
Mae Hong Son	92.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.8	100.0	7.8	268
Tak	98.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.9	100.0	1.1	281
Northeast								
Buriram	94.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	5.0	100.0	5.5	591
Sisaket	95.6	0.0	0.0	0.9	3.5	100.0	4.4	649
Yasothon	96.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	3.6	100.0	3.7	757
Kalasin	94.9	0.0	0.0	1.7	3.4	100.0	5.1	758
Nakhon Phanom	97.6	0.1	0.5	1.4	0.5	100.0	2.4	650
South								
Songkhla	81.9	0.0	2.8	14.1	1.2	100.0	18.1	591
Satun	93.9	0.0	2.2	2.7	1.3	100.0	6.1	418
Phatthalung	95.7	1.3	0.0	1.5	1.5	100.0	4.3	555
Pattani	85.4	0.0	4.1	10.0	0.6	100.0	14.6	350
Yala	87.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.6	100.0	12.6	300
Narathiwat	75.5	0.0	1.8	17.5	5.2	100.0	24.5	354

Table DQ.2.5: Completeness of information for foundational learning skills indicators

Percent distribution of selected children age 7-14 years by completion of the foundational learning skills (FL) module, percentage for whom the reading book was unavailable in appropriate language and those with insufficient number recognition skils for testing, and percentage children age 7-9 years who did not complete the reading and comprehension practise, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Percent distribution of children with:							Percentage of children:		Number of	Percentage of	Number of
	Completed foundational learning skills (FL) module	Incon Mother refused	child refused	odules, by reaches Child not available	ason: Other	Total	Number of selected children age 7-14 years	For whom the reading book was not available in appropriate language	With insufficient number recognition skill for testing	children age 7-14 years with completed FL module	children who did not complete reading and comprehension practise	children age 7-9 years with completed FL module
Selected Provinces												
Central												
Chai Nat	98.3	8.0	0.6	0.0	0.2	100.0	511	0.0	0.6	502	37.3	199
Sa Kaeo	97.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.1	100.0	542	0.0	0.5	527	23.0	209
Ratchaburi	95.8	1.8	0.5	1.8	0.1	100.0	487	0.0	0.1	467	21.2	154
Kanchanaburi	93.0	2.9	0.4	3.3	0.5	100.0	443	0.1	1.2	412	19.7	148
North												
Mae Hong Son	96.8	0.2	2.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	181	0.0	0.0	176	9.8	57
Tak	99.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	234	1.7	0.3	232	24.7	102
Northeast												
Buriram	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	569	0.0	1.3	569	4.1	233
Sisaket	99.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	100.0	496	0.0	0.5	493	13.4	177
Yasothon	99.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0	525	0.0	0.4	523	21.3	208
Kalasin	99.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	544	0.0	0.5	541	19.8	207
Nakhon Phanom	95.2	0.7	2.4	1.2	0.5	100.0	487	0.0	0.1	464	12.6	143
South												
Songkhla	82.4	7.0	2.9	7.1	0.7	100.0	382	0.0	0.0	315	25.9	91
Satun	96.8	0.5	0.0	1.1	1.6	100.0	332	0.0	0.2	321	21.4	116
Phatthalung	98.6	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.1	100.0	414	0.0	1.0	408	30.7	161
Pattani	98.9	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.2	100.0	311	0.8	1.7	308	43.9	135
Yala	98.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.4	100.0	251	7.3	6.6	247	42.9	87
Narathiwat	82.4	9.3	6.2	1.2	0.8	100.0	289	20.4	3.5	238	11.2	100

# Table DQ.3.1: Observation handwashing facility

Percent distribution of handwashing facility observed by the interviewers in all interviewed households, Thailand MICS, 2019

		_					
	Obse	erved		lot observed		-	
_	Fixed facility	Mobile object	Not in the dwelling, plot or yard	No permission to see	Other reason	Total	Number of households
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	77.3	21.1	1.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,792
Sa Kaeo	74.8	19.7	0.9	4.6	0.0	100.0	1,465
Ratchaburi	80.4	15.6	1.8	2.1	0.1	100.0	1,672
Kanchanaburi	83.6	10.4	4.4	1.6	0.0	100.0	1,441
North							
Mae Hong Son	85.9	11.3	2.6	0.1	0.0	100.0	762
Tak	78.3	21.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	752
Northeast							
Buriram	45.2	47.9	6.3	0.6	0.0	100.0	1,744
Sisaket	52.8	46.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,597
Yasothon	84.7	14.0	1.2	0.1	0.0	100.0	1,764
Kalasin	69.6	23.2	7.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	1,819
Nakhon Phanom	51.0	46.0	2.6	0.5	0.0	100.0	1,380
South							
Songkhla	75.0	11.9	3.7	9.2	0.1	100.0	1,391
Satun	80.9	12.3	5.6	1.0	0.2	100.0	831
Phatthalung	87.9	5.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,506
Pattani	79.3	18.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	100.0	773
Yala	91.7	0.5	7.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	787
Narathiwat	63.0	29.5	6.9	0.6	0.0	100.0	761

### **Table DQ.3.2: Observation of birth certificates**

Percent distribution of children under 5 by presence of birth certificates, and percentage of birth certificates seen, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Child has bir	th certificate				Percentage of	
	Seen by the interviewer (1)	Not seen by the interviewer (2)	Child does not have birth certificate	DK/ Missing	Total	birth certificates seen by the interviewer (1)/(1+2)*100	Number of children under 5
Selected Provinces							
Central							
Chai Nat	73.6	26.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	73.7	792
Sa Kaeo	79.7	18.8	1.3	0.2	100.0	80.9	735
Ratchaburi	82.4	17.0	0.7	0.0	100.0	82.9	723
Kanchanaburi	80.1	18.5	1.4	0.0	100.0	81.2	500
North							
Mae Hong Son	83.8	16.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	83.8	268
Tak	84.8	13.1	2.0	0.0	100.0	86.6	281
Northeast							
Buriram	94.7	5.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	94.7	591
Sisaket	75.4	24.3	0.3	0.0	100.0	75.7	649
Yasothon	78.0	21.2	0.9	0.0	100.0	78.7	757
Kalasin	71.6	28.1	0.2	0.0	100.0	71.8	758
Nakhon Phanom	71.7	27.8	0.4	0.0	100.0	72.0	650
South							
Songkhla	50.5	45.1	1.1	3.3	100.0	52.8	591
Satun	69.9	28.5	1.7	0.0	100.0	71.1	418
Phatthalung	74.2	25.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	74.2	555
Pattani	61.1	38.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	61.1	350
Yala	88.0	9.2	2.8	0.0	100.0	90.5	300
Narathiwat	87.5	12.1	0.4	0.0	100.0	87.9	354

### **Table DQ.3.3: Observation of vaccination records**

Percent distribution of children age 0-59 months by presence of vaccination records, and the percentage of vaccination records seen by the interviewers, Thailand MICS, 2019

	Child does not have vaccination records			vaccination ords			Percentage of	
<u>-</u>	Had vaccination records previously	Never had vaccination records	Seen by the interviewer (1)	Not seen by the interviewer (2)	DK/ Missing	Total	vaccination records seen by the interviewer (1)/(1+2)*100	Number of children age 0-59 months
Selected Provinces								
Central								
Chai Nat	6.6	0.1	91.8	1.3	0.1	100.0	98.6	792
Sa Kaeo	4.0	0.1	93.7	2.2	0.0	100.0	97.7	735
Ratchaburi	4.7	0.2	87.7	7.3	0.1	100.0	92.3	723
Kanchanaburi	6.9	0.1	86.8	6.3	0.0	100.0	93.2	500
North								
Mae Hong Son	2.4	0.0	87.3	10.3	0.0	100.0	89.4	268
Tak	4.2	1.6	92.6	1.6	0.0	100.0	98.3	281
Northeast								
Buriram	2.1	0.2	95.5	2.3	0.0	100.0	97.7	591
Sisaket	6.3	0.0	88.6	5.1	0.0	100.0	94.6	649
Yasothon	4.9	0.0	94.4	0.8	0.0	100.0	99.2	757
Kalasin	3.4	0.0	92.7	4.0	0.0	100.0	95.9	758
Nakhon Phanom	8.6	0.6	87.9	2.8	0.1	100.0	97.0	650
South								
Songkhla	2.1	0.8	86.6	10.1	0.4	100.0	89.5	591
Satun	2.8	0.0	92.8	4.4	0.0	100.0	95.5	418
Phatthalung	4.8	0.0	88.2	7.0	0.0	100.0	92.7	555
Pattani	12.4	0.2	85.3	2.1	0.0	100.0	97.6	350
Yala	6.3	0.7	92.4	0.5	0.0	100.0	99.4	300
Narathiwat	16.6	1.6	73.8	8.0	0.0	100.0	90.3	354

# APPENDIX E THAILAND MICS 2019 INDICATORS AND DEFINITIONS

MICS INDICATOR Module		Module <sup>2</sup>	Definition <sup>3</sup>							
SAMPLE C	SAMPLE COVERAGE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RESPONDENTS									
SR.1	Access to electricity	НС	Percentage of household members with access to electricity							
SR.2	Literacy rate (age 15-24 years)	WB, MWB	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who are able to read a short simple statement about everyday life or who attended secondary or higher education							
SR.4	Households with a radio	НС	Percentage of households that have a radio							
SR.5	Households with a television	НС	Percentage of households that have a television							
SR.6	Households with a telephone	НС	Percentage of households that have a telephone (fixed line or mobile phone)							
SR.7	Households with a computer	НС	Percentage of households that have a computer							
SR.8	Households with internet	НС	Percentage of households that have access to the internet by any device from home							
SR.18	Children's living arrangements	HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years living with neither biological parent							
SR.19	Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with one or both biological parents dead							
SR.20	Children with at least one parent living abroad	HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with at least one biological parent living abroad							
SR.S1	Grandparent as a primary caregiver	HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years not living with mother whose primary caregiver is grandparent							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Some indicators are constructed by using questions in several modules in the MICS questionnaires. In such cases, only the module(s) which contains most of the necessary information is indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All MICS indicators are or can be disaggregated, where relevant, by wealth quintiles, sex, age, language, migratory status and geographic location (as per the reporting domains), or other characteristics, as recommended by the Inter-agency Expert Group on SDG Indicators: <a href="http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/Official%20List%20of%20Proposed%20SDG%20Indicators.pdf">http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/Official%20List%20of%20Proposed%20SDG%20Indicators.pdf</a>

MICS IND	MICS INDICATOR Module <sup>2</sup>		Definition <sup>3</sup>
THRIVE - R	REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERNA	AL HEALTH	
TM.1	Adolescent birth rate	СМ	Age-specific fertility rate for women age 15-19 years
TM.2	Early childbearing	СМ	Percentage of women age 20-24 years who have had a live birth before age 18
TM.3	Contraceptive prevalence rate	СР	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a (modern or traditional) contraceptive method
TM.S2	Source of modern contraceptive	СР	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive received from a public medical facility.
TM.4	Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	UN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern contraceptive methods
TM.5a TM.5b TM.5c	Antenatal care coverage	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were attended  (a) at least once by skilled health personnel (b) at least four times by any provider (c) at least eight times by any provider
TM.6	Content of antenatal care	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, at least once, had blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples as part of antenatal care
TM.S4	Screening test for thalassemia	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth tested for thalassemia
TM.7	Neonatal tetanus protection	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were given at least two doses of tetanus toxoid containing vaccine or had received the appropriate number of doses with appropriate interval <sup>4</sup> prior to the most recent birth
TM.8	Institutional deliveries	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility
TM.9	Skilled attendant at delivery	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was attended by skilled health personnel
TM.10	Caesarean section	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered by caesarean section

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Table TM.4.1 for a detailed description

MICS IND	MICS INDICATOR Module <sup>2</sup>		Definition <sup>3</sup>
TM.S5	Repeated caesarean section	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with more than one live birth and had a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered by caesarean section who also reported caesarean section in the past.
TM.11	Children weighed at birth	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was weighed at birth
TM.S6	Low birth weight	AN	Percentage of weighed children under age 5 recorded below 2,500 grams
TM.14	Newborns dried	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was dried after birth
TM.15	Skin-to-skin care	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was placed on the mother's bare chest after birth
TM.16	Delayed bathing	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was first bathed more than 24 hours after birth
TM.29	Knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	НА, МНА	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who correctly identify ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV <sup>5</sup> , and who reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission
TM.30	Knowledge of mother-to- child transmission of HIV	на, мна	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who correctly identify all three means <sup>6</sup> of mother-to-child transmission of HIV
TM.S7	Sexuality education in school	на, мна	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who received sexuality education in school
TM.S8	Sexuality education in primary level	на, мна	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who received sexuality education in primary level
TM.S9	Sources of sexuality information other than school	НА, МНА	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who studied sexuality education in school and received sexuality information from sources other than school
TM.31	Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV	на, мна	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 who have heard of HIV reporting discriminatory attitudes <sup>7</sup> toward people living with HIV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Using condoms and limiting sex to one faithful, uninfected partner

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Transmission during pregnancy, during delivery, and by breastfeeding

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Respondents who answered no to either of the following two questions: 1) Would you buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor if you knew that this person had HIV? 2) Do you think children living with HIV should be able to attend school with children who are HIV negative?

MICS IND	MICS INDICATOR M		Definition <sup>3</sup>
TM.32	People who know where to be tested for HIV	НА, МНА	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who state knowledge of a place to be tested for HIV
TM.33	People who have been tested for HIV and know the results	НА, МНА	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and who know their results
TM.34	Young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results	НА, МНА	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and who know their results
TM.35a TM.35b	HIV counselling during antenatal care	НА	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once by skilled health personnel during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit received  (a) counselling on HIV  (b) information or counselling on HIV after receiving the HIV test results
TM.36	HIV testing during antenatal care	НА	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once by skilled health personnel during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit were offered and accepted an HIV test and received test results
TM.S10	HIV testing during antenatal care (Husband)	НА	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit whose husband was tested for HIV.

MICS INE	MICS INDICATOR Module <sup>2</sup>		Definition <sup>3</sup>
THRIVE - 0	CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION AND	DEVELOPME	NT
TC.1	Tuberculosis immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received BCG containing vaccine at any time before the survey
TC.S1	Polio immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV) vaccines at any time before the survey
TC.3	Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of DTP containing vaccine (DTP3) at any time before the survey
TC.4	Hepatitis B immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of Hepatitis B containing vaccine (HepB3) at any time before the survey
TC.8	Rubella immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received rubella containing vaccine at any time before the survey
TC.10	Measles immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the first measles containing vaccine at any time before the survey
TC.S2	Encephalitis immunization coverage	IM	Percentage of children age 24-35 months who received the second encephalitis containing vaccine at any time before the survey
TC.11a TC.11b	Full immunization coverage <sup>8</sup>	IM	Percentage of children who at age a) 12-23 months had received all basic vaccinations at any time before the survey b) 24-35 months had received all vaccinations recommended in the national immunization schedule
TC.15	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking	EU	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking (living in households that reported cooking)
TC.17	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting	EU	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting (living in households that reported the use of lighting)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Basic vaccinations include: BCG, 3 doses of polio, 3 doses of DTP, 4 doses of HepB (including HepB at birth) and 1 dose of measles vaccination. All vaccinations include BCG, 4 doses of polio, 4 doses of DTP, 4 doses of HepB (including HepB at birth), 1 dose of measles vaccination and 1 dose of Encephalitis as per the vaccination schedule in Thailand.

MICS INE	MICS INDICATOR		Definition <sup>3</sup>
TC.18	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, and lighting	EU	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting <sup>9</sup>
TC.30	Children ever breastfed	MN	Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years who were ever breastfed
TC.31	Early initiation of breastfeeding	MN	Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years who were put to the breast within one hour of birth
TC.32	Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	BD	Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who are exclusively breastfed <sup>10</sup>
TC.33	Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	BD	Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who received breast milk as the predominant source of nourishment <sup>11</sup> during the previous day
TC.34	Continued breastfeeding at 1 year	BD	Percentage of children age 12-15 months who received breast milk during the previous day
TC.35	Continued breastfeeding at 2 years	BD	Percentage of children age 20-23 months who received breast milk during the previous day
TC.S3	Breastfeeding frequency	BD	Percentage of currently breastfed children age 0-5 months who are breastfed at least 8 times during the previous day
TC.36	Duration of breastfeeding	BD	The age in months when 50 percent of children age 0-35 months did not receive breast milk during the previous day
TC.37	Age-appropriate breastfeeding	BD	Percentage of children age 0-23 months appropriately fed <sup>12</sup> during the previous day
TC.39a TC.39b	Minimum acceptable diet	BD	Percentage of children age 6–23 months who had at least the minimum dietary diversity and the minimum meal frequency during the previous day  (a) breastfed children  (b) non-breastfed children
TC.40	Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children	BD	Percentage of non-breastfed children age 6-23 months who received at least 2 milk feedings during the previous day

 $<sup>^{9}</sup>$  Household members living in households that report no cooking, or no lighting are not excluded from the numerator

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Infants receiving breast milk, and not receiving any other fluids or foods, with the exception of oral rehydration solution, vitamins, mineral supplements and medicines

<sup>11</sup> Infants who receive breast milk and certain fluids (water and water-based drinks, fruit juice, ritual fluids, oral rehydration solution, drops, vitamins, minerals, and medicines), but do not receive anything else (in particular, non-human milk and food-based fluids)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Infants age 0-5 months who are exclusively breastfed, and children age 6-23 months who are breastfed and ate solid, semi-solid or soft foods

MICS INE	MICS INDICATOR N		Definition <sup>3</sup>
TC.41	Minimum dietary diversity	BD	Percentage of children age 6–23 months who received foods from 5 or more food groups <sup>13</sup> during the previous day
TC.42	Minimum meal frequency	BD	Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received solid, semi-solid and soft foods (plus milk feeds for non-breastfed children) the minimum number of times <sup>14</sup> or more during the previous day
TC.43	Bottle feeding	BD	Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle during the previous day
TC.44a TC.44b	Underweight prevalence	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below  (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe)  (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for age of the WHO standard
TC.45a TC.45b	Stunting prevalence	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below  (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe)  (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median height for age of the WHO standard
TC.46a TC.46b	Wasting prevalence	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below  (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe)  (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard
TC.47a TC.47b	Overweight prevalence	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who are above  (a) two standard deviations (moderate and severe)  (b) three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard
TC.48	lodized salt consumption	SA	Percentage of households with salt testing positive for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested or where there was no salt
TC.S4	Minimum iodized salt consumption	SA	Percentage of households with salt testing 15 parts per million (PPM) or more for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested or where there was no salt
TC.S5	Minimum iodized salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)	SA	Percentage of households with salt testing 15 parts per million (PPM) or more for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The indicator is based on consumption of any amount of food from at least 5 out of the 8 following food groups: 1) breastmilk, 2) grains, roots and tubers, 3) legumes and nuts, 4) dairy products (milk, infant formula, yogurt, cheese), 5) flesh foods (meat, fish, poultry and liver/organ meats), 6) eggs, 7) vitamin-A rich fruits and vegetables, and 8) other fruits and vegetables

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, two times for infants age 6-8 months, and three times for children 9-23 months; Non-breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, or milk feeds, four times for children age 6-23 months.

MICS INE	MICS INDICATOR Mo		Definition <sup>3</sup>
TC.S6	lodized salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)	SA	Percentage of households with salt testing positive for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested
TC.49a TC.49b TC.49c	Early stimulation and responsive care	EC	Percentage of children age 24-59 months engaged in four or more activities to provide early stimulation and responsive care in the last 3 days with  (a) Any adult household member  (b) Father  (c) Mother
TC.50	Availability of children's books	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who have three or more children's books
TC.51	Availability of playthings	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with two or more types of playthings
TC.S7	Availability of electronic device as playthings	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with electronic devices
TC.S8	Playtime with electronic devices	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with electronic devices on average for three hours or more per day
TC.52	Inadequate supervision	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once in the last week
TC.53	Early child development index	EC	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning

MICS IN	MICS INDICATOR Module <sup>2</sup>		Definition <sup>3</sup>		
LEARN	ARN				
LN.1	Attendance to early childhood education	UB	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending an early childhood education programme		
LN.2	Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	ED	Percentage of children in the relevant age group (one year before the official primary school entry age) who are attending an early childhood education programme or primary school		
LN.3	School readiness	ED	Percentage of children attending the first grade of primary school who attended early childhood education programme during the previous school year		
LN.4	Net intake rate in primary education	ED	Percentage of children of school-entry age who enter the first grade of primary school		
LN.5a LN.5b LN.5c	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	ED	Percentage of children of  (a) primary school age currently attending primary or secondary school  (b) lower secondary school age currently attending lower secondary school or higher  (c) upper secondary school age currently attending upper secondary school or higher		
LN.6a LN.6b LN.6c	Out-of-school rate	ED	Percentage of children of  (a) primary school age who are not attending early childhood education, primary or lower secondary school  (b) lower secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher  (c) upper secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher		
LN.7a LN.7b	Gross intake rate to the last grade	ED	Percentage of children of completion age (age appropriate to final grade) attending the last grade (excluding repeaters)  (a) Primary school  (b) Lower secondary school		
LN.8a LN.8b LN.8c	Completion rate	ED	Percentage of children age 3-5 years above the intended age for the last grade who have completed that grade  (a) Primary school  (b) Lower secondary school  (c) Upper secondary school		
LN.9	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school	ED	Percentage of children attending the last grade of primary school during the previous school year who are not repeating the last grade of primary school and in the first grade of lower secondary school during the current school year		
LN.10a LN.10b	Over-age for grade	ED	Percentage of students attending in each grade who are 2 or more years older than the official school age for grade  (a) Primary school  (b) Lower secondary school		

MICS IN	MICS INDICATOR		Definition <sup>3</sup>
LN.11a	Education Parity Indices	ED	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for girls divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for boys  (a) primary school  (b) lower secondary school  (c) upper secondary school  Percentage of girls who successfully completed foundational tasks divided by percentage of boys who successfully completed foundational tasks  (a) three foundational reading tasks  (b) four foundational number tasks
LN.12	Availability of information on children's school performance	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending schools who provided student report cards to parents
LN.13	Opportunity to participate in school management	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending schools whose school governing body is open to parental participation, as reported by respondents
LN.14	Participation in school management	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member participated in school governing body meetings
LN.15	Effective participation in school management	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member attended a school governing body meeting in which key education/financial issues were discussed
LN.16	Discussion with teachers regarding children's progress	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member discussed child's progress with teachers
LN.S1	Discussion with teachers regarding children's behaviour	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member discussed child's behaviour with teachers
LN.17	Contact with school concerning teacher strike or absence	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school who could not attend class due to teacher strike or absence and for whom an adult household member contacted school representatives when child could not attend class
LN.18	Availability of books at home	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years who have three or more books to read at home
LN.19	Reading habit at home	FL	Percentage of children age 7-14 years who read books or are read to at home
LN.20	School and home languages	FL	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school whose home language is used at school
LN.21	Support with homework	PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school who have homework and received help with homework

MICS IN	MICS INDICATOR		Definition <sup>3</sup>
_	Children with foundational reading and number skills	FL	Percentage of children who successfully completed three foundational reading tasks  (a) Age 7-14  (b) Age for grade 2/3  (c) Attending grade 2/3  Percentage of children who successfully completed four foundational number tasks  (d) Age 7-14  (e) Age for grade 2/3  (f) Attending grade 2/3

MICS II	MICS INDICATOR Module <sup>2</sup>		Definition <sup>3</sup>
PROTEC	TED FROM VIOLENCE AND EXPLO	ITATION	
PR.1	Birth registration	BR	Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are reported registered with a civil authority
PR.2	Violent discipline	UCD – FCD	Percentage of children age 1-14 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past one month
PR.4a PR.4b	Child marriage	MA, MMA	Percentage of women and men age 20-24 years who were first married or in union (a) before age 15 (b) before age 18
PR.5	Young people age 15-19 years currently married or in union	MA, MMA	Percentage of women and men age 15-19 years who are married or in union
PR.6	Polygyny	MA, MMA	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who are in a polygynous union
PR.7b	Spousal age difference	MA	Percentage of women age 20-24 years who are married or in union and whose spouse is 10 or more years older
PR.12	Experience of robbery and assault	VT, MVT	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who experienced physical violence of robbery or assault within the last 12 months
PR.14	Safety	VT, MVT	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years feeling safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark
PR.15	Attitudes towards domestic violence	DV, MDV	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who state that a husband is justified in hitting or beating his wife in at least one of the following circumstances: (1) she goes out without telling him, (2) she neglects the children, (3) she argues with him, (4) she refuses sex with him, (5) she burns the food

MICS I	MICS INDICATOR Modu		Definition <sup>3</sup>
LIVE IN	A SAFE AND CLEAN ENVIRONMEN	IT	
WS.1	Use of improved drinking water sources	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water
WS.2	Use of basic drinking water services	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water either in their dwelling/yard/plot or within 30 minutes round trip collection time
WS.3	Availability of drinking water	WS	Percentage of household members with a water source that is available when needed
WS.7	Handwashing facility with water and soap	HW	Percentage of household members with a handwashing facility where water and soap or detergent are present
WS.8	Use of improved sanitation facilities	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities
WS.9	Use of basic sanitation services	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities which are not shared
WS.10	Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities	WS	Percentage of household members in households with improved on-site sanitation facilities from which waste has never been emptied and buried in a covered pit
WS.11	Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	WS	Percentage of household members using an improved on-site sanitation facility from which a service provider has removed waste for treatment off-site

MICS II	NDICATOR	SDG <sup>1</sup>	Definition <sup>3</sup>
EQUITA	BLE CHANCE IN LIFE		
EQ.2a EQ.2b EQ.2c	Health insurance coverage	WB CB UB	Percentage of women, men and children covered by health insurance  a) women age 15-49 men age 15-49 b) children age 5-14 c) children under age 5
EQ.3	Population covered by social transfers	ST – ED	Percentage of household members living in households that received any type of social transfers and benefits in the last 3 months
EQ.4	External economic support to the poorest households	ST – ED	Percentage of households in the two lowest wealth quintiles that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months
EQ.5	Children in the households that received any type of social transfers	ST – ED	Percentage of children under age 18 living in the households that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months
EQ.6	School-related support	ED	Percentage of children and young people age 5-24 years currently attending school that received any type of school-related support in the current/most recent academic year
EQ.7	Discrimination	VT, MVT	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law

# APPENDIX F QUESTIONNAIRES

The questionnaires of the Thailand MICS 2019 are presented in Appendix F:

- Household questionnaire
- Questionnaire for Individual Women
- Questionnaire for Individual Men
- Questionnaire for Children Under Five
- Questionnaire for Children Age 5-14





HOUSEHOLD INFO	RMATION PANEL						НН			
HH1. Cluster number:			<b>НН2</b> . <i>На</i>	ousehold number:						
HH3. Interviewer's nan			HH4. Supervisor's name and number:  NAME							
HH5. Day / Month / Yes			HH7. REGION:							
HH6. AREA:	MUNICIPALITY NON-MUNICIPALITY	1	NORTH	AL EAST			3			
<b>HH7A</b> . <i>Province</i>				EAS1						
HH8. Is the household:	selected for Questionnaire for Me	en?								
	ent is a knowledgeable member of					<b>HH11</b> . Recon	d the time.			
	ou may only interview a child age t members are incapacitated. You					HOURS :	MINUTES			
<b>HH12</b> . Hello, my name is ( <i>your name</i> ). We are from <i>National Statistical Office</i> . We are conducting a survey about the situation of children, families and households. I would like to talk to you about these subjects. This interview usually takes about 25 minutes. Following this, I may ask to conduct additional interviews with you or other individual members of your household. All the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you do not wish to answer a question or stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?										
					OUS	SEHOLD MEM	BERS			
HH46. Result of Household Questionnaire interview:  Discuss any result not completed with Supervisor.	COMPLETED  NO HOUSEHOLD MEMBER A RESPONDENT AT HOME A ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD ABSE REFUSED  DWELLING VACANT OR AD DWELLING DESTROYED  DWELLING NOT FOUND	AT HOM T TIME NT FOR DDRESS	IE OR NO OF VISIT EXTENDI  NOT A DV	COMPETENT ED PERIOD OF T	`IME	E	02 03 04 05			
	OTHER (specify)						96			
HH47. Name and line n Household Questionn	number of the respondent to aire interview:	Ho	e filled aft ousehold Q mpleted	er the Juestionnaire is	,	To be filled after <u>all</u> the questionnaires are completed				
NAME		ТОТ	TAL NUM	BER	(	COMPLETED	NUMBER			
HOUSEHOLD MEMB	ERS	]	HH48							
WOMEN AGE 15-49		]	НН49			НН53				
If household is selected MEN AGE 15-49	for Questionnaire for Men:	1	НН50	——		НН54	——			
CHILDREN UNDER A	AGE 5	]	НН51			НН55				
CHILDREN AGE 5-14		I	НН52	——		НН56	ZERO0 ONE1			

### LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

HL

First complete HL2-HL4 vertically for all household members, starting with the head of the household. Once HL2-HL4 are complete for all members, make sure to probe for additional members: Those that are not currently at home, any infants or small children and any others who may not be family (such as servants, friends) but who usually live in the household.

Then, ask questions HL5-HL20 for each member one at a time. If additional questionnaires are used, indicate by ticking this box:

HL1. Line number		HL3. What is the relationship of (name) to (name of the head of household)?	Is	HL5. What is (n of birth?	<i>ame</i> )'s date	HL6. How old is (name)? Record in completed years. If age is 95 or above, record '95'.	HL8. Record line number if woman and age 15-49.	HL9. Record line number if man, age 15-49 and HH8 is yes.	HL10. Record line number if age 0-4.	HL11. Age 0-17?  1 YES 2 NO \( \cdots \) Next Line	HL12. Is (name)'s natural mother alive?  1 YES 2 NO & HL16 8 DK & HL16	HL13. Does (name)'s natural mother live in this household?  1 YES 2 NO \$\triangle HL15		HL15. Where does (name)'s natural mother live?  1 ABROAD 2 IN ANOTHER HOUSEHOLD IN THE SAME REGION 4 INSTITUTION IN THIS COUNTRY 8 DK	1 YES	HL17. Does (name)'s natural father live in this household?  1 YES 2 NO \$\text{9}\$ HL19	HL18. Record the line number of father and go to HL20.	HL19. Where does (name)'s natural father live?  1 ABROAD 2 IN ANOTHER HOUSEHOLD IN THE SAME REGION 3 IN ANOTHER HOUSEHOLD IN ANOTHER REGION 4 IN STITUTION IN THIS COUNTRY 8 DK	HL20. Copy the line number of mother from HL14. If blank, ask: Who is the primary caretaker of (name)? If 'No one' for a child age 15-17, record '90'.	HL21. Only if HL14 is blank and HL20≠90, probe:  What is the relationship of the primary caregiver to (name)?
LINE	NAME	RELATION*	M F	MONTH	YEAR	AGE	W 15-49	M 15-49	0-4	Y N	Y N DK	Y N	MOTHER	OBIL	Y N DK	Y N	FATHER	O DA		RELATION**
01		<u>0</u> <u>1</u>	1 2				01	01	01	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
02			1 2				02	02	02	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
03			1 2				03	03	03	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
04			1 2				04	04	04	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
05			1 2				05	05	05	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
06			1 2				06	06	06	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
07			1 2				07	07	07	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
08			1 2				08	08	08	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
09			1 2				09	09	09	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		
10			1 2				15	15	15	1 2	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8	1 2 8	1 2		1 2 3 4 8		

\* Codes for **HL3**:

household:

01 HEAD

02 SPOUSE / PARTNER

Relationship to head of 02 SPOUSE / PARTNE 03 SON / DAUGHTER

04 SON-IN-LAW / DAUGHTER-IN-LAW

05 GRANDCHILD

06 PARENT 07 PARENT-IN-LAW

 $08\;BROTHER\,/\,SISTER$ 

09 BROTHER-IN-LAW / SISTER-IN-LAW

10 UNCLE/AUNT 11 NIECE / NEPHEW 12 OTHER RELATIVE 13 ADOPTED / FOSTER / STEPCHILD 14 SERVANT (LIVE-IN)

14 SERVANT (LIVE-IN) 96 OTHER (NOT RELATED)

98 DK

\*\* Codes for HL21: Relationship to primary caregiver: 01 FATHER

02 PATERNAL GRANDFATHER 03 PATERNAL GRANDMOTHER

04 MATERNAL GRANDFATHER

05 MATERNAL GRANDMOTHER 06 UNCLE, PARENTS' OLDER BROTHER 07 AUNT, PARENTS' OLDER SISTER 08 AUNT, PARENTS' YOUNGER SISTER 09 UNCLE, PARENTS' YOUNGER BROTHER 10 OLDER BROTHER/SISTER

11 OTHER RELATIVE

96 OTHER (NOT RELATED)

EDUCA	TION 1														ED
ED1. Line	ED2.		ED3.	r above?	ED4. Has (nam		ED5.	vial and anada an	ED6.	ame) ev		<b>ED7</b> . Age 3-2-	12	ED8. Check B	ED4.
number	Name and age.		Age 5 0	r above:	attended		What is the highest le year of school ( <i>name</i>		comple		ver		4:	Ever att	tended
	Copy names and ages of <u>all</u> members of the hou.		1 YES 2 NO છ		any Early Education	Childhood			(grade/			1 YES 2 NO છ		school o	or
	HL2 and HL6 to below <u>and</u> to next page of the n	юаше.			programn		LEVEL:	GRADE/YEAR:	year)?				ext Line	ECE?	
					1 YES		(See codes at the	98 DK ☆	1 YES 2 NO					1 YES 2 NO ↔	
					2 NO \(\Delta\)		end of the module)	ED7	8 DK						ext Line
						Next Line	00 ECE ☆								
							ED7								
LINE	NAME	AGE	YES	NO	YES	NO	LEVEL	GRADE/YEAR	Y	N	DK	YES	NO	YES	NO
01			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
02			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
03			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
04			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
05			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
06			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
07			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
08			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
09			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2
10			1	2	1	2			1	2	8	1	2	1	2

<b>EDUC</b>	ATION 2												ED
ED1.	ED2.		ED9.	ED10.		ED10C.	ED11.	ED12.	ED13.	ED14.	ED15.	ED16.	
Line	Name and age	2.	At any time	During the 2	562-63	If ED10 (Level) is	Is (he/she)	In the 2562-63	Who provided	For the 2562-63	At any time	During 2561	1-62
number			during the	school year,	which	recorded 01-03	attending a	school year, has	the tuition	school year, has	during the	school year,	
			2562-63	level and gra		only, probe:	public school?	(name)	support?	(name) received any	2561-62	level and gra	
			school year	is (name) att	ending?			received any		material support or	school year	did (name) a	attend?
			did (name)		1	Is ( <i>name</i> ) attending		school tuition	Record all	cash to buy shoes,	did (name)		1
			attend school		GRADE/	formal school,	'1'. If "No",	support?	mentioned.	exercise books,	attend school	LEVEL:	GRADE/
			or any Early	(See codes	YEAR:	NFE, or home	probe to code	70//77 11 7		notebooks, school	or any Early	(See codes	YEAR:
			Childhood	at the end	98 DK	school?	who controls	If "Yes", probe	A GOVT. /	uniforms or other	Childhood	at the end	98 DK
			Education	of the		1 A TOTTEN ID IN CO.	and manages	to ensure that	PUBLIC	school supplies?	Education	of the	
			programme?	module)		1 ATTENDING	the school. 1 GOVT./	support was not	B	IC "X" " 1 .	programme?	module)	
			1 MEC			NFE ↔ ED12		received from	RELIGIOUS/	If "Yes", probe to	1 MEC	0 ECE か	
			1 YES 2 NO ☆	00 ECE ☆		ED12	2 RELIGIOUS/	family, other relatives,	FAITH ORG. C PRIVATE.	ensure that support was not received	1 YES 2 NO ☆	Next Line	
			ED15	ED11		2 ATTENDING	FAITH ORG.	friends or	X OTHER	from family, other	Next Line	Ivexi Line	
			EDIS			HOME SCHOOL	3 PRIVATE	neighbours.	Z DK	relatives, friends or	8 DK ☆		
						Attending NFE ☆	6 OTHER	neighbours.	ZDK	neighbours.	Next Line		
							8 DK	1 YES		neighbours.	TVEXT Elite		
						3 NOT	0 212	2 NO か		1 YES			
						ATTENDING		ED14		2 NO			
						BOTH FORM		8 DK ☆		8 DK			
						8 DK		ED14					
LDIE	NAME	A CIE	MEGNO	LEVEL	GRADE/	NFE	AUTHODITY	VEG NO DIZ	THEION	VEG NO DV	VEG NO DI	LEVEL	GRADE/
LINE 01	NAME	AGE	YES NO 1 2	LEVEL	YEAR	1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	YES NO DK 1 2 8	TUITION A B C X Z	YES NO DK 1 2 8	YES NO DK 1 2 8	LEVEL	YEAR
								<b>†</b>					
02			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
03			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
04			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
05			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
06			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
07			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
08			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
09			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		
10			1 2			1 2 3 8	1 2 3 6 8	1 2 8	ABCXZ	1 2 8	1 2 8		

* Codes for level of education for <b>ED5</b> ,	00 ECE	03 UPPER SECONDARY	06 BACHELOR DEGREE	98 DK
<b>ED10</b> , and <b>ED16</b> :	01 PRIMARY	04 CERTIFICATE (VCE / TCE)	07 MASTER DEGREE	
	02 LOWER SECONDARY	05 DIPLOMA (HVC / CTV / HTC)	08 DOCTORAL DEGREE	

		HC
<b>HC1A.</b> What is the religion of ( <i>name of the head of</i>	BUDDHISM1	
the household from HL2)?	ISLAM2	
	CHRISTIANITY3	
	OTHER RELIGION	
	(specify)6	
	NO RELIGION7	
HC1B. What is the native language of ( <i>name of the</i>	THAI (INCLUDING LOCAL DIALECTS)01	
head of the household from HL2)?	ENGLISH02	
	CHINESE	
	BURMESE04	
	KHMER / KUY05	
	MALAY / JAWI06	
	LAO07	
	KAREN08	
	HMONG09	
	LAHU10	
	MON11	
	LAWA12	
	AKHA13	
	NYEU14	
	SHAN15	
	OTHER LANGUAGE	
	(specify)96	
HC3. How many rooms do members of this household		
usually use for sleeping?	NUMBER OF ROOMS	
HC4. Main material of the dwelling floor.	NATURAL FLOOR	
	EARTH / SAND11	
Record observation.	RUDIMENTARY FLOOR	
	WOOD PLANKS21	
If observation is not possible, ask the respondent to	PALM / BAMBOO22	
determine the material of the dwelling floor.	FINISHED FLOOR	
	PARQUET OR POLISHED WOOD31	
	VINYL OR ASPHALT STRIPS32	
	CERAMIC TILES	
	CEMENT	
	CARPET	
	MARBLE / POLISHED STONE36	

HC5. Main material of the roof.	NATURAL ROOFING
Record observation.	THATCH (E.G. NIPA PALM / SUGAR PALM / PALM / COCONUT LEAF)
	OTHER (specify)96
HC6. Main material of the exterior walls.  Record observation.	NATURAL WALLS         TRUNKS       12         RUDIMENTARY WALLS         BAMBOO       21         PLYWOOD       24         REUSED WOOD       26         FINISHED WALLS         CEMENT       31         STONE WITH CEMENT       32         BRICKS       33         CEMENT BLOCKS / BLOCK BRICKS       34         WOOD PLANKS       36         TIN       37         GYPSUM BOARD       38         SMART BOARD /       39
HC7. Does your household have:	OTHER (specify)96  YES NO
·	
<ul><li>[A] A fixed telephone line?</li><li>[B] A radio?</li></ul>	FIXED TELEPHONE LINE 1 2  RADIO 1 2
[C] A bed?	BED 1 2
[D] A dining table?	DINING TABLE 1 2
[E] A sofa / living room furniture set?	SOFA / LIVING ROOM SET 1 2
[F] A wardrobe?	WARDROBE 1 2
[G] A showcase?	SHOWCASE 1 2
[H] A pantry cabinet?	PANTRY CABINET 2
[I] A water tank / big water jar?	WATER TANK / BIG WATER JAR1 2
[J] A charcoal stove?	CHARCOAL STOVE1 2

HC8. Does your household have electricity?	YES, INTERCONNECTED GRID1 YES, OFF-GRID (GENERATOR/ISOLATED	
	SYSTEM)	3 <i>⇒</i> HC10
HC9. Does your household have:	YES NO	
[A] A plain television set?	PLAIN TELEVISION SET 1 2	
[B] An LCD / LED / plasma monitor television?	LCD/LED/ PLASMA TELEVISION1 2	
[C] A VCD / DVD player?	VCD/DVD PLAYER 1 2	
[D] A Blu-ray player?	BLU-RAY PLAYER 1 2	
[E] An electric fan?	ELECTRIC FAN1 2	
[F] A refrigerator?	REFRIGERATOR1 2	
[G] A top-load washing machine?	TOP-LOAD WASHER 1 2	
[H] A front-load washing machine?	FRONT-LOAD WASHER 1 2	
[I] A clothes dryer?	CLOTHES DRYER 1 2	
[J] An air conditioner?	AIR CONDITIONER 1 2	
[K] An air purifier?	AIR PURIFIER 1 2	
[L] A microwave oven?	MICROWAVE OVEN 1 2	
[M] A water heater in bathroom?	WATER HEATER IN BATHROOM 1 2	
[N] An electric water pump?	ELECTRIC WATER PUMP 1 2	
HC10. Does any member of your household own:	YES NO	
[A] A wristwatch?	WRISTWATCH 1 2	
[B] A bicycle?	BICYCLE 1 2	
[C] A motorcycle or scooter?	MOTORCYCLE / SCOOTER 1 2	
[E] A car, truck or van?	CAR / TRUCK / VAN 1 2	
[F] A boat with a motor?	BOAT WITH MOTOR 1 2	
[G] A 2-wheel tractor (walking tractor)?	2-WHEEL TRACTOR (WALKING TRACTOR) 1 2	
[H] A 4-wheel tractor?	4-WHEEL TRACTOR 1 2	
[I] A large sized motorcycle (big bike)?	LARGE MOTORCYCLE (big bike) 1 2	
<b>HC11</b> . Does any member of your household have a computer or a tablet?	YES	2 <i>⇒</i> HC12
HC11A. What kind of computer or tablet does any member of your household have?	DESKTOP COMPUTER	

HC12. Does any member of your household have a mobile telephone?	YES	2 <i>⇒</i> HC13
*		2-711C13
<b>HC12A</b> . What kind of mobile telephone does any member of your household have?	SMARTPHONE	
HC13. Does your household have access to internet at	YES1	
home?	NO2	
HC14. Do you or someone living in this household	OWN01	
own this dwelling?	RENT	
If (No. ) the mark Do and the desired and the form	HIRE-PURCHASE03	
If 'No', then ask: Do you rent this dwelling from someone not living in this household?	BELONG TO RELATIVE	
someone not hving in this nousehold.	NOT IN HOUSEHOLD04	
If 'Rented from someone else', record '2'. For other	WELFARE FROM WORK05	
responses, record '6' and specify.	DWELLING BUILT ON PUBLIC LAND06	
	OTHER (specify)96	
HC15. Does any member of this household own any	YES1	
land that can be used for agriculture?	NO2	2 <i>⇒</i> HC17
HC16. How many rais of agricultural land do members of this household own?  If the area is less than one rais, record '00'.  If 95 or more rais, record '95'.  If unknown, record '98'.	AREA (rais)	
For more details on conversions, please refer to manual.		
<b>HC17</b> . Does this household own any livestock, herds, other farm animals, or poultry?	YES	2 <i>⇔</i> HC19
HC18. How many of the following animals does this household have?		
[A] Milk cows or bulls?	MILK COWS OR BULLS	
[B] Buffaloes?	BUFFALOES	
[C] Horses, donkeys or mules?	HORSES, DONKEYS OR MULES	
[D] Goats?	GOATS	
[E] Sheep?	SHEEP	
[F] Chickens?	CHICKENS	
[G] Pigs?	PIGS	
[H] Ducks or geese?	DUCKS OR GEESE	
If none, record '00'. If 95 or more, record '95'. If unknown, record '98'.		
<b>HC19</b> . Does any member of this household have a bank account?	YES	
<b>HC20</b> . Does any member of the household have a credit card?	YES	

SOCIAL TRANSFERS

**ST1**. I would like to ask you about various external economic assistance programmes provided to households. By external assistance I mean support that comes from the government or from non-governmental organizations such as religious, charitable, or community-based organizations. This excludes support from family, other relatives, friends or neighbours.

	1	, ,	11	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>
	[A] STATE WELFARE CARD	[B] OLD AGE ALLOWANCE	[C] CHILD SUPPORT GRANT	[D] ANY RETIREMENT PENSION	[X] ANY OTHER EXTERNAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMME
ST2. Are you aware of (name of programme)?	YES	ST3	YES	YES	YES (specify)1 \( \triangle \) ST3 NO
<b>ST3</b> . Has your household or anyone in your household received assistance through ( <i>name of programme</i> )?	YES 1 分 ST4 NO 2 分 [B] DK 8 分 [B]	ST4 NO2 № [C]	NO2 \( \text{D} \)	YES 1 分	ST4 NO2 № Next module
ST4. When was the last time your household or anyone in your household received assistance through (name of programme)?  If less than one month, record '1' and record '00' in Months.  If less than 12 months, record '1' and record in Months.  If 1 year/12 months or more, record '2' and record in Years.	MONTHS AGO 1  [B] YEARS AGO 2  [B] DK	り [C] YEARS AGO2 り [C]	요 [D]	り [X] YEARS AGO2 シ [X]	MONTHS AGO1  \( \text{Signature} \)  Next module  YEARS AGO2  \( \text{Signature} \)  Next module  DK998  \( \text{Signature} \)  Next module

HOUSEHOLD ENERGY USE		EU
EU1. In your household, what type of cookstove is	ELECTRIC STOVE01	01 <i>⇒EU5</i>
mainly used for cooking?	SOLAR COOKER02	02 <i>⇒EU5</i>
	LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG)/	
	COOKING GAS STOVE	03 <i>⇒EU5</i>
	BIOGAS STOVE	05 <i>⇒EU5</i>
	THREE STONE STOVE / OPEN FIRE	09 <i>⇒EU4</i>
	CHARCOAL STOVE	
	OTHER (specify) 96	96 <i>⇔EU4</i>
	NO FOOD COOKED IN	
	HOUSEHOLD97	97 <i>⇒EU</i> 9
EU2. Does it have a chimney?	YES	
	DK8	
EU4. What type of fuel or energy source is used in this	ALCOHOL / ETHANOL 01	
cookstove?	GASOLINE / DIESEL	
	KEROSENE / PARAFFIN	
If more than one, record the main energy source for	COAL / LIGNITE04	
this cookstove.	CHARCOAL	
	WOOD	
	CROP RESIDUE / GRASS /	
	STRAW / SHRUBS	
	ANIMAL DUNG / WASTE	
	PROCESSED BIOMASS (PELLETS) OR	
	WOODCHIPS	
	SAWDUST	
	OTHER (specify) 96	
EU5. Is the cooking usually done in the house, in a	IN MAIN HOUSE	
separate building, or outdoors?	NO SEPARATE ROOM1	
	IN A SEPARATE ROOM2	
If in main house, probe to determine if cooking is done in a separate room.	IN A SEPARATE BUILDING 3	
If outdoors, probe to determine if cooking is done on	OUTDOORS	
veranda, covered porch, or open air.	OPEN AIR4	
	ON VERANDA OR COVERED PORCH5	
	OTHER ( <i>specify</i> )6	

<b>EU9</b> . At night, what does your household mainly use to	ELECTRICITY01	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SOLAR LANTERN 02	
<u>light</u> the household?		
	RECHARGEABLE FLASHLIGHT,	
	TORCH OR LANTERN	
	BATTERY POWERED FLASHLIGHT,	
	TORCH OR LANTERN04	
	BIOGAS LAMP	
	GASOLINE LAMP	
	KEROSENE OR PARAFFIN LAMP 07	
	CHARCOAL	
	WOOD	
	CROP RESIDUE / GRASS /	
	STRAW / SHRUBS10	
	ANIMAL DUNG / WASTE 11	
	CANDLE 13	
	OTHER ( <i>specify</i> ) 96	
	NO LIGHTING IN HOUSEHOLD97	

WATER AND SANITATION		WS
WS1. What is the main source of drinking water used	PIPED WATER	
by members of your household?	PIPED INTO DWELLING11	11 <i>⇒WS7</i>
	PIPED TO YARD / PLOT12	12 <i>⇒WS7</i>
	PIPED TO NEIGHBOUR13	13 <i>⇔WS3</i>
If unclear, probe to identify the place from which	PUBLIC TAP / STANDPIPE14	14 <i>⇒WS3</i>
members of this household most often collect		
drinking water (collection point).	TUBE WELL / BOREHOLE21	21 <i>⇒WS3</i>
	DUG WELL	
	PROTECTED WELL31	31 <i>⇒WS3</i>
	UNPROTECTED WELL32	32 <i>⇒WS3</i>
	RAINWATER	51 <i>⇒</i> WS3
	TANKER-TRUCK	61 <i>⇒WS4</i>
	SURFACE WATER (RIVER, DAM, LAKE,	
	POND, STREAM, CANAL, IRRIGATION CHANNEL)81	81 <i>⇔WS3</i>
	CHANNEL)81	81 <i>→ W</i> 55
	PACKAGED WATER	
	BOTTLED WATER91	
	DACKACED WATER CLASS	
	CUP WATER93	
	COIN-OPERATED WATER DISPENSER94	
	OTHER (specify)96	96 <i>⇔WS3</i>
WS2. What is the main source of water used by	PIPED WATER	
members of your household for other purposes such	PIPED INTO DWELLING11	11 <i>⇒WS7</i>
as cooking and handwashing?	PIPED TO YARD / PLOT12	12 <i>⇒WS7</i>
	PIPED TO NEIGHBOUR13	
If unclear, probe to identify the place from which	PUBLIC TAP / STANDPIPE14	
members of this household most often collect water		
for other purposes.	TUBE WELL / BOREHOLE21	
	DUC WELL	
	PROTECTED WELL31	
	UNPROTECTED WELL 32	
	UNITROTECTED WELL	
	RAINWATER51	
	TANKER-TRUCK61	61 <i>⇒WS4</i>
	SURFACE WATER (RIVER, DAM, LAKE,	
	POND, STREAM, CANAL, IRRIGATION	
	CHANNEL)81	
	OTHER (specify)96	
WS3. Where is that water source located?	IN OWN DWELLING1	1 <i>⇒WS7</i>
	IN OWN YARD / PLOT2	2 <i>⇒WS7</i>
	ELSEWHERE3	
WS4. How long does it take for members of your	MEMBERS DO NOT COLLECT000	000 <i>⇒WS7</i>
household to go there, get water, and come back?	MEMBERS DO NOT COLLECT	000 / 115/
asserted to go more, get mater, and come back.	NUMBER OF MINUTES	
	DK998	

<b>WS5</b> . Who usually goes to this source to collect the water for your household?	NAME	
Record the name of the person and copy the line number of this person from the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS Module.	LINE NUMBER	
<b>WS6</b> . Since last ( <i>day of the week</i> ), how many times has this person collected water?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
	DK98	
<b>WS7.</b> In the last month, has there been any time when your household did not have sufficient quantities of drinking water?	YES, AT LEAST ONCE	2 <i>⇒WS</i> 9
oraning water.	DK8	8 <i>⇒WS</i> 9
<b>WS8.</b> What was the main reason that you were unable to access water in sufficient quantities when needed?	WATER NOT AVAILABLE FROM SOURCE1 WATER TOO EXPENSIVE	
	OTHER (specify)6	
	DK8	
WS9. Do you or any other member of this household	YES1	
do anything to the water to make it safer to drink?	NO2	2 <i>⇒WS11</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇔WS11</i>
WS10. What do you usually do to make the water safer	BOILA	
to drink?	ADD BLEACH / CHLORINEB	
	STRAIN IT THROUGH A CLOTHC	
Probe:	USE WATER FILTER (CERAMIC, SAND,	
Anything else?	COMPOSITE, ETC.)	
Record all methods mentioned.	LET IT STAND AND SETTLE F	
Record an memous memonea.	ELITISTAND AND SETTLE	
	OTHER (specify)X	
	DKZ	
WS11. What kind of toilet facility do members of your	FLUSH / POUR FLUSH	
household usually use?	FLUSH TO PIPED SEWER SYSTEM11	11 <i>⇒WS14</i>
	FLUSH TO SEPTIC TANK	
If 'Flush' or 'Pour flush', probe:	FLUSH TO OPEN DRAIN	1.4 - 417.01.4
Where does it flush to?	FLUSH TO OPEN DRAIN14 FLUSH TO DK WHERE18	14 <i>⇒WS14</i> 18 <i>⇒WS14</i>
If not possible to determine, ask permission to	PIT LATRINE	10711314
observe the facility.	VENTILATED IMPROVED PIT	
· · · · · · <b>V</b> · · · · · · <b>V</b> ·	LATRINE21	
	PIT LATRINE WITH SLAB22	
	PIT LATRINE WITHOUT SLAB /	
	OPEN PIT23	
	NO FACILITY / BUSH / FIELD95	95 <i>⇒Next</i>
	OTHER (specify)96	module 96 <i>⇔WS14</i>

<b>WS12</b> . Has your ( <i>answer from WS11</i> ) ever been emptied?	YES, EMPTIED1	
	NO, NEVER EMPTIED4	4 <i>⇒</i> WS14
	DK8	8 <i>⇔WS14</i>
WS13. The last time it was emptied, where were the	REMOVED BY SERVICE PROVIDER	
contents emptied to?	TO A TREATMENT PLANT1	
	BURIED IN A COVERED PIT2	
Probe:	TO DON'T KNOW WHERE3	
Was it removed by a service provider?		
	EMPTIED BY HOUSEHOLD	
	BURIED IN A COVERED PIT4	
	TO UNCOVERED PIT, OPEN GROUND,	
	WATER BODY OR ELSEWHERE5	
	OTHER (specify)6	
	DK8	
<b>WS14</b> . Where is this toilet facility located?	IN OWN DWELLING1	
·	IN OWN YARD / PLOT2	
	ELSEWHERE3	
WS15. Do you share this facility with others who are	YES1	
not members of your household?	NO2	2 ⇒ Next
		module
WS16. Do you share this facility only with members of	SHARED WITH KNOWN HOUSEHOLDS	
other households that you know, or is the facility	(NOT PUBLIC)1	
open to the use of the general public?	SHARED WITH GENERAL PUBLIC2	2    Next
		module
WS17. How many households in total use this toilet	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS	
facility, including your own household?	(IF LESS THAN 10) <u>0</u>	
	TEN OR MORE HOUSEHOLDS10	
	DK98	

HANDWASHING		HW
<ul> <li>HW1. We would like to learn about where members of this household wash their hands.</li> <li>Can you please show me where members of your household most often wash their hands?</li> <li>Record result and observation.</li> </ul>	OBSERVED FIXED FACILITY OBSERVED (SINK / TAP) IN DWELLING	HW  4 ⇔HW5 5 ⇔HW4
	OTHER REASON (specify)6	6 <i>⇔HW5</i>
HW2. Observe presence of water at the place for handwashing.  Verify by checking the tap/pump, or basin, bucket, water container or similar objects for presence of water.	WATER IS AVAILABLE	
<b>HW3.</b> Is soap, detergent or dishwashing liquid present at the place for handwashing?	YES, PRESENT	1 <i>⇒HW7</i> 2 <i>⇒HW5</i>
<b>HW4.</b> Where do you or other members of your household most often wash your hands?	FIXED FACILITY (SINK / TAP) IN DWELLING	
<b>HW5</b> . Do you have any soap or detergent or dishwashing liquid in your house for washing hands?	YES	2 <i>⇒Next</i> module
<b>HW6</b> . Can you please show it to me?	YES, SHOWN	2 ⇒ Next module
HW7. Record your observation.  Record all that apply.	BAR OR LIQUID SOAPA DETERGENT (POWDER / LIQUID / PASTE)B DISHWASHING LIQUIDD	

SALT IODISATION		SA
<b>SA1</b> . We would like to check whether the salt used in your household is iodised. May I have a sample of the salt used to cook meals in your household?	SALT TESTED  0 PPM (NO REACTION)	2 - 111112
Apply 2 drops of the test solution from the <u>blue-capped</u> (iodate) test kit, observe the darkest reaction	BELOW 15 PPM (BETWEEN 0 AND 15 PPM) 2 15 PPM OR MORE	2 <i>⇒</i> HH13 3 <i>⇒</i> HH13
<u>cappea</u> (todate) test kit, observe the darkest reaction within 30 seconds, compare to the colour chart and then record the result (1, 2 or 3) that corresponds to test outcome.	SALT NOT TESTED  NO SALT IN THE HOUSE	4 <i>⇔HH13</i> 6 <i>⇔HH13</i>
	(-F-1-93)	05/ПП13
<b>SA2</b> . I would like to perform more tests. May I have another sample of the same salt?	SALT TESTED  0 PPM (NO REACTION)	2 <i>⇒</i> HH13
Apply 5 drops of the recheck solution from the <u>blue-capped</u> test kit. Then apply 2 drops of test solution on	15 PPM OR MORE	3 <i>⇒</i> HH13
the same spot. Observe the darkest reaction within 30 seconds, compare to the colour chart and then record the result (1, 2 or 3) that corresponds to test outcome.	SALT NOT TESTED OTHER REASON(specify)6	6 <i>⊅НН13</i>
SA3. Ask for a fresh sample of salt.  Apply 2 drops of test solution from the <u>red-capped</u> test kit (iodide), observe the darkest reaction within 30 seconds, compare to the colour chart and then record the result (1, 2 or 3) that corresponds to test	SALT TESTED         0 PPM (NO REACTION)       1         BELOW 15 PPM (BETWEEN 0 AND       2         15 PPM)       2         ABOVE 15 PPM (AT LEAST       15 PPM)         15 PPM)       3	2 <i>⇔</i> HH13 3 <i>⇔</i> HH13
outcome.	SALT NOT TESTED  NO SALT IN THE HOUSE	4 <i>⇒НН13</i> 6 <i>⇒НН13</i>
SA4. Ask for a fresh sample of salt.  Apply 5 drops of the recheck solution from the red-capped test kit. Then apply 2 drops of test solution on	SALT TESTED           0 PPM (NO REACTION)	
the same spot. Observe the darkest reaction within 30 seconds, compare to the colour chart and then record the result (1, 2 or 3) that corresponds to test outcome.	SALT NOT TESTED OTHER REASON (specify)	

HH13. Record the time.	HOUR AND MINUTES : : : :	
HH14. Language of the Questionnaire.	THAI	
HH15. Language of the Interview.	THAI	

HH16. Native language of the Respondent.	THAI       01         ENGLISH       02         CHINESE       03         BURMESE       04         KHMER / KUY       05         MALAY / JAWI       06         LAO       07         KAREN       08         HMONG       09         LAHU       10         MON       11         LAWA       12         AKHA       13         NYEU       14         SHAN       15         OTHER LANGUAGE (specify)       96	
HH17. Was a translator used for any parts of this questionnaire?	YES, ENTIRE QUESTIONNAIRE	
HH18. Check HL6 in the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD  MEMBERS and indicate the total number of children age 5-17 years:	NO CHILDREN	0 <i>⇒HH29</i> 1 <i>⇒HH27</i>

**HH19**. List each of the children age 5-14 years below in the order they appear in the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS. Do not include other household members outside of the age range 5-14 years. Record the line number, name, sex, and age for each child.

HH20.	HH21.	HH22.	HH	<b>[23</b> .	HH24.
Rank	Line	Name from HL2	Sex	from	Age from
number	number		H	L4	HL6
	from				
	HL1				
RANK	LINE	NAME	M	F	AGE
1			1	2	
2			1	2	
3			1	2	
4			1	2	
5			1	2	
6			1	2	
7			1	2	
8			1	2	

**HH25**. Check the last digit of the household number (HH2) from the HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION PANEL. This is the number of the row you should go to in the table below.

Check the total number of children age 5-14 years in HH18 above. This is the number of the column you should go to in the table below.

Find the box where the row and the column meet and <u>record</u> the number that appears in the box. This is the rank number (HH20) of the selected child.

	TOTAL NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE CHILDREN IN THE HOUSEHOLD (FROM HH18)						
LAST DIGIT OF HOUSEHOLD NUMBER (FROM HH2)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8+
0	2	2	4	3	6	5	4
1	1	3	1	4	1	6	5
2	2	1	2	5	2	7	6
3	1	2	3	1	3	1	7
4	2	3	4	2	4	2	8
5	1	1	1	3	5	3	1
6	2	2	2	4	6	4	2
7	1	3	3	5	1	5	3
8	2	1	4	1	2	6	4
9	1	2	1	2	3	7	5

l	9	1	2	1	2	3	1	3	
HH26. Record the rank number (HH20), line number (HH21), name (HH22) and age  RANK NUMBER									
(HH24) of the selected child.  LINE NUMBER									
HH27. (W	hen HH18=1 or when there i.	s a single c	hild age 5-	14 in the ho	ousehold):				
	ne rank number as '1'and rec 5) of this child from the LIST		,	,	ame (HL2)	and NA	ME		
<i>3</i> \	, ,					AC	E		
HH28. Issa	HH28. Issue a QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN AGE 5-14 to be administered to the mother/caretaker of this child.						s child.		
HH29. Ch	eck HL8 in the LIST OF HOU	SEHOLD	YE	S, AT LEA	ST ONE W	VOMAN A	GE 15-49	1	
MEMBE	RS: Are there any women age	15-49?	NO	)				2	2 <i>⇒HH34</i>
<b>HH30</b> . Issi	ие a separate QUESTIONNA.	IRE FOR I	NDIVIDUA	L WOMEN	l for each v	voman age	e 15-49 year	·s.	
HH31. Ch	eck HL6 and HL8 in the LIST	OF	YE	S, AT LEA	ST ONE G	IRL AGE	15-17	1	
HOUSEI 15-17?	HOLD MEMBERS: Are there	any girls a	ge NO	·			•••••	2	2 <i>⇒</i> HH34
<b>НН32</b> . Сh	eck HL20 in the LIST OF HO	USEHOLL	) YE	S, AT LEA	ST ONE G	IRL AGE	15-17 WIT	Ή	
MEMBE.	RS: Is consent required for in	terviewing	at H	L20≠90				1	
least one	girl age 15-17?		NO	, HL20=90	FOR ALL	GIRLS A	GE 15-17	2	2 <i>⇒HH34</i>

<b>HH33</b> . As part of the survey we are also interviewing women age 15-49. We ask each person we interview for permission. A female interviewer conducts these interviews.						
For girls age 15-17 we must also get permission from an adult to interview them. As mentioned before, all the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous.						
May we interview (name(s) of female member(s) age 15	5-17) later?					
☐ 'Yes' for all girls age 15-17 ➡ Continue with HH3	34.					
	e least one girl age 15-17 ⇒ Record '06' in WM17 (also For those adult consent was not given. Then continue with					
☐ 'No' for all girls age 15-17 ⇒ Record '06' in WM questionnaires for whom adult consent was not give	17 (also in UF17 and FS17, if applicable) on all individuen. Then continue with HH34.	ual				
HH34. CHECK HH8 IN THE HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION PANEL: IS THE HOUSEHOLD SELECTED FOR QUESTIONNAIRE FOR MEN?	YES, HH8=1	2 <i>⇒HH40</i>				
HH35. Check HL9 in the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS: Are there any men age 15-49?	YES, AT LEAST ONE MAN AGE 15-49	2 <i>⇒</i> HH40				
HH36. Issue a separate QUESTIONNAIRE FOR INDIVI	IDUAL MEN for each man age 15-49 years.					
HH37. Check HL6 and HL9 in the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS: Are there any boys age 15-17?	YES, AT LEAST ONE BOY AGE 15-17	2 <i>⇒HH40</i>				
HH38. Check HL20 in the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD  MEMBERS: Is consent required for interviewing at least one boy age 15-17?	YES, AT LEAST ONE BOY AGE 15-17 WITH HL20≠90	2 <i>⇒HH40</i>				
<b>HH39</b> . As part of the survey we are also interviewing me interviewer conducts these interviews.	en age 15-49. We ask each person we interview for perm	nission. A male				
For boys age 15-17 we must also get permission from an adult to interview them. As mentioned before, all the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous.						
May we interview (name(s) of male member(s) age 15-1	17) later?					
☐ 'Yes' for all boys age 15-17 ⇒ Continue with HH40.						
□ 'No' for at least one boy age 15-17 and 'Yes' to at least one boy age 15-17 ⇒ Record '06' in MWM17 (also in UF17 and FS17, if applicable) on individual questionnaires for those adult consent was not given. Then continue with HH40.						
☐ 'No' for all boys age 15-17 ⇒ Record '06' in MWM17 (also in UF17 and FS17, if applicable) on all individual questionnaires for whom adult consent was not given. Then continue with HH40.						
<b>HH40</b> . Check HL10 in the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS: Are there any children age 0-4?	YES, AT LEAST ONE 1 NO 2	2 <i>⇒</i> HH45				
HH41. Issue a separate QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN UNDER FIVE for each child age 0-4 years.						

## HH45. Now return to the HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION PANEL and,

- Record '01' in question HH46 (Result of the Household Questionnaire interview),
- Record the name and the line number (from the LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS) of the Respondent to the Household Questionnaire interview in HH47,
- Fill the questions HH48 HH52,
- Thank the respondent for his/her cooperation and then
- Proceed with the administration of the remaining individual questionnaire(s) in this household.

If there is no individual questionnaire to be completed in this household thank the respondent for his/her cooperation and move to the next household you have been assigned by your supervisor.

INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS		
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS		





WOMAN'S INFORMATION PANEL	WM	
WM1. Cluster number:	WM2. Household number:	
WM3. Woman's name and line number:	WM4. Supervisor's name and number:	
NAME	NAME	
WM5. Interviewer's name and number:	WM6. Day / Month / Year of interview:	
NAME	//_2_5_6_2	
Check woman's age in HL6 in LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMB.		
QUESTIONNAIRE: If age 15-17, verify in HH33 that adult co or not necessary (HL20=90). If consent is needed and not obt commence and '06' should be recorded in WM17.		
WM8. Check completed questionnaires in this household: Have		
you or another member of your team interviewed this respondent for another questionnaire?	NO, FIRST INTERVIEW2 2 \$\sim WM9A\$	
WM9A. Hello, my name is (your name). We are from National Statistical Office. We are conducting a survey about the situation of children, families and households. I would like to talk to you about your health and other topics. This interview usually takes about 20 minutes. We are also interviewing mothers about their children. All the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you wish not to answer a question or wish to stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?	and other topics in more detail. This interview will take about 20 minutes. Again, all the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you wish not to answer a question or wish to stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?	
Yes		
110/1101 /IJNLD	2 / WHI /	
WM17. Result of woman's interview.	COMPLETED01	
,	NOT AT HOME02	
Discuss any result not completed with Supervisor.	REFUSED03	
	PARTLY COMPLETED04	
	INCAPACITATED (specify)05	
	NO ADULT CONSENT FOR RESPONDENT	
	AGE 15-1706	
	OTUED (mesify)	

WOMAN'S BACKGROUND		WB
WB1. Check the respondent's line number (WM3) in WOMAN'S INFORMATION PANEL and the respondent to the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE (HH47): Is this respondent also the respondent to the Household Questionnaire?	YES, RESPONDENT IS THE SAME, WM3=HH47	2 <i>⇔WB3</i>
WB2. Check ED5 in EDUCATION Module in the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE for this respondent: Highest level of school attended:	ED5=02-08	1 <i>⇒WB15</i> 2 <i>⇒WB14</i>
WB3. In what month and year were you born?	DATE OF BIRTH  MONTH 98  YEAR DK YEAR 9998	
WB4. How old are you?  Probe: How old were you at your last birthday?  If responses to WB3 and WB4 are inconsistent, probe further and correct. Age must be recorded.	AGE (IN COMPLETED YEARS)	
<b>WB5</b> . Have you ever attended school or any early childhood education programme?	YES	2 <i>⇒WB14</i>
WB6. What is the highest level and grade or year of school you have attended?	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION	000 <i>⇔WB14</i>
WB7. Did you complete that (grade/year)?	YES	
WB8. Check WB4: Age of respondent:	AGE 15-24	2 <i>⇒WB13</i>
<b>WB9</b> . At any time during the 2562-63 school year did you attend school?	YES	2 <i>⇒WB11</i>
WB10. During the 2562-63 school year, which level and grade or year are you attending?	PRIMARY	
<b>WB11</b> . At any time during the 2561-62 school year did you attend school?	YES	2 <i>⇔WB13</i>

Can you read part of the sentence to me?	(specify language)4	
Show sentence on the card to the respondent.  If respondent cannot read whole sentence, probe:  Can you read part of the sentence to me?	ABLE TO READ WHOLE SENTENCE	
<b>WB15</b> . How long have you been continuously living in (name of current city, town or village of residence)?	YEARS	95 <i>⇔WB18</i>
	ALWAYS / SINCE BIRTH93	95 <i>-&gt; WB</i> 18
If less than one year, record '00' years.	MUNICIPAL1	
<b>WB16</b> . Just before you moved here, did you live in a city, in a town, or in a rural area?	NON-MUNICIPAL 2	
Probe to identify the type of place.		
If unable to determine whether the place is a municipality (urban) or non-municipality (rural), write the name of the place and then temporarily record '9' until you learn the appropriate category for the response.		
(Name of place)		
WB17. Before you moved here, in which region did you live in?	BANGKOK       01         CENTRAL       02         NORTH       03         NORTHEAST       04         SOUTH       05         OUTSIDE OF THAILAND       (specify)       96	
WB18. Are you covered by any health insurance?	YES	
	NO2	2 <i>⇔Next</i> module

WB19. What type of health insurance are you covered	COMMUNITY HEALTH INSURANCEA	
by?	HEALTH INSURANCE THROUGH	
	EMPLOYERB	
Record all mentioned.	SOCIAL SECURITY/COMPENSATION FUND . C	
	PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCED	
	UNIVERSAL HEALTH-CARE COVERAGE	
	SCHEMEE	
	GOVERNMENT OFFICERF	
	LOCAL ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION G	
	STATE ENTERPRISES OR INDEPENDENT	
	AGENCIESH	
	OTHER ( ) ( )	
	OTHER (specify) X	

FERTILITY		CM
<b>CM1</b> . Now I would like to ask about all the births you have had during your life. Have you ever given birth?	YES	2 <i>⇒CM</i> 8
This module and the birth history should only include children born alive. Any stillbirths should not be included in response to any question.		
<b>CM2</b> . Do you have any sons or daughters to whom you have given birth who are now living with you?	YES	2 <i>⇔CM5</i>
CM3. How many sons live with you?  If none, record '00'.	SONS AT HOME	
CM4. How many daughters live with you?  If none, record '00'.	DAUGHTERS AT HOME	
CM5. Do you have any sons or daughters to whom you have given birth who are alive but do not live with you?	YES	2 <i>⇒CM</i> 8
CM6. How many sons are alive but do not live with you?	SONS ELSEWHERE	
If none, record '00'.  CM7. How many daughters are alive but do not live with you?	DAUGHTERS ELSEWHERE	
If none, record '00'.		
<b>CM8</b> . Have you ever given birth to a boy or girl who was born alive but later died?	YES	2 <i>⇔CM11</i>
If 'No' probe by asking:  I mean, to any baby who cried, who made any movement, sound, or effort to breathe, or who showed any other signs of life even if for a very short time?		
CM9. How many boys have died?  If none, record '00'.	BOYS DEAD	
CM10. How many girls have died?	GIRLS DEAD	
If none, record '00'.  CM11. Sum answers to CM3, CM4, CM6, CM7, CM9 and CM10.	SUM	
CM12. Just to make sure that I have this right, you have had in total ( <i>total number in CM11</i> ) births during your life. Is this correct?	YES	1 <i>⇒CM14</i>
CM13. Check responses to CM1-CM10 and make corrections as necessary until response in CM12 is 'Yes'.		

CM14A. Check CM11: How many live births?	NO LIVE BIRTHS, CM11=00	0 <i>⇔CM14B</i> 1 <i>⇔CM15A</i>
	TWO OR MORE LIVE BIRTH, CM11=02 OR MORE2	2 <i>⇒CM15B</i>
CM14B. Have you ever been pregnant?	YES	2 <i>⇒Next</i> module
CM14C. What was the result of the most recent pregnancy?	STILLBIRTH (BABY BORN WITHOUT SIGNS OF LIFE)	1 ⇔Next module 2 ⇔Next module
CM15A. In what month and year was your child born?	MONTH AND YEAR OF LAST BIRTH	
CM15B. Of these (total number in CM11) births, in what month and year was the last child born?	MONTH	
Month and year must be recorded		
CM16A. Check CM11: How many live births?	ONE LIVE BIRTH, CM11=01	1 <i>⇔CM17</i>
CM16B. Of these (total number in CM11) births, in what month and year was the first child born?	MONTH AND YEAR OF FIRST BIRTH  MONTH	
	YEAR 9998	
CM16C. Check CM16B: Is YEAR recorded?	YES	1 <i>⇔CM17</i>
CM16D. How many years ago did you have your first birth?	COMPLETED YEARS	
Probe by asking: - How old is your first child now? - How old was you when you had your first child? (Take current respondent's age into consideration)		
	NO LIVE DIDENG DATE LA CE	
CM17. Check CM15A/B: Last birth occurred within the last 2 years, that is, since (month of interview) in B.E. 2560?	NO LIVE BIRTHS IN THE LAST 2 YEARS0 ONE OR MORE LIVE BIRTHS IN THE LAST 2 YEARS1	0 <i>⇔Next</i> module
If the month of interview and the month of birth are the same, and the year of birth is B.E. 2560, consider this as a birth within the last 2 years.		
CM18. Record name of the last born child.  If the child has died, take special care when referring to this child by name in the following	NAME OF LAST BORN CHILD	
modules.		

DESIRE FOR LAST BIRTH		DB
DB1. Check CM17: Was there a live birth in the last 2 years?  Copy name of last birth listed in the birth history (CM18) to here and use where indicated:  Name	YES, CM17=1	2 ⇒Next module
<b>DB2</b> . When you got pregnant with ( <i>name</i> ), did you want to get pregnant at that time?	YES	1 ⇔Next module
<b>DB3</b> . Check CM11: Number of births:	ONLY 1 BIRTH	1 <i>⇒DB4A</i> 2 <i>⇒DB4B</i>
<ul><li>DB4A. Did you want to have a baby later on, or did you not want any children?</li><li>DB4B. Did you want to have a baby later on, or did you not want any more children?</li></ul>	LATER	
DB5. If you did not wish to have (name of last child)  (or wanted later), what was the main reason you did not prevent (or delay the) pregnancy?	SAFE PERIOD CALCULATION BIRTH CONTROL BUT PREGNANT	

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH		MN
MN1. Check CM17: Was there a live birth in the last 2 years?  Copy name of last birth listed in the birth history (CM18) to here and use where indicated:  Name	YES, CM17=1	2 <i>⇒Next</i> module
MN2. Did you see anyone for antenatal care during	YES1	
your pregnancy with (name)?	NO2	2 <i>⇒MN</i> 7
MN3. Whom did you see?  Probe: Anyone else?	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL  DOCTORA  NURSE / MIDWIFEB  PRACTICAL NURSE/NURSE'S AIDEC	
Probe for the type of person seen and record all answers given.	OTHER (specify)X	
MN4. How many weeks or months pregnant were you when you first received antenatal care for this	WEEKS1	
pregnancy?	MONTHS 2 <u>0</u>	
Record the answer as stated by respondent. If "9 months" or later, record 9.	DK998	
<b>MN5</b> . How many times did you receive antenatal care during this pregnancy?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
Probe to identify the number of times antenatal care was received. If a range is given, record the minimum number of times antenatal care received.	DK98	
<b>MN6</b> . As part of your antenatal care during this pregnancy, were any of the following done at least once:	YES NO	
[A] Was your blood pressure measured?	BLOOD PRESSURE 1 2	
[B] Did you give a urine sample?	URINE SAMPLE	
[C] Did you give a blood sample?	BLOOD SAMPLE 1 2	
<b>MN7</b> . Do you have a health handbook or other document with your own immunisations listed?	YES (HANDBOOK OR OTHER DOCUMENT SEEN)1	
If yes, ask: May I see it please?	YES (HANDBOOK OR OTHER DOCUMENT NOT SEEN)2	
If a health handbook is presented, use it to assist with answers to the following questions.	DK8	
MN7A. When you were pregnant with ( <i>name of last child</i> ), did you receive a screening test for thalassemia?	YES	
	DK8	
<b>MN8</b> . When you were pregnant with ( <i>name</i> ), did you receive any injection in the arm or shoulder to prevent the baby from getting tetanus, that is,	YES	2 <i>⇔MN11</i>
convulsions after birth?	DK8	8 <i>⇔MN11</i>

<b>MN9</b> . How many times did you receive this tetanus injection during your pregnancy with ( <i>name</i> )?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
	DK8	8 <i>⇔MN11</i>
<b>MN10</b> . Check MN9: How many tetanus injections during last pregnancy were reported?	ONLY 1 INJECTION	2 <i>⇔MN19</i>
MN11. At any time before your pregnancy with (name), did you receive any tetanus injection either to protect yourself or another baby?	YES	2 <i>⇒MN19</i>
Include DTP (Tetanus) vaccinations received as a child if mentioned.	DK8	8 <i>⇔MN19</i>
<b>MN12</b> . Before your pregnancy with ( <i>name</i> ), how many times did you receive a tetanus injection?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
If 7 or more times, record '7'. Include DTP (Tetanus) vaccinations received as a child if mentioned.	DK8	
MN13. Check MN12: How many tetanus injections before last pregnancy were reported?	ONLY 1 INJECTION	1 <i>⇔MN14A</i> 2 <i>⇔MN14B</i>
MN14A. How many years ago did you receive that tetanus injection	YEARS AGO	
<b>MN14B</b> . How many years ago did you receive the last of those tetanus injections?	DK	
The reference is to the last injection received <u>prior</u> to this pregnancy, as recorded in MN12.  If less than 1 year, record '00'.		
MN19. Who assisted with the delivery of ( <i>name</i> )?	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL DOCTORA	
Probe: Anyone else?	NURSE / MIDWIFEB PRACTICAL NURSE/NURSE'S AIDEC	
Probe for the type of person assisting and record all answers given.	OTHER PERSON  COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKER	
	OTHER (specify)X NO ONE	

MN20. Where did you give birth to (name)?	номе	
121,20. Whole did you give out to (nume):		11 <i>⇒MN23</i>
Probe to identify the type of place.	OTHER HOME	12 <i>⇒MN</i> 23
If unable to determine whether public or private,	PUBLIC MEDICAL SECTOR	
write the name of the place and then temporarily	GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL21	
record '76' until you learn the appropriate category	GOVERNMENT CLINIC /	
for the response.	HEALTH CENTRE22	
J	OTHER PUBLIC (specify)26	
(Name of place)	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR	
	PRIVATE HOSPITAL31	
	PRIVATE CLINIC	
	OTHER PRIVATE MEDICAL	
	(specify)36	
	DK PUBLIC OR PRIVATE76	
	OTHER (specify)	96 <i>⇔MN</i> 23
NOTAL WILL AND THE STATE OF THE	OTHER (specify)96	70 /1111/23
<b>MN21</b> . Was ( <i>name</i> ) delivered by caesarean section? That is, did they cut your belly open to take the baby out?	YES	2 <i>⇒MN23</i>
MN22. When was the decision made to have the caesarean section?	BEFORE LABOUR PAINS	
Probe if necessary: Was it before or after your labour pains started?		
MN22A. Check CM11: Number of children?	ONLY 1 CHILD1	1 <i>⇒MN23</i>
	2 OR MORE CHILDREN2	
MN22B. Was this caesarean section the first or repeat	FIRST1	
caesarean section?	REPEAT2	
MN23. Immediately after the birth, was ( <i>name</i> ) put	YES	
directly on the bare skin of your chest?	NO2	2 <i>⇒MN</i> 25
If necessary, show the picture of skin-to-skin position.	DK/ DON'T REMEMBER8	8 <i>⇒MN25</i>
Photo Credit Joyce Godwin	MEG.	
MN24. Before being placed on the bare skin of your chest, was the baby wrapped up?	YES	
	DK/ DON'T REMEMBER8	

DEDICE WY ( ) 1' 1 ' 1 C 1' 10	YER	
MN25. Was ( <i>name</i> ) dried or wiped soon after birth?	YES1	
	NO2	
	DK/ DON'T REMEMBER8	
MN26. How long after the birth was (name) bathed	IMMEDIATELY/LESS THAN 1 HOUR000	
for the first time?		
	HOURS11	
If "immediately" or less than 1 hour, record '000'.		
If less than 24 hours, record hours.	DAYS <b>2</b>	
, and the second		
If "I day" or "next day", probe: About how many	NEVER BATHED997	
hours after the delivery?		
	DK / DON'T REMEMBER998	
If "24 hours", probe to ensure best estimate of less		
than 24 hours or 1 day.		
If 24 hours or more, record days.		
MN32. When ( <i>name</i> ) was born, was (he/she) very	VERY LARGE1	
large, larger than average, average, smaller than	LARGER THAN AVERAGE	
average, or very small?	AVERAGE	
average, or very sman:	SMALLER THAN AVERAGE4	
	VERY SMALL	
	VERT SWALL	
	DK8	
MN33. Was ( <i>name</i> ) weighed at birth?	YES1	
	NO2	2 <i>⇒MN35</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇔MN35</i>
MN34. How much did (name) weigh?		
, , ,	FROM HEALTH	
If a health handbook is available, record weight	HANDBOOK1 (KG)	
from health handbook.	HANDBOOK1 ( <b>KG</b> )	
v	FROM RECALL2 (KG)	
	FROM RECALL2 (RG)	
	DK99998	
MN35. Has your menstrual period returned since the	YES1	
birth of ( <i>name</i> )?	NO2	
MN36. Did you ever breastfeed (name)?	YES1	
	NO2	2 <i>⇒MN39B</i>
MN37. How long after birth did you first put ( <i>name</i> )	IMMEDIATELY000	
to the breast?	INTEDIATELT	
to the oreast:	HOURS1	
If less than 1 hour, record '00' hours.		
If less than 24 hours, record hours.	DAYS2	
Otherwise, record days.	D11102	
оны тые, гесоги шуз.	DK / DON'T REMEMBER998	
MN38. In the first three days after delivery, was	YES1	1 <i>⇒MN39A</i>
(name) given anything to drink other than breast	NO2	2 <i>⇒Next</i>
milk?		module

MN39A. What was (name) given to drink?	MILK (OTHER THAN BREAST MILK)A	
	PLAIN WATERB	
Probe: Anything else?	SUGAR OR GLUCOSE WATERC	
	ANTIFLATULENT SYRUP (GRIPE WATER)D	
'Not given anything to drink' is not a valid response	SUGAR-SALT-WATER SOLUTIONE	
and response category Y cannot be recorded.	FRUIT JUICEF	
	INFANT FORMULAG	
MN39B. In the first three days after delivery, what	TEA / INFUSIONS / TRADITIONAL HERBAL	
was ( <i>name</i> ) given to drink?	PREPARATIONSH	
	HONEYI	
Probe: Anything else?	PRESCRIBED MEDICINEJ	
'Not given anything to drink' (category Y) can only be	OTHER (specify)X	
recorded if no other response category is recorded.		
	NOT GIVEN ANYTHING TO DRINKY	

CONTRACEPTION		CP
<b>CP1.</b> I would like to talk with you about another subject: family planning.	YES, CURRENTLY PREGNANT	1 <i>⇔CP3</i>
	DK OR NOT SURE 8	
Are you pregnant now?		4 1004
<b>CP2</b> . Couples use various ways or methods to delay or avoid getting pregnant.	YES 1	1 <i>⇒CP4</i>
Are you currently doing something or using any method to delay or avoid getting pregnant?	NO2	
<b>CP3</b> . Have you ever done something or used any	YES1	1 <i>⇒Next</i>
method to delay or avoid getting pregnant?	NO2	module 2 ⇒ Next
		module
CP4. What are you doing to delay or avoid a	FEMALE STERILIZATION A	
pregnancy?	MALE STERILIZATION	
Do not prompt.	IUD	
If more than one method is mentioned, record each	IMPLANTS E	
one.	PILL F	
	MALE CONDOMG	
	FEMALE CONDOM H	
	DIAPHRAGMI	
	FOAM / JELLYJ	
	PERIODIC ABSTINENCE / RHYTHML	
	WITHDRAWALM CONTRACEPTIVE PATCHN	
	EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTIVE PILL	
	EMERGENET CONTRACE TIVE FIEL	
	OTHER (specify) X	
<b>CP5.</b> From where did you or your partner receive this?	PUBLIC MEDICAL FACILITY	
, ,	PUBLIC HOSPITAL A	
Probe to identify the type of place.	SHPH / PUBLIC HEALTH CENTREB	
	HEALTH VOLUNTEERS (CHV / VHV)C	
If unable to specify whether public or private medical	MOBILE MEDICAL UNIT D	
facility, write the name of the place and temporarily	OTHER RUDI IC MEDICAL	
record 'W' until you know the proper category for	OTHER PUBLIC MEDICAL FACILITY (specify) E	
such response.	FACILITI (specify)	
	PRIVATE MEDICAL FACILITY	
(Name of place)	PRIVATE HOSPITALF	
	PRIVATE CLINICG	
	MOBILE CLINICH	
	OTHER PRIVATE MEDICAL FACILITY	
	(specify)I	
	(specify)	
	OTHER SOURCE	
	RELATIVE / FRIENDJ	
	STORE / MARKET K	
	PHARMACYL	
	DON'T KNOW PUBLIC OR PRIVATEW	
	OTHER (specify) X	
	NOT APPLICABLEY	

UNMET NEED		UN
UN1. Check CP1: Currently pregnant?	YES, CP1=1	2 <i>⇒UN</i> 6
UN2. Now I would like to talk to you about your current pregnancy. When you got pregnant, did you want to get pregnant at that time?	YES	1 <i>⇒UN5</i>
UN3. Check CM11: Any births?	NO BIRTHS0 ONE OR MORE BIRTHS1	0 <i>⇒UN4A</i> 1 <i>⇒UN4B</i>
<b>UN4A</b> . Did you want to have a baby later on or did you not want any children?	LATER	
<b>UN4B</b> . Did you want to have a baby later on or did you not want any more children?		
UN5. Now I would like to ask some questions about the future. After the child you are now expecting, would you like to have another child, or would you prefer not to have any more children?	HAVE ANOTHER CHILD	1 \$\to\$UN8 2 \$\to\$UN14 8 \$\to\$UN14
UN6. Check CP4: Currently using 'Female sterilization'?	YES, CP4=A	1 <i>⇒UN14</i>
UN7. Now I would like to ask you some questions about the future. Would you like to have (a/another) child, or would you prefer not to have any (more) children?	HAVE (A/ANOTHER) CHILD	2 <i>⇒UN10</i> 3 <i>⇒UN12</i> 8 <i>⇒UN10</i>
UN8. How long would you like to wait before the birth of (a/another) child?  Record the answer as stated by respondent.	MONTHS	994 <i>⇔UN12</i>
UN9. Check CP1: Currently pregnant?	YES, CP1=1	1 <i>⇒UN14</i>
UN10. Check CP2: Currently using a method?	YES, CP2=1	1 <i>⇒UN14</i>
<b>UN11</b> . Do you think you are physically able to get pregnant at this time?	YES	1 <i>⇒UN14</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇒UN14</i>

INFREQUENT SEX / NO SEX A MENOPAUSAL	
TOO OLDH	
FATALISTICI	
OTHER (specify)X	
DKZ	
MENTIONED, UN12=C	1 <i>⇒Next module</i>
NOT MENTIONED, UN12≠C2	
DAYS AGO1	
WEEKS AGO 2	
MONTHS AGO3	
YEARS AGO4	
YEARS AGO4 IN MENOPAUSE / HAS HAD	
IN MENOPAUSE / HAS HAD	
	MENOPAUSAL       B         NEVER MENSTRUATED       C         HYSTERECTOMY (SURGICAL       REMOVAL OF UTERUS)       D         HAS BEEN TRYING TO GET       PREGNANT FOR 2 YEARS       E         OR MORE WITHOUT RESULT       E         POSTPARTUM AMENORRHEIC       F         BREASTFEEDING       G         TOO OLD       H         FATALISTIC       I         OTHER (specify)       X         DK       Z         MENTIONED, UN12=C       1         NOT MENTIONED, UN12≠C       2         DAYS AGO       1         WEEKS AGO       2         MONTHS AGO       3         MONTHS AGO       3

ATTIT	UDES TOWARD DOMESTIC VIOLENCE				DV
things husba	ometimes a husband is annoyed or angered by a that his wife does. In your opinion, is a nd justified in hitting or beating his wife in the wing situations:	YES	NO	DK	
[A]	If she goes out without telling him?	GOES OUT WITHOUT TELLING1	2	8	
[B]	If she neglects the children?	NEGLECTS CHILDREN1	2	8	
[C]	If she argues with him?	ARGUES WITH HIM1	2	8	
[D]	If she refuses to have sex with him?	REFUSES SEX1	2	8	
[E]	If she burns the food?	BURNS FOOD1	2	8	
[F]	If she neglects household chores?	NEGLECT HH CHORES1	2	8	

VICTIMISATION		VT
VT1. Check for the presence of others. Before continuing, ensure privacy. Now I would like to ask you some questions about crimes in which you personally were the victim.		
Let me assure you again that your answers are completely confidential and will not be told to anyone.		
In the last three years, that is since ( <i>month of interview</i> ) ( <i>year of interview minus 3</i> ), has anyone taken or tried taking something from you, by using force or threatening to use force?	YES	2 <i>⇒VT9B</i>
Include only incidents in which the respondent was personally the victim and exclude incidents experienced only by other members of the household.	DK8	8 <i>⇔VT9B</i>
If necessary, help the respondent to establish the recall period and make sure that you allow adequate time for the recall. You may reassure: It can be difficult to remember this sort of incidents, so please take your time while you think about your answers.		
VT2. Did this last happen during the last 12 months, that is, since (month of interview) (year of interview minus 1)?	YES, DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS	2 <i>⇔VT5B</i>
	DK / DON'T REMEMBER 8	8 <i>⇒VT5B</i>
VT3. How many times did this happen in the last 12 months?	ONE TIME	
If 'DK/Don't remember', probe: Did it happen once, twice, or at least three times?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	
VT4. Check VT3: One or more times?	ONE TIME, VT3=1	1 <i>⇒VT5A</i> 2 <i>⇒VT5B</i>
VT5A. When this happened, was anything stolen from you?	YES	
VT5B. The last time this happened, was anything stolen from you?	DK / NOT SURE8	
VT6. Did the person(s) have a weapon?	YES	2 <i>⇔VT</i> 8
	DK / NOT SURE8	8 <i>⇔VT</i> 8
VT7. Was a knife, a gun or something else used as a weapon?	YES, A KNIFE	
Record all that apply.		

<b>VT8</b> . Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police?	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED	
ponce:	NO, NOT REPORTED	
If 'Yes', probe: Was the incident reported by you or		
someone else?	DK / NOT SURE 8	
VT8A. Did you or anyone else report the incident to	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED1	
other agencies other than the police?	YES, SOMEONE ELSE REPORTED2	
	NO, NOT REPORTED3	3 <i>⇔VT9A</i>
	DK / NOT SURE 8	8 <i>⇒VT9A</i>
VT8B. To which agencies did you or anyone else report	VILLAGE HEADMAN / SUBDISTRICT	
the incident?	HEADMAN / SAO / MUNICIPALITY A	A <i>⇒VT9A</i>
the mercent.	OSCC 1300 HOTLINEB	B <i>⇒VT9A</i>
	DAMRONGTHAM (OMBUDSMAN)	
Record all the answers that apply.	CENTREC	C <i>⇒VT9A</i>
	FOUNDATION D	D <i>⇒VT9A</i>
	SHELTERS FOR CHILDREN	
	AND FAMILIESE	E <i>⇒VT9A</i>
	PROVINCIAL MSDHS OFFICEF	F <i>⇒VT9A</i>
	OTHER (specify)X	X <i>⇒VT9A</i>
VT9A. Apart from the incident(s) just covered, have		
you in the last three years, that is since ( <i>month of</i>		
interview) (year of interview minus 3), been		
physically attacked?		
<b>VT9B</b> . In the same period of the last three years, that is		
since (month of interview) (year of interview minus		
3), have you been physically attacked?		
If 'No', probe: An attack can happen at home or any	YES 1	
place outside of the home, such as in other homes, in	NO2	2 <i>⇒VT</i> 20
the street, at school, on public transport, public		
restaurants, or at your workplace.	DK8	8 <i>⇒</i> VT20
Include only incidents in which the account dent was		
Include only incidents in which the respondent was		
personally the victim and exclude incidents experienced only by other members of the household.		
Exclude incidents where the intention was to take		
something from the respondent, which should be		
something from the respondent, which should be recorded under VT1.		
	VEG DUDDIG THE LACT 12 MOVENS	
<b>VT10.</b> Did this last happen during the last 12 months,	YES, DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS	2 - NVT-12 P
that is, since (month of interview) (year of interview	NO, MORE THAN 12 MONTHS AGO2	2 <i>⇒VT12B</i>
minus 1)?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	8 <i>⇒VT12B</i>
Tymaa y		
VT11. How many times did this happen in the last 12	ONE TIME	1 <i>⇒VT12A</i>
months?	TWO TIMES	2 ⇒VT12B
ICON/D to 1 Provide	THREE OR MORE TIMES	3 <i>⇒VT12B</i>
If 'DK/Don't remember', probe: Did it happen once,	DV / DON'T DEMEMBER	0.007712.0
twice, or at least three times?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	8 <i>⇒VT12B</i>

VT12A. Where did this happen?	AT HOME11	
N/THAD William 1:141:1 and district to 0	IN ANOTHER HOME	
VT12B. Where did this happen the last time?	IN THE STREET21	
	ON PUBLIC TRANSPORT	
	PUBLIC RESTAURANT / CAFÉ / BAR	
	OTHER PUBLIC (specify) 26	
	OTHER PUBLIC (specify)20	
	AT SCHOOL31	
	AT WORKPLACE32	
	OTHER PLACE (specify)96	
VT13. How many people were involved in committing	ONE PERSON 1	1 <i>⇒VT14A</i>
the offence?	TWO PEOPLE2	2 <i>⇒VT14B</i>
	THREE OR MORE PEOPLE3	3 <i>⇔VT14B</i>
If 'DK/Don't remember', probe: Was it one, two, or		
at least three people?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER 8	8 <i>⇒VT14B</i>
VT14A. At the time of the incident, did you recognize	YES	
the person?	NO2	
VT14B. At the time of the incident, did you recognize	DK / DON'T REMEMBER 8	
at least one of the persons?		
VT17. Did the person(s) have a weapon?	YES 1	
1 , ,	NO2	2 <i>⇒VT19</i>
	DK / NOT SURE 8	8 <i>⇒VT19</i>
VT18. Was a knife, a gun or something else used as a	YES, A KNIFE A	
weapon?	YES, A GUNB	
	YES, SOMETHING ELSE X	
Record all that apply.		
VT19. Did you or anyone else report the incident to the	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED 1	
police?	YES, SOMEONE ELSE REPORTED2	
	NO, NOT REPORTED3	
If 'Yes', probe: Was the incident reported by you or		
someone else?	DK / NOT SURE 8	
VT19A. Did you or anyone else report the incident to	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED 1	
other agencies other than the police?	YES, SOMEONE ELSE REPORTED2	
	NO, NOT REPORTED3	3 <i>⇒VT</i> 20
	DK / NOT SURE 8	8 <i>⇒</i> VT20
VT19B. To which agencies did you or anyone else	VILLAGE CHIEF/SUBDISTRICT	
report the incident?	HEADMAN/SAO A	
•	OSCC 1300 HOTLINEB	
	DAMRONGTHAM (OMBUDSMAN)	
Record all the answers that apply.	CENTRE	
	FOUNDATION	
	SHELTERS FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES E	
	PROVINCIAL MSDHS OFFICEF	
	OTHER (specify)X	

VT20. How safe do you feel walking alone in your neighbourhood after dark?	VERY SAFE       1         SAFE       2         UNSAFE       3         VERY UNSAFE       4
	NEVER WALK ALONE AFTER DARK 7
VT21. How safe do you feel when you are at home alone after dark?	VERY SAFE       1         SAFE       2         UNSAFE       3         VERY UNSAFE       4
	NEVER ALONE AFTER DARK7
VT22. In the past 12 months, have you <u>personally</u> felt discriminated against or harassed on the basis of the following grounds?	YES NO DK
[A] Ethnic or immigration origin?	ETHNIC / IMMIGRATION 1 2 8
[B] Sex?	SEX 1 2 8
[C] Sexual orientation?	SEXUAL ORIENTATION 1 2 8
[D] Age?	AGE 1 2 8
[E] Religion or belief?	RELIGION / BELIEF 1 2 8
[F] Disability?	DISABILITY 1 2 8
[G] Poor status?	POOR STATUS 1 2 8
[H] Work position?	WORK POSITION 1 2 8
[X] For any other reason?	OTHER REASON 1 2 8

MARRIAGE/UNION		MA
<b>MA1</b> . Are you currently married or living together with someone as if married?	YES, CURRENTLY MARRIED	3 <i>⇔MA5</i>
MA2. How old is your (husband/partner)?  Probe: How old was your (husband/partner) on his last birthday?	AGE IN YEARS	
MA3. Besides yourself, does your (husband/partner) have any other wives or partners or does he live with other women as if married?	YES	2 <i>⇔MA7</i>
MA4. How many other wives or partners does he have?	NUMBER	<i>⇒MA7</i>
	DK98	98 <i>⇔MA7</i>
MA5. Have you ever been married or lived together with someone as if married?	YES, FORMERLY MARRIED1 YES, FORMERLY LIVED WITH A PARTNER2 NO	3 <i>⇒Next</i> module
MA6. What is your marital status now: are you widowed, divorced or separated?	WIDOWED	
MA7. Have you been married or lived with someone only once or more than once?	ONLY ONCE	1 <i>⇔MA8A</i> 2 <i>⇔MA8B</i>
MA8A. In what month and year did you start living with your (husband/partner)?	DATE OF (FIRST) UNION  MONTH 98	
<b>MA8B</b> . In what month and year did you start living with your <u>first</u> (husband/partner)?	YEAR9998	
MA9. Check MA8A/B: Is 'DK YEAR' recorded?	YES, MA8A/B=9998	2 <i>⇒Next</i> module
MA10. Check MA7: In union only once?	YES, MA7=1	1 <i>⇔MA11A</i> 2 <i>⇔MA11B</i>
MA11A. How old were you when you started living with your (husband/partner)?	AGE IN YEARS	
<b>MA11B</b> . How old were you when you started living with your <u>first</u> (husband/partner)?		

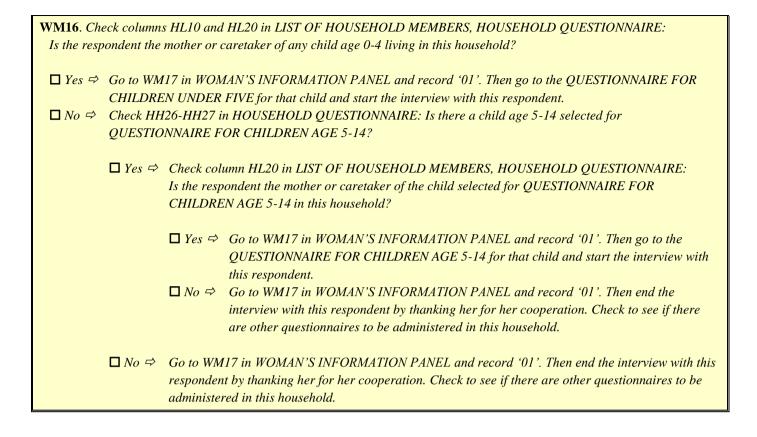
HA1. Now I would like to talk with you about something else.  Have you ever heard of HIV or AIDS?  HA2. HIV is the virus that can lead to AIDS.  Can people reduce their chance of getting HIV by having just one uninfected sex partner who has no other sex partners?  YES	vext odule
Have you ever heard of HIV or AIDS?  HA2. HIV is the virus that can lead to AIDS.  YES	
Can people reduce their chance of getting HIV by having just one uninfected sex partner who has no  NO	
having just one uninfected sex partner who has no DK	
•	
HA3. Can people get HIV from mosquito bites?  YES	
DK8	
HA4. Can people reduce their chance of getting HIV by using a condom every time they have sex?  YES	
DK8	
HA5. Can people get HIV by sharing food with a person who has HIV?  YES	
DK8	
HA6. Can people get HIV because of witchcraft or other supernatural means?  YES	
DK8	
HA7. Is it possible for a healthy-looking person to have HIV?  YES	
HA8. Can HIV be transmitted from a mother to her baby:  YES NO DK	
[A]During pregnancy?DURING PREGNANCY128[B]During delivery?DURING DELIVERY128[C]By breastfeeding?BY BREASTFEEDING128	
HA9. Check HA8[A], [B] and [C]: At least one 'Yes'       YES       1         recorded?       NO       2       2 ⇒H	HA11
HA10. Are there any special drugs that a doctor or a YES	
nurse can give to a woman infected with HIV to reduce the risk of transmission to the baby?	
DK8	
<b>HA11.</b> Check CM17: Was there a live birth in the last 2 years? YES, CM17=1	HA24
Copy name of last birth listed in the birth history (CM18) to here and use where indicated:	
Name	

HA12. Check MN2: Was antenatal care received?	YES, MN2=1	2 <i>⇔HA17</i>
<b>HA13</b> . During any of the antenatal visits for your pregnancy with ( <i>name</i> ), were you given any information about:	YES NO DK	
[A] Babies getting HIV from their mother?	HIV FROM MOTHER 1 2 8	
[B] Things that you can do to prevent getting HIV?	THINGS TO DO 1 2 8	
[C] Getting tested for HIV?	TESTED FOR HIV 1 2 8	
Were you: [D] Offered a test for HIV?	OFFERED A TEST FOR HIV 1 2 8	
<b>HA14</b> . I don't want to know the results, but were you tested for HIV as part of your antenatal care?	YES1 NO2	2 <i>⇒HA16A</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇔HA16A</i>
<b>HA15</b> . I don't want to know the results, but did you get the results of the test?	YES	2 <i>⇒HA16A</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇔HA16A</i>
<b>HA16</b> . After you received the result, were you given any health information or counselling related to HIV?	YES	
	DK8	
<b>HA16A</b> . I don't want to know the results, but whether during your antenatal care your husband / partner was tested for HIV?	YES	
HA17. Check MN20: Was the child delivered in a health facility?	YES, MN20=21-36 OR 76	2 <i>⇒</i> HA21
<b>HA18</b> . Between the time you went for delivery but before the baby was born were you offered an HIV test?	YES	
<b>HA19</b> . I don't want to know the results, but were you tested for HIV at that time?	YES	2 <i>⇒HA21</i>
<b>HA20</b> . I don't want to know the results, but did you get the results of the test?	YES	1 <i>⇒HA22</i> 2 <i>⇒HA22</i>
<b>HA21</b> . Check HA14: Was the respondent tested for HIV as part of antenatal care?	YES, HA14=1	2 <i>⇒HA24</i>
HA22. Have you been tested for HIV since that time you were tested during your pregnancy?	YES1 NO2	1 <i>⇒HA25</i>
HA23. How many months ago was your most recent HIV test?	LESS THAN 12 MONTHS AGO	1 <i>⇔</i> HA28 2 <i>⇔</i> HA28 3 <i>⇔</i> HA28
HA24. I don't want to know the results, but have you ever been tested for HIV?	YES	2 <i>⇒</i> HA27

HA25. How many months ago was your most recent HIV test?	LESS THAN 12 MONTHS AGO	
HA26. I don't want to know the results, but did you get the results of the test?	YES	1 ⇒HA28 2 ⇒HA28
HA27. Do you know of a place where people can go to get an HIV test?	DK     8       YES     1       NO     2	8 <i>⇒HA28</i>
<b>HA28</b> . Have you heard of test kits people can use to test themselves for HIV?	YES	2 <i>⇒</i> HA30
<b>HA29</b> . Have you ever tested yourself for HIV using a self-test kit?	YES	
<b>HA30</b> . Would you buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor if you knew that this person had HIV?	YES	
<b>HA31</b> . Do you think children living with HIV should be allowed to attend school with children who do not have HIV?	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS	
<b>HA32</b> . Do you think people hesitate to take an HIV test because they are afraid of how other people will react if the test result is positive for HIV?	YES	
<b>HA33</b> . Do people talk badly about people living with HIV, or who are thought to be living with HIV?	YES	
<b>HA34</b> . Do people living with HIV, or thought to be living with HIV, lose the respect of other people?	YES	
HA35. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement?	AGREE 1 DISAGREE 2	
I would be ashamed if someone in my family had HIV.	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
<b>HA36</b> . Do you fear that you could get HIV if you come into contact with the saliva of a person living with HIV?	YES	
HA37. Check WB4 and WB5, age between 15-24 years and ever attended school?	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS	2 <i>⇒</i> WM10
HA38. Did you study sexuality education in school?  Sexuality education includes birth control, safe sex, teen pregnancy, reproductive tract infections and wellbeing, etc.	YES	2 <i>⇔WM10</i>

HA39. At what level did you first have sexuality education?	PRIMARY
<b>HA40.</b> In sexuality education classes, did you learn any new information?	YES, MOSTLY NEW       1         YES, SOME NEW       2         NONE       3
<b>HA41.</b> Apart from sexuality education classes, did you have other source of sexuality information?	INTERNET A   MOVIES B   TELEVISION C   RADIO D
Probe: Any other source?	BOOK
	OTHER (specify) X  NO SOURCE

WM10. Record the time.	HOURS AND MINUTES: : : : :	
WM11. Was the entire interview completed in private or was there anyone else during the entire interview or part of it?	YES, THE ENTIRE INTERVIEW WAS COMPLETED IN PRIVATE	
WM12. Language of the Questionnaire.	THAI	
WM13. Language of the Interview.	THAI1 ENGLISH2  OTHER LANGUAGE (specify)6	
WM14. Native language of the Respondent.	THAI       01         ENGLISH       02         CHINESE       03         BURMESE       04         KHMER / KUY       05         MALAY / JAWI       06         LAO       07         KAREN       08         HMONG       09         LAHU       10         MON       11         LAWA       12         AKHA       13         NYEU       14         SHAN       15     OTHER LANGUAGE (specify)	
<b>WM15</b> . Was a translator used for any parts of this questionnaire?	YES, THE ENTIRE QUESTIONNAIRE	



INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS	





MAN'S INFORMATION PANEL	MWM		
MWM1. Cluster number:	MWM2. Household number:		
MWM3. Man's name and line number:	MWM4. Supervisor's name and number:		
NAME	NAME		
MWM5. Interviewer's name and number:	MWM6. Day / Month / Year of interview:		
NAME	///_2562_		
Check man's age in HL6 in LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBER			
QUESTIONNAIRE: If age 15-17, verify in HH39 that adult coor not necessary (HL20=90). If consent is needed and not obtain commence and '06' should be recorded in MWM17.	***************************************		
MWM8. Check completed questionnaires in this household: Ho you or another member of your team interviewed this respond for another questionnaire?			
MWM9A. Hello, my name is (your name). We are from Nation Statistical Office. We are conducting a survey about the situate of children, families and households. I would like to talk to you about your health and other topics. This interview usually take about 15 minutes. We are also interviewing mothers about the children. All the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you wish not to answer a questor wish to stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?	MWM9B. Now I would like to talk to you about your health and other topics in more detail. This interview will take about 15 minutes. Again, all the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you wish not to answer a question or wish to stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?		
Yes			
MWM17. Result of man's interview.  Discuss any result not completed with Supervisor.	COMPLETED       01         NOT AT HOME       02         REFUSED       03         PARTLY COMPLETED       04         INCAPACITATED (specify)       05		
	NO ADULT CONSENT FOR RESPONDENT AGE 15-17		
	OTHER ( <i>specify</i> ) 96		

MAN'S BACKGROUND		MWB
MWB1. Check the respondent's line number (MWM3) in MAN'S INFORMATION PANEL and the respondent to the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE (HH47): Is this respondent also the respondent to the Household Questionnaire?	YES, RESPONDENT IS THE SAME,  MWM3=HH47	2 <i>⇔MWB3</i>
MWB2. Check ED5 in EDUCATION Module in the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE for this respondent: Highest level of school attended:	ED5=02 TO 08	1 <i>⇔MWB15</i> 2 <i>⇔MWB14</i>
MWB3. In what month and year were you born?	DATE OF BIRTH  MONTH	
MWB4. How old are you?  Probe: How old were you at your last birthday?  If responses to MWB3 and MWB4 are inconsistent, probe further and correct. Age must be recorded.	AGE (IN COMPLETED YEARS)	
MWB5. Have you ever attended school or any early childhood education programme?	YES	2 <i>⇔MWB14</i>
MWB6. What is the highest level and grade or year of school you have attended?	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION	000 <i>⇔MWB14</i>
MWB7. Did you complete that (grade/year)?	YES	
MWB8. Check MWB4: Age of respondent:	AGE 15-24	2 <i>⇔MWB13</i>
<b>MWB9</b> . At any time during the 2562-63 school year did you attend school?	YES	2 <i>⇒MWB11</i>
MWB10. During the 2562-63 school year, which level and grade or year are you attending?	PRIMARY       1         LOWER SECONDARY       2         UPPER SECONDARY       3         CERTIFICATE (VCE)       4         HVC / DIPLOMA       5         BACHELOR DEGREE       6         MASTER DEGREE       7         DOCTORAL DEGREE       8	
MWB11. At any time during the 2561-62 school year did you attend school?	YES	2 <i>⇒MWB13</i>

	NO2	2 <i>⇔Next</i> module
WIVE DIO. Are you covered by any nearth insurance?		2.437
MWB18. Are you covered by any health insurance?	OUTSIDE OF THAILAND (specify)96  YES	
	SOUTH	
	NORTHEAST	
you live iii:	NORTH	
<b>MWB17</b> . Before you moved here, in which region did you live in?	CENTRAL	
(Name of place)  MWP17 Pefers you moved here in which region did	BANGKOK01	
(Nama of place)		
joi me response.		
record '5' until you learn the appropriate category for the response.		
write the name of the place and then temporarily		
municipality (urban) or non-municipality (rural).		
If unable to determine whether the place is a		
Probe to identify the type of place.		
a city, in a town, or in a rural area?	NON-MUNICIPALITY2	
MWB16. Just before you moved here, did you live in	MUNICIPALITY1	
If less than one year, record '00' years.		
residence)?	ALWAYS / SINCE BIRTH95	95 <i>⇒MWB18</i>
living in (name of current city, town or village of	YEARS	
MWB15. How long have you been continuously		
If respondent cannot read whole sentence, probe:  Can you read part of the sentence to me?	REQUIRED LANGUAGE / BRAILLE (specify language)4	
If nonneydout commet med whele	NO SENTENCE IN	
Show sentence on the card to the respondent.	ABLE TO READ WHOLE SENTENCE3	
to me.	ABLE TO READ ONLY PARTS OF SENTENCE2	
MWB14. Now I would like you to read this sentence	CANNOT READ AT ALL	
attended:	MWB6=012	
MWB13. Check MWB6: Highest level of school	MWB6=02 TO 08	1 <i>⇒MWB15</i>
	MASTER DEGREE	
	BACHELOR DEGREE	
	HVC / DIPLOMA5	
	CERTIFICATE (VCE)4	
and grade or year did you attend?	UPPER SECONDARY	
and grade or year did you attend?	LOWER SECONDARY2	

MWB19. What type of health insurance are you	COMMUNITY HEALTH INSURANCEA	
covered by?	HEALTH INSURANCE THROUGH	
	EMPLOYERB	
Record all mentioned.	SOCIAL SECURITY/COMPENSATION FUND . C	
	PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCED	
	UNIVERSAL HEALTH-CARE COVERAGE	
	SCHEMEE	
	GOVERNMENT OFFICERF	
	LOCAL ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION G	
	STATE ENTERPRISES OR INDEPENDENT	
	AGENCIESH	
	OTHER (specify) X	

FERTILITY		MCM
MCM1. Now I would like to ask about all the	YES1	
children you have had during your life. I am	NO2	2 <i>⇒MCM</i> 8
interested in all of the children that are biologically		
yours, even if they are not legally yours or do not	DK8	8 <i>⇒MCM</i> 8
have your last name.		
Have you ever fathered any children with any		
woman?		
This module should only include children born		
alive. Any stillbirths should not be included in		
response to any question.		
MCM2. Do you have any sons or daughters that you	YES	2 1163165
have fathered who are now living with you?	NO	2 <i>⇒</i> MCM5
MCM3. How many sons live with you?		
Human record '00'	SONS AT HOME	
If none, record '00'.		
MCM4. How many daughters live with you?	DALICHTEDS AT HOME	
If none, record '00'.	DAUGHTERS AT HOME	
	VEC 1	
MCM5. Do you have any sons or daughters that you have fathered who are alive but do not live with	YES	2 <i>⇒MCM8</i>
you?	110	2 → MCMo
MCM6. How many sons are alive but do not live		
with you?	SONS ELSEWHERE	
If none, record '00'.		
MCM7. How many daughters are alive but do not		
live with you?	DAUGHTERS ELSEWHERE	
Human record '00'		
If none, record '00'.		
MCM8. Have you ever fathered a son or daughter who was born alive but later died?	YES	2 <i>⇒MCM11</i>
who was born alive but later died?	NO2	2 → MCM11
If 'No' probe by asking:		
I mean, to any baby who cried, who made any		
movement, sound, or effort to breathe, or who		
showed any other signs of life even if for a very		
short time?		
MCM9. How many boys have died?	DOVG DE LE	
If none record '00'	BOYS DEAD	
If none, record '00'.		
MCM10. How many girls have died?	GIRLS DEAD	
If none, record '00'.	GIRLS DEAD	
MCM11. Sum answers to MCM3, MCM4, MCM6,		
MCM1. Sulli allswers to MCM3, MCM4, MCM6, MCM7, MCM9 and MCM10.	SUM	
MCM12. Just to make sure that I have this right, you	YES	1 <i>⇒</i> MCM14
have fathered ( <i>total number in MCM11</i> ) live births	NO	1 /MCM17
during your life. Is this correct?		
	1	l .

MCM13. Check responses to MCM1-MCM10 and make corrections as necessary until response in MCM12 is 'Yes'.		
MCM14. Check MCM11: How many live births fathered?	NO LIVE BIRTHS, MCM11=00	0   Next  module  1   MCM18A
MCM15. Did all the children you have fathered have the same biological mother?	YES	1 <i>⇔MCM17</i>
MCM16. In all, how many women have you fathered children with?	NUMBER OF WOMEN	
MCM17. How old were you when your first child was born?	AGE IN YEARS	<i>⇔MCM18B</i>
MCM18A. In what month and year was the child you have fathered born?	DATE OF LAST BIRTH	
MCM18B. In what month and year was the last of these ( <i>total number in MCM11</i> ) children you have fathered born even if he or she has died?	MONTH	
Month and year must be recorded.		

ATTIT	TUDES TOWARD DOMESTIC VIOLENCE				MDV
things husba	Sometimes a husband is annoyed or angered by a that his wife does. In your opinion, is a and justified in hitting or beating his wife in the wing situations:	YES	NO	DK	
[A]	If she goes out without telling him?	GOES OUT WITHOUT TELLING1	2	8	
[B]	If she neglects the children?	NEGLECTS CHILDREN1	2	8	
[C]	If she argues with him?	ARGUES WITH HIM1	2	8	
[D]	If she refuses to have sex with him?	REFUSES SEX1	2	8	
[E]	If she burns the food?	BURNS FOOD1	2	8	
[F]	If she neglects household chores?	NEGLECT HH CHORES1	2	8	

VICTIMISATION		MVT
MVT1. Check for the presence of others. Before continuing, ensure privacy. Now I would like to ask you some questions about crimes in which you personally were the victim.  Let me assure you again that your answers are completely confidential and will not be told to anyone.  In the last three years, that is since (month of interview) (year of interview minus 3), has anyone taken or tried taking something from you, by using force or threatening to use force?  Include only incidents in which the respondent was personally the victim and exclude incidents experienced only by other members of the household.	YES	2 <i>⇔MVT9B</i> 8 <i>⇔MVT9B</i>
If necessary, help the respondent to establish the recall period and make sure that you allow adequate time for the recall. You may reassure: It can be difficult to remember this sort of incidents, so please take your time while you think about your answers.		
<b>MVT2</b> . Did this last happen during the last 12 months, that is, since ( <i>month of interview</i> ) ( <i>year of interview minus 1</i> )?	YES, DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS	2 <i>⇒MVT5B</i>
	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	8 <i>⇒MVT5B</i>
MVT3. How many times did this happen in the last 12 months?  If 'DK/Don't remember', probe: Did it happen once,	ONE TIME 1 TWO TIMES 2 THREE OR MORE TIMES 3	
twice, or at least three times?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	
MVT4. Check MVT3: One or more times?	ONE TIME, MVT3=1	1 <i>⇔MVT5A</i> 2 <i>⇔MVT5B</i>
MVT5A. When this happened, was anything stolen from you?	YES	
<b>MVT5B</b> . The last time this happened, was anything stolen from you?	DK / NOT SURE8	
MVT6. Did the person(s) have a weapon?	YES	2 <i>⇒MV</i> T8
	DK / NOT SURE8	8 <i>⇔MVT</i> 8
MVT7. Was a knife, a gun or something else used as a weapon?	YES, A KNIFE	
Record all that apply.		

<b>MVT8</b> . Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police?	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED	
If 'Yes', probe: Was the incident reported by you or someone else?	DK / NOT SURE8	
<b>MVT8A</b> . Did you or anyone else report the incident to other agencies other than the police?	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED	2 <i>⇒MVT9A</i>
	DK / NOT SURE8	8 <i>⇔MVT9A</i>
MVT8B. To which agencies did you or anyone else report the incident?  Record all the answers that apply.	VILLAGE HEADMAN / SUBDISTRICT HEADMAN / SAO / MUNICIPALITY	$A \Rightarrow MVT9A$ $B \Rightarrow MVT9A$ $C \Rightarrow MVT9A$ $D \Rightarrow MVT9A$ $E \Rightarrow MVT9A$ $F \Rightarrow MVT9A$
	OTHER (specify)X	X <i>⊳</i> MVT9A
<ul> <li>MVT9A. Apart from the incident(s) just covered, have you in the last three years, that is since (month of interview) (year of interview minus 3), been physically attacked?</li> <li>MVT9B. In the same period of the last three years, that is since (month of interview) (year of interview minus 3), have you been physically attacked?</li> <li>If 'No', probe: An attack can happen at home or any place outside of the home, such as in other homes, in the street, at school, on public transport, public restaurants, or at your workplace.</li> <li>Include only incidents in which the respondent was personally the victim and exclude incidents experienced only by other members of the household. Exclude incidents where the intention was to take something from the respondent, which should be recorded under MVT1.</li> </ul>	YES	2 <i>⇒MVT20</i> 8 <i>⇒MVT20</i>
MVT10. Did this last happen during the last 12 months, that is, since (month of interview) (year of interview minus 1)?	YES, DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS	2 <i>⇔MVT12B</i>
	DK / DON'T REMEMBER	8 <i>⇒</i> MVT12B
<b>MVT11</b> . How many times did this happen in the last 12 months?	ONE TIME       1         TWO TIMES       2         THREE OR MORE TIMES       3	1 <i>⇔MVT12A</i> 2 <i>⇔MVT12B</i> 3 <i>⇔MVT12B</i>
<i>If 'DK/Don't remember', probe:</i> Did it happen once, twice, or at least three times?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	8 <i>⇒MVT12B</i>

Deriman viv	LETTONES 44	
MVT12A. Where did this happen?	AT HOME	
	IN ANOTHER HOME12	
MVT12B. Where did this happen the last time?		
	IN THE STREET21	
	ON PUBLIC TRANSPORT22	
	PUBLIC RESTAURANT / CAFÉ / BAR 23	
	OTHER PUBLIC (specify) 26	
	AT SCHOOL31	
	AT WORKPLACE	
	OTHER PLACE (specify) 96	
MVT13. How many people were involved in	ONE PERSON1	1 <i>⇒MVT14A</i>
	TWO PEOPLE	$2 \Rightarrow MVT14B$
committing the offence?	THREE OR MORE PEOPLE	
IC (DIV/D)	THREE OR MORE PEOPLE3	3 <i>⇒MVT14B</i>
If 'DK/Don't remember', probe: Was it one, two, or	DV (BOMEDE) (E) (BED	0 11077110
at least three people?	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	8 <i>⇒MVT14B</i>
MVT14A. At the time of the incident, did you	YES1	
recognize the person?	NO2	
MVT14B. At the time of the incident, did you	DK / DON'T REMEMBER8	
recognize at least one of the persons?		
•		
<b>MVT17</b> . Did the person(s) have a weapon?	YES1	
	NO2	2 <i>⇒MVT19</i>
	DK / NOT SURE8	8 <i>⇔MVT19</i>
MVT18. Was a knife, a gun or something else used as	YES, A KNIFE A	
a weapon?	YES, A GUNB	
	YES, SOMETHING ELSEX	
Record all that apply.		
	VIEG DEGROVEEVE DEDOREED	
<b>MVT19</b> . Did you or anyone else report the incident to	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED	
the police?	YES, SOMEONE ELSE REPORTED2	
	NO, NOT REPORTED3	
If 'Yes', probe: Was the incident reported by you or		
someone else?	DK / NOT SURE8	
MVT19A. Did you or anyone else report the incident to	YES, RESPONDENT REPORTED 1	
other agencies other than the police?	YES, SOMEONE ELSE REPORTED	
outer ageneres outer than the police:	NO, NOT REPORTED	<i>3 ⇔MVT</i> 20
	110, 1101 KEI OKTED	3 7 WI V I 20
	DON'T KNOW / NOT SURE8	8 <i>⇔MVT</i> 20
		O -> IVI V I ZU
MVT19B. To which agencies did you or anyone else	VILLAGE CHIEF/SUBDISTRICT	
report the incident?	HEADMAN/SAOA	
1	OSCC 1300 HOTLINEB	
	DAMRONGTHAM (OMBUDSMAN)	
Record all the answers that apply.	CENTREC	
	FOUNDATION	
	SHELTERS FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES E	
	PROVINCIAL MSDHS OFFICEF	
	OTHER (SPECIFY)X	
	OTTER (SEE ET 1)	

MVT20. How safe do you feel walking alone in your neighbourhood after dark?	VERY SAFE
	NEVER WALK ALONE AFTER DARK7
MVT21. How safe do you feel when you are at home alone after dark?	VERY SAFE       1         SAFE       2         UNSAFE       3         VERY UNSAFE       4
	NEVER ALONE AFTER DARK7
MVT22. In the past 12 months, have you <u>personally</u> felt discriminated against or harassed on the basis of the following grounds?	YES NO DK
[A] Ethnic or immigration origin?	ETHNIC / IMMIGRATION 1 2 8
[B] Sex?	SEX 1 2 8
[C] Sexual orientation?	SEXUAL ORIENTATION 1 2 8
[D] Age?	AGE 1 2 8
[E] Religion or belief?	RELIGION / BELIEF 1 2 8
[F] Disability?	DISABILITY 1 2 8
[G] Poor status?	POOR STATUS 1 2 8
[H] Work position?	WORK POSITION 1 2 8
[X] For any other reason?	OTHER REASON 1 2 8

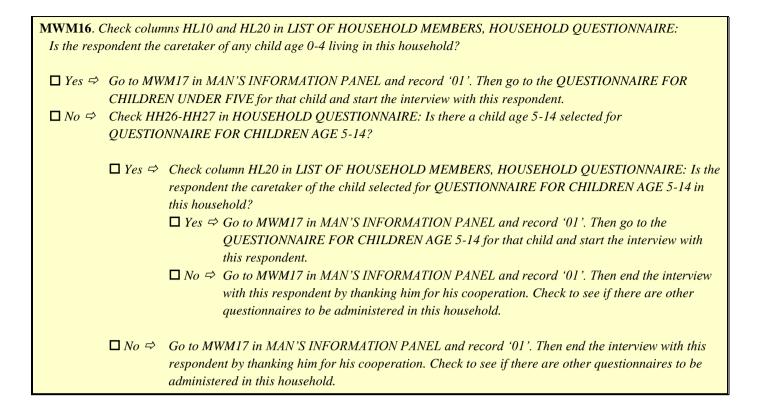
MARRIAGE/UNION		MMA
<b>MMA1</b> . Are you currently married or living together with someone as if married?	YES, CURRENTLY MARRIED	3 <i>⇔MMA5</i>
MMA3. Do you have other wives or do you live with other partners as if married?	YES	2 <i>⇔MMA7</i>
MMA4. How many other wives or live-in partners do you have?	NUMBER	<i>⇔MMA7</i>
	DK	98 <i>⇔MMA7</i>
MMA5. Have you ever been married or lived together with someone as if married?	YES, FORMERLY MARRIED	3 ⇒Next module
<b>MMA6</b> . What is your marital status now: are you widowed, divorced or separated?	WIDOWED 1 DIVORCED 2 SEPARATED 3	
<b>MMA7</b> . Have you been married or lived with someone only once or more than once?	ONLY ONCE 1 MORE THAN ONCE 2	1 <i>⇔MMA8A</i> 2 <i>⇔MMA8B</i>
<ul><li>MMA8A. In what month and year did you start living with your (wife/partner)?</li><li>MMA8B. In what month and year did you start living with your <u>first</u> (wife/partner)?</li></ul>	DATE OF (FIRST) UNION  MONTH	
MMA9. Check MMA8A/B: Is 'DK YEAR' recorded?	DK YEAR       9998         YES, MMA8A/B=9998       1         NO, MMA8A/B≠9998       2	2 <i>⇒Next</i> module
MMA10. Check MMA7: In union only once?	YES, MMA7=1	1 <i>⇔MMA11A</i> 2 <i>⇔MMA11B</i>
<ul><li>MMA11A. How old were you when you started living with your (wife/partner)?</li><li>MMA11B. How old were you when you started living with your first (wife/partner)?</li></ul>	AGE IN YEARS	

HIV/AIDS		MHA
<b>MHA1</b> . Now I would like to talk with you about something else.	YES1 NO2	2 <i>⇒Next</i> module
Have you ever heard of HIV or AIDS?		mounte
MHA2. HIV is the virus that can lead to AIDS.  Can people reduce their chance of getting HIV by	YES	
having just one uninfected sex partner who has no other sex partners?	DK8	
MHA3. Can people get HIV from mosquito bites?	YES	
MHA4. Can people reduce their chance of getting HIV	YES	
by using a condom every time they have sex?	NO2	
	DK8	
<b>MHA5</b> . Can people get HIV by sharing food with a person who has HIV?	YES	
	DK8	
<b>MHA6</b> . Can people get HIV because of witchcraft or other supernatural means?	YES	
	DK8	
MHA7. Is it possible for a healthy-looking person to have HIV?	YES1 NO2	
	DK8	
<b>MHA8</b> . Can HIV be transmitted from a mother to her baby:		
<ul><li>[A] During pregnancy?</li><li>[B] During delivery?</li><li>[C] By breastfeeding?</li></ul>	YESNODKDURING PREGNANCY128DURING DELIVERY128BY BREASTFEEDING128	
MHA9. Check MHA8[A], [B] and [C]: At least one 'Yes' recorded?	YES 1 NO 2	2 <i>⇒</i> MHA24
MHA10. Are there any special drugs that a doctor or a nurse can give to a woman infected with HIV to reduce the risk of transmission to the baby?	YES	
MHA24. I don't want to know the results, but have you ever been tested for HIV?	YES1 NO2	2 <i>⇔MHA27</i>

MHA25. How many months ago was your most recent	LESS THAN 12 MONTHS AGO 1	
HIV test?	12-23 MONTHS AGO2	
	2 OR MORE YEARS AGO	
MHA26. I don't want to know the results, but did you	YES1	1 <i>⇒MHA28</i>
get the results of the test?	NO2	2 <i>⇒MHA28</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇒MHA28</i>
MHA27. Do you know of a place where people can go	YES	
to get an HIV test?	NO2	
MHA28. Have you heard of test kits people can use to	YES 1	
test themselves for HIV?	NO	2 <i>⇒</i> MHA30
MHA29. Have you ever tested yourself for HIV using	YES	
a self-test kit?	NO2	
MHA30. Would you buy fresh vegetables from a	YES	
shopkeeper or vendor if you knew that this person	NO2	
had HIV?		
	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
MHA31. Do you think children living with HIV	YES1	
should be allowed to attend school with children who	NO	
do not have HIV?	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
MHA32. Do you think people hesitate to take an HIV	YES	
test because they are afraid of how other people will	NO	
react if the test result is positive for HIV?		
-	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
MHA33. Do people talk badly about people living	YES	
with HIV, or who are thought to be living with HIV?	NO2	
	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
MILA24 December 11 to 24 MBV and a start to		
<b>MHA34</b> . Do people living with HIV, or thought to be living with HIV, lose the respect of other people?	YES	
inving with the v, lose the respect of other people?	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS	
MHA35. Do you agree or disagree with the following	AGREE	
statement?	DISAGREE 2	
statement:	DISAGREE	
I would be ashamed if someone in my family had HIV.	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
MHA36. Do you fear that you could get HIV if you	YES	
come into contact with the saliva of a person living	NO2	
with HIV?	SAYS HE HAS HIV7	
	DK / NOT SURE / DEPENDS8	
MHA37. Check MWB4 and MWB5, age between 15-	YES (MWB4 IS 15-24 AND WB5 =1)	2 <i>⇒</i> MWM10
24 years = and ever attended school?	NO	
<b>MHA38.</b> Did you study sexuality education in school?	YES	
Sexuality education includes birth control, safe sex, teen pregnancy, reproductive tract infections and wellbeing, etc.	NO	2 <i>⇒MWM10</i>

MHA39. At what level did you first have sexuality education?	PRIMARY       1         LOWER SECONDARY       2         UPPER SECONDARY       3         VOCATIONAL CERTIFICATE       4         DIPLOMA / ASSOCIATE       5         DON'T KNOW / NOT SURE       8
MHA40. In sexuality education classes, did you learn any new information?	YES, MOSTLY NEW       1         YES, SOME NEW       2         NONE       3
<b>MHA41.</b> Apart from sexuality education classes, did you have other source of sexuality information?	INTERNET A MOVIES B TELEVISION C
Probe: Any other source?	RADIO D BOOK E COMICS F
Record all the answers given.	FICTION
	OTHER (specify)X  NO SOURCEY

MWM10. Record the time.	HOURS AND MINUTES : : :	
MWM11. Was the entire interview completed in private or was there anyone else during the entire interview or part of it?	YES, THE ENTIRE INTERVIEW WAS  COMPLETED IN PRIVATE	
MWM12. Language of the Questionnaire.	THAI	
MWM13. Language of the Interview.	THAI	
MWM14. Native language of the Respondent.	THAI       01         ENGLISH       02         CHINESE       03         BURMESE       04         KHMER / KUY       05         MALAY / JAWI       06         LAO       07         KAREN       08         HMONG       09         LAHU       10         MON       11         LAWA       12         AKHA       13         NYEU       14         SHAN       15         OTHER LANGUAGE (SPECIFY)       96	
<b>MWM15</b> . Was a translator used for any parts of this questionnaire?	YES, THE ENTIRE QUESTIONNAIRE	



INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS	



## QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN UNDER FIVE



Survey of the Situation of Children and Women in Thailand, B.E. 2562

UNDER-FIVE CHILD INFORMATION PANEL			UF
UF1. Cluster number:	UF2. Household number:		
UF3. Child's name and line number:	UF4. Mother	<b>UF4</b> . Mother's / Caretaker's name and line number:	
NAME	NAME	NAME	
UF5. Interviewer's name and number:		sor's name and numbe	
NAME	NAME		
UF7. Day / Month / Year of interview:	UF8. Record		HOURS : MINUTES
// 2 5 6 2			:
	•		
Check respondent's age in HL6 in LIST OF HOUSEHOLD M. If age 15-17, verify that adult consent for interview is obtained needed and not obtained, the interview must not commence least 15 years old.	d (HH33 or HH	39) or not necessary (I	HL20=90). If consent is
<b>UF9</b> . Check completed questionnaires in this household: Have another member of your team interviewed this respondent for questionnaire?	*	YES, INTERVIEWI ALREADY NO, FIRST INTERV	1 1 <i>⇒UF10B</i>
<b>UF10A</b> . Hello, my name is ( <i>your name</i> ). We are from National Office. We are conducting a survey about the situation of che families and households. I would like to talk to you about ( <i>c from UF3</i> )'s health and well-being. This interview will take minutes. All the information we obtain will remain strictly cand anonymous. If you wish not to answer a question or wish interview, please let me know. May I start now?	ildren, hild's name about 20 onfidential	(child's name from being in more deta about 20 minutes. we obtain will rem anonymous. If you	Id like to talk to you about in UF3)'s health and well-il. This interview will take Again, all the information tain strictly confidential and wish not to answer a postop the interview, please I start now?
Yes			BACKGROUND Module
No / NOT ASKED	2	2 <i>⇒UF17</i>	
UF17. Result of interview for children under 5			01
Codes refer to mother/caretaker.	REFUSED0		
Discuss any result not completed with Supervisor.	PARTLY COMPLETEDINCAPACITATED		04
			05
		CONSENT FOR MOTER AGE 15-17	ГНЕR/ 06
	OTHER (spec	cify)	96

UNDER-FIVE'S BACKGROUND		UB
UB0. Before I begin the interview, could you please bring (name)'s Birth Certificate, Maternal and Child Health Handbook, and any immunisation record from a private health provider? We will need to refer to those documents.		
UB1. On what day, month and year was (name) born?  Probe: What is (his/her) birthday?  If the mother/caretaker knows the exact date of birth, also record the day; otherwise, record '98' for day.  Month and year must be recorded.	DATE OF BIRTH DAY	
UB2. How old is (name)?  Probe: How old was (name) at (his/her) last birthday?  Record age in completed years.  Record '0' if less than 1 year.  If responses to UB1 and UB2 are inconsistent, probe further and correct.	AGE (IN COMPLETED YEARS)	
UB3. Check UB2: Child's age?	AGE 0, 1, OR 2	1 <i>⇒UB</i> 9
UB4. Check the respondent's line number (UF4) in UNDER-FIVE CHILD INFORMATION PANEL and the respondent to the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE (HH47): Is this respondent also the respondent to the Household Questionnaire?	YES, RESPONDENT IS THE SAME, UF4=HH47	2 <i>⇔UB</i> 6
UB5. Check ED10 in the EDUCATION MODULE in the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE: Is the child attending ECE in the current school year?	YES, ED10=00	1 <i>⇒UB8B</i> 2 <i>⇒UB</i> 9
UB6. Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever attended any early childhood education programme, such as Children's Development Centre, early childhood skills and development promotion school, public and private nursery school, etc.?	YES	2 <i>⇔UB</i> 9
<b>UB7</b> . At any time since May 2562, did (he/she) attend (programmes mentioned in UB6)?	YES	1 <i>⇒UB8A</i> 2 <i>⇒UB</i> 9
UB8A. Does (he/she) currently attend ( <i>programmes mentioned in UB6</i> )?  UB8B. You have mentioned that ( <i>name</i> ) has attended an early childhood education programme this school year. Does (he/she) currently attend this programme?	YES	

<b>UB9</b> . Is ( <i>name</i> ) covered by any health insurance?	YES1	
	NO2	2 <i>⇒Next</i>
		module
<b>UB10</b> . What type of health insurance is ( <i>name</i> ) covered	COMMUNITY HEALTH INSURANCEA	
by?	HEALTH INSURANCE THROUGH	
	EMPLOYERB	
Record all mentioned.	PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCED	
	UNIVERSAL HEALTH-CARE COVERAGE	
	SCHEME E	
	GOVERNMENT OFFICERF	
	LOCAL ADMINISTRATIVE	
	ORGANIZATIONG	
	STATE ENTERPRISES OR INDEPENDENT	
	AGENCIESH	
	OTHER (specify) X	

BIRTH REGISTRATION		BR
<b>BR1</b> . Does ( <i>name</i> ) have a birth certificate?	YES, SEEN1	1 <i>⇒Next</i>
		module
If yes, ask:	YES, NOT SEEN2	
May I see it?	NO3	
	DK8	
BR2. Has (name)'s birth been registered with the civil	YES1	1 <i>⇒ Next</i>
authorities?		module
	NO2	
	DK8	
BR3. Do you know how to register (name)'s birth?	YES1	
	NO	

EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT		EC
EC1. How many children's books or picture books do	NONE	
you have for ( <i>name</i> )?		
	NUMBER OF CHILDREN'S BOOKS <u>0</u>	
	TEN OR MORE BOOKS10	
EC2. I am interested in learning about the things that		
(name) plays with when (he/she) is at home.		
Does (he/she) play with:	Y N DK	
[A] Homemade toys, such as dolls, cars, or other toys made at home?	HOMEMADE TOYS 1 2 8	
[B] Toys from a shop or manufactured toys?	TOYS FROM A SHOP 1 2 8	
[C] Household objects, such as bowls or pots, or	HOUSEHOLD OBJECTS	
objects found outside, such as sticks, rocks, animal shells or leaves?	OR OUTSIDE OBJECTS1 2 8	
EC2D. Does (child's name) play with electronic	YES	
devices such as mobile phones, tablets, game consoles?	NO2	2 <i>⇒EC3</i>
	DON'T KNOW8	8 <i>⇒EC3</i>
EC2E. Normally, how many hours does (child's name)	NUMBER OF HOURS	
play with these electronic devices in a day?	DON'T KNOW98	
If less than one hour, record '00'.		
If 'Don't know', record '98'.		
EC3. Sometimes adults taking care of children have to		
leave the house to go shopping, wash clothes, or for other reasons and have to leave young children.		
On how many days in the past week was (name):		
[A] Left alone for more than an hour?	NUMBER OF DAYS LEFT ALONE FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR	
[B] Left in the care of another child, that is, someone less than 10 years old, for more than an hour?	NUMBER OF DAYS LEFT WITH ANOTHER CHILD FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR	
If 'None' record '0'. If 'Don't know' record '8'.		
EC4. Check UB2: Child's age?	AGE 0 OR 11	1 ⇒Next
	AGE 2, 3 OR 42	module

	1					
EC5. In the past 3 days, did you or any household member age 15 or over engage in any of the following activities with ( <i>name</i> ):						
If 'Yes', ask: Who engaged in this activity with (name)?						
A foster/step mother or father living in the household who engaged with the child should be coded as mother or father.						
Record all that apply.						
'No one' cannot be recorded if any household member age 15 and above engaged in activity with child.		MOTHER	FATHER	OTHER	NO ONE	
[A] Read books or looked at picture books with ( <i>name</i> )?	READ BOOKS	A	В	X	Y	
[B] Told stories to (name)?	TOLD STORIES	A	В	X	Y	
[C] Sang songs to or with ( <i>name</i> ), including lullabies?	SANG SONGS	A	В	X	Y	
[D] Took ( <i>name</i> ) outside the home?	TOOK OUTSIDE	A	В	X	Y	
[E] Played with (name)?	PLAYED WITH	A	В	X	Y	
[F] Named, counted, or drew things for or with ( <i>name</i> )?	NAMED	A	В	X	Y	
EC5G. Check UB2: Child's age?	AGE 2	•••••			1	1 <i>⇔Next</i> module
	AGE 3 OR 4				2	
<b>EC6.</b> I would like to ask you some questions about the health and development of ( <i>name</i> ). Children do not all develop and learn at the same rate. For example, some walk earlier than others. These questions are related to several aspects of ( <i>name</i> )'s development.						
Can ( <i>name</i> ) identify or name at least ten letters of the	NO					
alphabet?	DK				8	
<b>EC7</b> . Can ( <i>name</i> ) read at least four simple, popular words?	YES					
	DK				8	
<b>EC8</b> . Does ( <i>name</i> ) know the name and recognize the symbol of all numbers from 1 to 10?	YES					
	DK	<u></u>	·····	······	8	
<b>EC9</b> . Can ( <i>name</i> ) pick up a small object with two fingers, like a stick or a rock from the ground?	YES					
	DK				8	

EC10. Is ( <i>name</i> ) sometimes too sick to play?	YES	
	DK8	
<b>EC11</b> . Does ( <i>name</i> ) follow simple directions on how to do something correctly?	YES	
	DK8	
<b>EC12</b> . When given something to do, is ( <i>name</i> ) able to do it independently?	YES	
	DK8	
EC13. Does (name) get along well with other children?	YES	
	DK8	
<b>EC14</b> . Does ( <i>name</i> ) kick, bite, or hit other children or adults?	YES	
	DK8	
EC15. Does (name) get distracted easily?	YES	
	DK8	

CHILD DISCIPLINE		UCD
UCD1. Check UB2: Child's age?	AGE 01	1 <i>⇒Next</i>
	AGE 1, 2, 3 OR 42	module
UCD2. Adults use certain ways to teach children the right behavior or to address a behavior problem. I will read various methods that are used. Please tell me if you or any other adult in your household has used this method with (name) in the past month.  [A] Took away privileges, forbade something (name) liked or did not allow (him/her) to leave the house.  [B] Explained why (name)'s behavior was wrong.	YES NO  TOOK AWAY PRIVILEGES	
[C] Shook (him/her).	SHOOK HIM/HER 1 2	
[D] Shouted, yelled at or screamed at (him/her).	SHOUTED, YELLED, SCREAMED1 2	
[E] Gave (him/her) something else to do.	GAVE SOMETHING ELSE TO DO1 2	
[F] Spanked, hit or slapped (him/her) on the bottom with bare hand.	SPANKED, HIT, SLAPPED ON BOTTOM WITH BARE HAND 1 2	
[G] Hit (him/her) on the bottom or elsewhere on the body with something like a belt, hairbrush, stick or other hard object.	HIT WITH BELT, HAIRBRUSH, STICK OR OTHER HARD OBJECT1 2	
[H] Called (him/her) dumb, lazy or another name like that.	CALLED DUMB, LAZY OR ANOTHER NAME1 2	
[I] Hit or slapped (him/her) on the face, head or ears.	HIT / SLAPPED ON THE FACE, HEAD OR EARS1 2	
[J] Hit or slapped (him/her) on the hand, arm, or leg.	HIT / SLAPPED ON HAND, ARM OR LEG1 2	
[K] Beat (him/her) up, that is hit (him/her) over and over as hard as one could.	BEAT UP, HIT OVER AND OVER AS HARD AS ONE COULD1 2	
UCD3. Check UF4: Is this respondent the mother or caretaker of any other children under age 5 or a child age 5-14 selected for the questionnaire for children age 5-17?	YES	2 <i>⇒UCD5</i>
UCD4. Check UF4: Has this respondent already responded to the following question (UCD5 or FCD5) for another child?	YES	1 ⇒Next module
UCD5. Do you believe that in order to bring up, raise, or educate a child properly, the child needs to be physically punished?	YES	
	DK / NO OPINION8	

BREASTFEEDING AND DIETARY INTAKE		BD
BD1. Check UB2: Child's age?	AGE 0, 1, OR 2	2 ⇒Next module
<b>BD2</b> . Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever been breastfed?	YES	2 <i>⇔BD3A</i>
	DK8	8 <i>⇔BD3A</i>
<b>BD3</b> . Is ( <i>name</i> ) still being breastfed?	YES	2⇒BD3A
	DK8	8 <i>⇒BD3A</i>
<b>BD3A1.</b> Yesterday, both during the day and night, how many times did ( <i>child's name</i> ) receive breast milk?	NUMBER OF TIMES RECEIVED BREAST MILK	
BD3A. Check UB2: Child's age?	AGE 0 OR 1	2 ⇒ Next module
<b>BD4</b> . Yesterday, during the day or night, did ( <i>name</i> ) drink anything from a bottle with a nipple?	YES	
	DK8	
BD5. Did ( <i>name</i> ) <u>drink Oral Rehydration Salt</u> <u>solution (ORS)</u> yesterday, during the day or night?	YES	
	DK8	
BD6. Did ( <i>name</i> ) <u>drink or eat vitamin or mineral</u> <u>supplements or any medicines</u> yesterday, during the day or night?	YES	
	DK8	

BD7. Now I would like to ask you about all other liquids that ( <i>name</i> ) may have had yesterday during the day or the night.  Please include liquids consumed outside of your home.				
Did ( <i>name</i> ) drink ( <i>name of item</i> ) yesterday during the day or the night:		YES	NO	DK
[A] Plain water?	PLAIN WATER	1	2	8
[B] Juice or juice drinks?	JUICE OR JUICE DRINKS	1	2	8
[C] Clear broth, clear soup?	CLEAR BROTH, CLEAR SOUP	1	2	8
[D] Infant formula such as Enfalac, Dumex, Hi-Q, S-26, etc.?	INFANT FORMULA	1	2 \( \text{DD7[E]} \)	8 \( \text{D} \)
[D1] How many times did ( <i>name</i> ) drink infant formula?  If 7 or more times, record '7'.  If DK, record '8'.	NUMBER OF TIMES DRANK INFANT FORMULA			
[E] Milk from animals, such as fresh, tinned, or powdered milk?	MILK	1	2 \( \text{DD7[F]} \)	8 \( \D7[F] \)
[E1] How many times did (name) drink milk?  If 7 or more times, record '7'.  If unknown, record '8'.	NUMBER OF TIMES DRANK MILK			
[F] Sugary drinks, such as carbonated soft drinks, sweetened drinks, sweetened soy milk, tea and coffee?	SUGARY DRINKS	1	2	8
[X] Any other liquids?	OTHER LIQUIDS	1	2 か BD8	8 ☆ BD8
[X1] Record all other liquids mentioned.	(Specify)			

- **BD8**. Now I would like to ask you about <u>everything</u> that (*name*) ate yesterday during the day or the night. Please include foods consumed outside of your home.
- Think about when (*name*) woke up yesterday. Did (he/she) eat anything at that time? *If 'Yes' ask:* Please tell me everything (*name*) at at that time. *Probe:* Anything else? *Record answers using the food groups below.*
- What did (*name*) do after that? Did (he/she) eat anything at that time?

  Repeat this string of questions, recording in the food groups, until the respondent tells you that the child went to sleep until the next morning.

sleep	o until the next morning.				
the a	ach food group not mentioned after completing above ask: to make sure, did (name) eat (food group items) erday during the day or the night		YES	NO	DK
[A]	Yogurt made from animal milk?  Note that liquid/drinking yogurt should be captured in BD7[E] or BD7[X], depending on milk content.	YOGURT	1	2 か BD8[B]	8 \( \text{\D}\) \[ BD8[B] \]
[A1]	How many times did ( <i>name</i> ) eat yogurt?  If 7 or more times, record '7'.  If DK, record '8'.	NUMBER OF TIMES ATE YOGURT			
[B]	Any baby food, such as Cerelac, Nestle, PediaSure, etc.?	FORTIFIED BABY FOOD	1	2	8
[C]	Bread, rice, noodles, porridge, or other foods made from grains?	FOODS MADE FROM GRAINS	1	2	8
[D]	Pumpkin, carrots, squash, or sweet potatoes that are yellow or orange inside?	PUMPKIN, CARROTS, SQUASH, ETC.	1	2	8
[E]	White potatoes, white yams, cassava, or any other foods made from roots?	FOODS MADE FROM ROOTS	1	2	8
[F]	Any dark green, leafy vegetables, such as Chinese kale, broccoli, spinach, ivy gourd, water spinach	DARK GREEN, LEAFY VEGETABLES	1	2	8
[G]	Ripe mangoes, ripe papayas, cantaloupes, melons, or peach?	RIPE MANGO, RIPE PAPAYA	1	2	8
[H]	Any other fruits or vegetables, such as bananas, apples, guavas, rambutans, lychees, water chestnuts, cabbage, etc.?	OTHER FRUITS OR VEGETABLES	1	2	8
[I]	Liver, kidney, heart or other organ meats?	ORGAN MEATS	1	2	8
[J]	Any other meat, such as beef, pork, lamb, goat, chicken, duck or sausages made from these meats?	OTHER MEATS	1	2	8
[K]	Eggs?	EGGS	1	2	8
[L]	Fish or shellfish, either fresh or dried?	FRESH OR DRIED FISH	1	2	8
[M]	Beans, peas, lentils or nuts, including any foods made from these?	FOODS MADE FROM BEANS, PEAS, NUTS, ETC.	1	2	8
[N]	Cheese or other food made from animal milk?	CHEESE OR OTHER FOOD MADE FROM MILK	1	2	8
		•			

[O] Crunchy snacks or semi-processed foods that are salty such as instant noodles?	SALTY CRUNCHY SNACKS OR SEMI- PROCESSED FOODS	1	2	8	
[P] Sweets such as cakes, cookies, candy, Thai desserts?	SWEETS	1	2	8	
[X] Other solid, semi-solid, or soft food?	OTHER SOLID, SEMI- SOLID, OR SOFT FOOD	1	2 ₪ BD9	8 か BD9	
[X1] Record all other solid, semi-solid, or soft food that do not fit food groups above.	(Specify)				
<b>BD9</b> . How many times did ( <i>name</i> ) eat any solid, semi-solid or soft foods yesterday during the day or night?	NUMBER OF TIMES				
If BD8[A] is 'Yes', ensure that the response here includes the number of times recorded for yogurt in BD8[A1].	DK			8	
If 7 or more times, record '7'.					

IMMUNISATION										IM
IM2. Do you have the Maternal and Child Handbook (the Pink Book), immunisation from a private health provider or any oth where ( <i>name</i> )'s vaccinations are written	on records ner document	YES, DOO YES, DOO NO, H	HAS OCUMENTAS COUMENTAS NO	NLY O NT ARD(S NT ) CARE	ARD(S) THER ) AND (	OTHE	R 		2	1 <i>⇔IM5</i> 3 <i>⇔IM5</i>
IM3. Did you ever have the Maternal and Handbook (the Pink Book) or immunisa from a private health provider for (name	tion records									
IM4. Check IM2:		HAS	NO CA	RDS A	R DOCU ND NO AILABI	OTHE	R			2 <i>⇒IM11</i>
IM5. May I see the Health Handbook (and document?	d/or) other	YES, ONLY HEALTH HANDBOOK SEEN				3	4 <i>⇔IM11</i>			
<ul><li>IM6.</li><li>(a) Copy dates for each vaccination from documents.</li><li>(b) Write '44' in day column if documents.</li></ul>	ts show that	DATE OF IMMUNISATION  DAY MONTH YEAR								
vaccination was given but no date record	BCG					2	5			
Hepatitis B (at birth)	HepB0					2	5			
Polio (OPV) 1	OPV1					2	5			
Polio (OPV) 2	OPV2					2	5			
Polio (OPV) 3	OPV3					2	5			
Polio (OPV) 4	OPV4					2	5			
Polio (OPV) 5	OPV5					2	5			
Polio (IPV)	IPV					2	5			
Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough 1	DTP1					2	5			
Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough 2	DTP2					2	5			
Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough 3	DTP3					2	5			
Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough 4	DTP4					2	5			
Diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough 5	DTP5					2	5			
Hepatitis B 1	HepB1					2	5			
Hepatitis B 2	HepB2					2	5			

Hepatitis B 3	HepB3					2	5			
Measles, mumps, rubella 1	MMR1					2	5			
Measles, mumps, rubella 2	MMR2			į		2	5			
Encephalitis 1	JE1					2	5			
Encephalitis 2	JE2					2	5			
Encephalitis 3	JE3					2	5			
IM7. Check IM6: Are all vaccines (BCC Encephalitis) recorded?	i to									1 ⇒Next module
IM9. In addition to what is recorded on document(s) you have shown me, did any other vaccinations?		No							2	2 ⇔Next module 8 ⇔Next module
IM10. Go back to IM6 and probe for the vaccinations.  Record '66' in the corresponding day each vaccine received. For each vacci received record '00' in day column.  When finished, go to End of module.	column for								⇒Next module	
<b>IM11</b> . Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever received any various prevent (him/her) from getting disease		NO		•••••		•••••	••••••	•••••	2	
IM13. Check IM11:										1 ⇒ Next module
<b>IM14</b> . Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever received a BCG against tuberculosis – that is, an inject or shoulder that usually causes a scar?		NO					•••••		2	
<b>IM15</b> . Did ( <i>name</i> ) receive a Hepatitis B that is an injection on the outside of th prevent Hepatitis B disease – within the after birth?	e thigh to	YES, WITHIN 24 HOURS					3	3 <i>⇒IM16</i> 8 <i>⇒IM16</i>		
IM15A. How many times was the Hepa received?	titis B				ES					
<b>IM16</b> . Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever received any va in the mouth to protect (him/her) from	•									2 <i>⇒</i> IM26
Probe by indicating that the first drop given at birth and later at the same tin to prevent other diseases.		DK		•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	8	8 <i>⇔IM26</i>

<b>IM17</b> . Were the first polio drops received in the first two weeks after birth?	YES	
IM18. How many times were the polio drops received?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
<b>IM19</b> . The last time ( <i>name</i> ) received the polio drops, did (he/she) also get an injection to protect against polio?	YES	
Probe to ensure that both were given, drops and injection.	DK8	
IM26. Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever received a MMR vaccine — that is, a shot in the arm at the age of 9 months or older - to prevent (him/her) from getting measles,	YES	2 <i>⇒IM</i> 29
mumps and rubella?	DK8	8 <i>⇒IM</i> 29
<b>IM26A</b> . How many times was the MMR vaccine received?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
IM29. Has ( <i>child's name</i> ) ever received a DTP vaccine, to prevent diphtheria, tetanus, whooping cough, shot in the thigh, hip or upper arm?	YES	2 <i>⇒IM31</i>
Probe by indicating that sometimes it is shot at the same time as the polio vaccine.	DK8	8 <i>⇒IM31</i>
<b>IM30</b> . How many time did ( <i>child's name</i> ) receive DTP vaccine?	NUMBER OF TIMES	
<b>IM31</b> . Has ( <i>child's name</i> ) ever received a encephalitis JE vaccine shot in the thigh, hip or upper arm?	YES	2 <i>⇒UF11</i> 8 <i>⇒UF11</i>
IM32. How many times did ( <i>child's name</i> ) receive a JE vaccine?	NUMBER OF TIMES	

UF11. Record the time.	HOURS AND MINUTES: : : : :				
UF12. Language of the Questionnaire.	THAI				
UF13. Language of the Interview.	THAI				
UF14. Native language of the Respondent.	THAI       01         ENGLISH       02         CHINESE       03         BURMESE       04         KHMER / KUY       05         MALAY / JAWI       06         LAO       07         KAREN       08         HMONG       09         LAHU       10         MON       11         LAWA       12         AKHA       13         NYEU       14         SHAN       15         OTHER LANGUAGE       96				
<b>UF15</b> . Was a translator used for any parts of this questionnaire?	YES, THE ENTIRE QUESTIONNAIRE				
UF16. Tell the respondent that you will need to measure the weight and height of the child before you leave the household and a colleague will come to lead the measurement. Issue the ANTHROPOMETRY MODULE FORM for this child and complete the Information Panel on that Form.  Check columns HL10 and HL20 in LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS, HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE: Is the respondent the mother or caretaker of another child age 0-4 living in this household?  □ Yes ⇒ Go to UF17 on the UNDER-FIVE INFORMATION PANEL and record '01'. Then go to the next QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN UNDER FIVE to be administered to the same respondent.  □ No ⇒ Check HL6 and column HL20 in LIST OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS, HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE: Is the respondent the mother or caretaker of a child age 5-14 selected for Questionnaire for Children Age 5-14 in this household?  □ Yes ⇒ Go to UF17 on the UNDER-FIVE INFORMATION PANEL and record '01'. Then go to the QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN AGE 5-17 to be administered to the same respondent.  □ No ⇒ Go to UF17 on the UNDER-FIVE INFORMATION PANEL and record '01'. Then end the interview with this respondent by thanking her/him for her/his cooperation. Check to see if there are other questionnaires to be administered in this household.					

INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS	
	-
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS  Output  Out	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS  Output  Out	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS  Output  Description:  Supervisor's Observations	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS  Output  Out	

ANTHROPOMETRY MODULE INFORMATION PANE	L AN
AN1. Cluster number:	AN2. Household number:
AN3. Child's name and line number:	AN4. Child's age from UB2:
NAME	AGE (IN COMPLETED YEARS)
AN5. Mother's / Caretaker's name and line number:	AN6. Interviewer's name and number:
NAME	NAME

ANTHROPOMETRY		
AN7. Measurer's name and number:	NAME	
AN8. Record the result of weight measurement as read out by the Measurer:	KILOGRAMS (KG)	
Read the record back to the Measurer and also ensure that he/she verifies your record.	CHILD NOT PRESENT AFTER REVISITS99.3 CHILD REFUSED	99.3 \$\Rightarrow AN13\$ 99.4 \$\Rightarrow AN10\$ 99.5 \$\Rightarrow AN10\$
AN9. Was the child undressed to the minimum?	YES	
AN10. Check AN4: Child's age?	AGE 0 OR 1	1 <i>⇔AN11A</i> 2 <i>⇔AN11B</i>
AN11A. The child is less than 2 years old and should be measured lying down. Record the result of length measurement as read out by the Measurer:	LENGTH / HEIGHT (CM)	000 4 - 4 N 12 4
Read the record back to the Measurer and also ensure that he/she verifies your record.	RESPONDENT REFUSED	999.4 <i>⇔</i> AN12A 999.5 <i>⇔</i> AN12A 999.6 <i>⇔</i> AN12A
AN11B. The child is at least 2 years old and should be measured standing up. Record the result of height measurement as read out by the Measurer:	OTTER (specify)	333.0 71111211
Read the record back to the Measurer and also ensure that he/she verifies your record.		
AN12. How was the child actually measured? Lying down or standing up?	LYING DOWN	
AN12A. Was (child's name) weighed at birth?	WEIGHED 1 NOT WEIGHED 2 DON'T KNOW 8	2 <i>⇒AN12C</i> 8 <i>⇒AN12C</i>
<b>AN12B.</b> What was the birth weight of ( <i>child's name</i> )?	FROM HEALTH HANDBOOK1 (KG)	
If the Health Handbook is available, record the weight as stated in the Handbook.	FROM INQUIRY 2 (KG)	
	DK9.998	

<b>AN12C.</b> Was ( <i>child's name</i> ) measured the length at	MEASURED 1	
birth?	NOT MEASURED2	2 <i>⇔</i> AN13
	DK 8	8 <i>⇔</i> AN13
<b>AN12D.</b> What was the birth length of ( <i>child's name</i> )?	FROM HEALTH	
	HANDBOOK1 (CM)	
If the Health Handbook is available, record the	FROM INQUIRY2 (CM)	
length as stated in the Handbook.		
	DK99.98	
AN13. Today's date: Day / Month / Year:		
	// <u>2 5 6 2</u>	
<b>AN14</b> . Is there another child under age 5 in the	YES	1 <i>⇒Next Child</i>
household who has not yet been measured?		
_	NO	
AN15. Thank the respondent for his/her cooperation and	I inform your Supervisor that the Measurer and you have	ve completed all
4	• • •	•

the measurements in this household.

INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS FOR ANTHROPOMETRY MODULE
MEASURER'S OBSERVATIONS FOR ANTHROPOMETRY MODULE
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS FOR ANTHROPOMETRY MODULE





5-14 CHILD INFORMATION PANEL				FS	
FS1. Cluster number:	FS2.	FS2. Household number:			
FS3. Child's name and line number:	FS4.	FS4. Mother's / Caretaker's name and line number:			
NAME	NAM	NAME			
FS5. Interviewer's name and number:	FS6.	FS6. Supervisor's name and number:			
NAME	NAM	NAME			
FS7. Day / Month / Year of interview:		Record the time:	HOURS	MINUTES	
// <u>2 5 6 2</u>	2			:	
If age 15-17, verify that adult consent for interview is obtained (HH33 or HH39) or not necessary (HL20=90). If consent is needed and not obtained, the interview must not commence and '06' should be recorded in FS17. The respondent must be at least 15 years old.  FS9. Check completed questionnaires in this household: Have you or another member of your team interviewed this respondent for NO, FIRST INTERVIEW			nt must be at  1 ⇔FS10B		
FS10A. Hello, my name is (your name). We are from National Statistical Office. We are conducting a survey about the situation of children, families and households. I would like to talk to you about (child's name from FS3)'s health and well-being. This interview will take about 25 minutes. All the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you wish not to answer a question or wish to stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?		detail. This interview will take about 25 minutes.  Again, all the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and anonymous. If you wish not to answer a question or wish to stop the interview, please let me know. May I start now?			
YES1 $1 \rightleftharpoons$ CHILD'S BACKGROUND ModuleNO / NOT ASKED2 $2 \rightleftharpoons$ FS17					
<b>FS17</b> . Result of interview for child age 5-14 years	<b>OMPLE</b>	ETED		01	

FS17. Result of interview for child age 5-14 years	COMPLETED01
	NOT AT HOME02
Codes refer to the respondent.	REFUSED
	PARTLY COMPLETED04
Discuss any result not completed with Supervisor.	INCAPACITATED
	(specify)05
	NO ADULT CONSENT FOR MOTHER/
	CARETAKER AGE 15-17
	OTHER (specify)96

CHILD'S BACKGROUND		СВ
CB1. Check the respondent's line number (FS4) in 5-14 CHILD INFORMATION PANEL and the respondent to the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE (HH47): Is this respondent also the respondent to the Household Questionnaire?	YES, RESPONDENT IS THE SAME, FS4=HH47	1 <i>⇔CB11</i>
CB2. In what month and year was (name) born?	DATE OF BIRTH	
Month and year <u>must</u> be recorded.	MONTH YEAR	
CB3. How old is (name)?		
Probe: How old was (name) at (his/her) last birthday?	AGE (IN COMPLETED YEARS)	
Record age in completed years.		
If responses to CB2 and CB3 are inconsistent, probe further and correct.		
<b>CB4</b> . Has ( <i>name</i> ) ever attended school or any early childhood education programme?	YES	2 <i>⇔CB11</i>
CB5. What is the highest level and grade or year of school (name) has ever attended?	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION000         PRIMARY	000 <i>⇒CB</i> 7
<b>CB6</b> . Did (he/she) ever complete that (grade/year)?	YES	
<b>CB7</b> . At any time during the 2562-2563 school year did ( <i>name</i> ) attend school or any early childhood education programme?	YES	2 <i>⇔CB</i> 9
<b>CB8</b> . During the 2562-2563 school year, which level and grade or year is ( <i>name</i> ) attending?	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION	
CB8C. Check response to CB8: Attending primary, lower secondary, or upper secondary?	PRIMARY, LOWER OR UPPER SECONDARY1 OTHER2	2 <i>⇒ CB</i> 9
<b>CB8D.</b> Is ( <i>child's name</i> ) attending Non-Formal Education (NFE) school or home school?	ATTENDING NFE	
<b>CB9</b> . At any time during the 2561-2562 school year did ( <i>name</i> ) attend school or any early childhood education programme?	YES	2 <i>⇔CB11</i>
<b>CB10</b> . During the 2561-2562 school year, which level and grade or year did ( <i>name</i> ) attend?	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION000         PRIMARY	

<b>CB11.</b> Is ( <i>name</i> ) covered by any health insurance?	YES1	
	NO2	2 <i>⇒Next</i>
		module
<b>CB12.</b> What type of health insurance is ( <i>name</i> ) covered by?	COMMUNITY HEALTH INSURANCE A	
	HEALTH INSURANCE THROUGH	
Record all mentioned.	EMPLOYERB	
	PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCED	
	UNIVERSAL HEALTH-CARE	
	COVERAGE SCHEME E	
	GOVERNMENT OFFICERF	
	LOCAL ADMINISTRATIVE	
	ORGANIZATIONG	
	STATE ENTERPRISES OR INDEPENDENT	
	AGENCIESH	
	OTHER (specify)X	

CHILD DISCIPLINE		FCD
<b>FCD2</b> . Now I'd like to talk to you about something else.		
Adults use certain ways to teach children the right behaviour or to address a behaviour problem. I will read various methods that are used. Please tell me if you or any other adult in your household has used		
this method with ( <i>name</i> ) in the past month.	YES NO	
[A] Took away privileges, forbade something ( <i>name</i> ) liked or did not allow (him/her) to leave the house.	TOOK AWAY PRIVILEGES 2	
[B] Explained why ( <i>name</i> )'s behaviour was wrong.	EXPLAINED WRONG BEHAVIOR1 2	
[C] Shook (him/her).	SHOOK HIM/HER 2	
[D] Shouted, yelled at or screamed at (him/her).	SHOUTED, YELLED, SCREAMED1 2	
[E] Gave (him/her) something else to do.	GAVE SOMETHING ELSE TO DO1 2	
[F] Spanked, hit or slapped (him/her) on the bottom with bare hand.	SPANKED, HIT, SLAPPED ON BOTTOM WITH BARE HAND1 2	
[G] Hit (him/her) on the bottom or elsewhere on the body with something like a belt, hairbrush, stick or other hard object.	HIT WITH BELT, HAIRBRUSH, STICK OR OTHER HARD OBJECT	
[H] Called (him/her) dumb, lazy or another name like that.	CALLED DUMB, LAZY OR ANOTHER NAME1 2	
[I] Hit or slapped (him/her) on the face, head or ears.	HIT / SLAPPED ON THE FACE, HEAD OR EARS	
[J] Hit or slapped (him/her) on the hand, arm, or leg.	HIT / SLAPPED ON HAND, ARM OR LEG	
[K] Beat (him/her) up, that is hit him/her over and over as hard as one could.	BEAT UP, HIT OVER AND OVER AS HARD AS ONE COULD	
<b>FCD3</b> . Check FS4: Is this respondent the mother or caretaker of any other children under age 5?	YES	2 <i>⇒FCD5</i>
FCD4. Check FS4: Has this respondent already responded to the following question (UCD5) for another child?	YES	1 <i>⇒Next</i> module
<b>FCD5</b> . Do you believe that in order to bring up, raise, or educate a child properly, the child needs to be physically punished?	YES	
r y. samy r	DK / NO OPINION 8	

PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT		PR
PR1. Check CB3: Child's age?	AGE 5-6 YEARS	1 <i>⇒Next module</i>
<b>PR2.</b> At the end of this interview I will ask you if I can talk to ( <i>name</i> ). If (he/she) is close, can you please ask (him/her) to stay here. If ( <i>name</i> ) is not with you at the moment could I ask that you now arrange for (him/her) to return? If that is not possible, we will later discuss a convenient time for me to call back.		
<b>PR3</b> . Excluding school text books and holy books, how many books do you have for ( <i>name</i> ) to read at home?	NONE         00           NUMBER OF BOOKS         0           TEN OR MORE BOOKS         10	
PR4. Check CB7: Did the child attend any school?  CHECK ED9 IN THE EDUCATION MODULE IN THE HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILD IF CB7 WAS NOT ASKED.	YES, CB7/ED9=1	2 <i>⇒Next module</i>
PR4A. Check CB8D: Does the child attend NFE or home school?  CHECK ED10C IN THE EDUCATION MODULE OF THE HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE.	YES (CB8D/ED10C=1, 2)	1 ⇔Next module
<b>PR5.</b> Does ( <i>name</i> ) ever have homework?	YES	2 <i>⇒PR7</i> 8 <i>⇒PR7</i>
<b>PR6</b> . Does anyone help ( <i>name</i> ) with homework?	YES	
<b>PR7</b> . Does ( <i>name</i> )'s school have a school governing body in which parents can participate such as parent association or basic educational institution board?	YES	2 <i>⇔PR10</i> 8 <i>⇔PR10</i>
<b>PR8</b> . In the last 12 months, have you or any other adult from your household attended a meeting called by this school governing body?	YES	2 <i>⇒PR10</i> 8 <i>⇒PR10</i>
<b>PR9</b> . During any of these meetings, was any of the following discussed:	YES NO DK	
[A] A plan for addressing key education issues faced by ( <i>name</i> )'s school?	PLAN FOR ADRESSING SCHOOL'S ISSUES 1 2 8	
[B] School budget or use of funds received by (name)'s school?	SCHOOL BUDGET 1 2 8	

<b>PR10</b> . In the last 12 months, have you or any other adult from your household received a school report book for ( <i>name</i> )?	YES NO DK		2	
<b>PR11</b> . In the last 12 months, have you or any adult from your household gone to ( <i>name</i> )'s school for any of the following reasons?	YES	NO	DK	
[A] A school celebration or a sport event?	CELEBRATION OR SPORT EVENT1	2	8	
[B] To discuss ( <i>name</i> )'s progress with (his/her) teachers?	TO DISCUSS PROGRESS WITH TEACHERS1	2	8	
[C] To discuss with teachers about the behaviour learning of ( <i>name</i> )?	TO DISCUSS BEHAVIOUR WITH TEACHERS1	2	8	
<b>PR12</b> . In the last 12 months, has ( <i>name</i> )'s school been closed on a school day due to any of the following reasons:	YES	NO	DK	
[A] Natural disasters, such as flood, cyclone, epidemics or similar?	NATURAL DISASTERS 1	2	8	
[B] Man-made disasters, such as fire, building collapse, riots or similar?	MAN-MADE DISASTERS 1	2	8	
[C] Teacher strike?	TEACHER STRIKE1	2	8	
[D] Student strike?	STUDENT STRIKE 1	2	8	
[X] Other?	OTHER 1	2	8	
<b>PR13</b> . In the last 12 months, was ( <i>name</i> ) unable to attend class due to (his/her) teacher being absent?	YES			
	DK		8	
PR14. Check PR12[C] and PR13: Any 'Yes' recorded?	YES, PR12[C]=1 OR PR13=1 NO			2 <i>⇒Next module</i>
PR15. When (teacher strike / teacher absence) happened did you or any other adult member of your household contact any school officials or school	YES			
governing body representatives?	DK		8	

FOUNDATIONAL LEARNING SKILLS			$\mathbf{FL}$
FL0. Check CB3: Child's age?	AGE 5-6 YEARS	1	1 <i>⇒FS11</i>
	AGE 7-14 YEAR	S2	
<b>FL1</b> . Now I would like to talk to ( <i>name</i> ). I will ask (him then ask (him/her) to complete a few reading and num	· •	ns about (himself/herself) and abou	at reading, and
These are not school tests and the results will not be sha	ared with anyone, inc	cluding other parents or the school	
You will not benefit directly from participating and I an	n not trained to tell y	you how well (name) has performe	ed.
The activities are to help us find out how well children is improvements can be made.	in this country are le	arning to read and to use numbers	so that
This will take about 20 minutes. Again, all the informat	ion we obtain will re	emain strictly confidential and ano	nymous.
		IS GIVENS NOT GIVEN	
FL2. Record the time.	HOURS AND MINU	JTES::::::	
<b>FL3</b> . My name is ( <i>your name</i> ). I would like to tell you	a bit about myself.		
Could you tell me a little bit about yourself?			
When the child is comfortable, continue with the verbal	consent:		
Let me tell you why I am here today. I am from <i>Nationa</i> are learning to read and to use numbers. We are also to reading and number activities. (Your mother/ <i>Name of</i> wish to help us, I will ask you some questions and give me questions any time. You do not have to do anythin answer a question or you do not want to continue that	alking to some of the fcaretaker) has said to you some activitie ag that you do not was	e children about this and asking the that you can decide if you want to s to do. I will explain each activity	em to do some help us. If you y, and you can ask
	NO / NOT ASKED .		.2   2 <i>⇒FL28</i>
FL4. Before you start with the reading and number act  You are not alone with the child unless they are  You have engaged the child in conversation and  The child is sat comfortably, able to use the REA which page is open.	at least visible to an built rapport, e.g. u	adult known to the child. sing an Icebreaker.	ou can see
<b>FL5</b> . Remember you can ask me a question at any time something you do not understand. You can ask me to			
<b>FL6</b> . First we are going to talk about reading.		YES	NO
[A] Do you read books at home?		READS BOOKS AT HOME1	2
[B] Does someone read to you at home?		READ TO AT HOME1	2

FL7. Which language do you speak most of the time at home?	THAI1	
	ENGLISH2	
Probe if necessary and read the listed languages.		
	OTHER ( <i>specify</i> ) 6	
	DK8	
FL8. Check CB7: In the current school year, did the child attend school	YES, CB7/ED9=11	1 <i>⇒FL9A</i>
or any early childhood education programme?	NO, CB7/ED9=2 OR BLANK2	
CHECK ED9 IN THE EDUCATION MODULE IN THE HOUSEHOLD		
QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILD IF CB7 WAS NOT ASKED.		
FL8A. Check CB4: Did the child ever attend school or any early	YES, CB4/ED4=11	1 <i>⇒FL9B</i>
childhood education programmes?	NO, CB4/ED4=2 OR BLANK2	2 <i>⇒FL23</i>
1 0		
CHECK ED4 IN THE EDUCATION MODULE IN THE HOUSEHOLD		
QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILD IF CB4 WAS NOT ASKED.		
FL9A. What language do your teachers use most of the time when	THAI1	1 <i>⇒FL10A</i>
teaching you in class?	ENGLISH	2 <i>⇒FL23</i>
touching you in class.	B. (OBIG22	2 1 22
<b>FL9B</b> . When you were in school, what language did your teachers use	OTHER ( <i>specify</i> ) 6	6 <i>⇒FL23</i>
most of the time when teaching you in class?	DK8	8 <i>⇒FL23</i>
Probe if necessary and name the listed languages.		
FL10A. Now I am going to give you a short story to read in Thai. Would	YES1	
you like to start reading the story?	NO2	2 <i>⇒FL23</i>
·	AGE 7-9 YEARS1	1 - AEI 12
FL11. Check CB3: Child's age?	AGE 7-9 YEARS2	1 <i>⇒FL13</i>
<b>FL12</b> . Check CB7: In the current school year, did the child attend school	YES, CB7/ED9=11	1 <i>⇒FL19</i>
or any early childhood education programme?	NO, CB7/ED9=2 OR BLANK2	
CHECK ED9 IN THE EDUCATION MODULE IN THE HOUSEHOLD		
QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILD IF CB7 WAS NOT ASKED.		
FL13. Give the child the READING & NUMBERS BOOK.		

Open the page showing the reading practice item and say:

Now we are going to do some reading. *Point to the sentence*. I would like you to read this aloud. Then I may ask you a question.

Khao is a cat. Kathi is a dog. Khao ages 5 years. Kathi ages 6 years.

<b>FL14</b> . Did the child read every word in the practice correctly?	YES	2 <i>⇒FL23</i>
FL15. Once the reading is done, ask: How old is Khao?	KHAO IS 5 YEARS OLD	1 <i>⇔FL17</i>
FL16. Say: Khao is 5 years old.  and go to FL23.		⇒FL23

FL17. Here is another question: Who is older: Khao or Kathi?			(THA OTHER NO AN	IS OLDER N KHAO). R ANSWER SWER AF DNDS	 RS TER 5	2	⇒FL19
<b>FL18</b> . <i>Say:</i> Kathi is older than Khao. Kathi is 6 years old an	d Khao is 5	years old.					VEX 2.2
						5	FL23
and go to FL23.	NT .			1	,		1
<b>FL19</b> . Turn the page to reveal the reading passage.	Numsai	is	in	class	two.	One	day,
Passages	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Thank you. Now I want you to try this.	Numsai	was	going	home	from	school.	She
Here is a story. I want you to read it aloud as	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
carefully as you can.	saw	some	red	flowers	on	the	way.
** ***	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
You will start here (point to the first word on the first line) and you will read line by line (point	The	flowers	were	near	an	eggplant	farm.
to the direction for reading each line).	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Numsai	wanted	to	get	some	flowers	for
When you finish I will ask you some questions about what you have read.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
about what you have read.	her	mother.	Numsai	ran	fast	across	the
If you come to a word you do not know, go onto	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
the next word.	farm	to	get	the	flowers.	She	fell
Put your finger on the first word. Ready? Begin.	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
	down	near	a	banana	tree.	Numsai	started
	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
	crying.	The	farmer	saw	her	and	came.
	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
	Не	gave	Numsai	many	flowers.	Numsai	was
	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
	very	happy.					
	71	72					
FL20. Results of the child's reading.	LAST W	ORD ATTE	EMPTED		NUMBER		
		NUMBER ( RECT OR 1			NUMBER		
FL21. How well did the child read the story?		LD READ CORRECT				1	
		LD DID NO				2 2	⇒FL23
	THE CHI	LD DID N	OT TRY TO	O READ T	HE STORY	73	<i>⇒FL23</i>

ll .	Now I am going to ask you a few questions about you have read.		
secon to pro	child does not provide a response after a few ads, repeat the question. If the child seems unable ovide an answer after repeating the question, mark response' and say: Thank you. That is ok. We will son.		
Make	sure the child can still see the passage and ask:		
[A]	What class is Numsai in?	CORRECT (NUMSAI IS IN CLASS P.2)	
[B]	What did Numsai see on the way home?	CORRECT (SHE SAW SOME FLOWERS)1 INCORRECT	
[C]	Why did Numsai start crying?	CORRECT (BECAUSE SHE FELL)	
[D]	Where did Numsai fall (down)?	CORRECT (NUMSAI FELL DOWN) NEAR A BANANA TREE)	
[E]	Why was Numsai happy?	CORRECT (BECAUSE THE FARMER GAVE HER MANY FLOWERS / BECAUSE SHE HAD FLOWERS TO GIVE TO HER MOTHER)1 INCORRECT	

FL23. Turn the page in the READING & NUMBERS	9	
BOOK so the child is looking at the list of numbers.	CORRECT1	
Make sure the child is looking at this page.	INCORRECT2	
Now here are some numbers. I want you to point to	NO ATTEMPT3	
each number and tell me what the number is.	12	
	CORRECT1	
Point to the first number and say:	INCORRECT2	
Start here.	NO ATTEMPT3	
	30	
If the child stops on a number for a while, tell the child	CORRECT1	
what the number is, mark the number as 'No Attempt',	INCORRECT	
point to the next number and say:	NO ATTEMPT3	
What is this number?		
what is this number?	48	
	CORRECT	
If the child does not attempt to read 2 consecutive	INCORRECT	
numbers, say:	NO ATTEMPT3	
Thank you. That is ok.	74	
	CORRECT1	
	INCORRECT2	
	NO ATTEMPT3	
	731	
	CORRECT	
	INCORRECT2	
	NO ATTEMPT3	
<b>FL23A</b> . Check FL23: Did the child correctly identify two	YES, AT LEAST TWO CORRECT1	
of the first three numbers (9, 12 and 30)?	NO, AT LEAST 2 INCORRECT OR WITH NO	
	ATTEMPT2	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
<b>FL24</b> . Turn the page so the child is looking at the first	7 & 5	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
<b>FL24</b> . Turn the page so the child is looking at the first	7 & 5	2 <i>⇔FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)1	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say:	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	<mark>2<i>⇒FL</i>28</mark>
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say:  Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say:  Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇔FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say:  Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇔FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say:  Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇔FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇔FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable	7 & 5 CORRECT (7) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 11 & 24 CORRECT (24) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 58 & 49 CORRECT (58) 1 INCORRECT 2	2 <i>⇔FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question,	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable	7 & 5 CORRECT (7) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 11 & 24 CORRECT (24) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 58 & 49 CORRECT (58) 1 INCORRECT 2	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question,	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question, record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate pair of	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question, record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate pair of numbers, turn the booklet page and show the child the	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question, record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate pair of numbers, turn the booklet page and show the child the next pair of numbers.	7 & 5 CORRECT (7) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 11 & 24 CORRECT (24) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 58 & 49 CORRECT (58) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 65 & 67 CORRECT (67) 1 INCORRECT 2	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question, record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate pair of numbers, turn the booklet page and show the child the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not attempt 2 consecutive pairs, record	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question, record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate pair of numbers, turn the booklet page and show the child the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not attempt 2 consecutive pairs, record '3', no attempt, for remaining pairs and say:	7 & 5 CORRECT (7) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 11 & 24 CORRECT (24) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 58 & 49 CORRECT (58) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 65 & 67 CORRECT (67) 1 INCORRECT 2 NO ATTEMPT 3 146 & 154 CORRECT (154) 1	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
pair of numbers. Make sure the child is looking at this page. Say: Look at these numbers. Tell me which one is bigger.  Record the child's answer before turning the page in the book and repeating the question for the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not provide a response after a few seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable to provide an answer after repeating the question, record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate pair of numbers, turn the booklet page and show the child the next pair of numbers.  If the child does not attempt 2 consecutive pairs, record	7 & 5 CORRECT (7)	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28

FL25. Give the child a pencil and paper. Turn the page	3 + 2	
so the child is looking at the first addition. Make sure	CORRECT (5)1	
the child is looking at this page. Say:	INCORRECT2	
Look at this sum. How much is (number plus	NO ATTEMPT3	
<i>number</i> )? Tell me the answer. You can use the pencil	8 + 6	
and paper if it helps you.	CORRECT (14)1	
	INCORRECT2	
Record the child's answer before turning the page in	NO ATTEMPT3	
the book and repeating the question for the next sum.	7 + 3	
	CORRECT (10)1	
If the child does not provide a response after a few	INCORRECT2	
seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable	NO ATTEMPT3	
to provide an answer after repeating the question,	13 + 6	
record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate sum, turn	CORRECT (19)1	
the booklet page and show the child the next addition.	INCORRECT2	
	NO ATTEMPT3	
If the child does not attempt 2 consecutive sums, record	12 + 24	
'3', no attempt, for remaining sums and say:	CORRECT (36)1	
Thank you. That is ok. We will go to the next activity.	INCORRECT	
y	NO ATTEMPT	
FL26. Turn to the first practice sheet for pattern	CORRECT (3)	2 1772CD
recognition. Say: Here are some numbers. 1, 2,, and	INCORRECT 2	2 <i>⇒FL26B</i>
4.	NO ATTEMPT3	3 <i>⇒FL26B</i>
Point to each number and blank space and say: What number goes here?		
FL26A. That's correct, 3. Let's do another one.		⇒FL26C
FL26B. Do not explain how to get the correct answer.		
Just say:		
The number 3 goes here. Say the numbers with me.		
(Point to each number) 1, 2, 3, 4. 3 goes here. Let's do		
another one.		
	CORRECT (20)	
<b>FL26C</b> . Here are some more numbers. 5, 10, 15 and	CORRECT (20)	0 ->EL2CE
Deint to and much on an III I I What	INCORRECT	2 <i>⇒FL26E</i>
Point to each number and blank space and say: What	NO ATTEMPT3	3 <i>⇒FL26E</i>
number goes here?		
FL26D. That's correct, 20.		<i>⇒FL27</i>
FL26E. Do not explain how to get the correct answer.		
Just say:		
The number 20 goes here. Say the numbers with me.		
( <i>Point to each number</i> ) 5, 10, 15, 20. 20 goes here.		
FL26F. CHECK FL26: WAS THE ANSWER CORRECT?	YES, FL26=1	
I LEGIT. CHECK I LZO. WAS THE ANSWER CORRECT!	NO, FL26=2 OR 32	2 <i>⇒FL</i> 28
	110, 1 L20-2 OR 3 2	2 7 I L20

FL27. Now I want you to try this on your own.	5, 6, 7,	
	CORRECT (8)1	
Here are some more numbers. Tell me what number	INCORRECT2	
goes here (pointing to the missing number).	NO ATTEMPT3	
	14, 15,, 17	
Record the child's answer before turning the page in	CORRECT (16)1	
the book and repeating the question.	INCORRECT2	
	NO ATTEMPT3	
If the child does not provide a response after a few	20,, 40, 50	
seconds, repeat the question. If the child seems unable	CORRECT (30)1	
to provide an answer after repeating the question,	INCORRECT2	
record '3', no attempt, for the appropriate question,	NO ATTEMPT3	
turn the page and show the child the next question.	2, 4, 6,	
	CORRECT (8)1	
If the child does not attempt 2 consecutive patterns,	INCORRECT2	
record '3', no attempt, for remaining patterns and say:	NO ATTEMPT3	
Thank you. That is ok.	5, 8, 11,	
	CORRECT (14)1	
	INCORRECT2	
	NO ATTEMPT3	
<u> </u>		
FL28. Result of interview with child.	COMPLETED01	
	NOT AT HOME02	
Discuss any result not completed with Supervisor.	MOTHER / CARETAKER REFUSED 03	
	CHILD REFUSED04	

OTHER (specify)\_

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FS11. Record the time.	HOURS AND MINUTES : : : :	
FS12. Language of the Questionnaire.	THAI	
FS13. Language of the Interview.	THAI1 ENGLISH2  OTHER LANGUAGE	
FS14. Native language of the Respondent.	(specify)       6         THAI       01         ENGLISH       02         CHINESE       03         BURMESE       04         KHMER / KUY       05         MALAY / JAWI       06         LAO       07         KAREN       08         HMONG       09         LAHU       10         MON       11         LAWA       12         AKHA       13         NYEU       14         SHAN       15         OTHER LANGUAGE       96	
FS15. Was a translator used for any parts of this questionnaire?	YES, THE ENTIRE QUESTIONNAIRE	

**FS16**. Thank the respondent and the child for her/his cooperation.

Proceed to complete the result in FS17 in the 5-14 CHILD INFORMATION PANEL and then go to the HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE and complete HH56.

Make arrangements for the administration of the remaining questionnaire(s) in this household.

INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS	
CLIDEDVICODIC ODCEDVIATIONS	
SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS	





## Thailand Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019